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NEW DELHI, SEPTEMBER 12—SEPTEMBER 18, 2010, SATURDAY/BHADRA 21—BHADRA 27, 1932 No. 381

> इस भाग में भिन्न पृष्ठ संख्या दी जाती है जिससे कि यह पृथक संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सके Separate Paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation

> > भाग II—खण्ड 3—उप-खण्ड (ii) PART II-Section 3-Sub-section (ii)

भारत सरकार के मंत्रालयों (रक्षा मंत्रालय को छोड़कर) द्वारा जारी किए गए सांविधिक आदेश और अधिसूचनाएं Statutory Orders and Notifications Issued by the Ministries of the Government of India (Other than the Ministry of Defence)

कार्मिक, लोक शिकायत तथा पेंशन मंत्रालय

(कार्मिक और प्रशिक्षण विभाग)

नई दिल्ली, 6 सितम्बर, 2010

का.आ. 2297.—केंद्रीय सरकार एतद्द्वारा अपराध प्रक्रिया संहिता, 1973 (1974 का अधिनियम सं. 2) की धारा 24 की उप-धारा (8) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए दिल्ली विशेष पुलिस स्थापना (के.अ.ब्यूरो) द्वारा संस्थापित मामलों तथा अपीलीय/पुनरीक्षण या विधि द्वारा किसी भी राज्य या संघ शासित क्षेत्र जिसके संबंध में उपर्युक्त धारा के उपबंध लागू होते हों, स्थापित न्यायालयों में पुनरीक्षण या अपीलीय मामलों से उद्भृत अन्य मामलों का संचालन करने के लिए श्री एस.सी.मीणा, अभियोजन अधिकारी को विशेष लोक अभियोजक के रूप में नियुक्त करती है।

[फा. सं. 225/32/2010-एवीडी-II]

मुकेश चतुर्वेदी, उप सचिव

MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES **AND PENSIONS**

(Department of Personnel and Training)

New Delhi, the 6th September, 2010

S.O. 2297.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (8) of Section 24 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (Act No. 2 of 1974), the Central Government hereby appoints Shri S.C. Meena, Prosecuting Officer of the Central Bureau of Investigation as Special Public Prosecuter for conducting cases instituted by the Delhi Special Police Establishment (CBI) in trial courts and appeals, revisions or other matters arising out of these cases in revisional or appellate courts, established by law in any State or Union Territory to which provisions of the aforesaid section apply.

[F. No. 225/32/2010-AVD-II]

MUKESH CHATURVEDI, Dy. Secy

कार्यालय मुख्य आयकर आयुक्त

जयपुर, 6 सितम्बर, 2010

ਸੰ. 10/2010-11

का.आ. 2292.—आयकर नियम, 1962 के नियम 2 सी ए के काथ पतनीय आयकर अधिनियम, 1961 (1961 का 43वां) की धारा 19 के खण्ड (2) सीं) की उप-धार (vi) के द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग काले हुए मुख्य आयकर आयुक्त, जयपुर एतद्द्वारा निर्धारण वर्ष 2009-10 एवं आगे के लिए कथित धारा के उद्देश्य से "नक्तोड जेलियर एजुकेरानल सोसायटी, यहरोश, जिला-अलवर" को स्वीकृति वेले हैं बणतें कि समिति आयक्त (१९८८, १९६८ के निराम 2 सी ए को आया एटकेंग आयम्ह (१९८८, १९६८ के प्रारं पर १० के उप-खार (2) सीं) भी डान धारा (vi) के प्रावधानों के अनुकार करने पर है।

। व्यवण्य प्रवाहारमध्यास्त्रात्मात् मुक्त्यस्य १५(२) वंत्र) (५),८५०)०-१।८२००८] पृत्येशः सान्त्रः, मुख्यः साथकाः आवृत्यः

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF BICOME TAX

hoper, the 6th hoptember, 2010 No. 18/2010-11

S.O. 1295. In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-chase (v) of clause (23C) of Service 16 of the income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) read with role TCA of the Incometax Rules, 1962 the Chief Commissioner of Incometax, Julpur Invelop approves "Behror Xavier inducational Society, Behror, Chara t-Alwar" for the purpose of said section for the A. Y. 2009. 10 and onwards

Provided that the society commons to and complies with the provisions of a modause (vi) of clause (23C) of Section 10 with Income-tax Act, 1961 read with rule 2CA of the themse-tax Rules, 1962.

No CCFT/FR/Addi-CTT(Hps.)/10(23C)(vi)/2010-11/2008]
MCRES/CEFANTI. Chief Commissioner of Income-tax

शुद्धि-पत्र

जनपुर, ६ सितम्बर, 2010

का अर २३०%,—अस्कर अधिनियम, 1961 की धारा 10 के कारड (23 सी) के उपख्याद (अप) के तहत् अधिसूचना में 07/2010-11 दिशक 20-8-2010 के द्वारा डिफेन्स पब्लिक स्कृत, जरपूर वर्व क्षीकृति दी गई थी। अधिसूचना के पैरा 1 की लाइन 4 में लिएक पिल्लिक स्कृत, जयपुर के स्थान पर "श्री के. बी. एन. असी में लिएक एएड कल्वरल सोसायटी, जयपुर" पढ़ा जाये।

[कार पुराज्यामा(पु)/जय/10(23सी)(vi)/2010-11/2009]

भुकंश भान्ती, मुख्य आयकर आयुक्त

CORRIGENDUM

Jaipur, the 6th September, 2010

S.O. 2299.—In Notification No. 07/2010-i1 dated 20-08-2010 vide which "Defence Public School, Jaipur" was approved for the purpose of sub-clause (vi) of clause (23C) of Section 10 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) read with rule 2CA of the Income-tax Rules, 1962 in Para 1, line 3 name of the samiti may be read as "Shri K.B.L. Sharma Memorial Education and Cultural Society, Jaipur" instead of "Defence Public School, Jaipur"

[No. CCIT/JPR/Addl.CIT(Hqrs.)/10(23C)(vi)/2010-11/2009]

MUKESH BHANTI, Chief Commissioner of Income-tax

वित्त मंत्रालय

(वित्तीय सेवाएं विभाग)

नई दिल्ली, 7 सितम्बर, 2010

का.आ. 2300 .—भारतीय स्टेट बैंक (अनुवर्ण बैंक) अधिनयम, 1959 (1959 का 38) की घात 26 की उपधार (2क) के साथ पिठत थारा 25 की उपधार (12 के खण्ड (199) इस प्रदत्त शांकतयों का प्रयोग करते हुए चंन्द्रीय प्रशास (199) प्रसार प्रतिवर्ध भारतीय रिजर्व बैंक के परामर्श से, श्री भुरुखण एए। (19 पा विशेष 9-7-1954), प्रबन्धक, स्टेट बैंक ऑफ पैसूर की अधिन 196ी तिथि से तीन वर्षों की अवधि के लिए अथना संतर बैंक ऑफ पैसूर की अधिन 196ी अधिकारी कर्मचारी वने रहने तक अथवा अगले अवधिकारी कर्मचारी वने रहने तक अथवा अगले अवधिकारी कर्मचारी निदेशक के रूप में सामित करती है।

[फा. सं 3/2/2010 लेखा]]

सुमिता डावरा, भनेशक

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

(Department of Financial Services)

New Delhi, the 7th September, 2010

S.O. 2300.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (cb) of sub-section (1) of Section 25 read with sub-section (2A) of Section 26 of the State Bank of India (Subsidiary Banks) Act. 1959 (38 of 1959), The Central Government, after consultation with the Reserve Bank of India, hereby nominates Shri Gururaja Rao (DoB: 9-7-1954), Manager, State Bank of Mysore, as Officer Employee Director on the Board of Directors of State Bank of Mysore for a period of three years from the date of notification or until he ceases to be an Officer of the State Bank of Mysore or until further orders, whichever is the earliest.

[F. No. 3/2/2010-BO-1]

SUMITA DAWRA, Director

(राजस्व विभाग)

(केन्द्रीय प्रत्यक्ष कर बोर्ड)

नई दिल्ली, 7 सितम्बर, 2010

का.आ. 2301.—सर्वसाधारण की जानकारी के लिए एतदृद्वारा यह अधिसूचित किया जाता है कि केन्द्र सरकार द्वारा आयकर नियमावली, 1962 (उक्त नियमावली) के नियम 5ग और 5ड के साथ पठित आयकर अधिनियम, 1961 (उक्त अधिनियम) की धारा 35 की उप-धारा (1) के खंड (iii) के प्रयोजनार्थ कर निर्धारण वर्ष 2009-2010 के आगे से संगठन औरोविले फाउंडेशन, औरोविले, तिमलनाडु को निम्नलिखित शर्तों के अधीन अंशतः अनुसंधान कार्यकलापों में लगी 'अन्य संस्था' की श्रेणी में अनुमोदित किया गया है, अर्थात् :—

- (i) अनुमोदित संगठन को प्रदत्त राशि का उपयोग सामाजिक विज्ञान में अनुसंधान के लिए किया जाएगा;
- (ii) अनुमोदित संगठन अपने संकाय सदस्यों अथवा अपने नामांकित छात्रों के माध्यम से सामाजिक विज्ञान या सांख्यिकीय अनुसंधान करेगा:
- (iii) अनुमोदित संगठन वैज्ञानिक अनुसंधान के लिए इसके द्वारा प्राप्त राशि के संबंध में अलग खाता बही रखेगा जिसमें अनुसंधान करने के लिए प्रयुक्त राशि उसमें दर्शाई गई हो, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 288 की उप-धारा (2) के स्पष्टीकरण में यथा परिभाषित किसी लेखाकार से अपनी खाता-बही की लेखा परीक्षा कराएगा और उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 139 की उप-धारा (1) के अंतर्गत आय विवरणी प्रस्तुत करने की नियत तिथि तक ऐसे लेखाकार द्वारा विधिवत सत्यापित एवं हस्ताक्षरित लेखा परीक्षा रिपोर्ट मामले में क्षेत्राधिकार रखने वाले आयकर आयुक्त अथवा आयकर निदेशक को प्रस्तुत करेगा;
- (iv) अनुमोदित संगठन सामाजिक विज्ञान में अनुसंधान के लिए प्राप्त दान तथा प्रयुक्त राशि का अलग विवरण रखेगा और उपर्युक्त लेखा परीक्षा रिपोर्ट के साथ लेखा परीक्षक द्वारा विधिवत सत्यापित ऐसे विवरण की प्रति प्रस्तत करेगा ।
 - केन्द्र सरकार यह अनुमोदन वापस ले लेगी यदि अनुमोदित संगठन :--
 - (क) पैराग्राफ ! के उप-पैराग्राफ (iii) में उल्लिखित लेखा बही नहीं रखेरण: अथवा
 - (ख) पैराग्राफ । के उप-पैराग्राफ (iii) में उल्लिखित अपनी लेखा परीक्षा रिपोर्ट प्रस्तुत नहीं करेगा; अथवा
 - (ग) पैराग्राफ । के उप-पैराग्राफ (iv) में उल्लिखित सामाजिक विज्ञान में अनुसंधान अथवा सांख्यिकीय अनुसंधान के लिए प्राप्त एवं प्रयुक्त दान का अपना विवरण प्रस्तुत नहीं करेगा; अथवा

- (घ) अपना अनुसंधान कार्य करता कर तर देश अध्यक्ष इसके अनुसंधान कार्य की आयत की पांचा करणा: अथवा
- (ङ) उक्त नियमावली के नियम उन और उन्न के के के पिठत उक्त अधिनियम का बार तक की उपन्याप (1) के खंड (iii) के खंडकार के अनुमान पड़ी होगा तथा उनका पालन नहीं करेगा !

[अधिसूचना सं. 71/2010/फा. सं. 203७&८८६६७० । हे हिन्सी]

अजय गोयल, विदेशक : अव्यक्ति 🚮

(Department of Resenue)

(Central Board of Direct Taxes)

New Delhi, the 7th September, 2010

- S.O. 2301.—It is hereby notified for general information that the organization Auroville Foundation. Auroville, Tamil Nadu has been approved by the Central Government for the purpose of clause (iii) of sub-section (1) of Section 35 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (said Act). read with rules 5C and 5E of the Income-tax Rules, 1962 (said Rules) from Assessment year 2009-2010 onwards in the category of 'other Institution' partly engaged in research activities subject to the following conditions, namely:—
 - (i) The sums paid to the approved organization shall be utilized for research in social sciences;
 - (ii) The approved organization shall carry out research in social science or statistical research through its faculty members or its enrolled students;
 - (iii) The approved organization shall maintain separate books of accounts in respect of the sums received by it for scientific research, reflect therein the amounts used for carrying out research, get such books audited by an accountant as defined in the explanation to subsection (2) of Section 288 of the said Act and furnish the report of such audit duly signed and verified by such accountant to the Commissioner of Income-tax or the Director of Income-tax having jurisdiction over the case, by the due date of furnishing the return of income under sub-section (1) of Section 139 of the said Act;
 - (iv) The approved organization shall maintain a separate statement of donations received and amounts applied for research in social sciences and a copy of such statement duly certified by the auditor shall accompany the report of audit referred to above.

- 2. The Central Government shall withdraw the approval if the approved organization:—
- fails to maintain separate books of accounts referred to in sub-paragraph (iii) of paragraph 1; or
- (b) fails to furnish its audit report referred to in sub-paragraph (iii) of paragraph 1; or
- (c) fails to furnish its statement of the donations received and sums applied for research in social sciences or statistical research referred to in sub-paragraph (iv) of paragraph 1; or
- (d) ceases to carry on its research activities or its research activities are not found to be genuine; or
- (e) ceases to conform to and comply with the provisions of clause (iii) of sub-section (1) of Section 35 of the said Act, read with rules 5C and 5E of the said Rules.

[Notification No. 71/2010/F. No. 203/68/2009/ITA-II]

AJAY GOYAL, Director (ITA-II)

(वित्तीय सेवाएं विभाग)

नई दिल्ली, 10 सितम्बर, 2010

का.आ. 2302.—कंन्द्रीय सरकार, राजभाषा (संघ के शासकीय प्रयोजनों के लिए प्रयोग) नियम, 1976 के नियम 10 के उप-नियम (4) के अनुसरण में, संलग्न अनुबंध में निम्नलिखित बैंकों/बीमा कंपनियों के सूचीबद्ध शाखाओं/कार्यालयों को, जिनके 80% से अधिक कर्मचारियों ने हिन्दी का कार्यसाधक ज्ञान प्राप्त कर लिया है, अधिसूचित करती है।

| क्रम | बैंक/बीमा कंपनियों/वित्तीय | शाखाओं/ |
|------|----------------------------|------------|
| सं | संस्थाओं के नाम | कार्यालयों |
| | | की संख्या |
| 1. | भारतीय स्टेट बैंक | 930 |
| | कुल | 930 |

[फा.सं. 11016/5/2010-हिन्दी]

सुरेन्द्र मोहन नय्यर, संयुक्त निदेशक (राजभाषा)

राजभाषा नियम 1976 के नियम 10(4) के अंतर्गत अधिसूचित किए जाने वाले कार्यालयों/शाखाओं की सूची

- भारतीय स्टेट बैंक अकबरपुर (कोलार रोड) शाखा, भोपाल-462016
- भारतीय स्टेट बैंक अवधपुरी शाखा, भोपाल-462021

- भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बरखेडा शाखा, भोपाल-462021
- भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बैरिसया शाखा, भोपाल- 463106
- भारतीय स्टेट बैंक भोपाल मुख्य शाखा, भोपाल-462003
- भारतीय स्टेट बैंक धमर्रा ग्रामीण शाखा, भोपाल-463101
- भारतीय स्टेट बैंक गोविन्दपुरा शाखा, भोपाल-462023
- भारतीय स्टेट बैंक गुलमोहर कॉलोनी शाखा, भोताल-462039
- भारतीय स्टेट बैंक एच ई टी शाखा, भोषाल का अन्ति।
- भारतीय स्टेट बैंक आइ आई एफ एम शाखा, भोगाल-462003
- भारतीय स्टेट बैंक एम ए सी टी शाखा, भोपाल-462007
- भारतीय स्टेट बैंक एम एल ए रेस्ट हाउस शाखा, भोपाल-462003
- भारतीय स्टेट बैंक एम पी नगर शाखा, भोपाल-462011
- भारतीय स्टेट बैंक महावीर नगर शाखा, भोपाल-462016
- भारतीय स्टेट बैंक माईक्री फॉयनेन्स शाखा, भोपाल-462011
- भारतीय स्टेट बैंक नयापुरा (कोलार रोड) शाखा, भोपाल-462032
- भारतीय स्टेट बैंक नीलबड़ शाखा, भोपाल-462002
- भारतीय स्टेट बैंक नेहरु नगर शाखा, भोपाल-462038
- भारतीय स्टेट बैंक वैयक्तिक बैंकिंग शाखा, शाहपुरा भोपाल-462016
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- 168. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बसीन्द्रा शाखा, रतलाम-457001
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- 243. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बाग मुगालिया शाखा, भोपाल-462026
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- 324. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक पनागर शाखा, जबलपुर-483220
- 325. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक पाटण शाखा, जबलपुर-483113

- 326. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक वैयक्तिक बैंकिंग शाखा, जबलपुर-482001
- 327. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक पौंडा ग्रामीण शाखा, जबलपुर-483225
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- 335. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बालाघाट शाखा, बालाघाट-481102
- 336. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक भारवेली ग्रामीण शाखा, बालाघाट-481102
- 337. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक भौरगढ़ ग्रामीण शाखा, बालाघाट-481337
- 338. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक हिर्री शाखा, बालाधाट-481115
- 339. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक काचीवाही शाखा, बालाघाट-481332
- 340. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कटंगी शाखा, बालाघाट-481445
- 341. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक लालबरहा शाखा, बालाघाट-481441
- 342. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक लामटा शाखा, बालाघाट-481551
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- 346. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक मेंहदीवाडा ग्रामीण शाखा, बालाघाट-481302
- 347. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक मोहगांव शाखा, बालाघाट-481118
- 348. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक वारासिवनी शाखा, बालाघाट-481331
- 349. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक अमरपुर ग्रामीण शाखा, डिंडोरी-481666
- 350. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक डिंडोरी शाखा, डिंडोरी-481880
- 351. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक समनापुर ग्रामीण शाखा, डिंडोरी-481778
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- 354. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बीजाडांडी ग्रामीण शाखा, मण्डला-486674
- 355. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक चिरई डोंगरी शाखा, मण्डला-481662
- 356. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक मण्डला शाखा, मण्डला-481661
- 357. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक नैनपुर शाखा, मण्डला-481776
- 358. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक नारायणगंज ग्रामीण शाखा, मण्डला-481662
- 359. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक निवास शाखा, मण्डला-481885
- 360. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक पाडव मण्डला शाखा, मण्डला-481661
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- 362. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कृषि विकास शाखा नरसिंहपुर, नरसिंहपुर-487001
- 363. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बनवारी ग्रामीण शाखा, नरसिंहपुर-487660

- 364. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक चीचली शाखा, नरसिंहपुर-487770
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- 368. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक करेली शाखा, नरसिंहपुर-487221
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- 372. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक सांईखेडा शाखा, नरसिंहपुर-487661
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- 374. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक सुआतला ग्रामीण शाखा, नरसिंहपुर-487315
- 375. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक तेंदूखेडा नरसिंहपुर शाखा, नरसिंहपुर-487337
- 376. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बरघाट शाखा, सिवनी-480667
- 377. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक छपारा शाखा, सिवनी-480884
- 378. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक धनौरा ग्रामीण शाखा, सिवनी-480998
- 379. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक घनसोर शाखा, सिवनी-480997
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- 384. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक अमीलकी ग्रामीण शाखा, रीवा-486550
- 385. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक चाकघाट शाखा, रीवा-486556
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- 389. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक मठगंज शाखा, रीवा-486335
- 390. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक पीली कोठी रीवा शाखा, रीवा-486001
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- 393. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक सिमरिया शाखा, रीवा-486445
- 394. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक एस एम ई रीवा शाखा, रीवा-486001
- 395. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक टेओनी ग्रामीण शाखा, रीवा-486112
- 396. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक अमरपाटन शाखा, सतना-485775
- 397. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बरेठिया शाखा, सतना-485441
- 398. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बिरला कालोनी शाखा, सतना-485005
- 399. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कलेक्टोरेट शाखा, सतना, सतना-485001
- 400. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कॉमर्शियल शाखा, सतना, सतना-485001
- 401. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक जैतवारा शाखा, सतना-485221

- 402. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक माधवगढ ग्रामीण शाखा, सतना~485115
- 403. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक मैहर शाखा, सतना-485771
- 404. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक नागोद शाखा, सतना-485446
- 405. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक वैयक्तिक बैंकिंग शाखा, सतना-485001
- 406. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक प्रिज्म सीमेंट प्रोजेक्ट साईट मनकहरी ग्रामीण शाखा, सतना-485115
- 407. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक रामनगर तुर्की शाखा, सतना-485881
- 408. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक रामपुर बघेलन शाखा, सतना-485115
- 409. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक सतना मुख्य शाखा, सतना-485001
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- 411. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कृषि विकास शाखा, चुरहट सीधी-486771
- 412. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक गोरबी शाखा, सीधी-486892
- 413. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक राजमिलन कोयलकूठ शाखा, सीधी-486886
- 414. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक सीधी शाखा, सीधी-486661
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- 416. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक अमरोली शाखा, सिंगरोली-486886
- 417. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक जयंत शाखा, सिंगरौली-486886
- 418. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक क्सिंगुरदा शाखा, सिंगरौली-486889
- 419. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक मोरवा शाखा, सिंगरौली-486889
- 420. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक सासन शाखा, सिंगरौली-486886

- 421. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक विद्या नगर एस टी पी एस शाखा, सिंगरौली-486885
- 422. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक वैढ़न शाखा, सिंगरौली-486886
- 423. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक अमरकंटक शाखा, अनूपपुर-484886
- 424. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक अनूपपुर शाखा, अनूपपुर-484224
- 425. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बिजुरी शाखा, अनूपपुर-484440
- 426. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक जैथारी शाखा, अनूपपुर-484330
- 427. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक जमुना कौलरी शाखा, अनूपपुर-484444
- 428. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक करेपा शाखा, अनूपपुर-484881
- 429. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कोतमा शाखा, अनूपपुर-484334
- 430. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कोतमा कौलरी शाखा, अनूपपुर-484336
- 431. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बडागांव ग्रामीण शाखा, कटनी-483010
- 432. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बरही शाखा, कटनी-483770
- 433. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बोहरीबंद ग्रामीण शाखा, कटनी-483330
- 434. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक देवगांव ग्रामीण शाखा, कटनी-483501
- 435. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक घंटाघर कटनी सांय शाखा, कटनी-483501
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- 439. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कैमूर शाखा, कटनी-483880
- 440. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक न्यू कटनी जंक्शन शाखा, कटनी-483503

- 441. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक निवार शाखा, कटनी-483442
- 442. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक ओर्डनेंस फेक्ट्री कटनी शाखा, कटनी-483583
- 443. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक वैयक्तिक बैकिंग शाखा, कटनी-483501
- 444. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक पिपरिया कलॉ ग्रामीण शाखा, कटनी-483770
- 445. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक रीठी शाखा, कटनी-483990
- 446. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक स्लीमनाबाद ग्रामीण शाखा, कटनी-483440
- 447. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक एस एम ई कटनी शाखा, कटनी-483501
- 448. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक उमरियापन ग्रामीण शाखा, कटनी-483332
- 449. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक विजयराघवगढ़ ग्रामीण शाखा, कटनी-483775
- 450. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक विलाइत कलॉ (भजिया) ग्रामीण शाखा, कटनी-483773
- 451. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक अमलाई शाखा, शहडोल-484117
- 452. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बाणसागर डेम देवलोंद शाखा, शहडोल-484772
- 453. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक ब्योहारी शाखा, शहडोल-484774
- 454. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक धनपुरी शाखा, शहडोल-484114
- 455. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक जयसिंहनगर शाखा, शहडोल-484771
- 456. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक लालपुर बुरहार शाखा, शहडोल-484110
- 457. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक मार्केट एरिया शहडोल शाखा, शहडोल-484001
- 458. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक राजेन्द्र कॉलोनी शाखा, शहडोल-484110
- 459. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक शहडोल शाखा, शहडोल-484001

- 460. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक सिंहपुर शाखा, शहडोल-484010
- 461. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक चांदिया शाखा, उमरिया-484660
- 462. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक मानपुर ग्रामीण शाखा, उमरिया-484665
- 463. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक मार्केट एरिया उमरिया शाखा, उमरिया-484661
- 464. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक नौरोजाबाद शाखा, उमरिया-484555
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- 492. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक सिविल लाईन शाखा, सागर-470001
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- 574. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक क्षेत्रीय व्यवसाय कार्यालय, कोरबा-495677
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- 581. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक चर्चा शाखा, कोरिया-497339
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- 601. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक वाडरफ नगर शाखा, सरगुजा-497225
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- 603. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक ए सी सी जामुल शाखा, दुर्ग-490024
- 604. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक अल्फा डिपार्टमेंट स्टोर भिलाई शाखा, दुर्ग-490006
- 605. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बालोद शाखा, दुर्ग-491226
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- 618. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक डोंडी लोहारा शाखा, दुर्ग-491771
- 619. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक दुर्ग शाखा, दुर्ग-491001
- 620. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक गुंडारदेही शाखा, दुर्ग-491223
- 621. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक इंडस्ट्रियल इस्टेट भिलाई शाखा, दुर्ग-490026
- 622. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक इंदिरा प्लेस भिलाई शाखा, दुर्ग-490010
- 623. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक करेसारा स ले शाखा, दुर्ग-491335
- 624. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कुम्हारी शाखा, दुर्ग-490042
- 625. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक मालवीय नगर दुर्ग शाखा, दुर्ग-491001
- 626. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक मरोदा उत्तई शाखा, दुर्ग-490006
- 627. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक नंदनी टाउनशिप भिलाई शाखा, दुर्ग-490036
- 628. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक नवागढ़ शाखा, दुर्ग-491337

- 629. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक वैयक्तिक बैंकिंग शाखा, भिलाई दुर्ग-490026
- 630. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक पाटन शाखा, दुर्ग-491111
- 631. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक राजहरा शाखा, दुर्ग-491228
- 632. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक रेसली भिलाई शाखा, दुर्ग-490006
- 633. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक एस एम ई भिलाई शाखा, दुर्ग-490001
- 634. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक एस एम ई दुर्ग शाखा, दुर्ग-491001
- 635. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक स्टेशन रोड दुर्ग शाखा, दुर्ग-491011
- 636. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक सुपेला भिलाई शाखा, दुर्ग-490023
- 637. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक सुरेगांव स ले शाखा, दुर्ग-491225
- 638. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक टेमरी ग्रामीण शाखा, दुर्ग-491335
- 639. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक वैशाली नगर भिलाई शाखा, दुर्ग-490023
- 640. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कृषि विकास शाखा, राजनांदगांव-491441
- 641. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक छुरिया शाखा, राजनांदगांव-491558
- 642. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कलेक्ट्रेट शाखा, राजनांदगांव-491441
- 643. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक डोंगरगांव शाखा, राजनांदगांव-491661
- 644. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक गंडई पडरिया शाखा, राजनांदगांव-491888
- 645: भारतीय स्टेट बैंक खैरागढ शाखा, राजनांदगांव-4911881
- 646. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक मुरमुण्डा शाखा, राजनांदगांव-491445
- 647. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक राजनांदगांव शाखा, राजनांदगांव-491441

- 648. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक एस एम ई राजनांदगांव शाखा, राजनांदगांव-491441
- 649. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कृषि विकास शाखा, जगदलपुर बस्तर-494001
- 650. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक अदावल ग्रामीण शाखा, बस्तर-494223
- 651. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बजाबंड ग्रामीण शाखा, बस्तर-494221
- 652. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बकाबंद ग्रामीण शाखा, बस्तर-494222
- 653. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बस्तर ग्रामीण शाखा, बस्तर-494223
- 654. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक भानपुरी ग्रामीण शाखा, बस्तर-494224
- 655. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कलेक्ट्रेट जगदलपुर शाखा, बस्तर-494001
- 656. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक जगदलपुर शाखा, बस्तर-494001
- 657. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक केसरपाल स ले शाखा, बस्तर-494224
- 658. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक केसकाल शाखा, बस्तर-494331
- 659. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कोंडागांव शाखा, बस्तर-494226
- 660. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक लोहांडीगुडा ग्रामीण शाखा, बस्तर-494010
- 661. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक फारसगांव शाखा, बस्तर-494228
- 662. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक एस एम ई जगदलपुर शाखा, बस्तर-494001
- 663. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक टोकापाल शाखा, बस्तर-494442
- 664. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक अवापल्ली ग्रामीण शाखा, बिजापुर-494447
- 665. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक भैरमगढ़ ग्रामीण शाखा, बिजापुर-494443
- 666. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक भोपालपटनम शाखा, बिजापुर-494446

- 667. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बिजापुर शाखा, बिजापुर-494444
- 668. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक नेमेड शाखा, बिजापुर-494114
- 669. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बचेली शाखा, दंतेवाडा-494553
- 670. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक दंतेवाडा शाखा, दंतेवाडा-494449
- 671. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक गीदम शाखा, दंतेवाडा-494441
- 672. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक किरनडुल शाखा, दंतेवाडा-494556
- 673. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक केन्टा शाखा, दंतेवाडा-494114
- 674. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक एम पी ई बी कालोनी बोधघाट शाखा, दंतेवाडा-494441
- 675. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक नकुलनार ग्रामीण शाखा, दंतेवाडा-494552
- 676. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक सुकमा शाखा, दंतेवाडा-494111
- 677. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक अंतागढ़ शाखा, कांकेर-494665
- 678. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक असुलखार स ले शाखा, कांकर-494669
- 679. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक अतुरगांव स ले शाखा, कांकेर-494334
- 680. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बंदे ग्रामीण शाखा, कांकेर-494777
- 681. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक भानुप्रतापपुर शाखा, कांकेर-494669
- 682. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक चरामा शाखा, कांकेर-494337
- 683. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक दुर्गकोण्डल स ले शाखा, कांकेर-494669
- 684. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कांकेर शाखा, कांकेर-494334
- 685. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कोरार शाखा, कांकेर-494670

- 686. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक नरहारपुर शाखा, कांकर-494333
- 687. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक पाखनजोर शाखा, कांकेर-494776
- 688. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक सरोन शाखा, कांकेर-494335
- 689. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक नारायणपुर शाखा, नारायणपुर-494661
- 690. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक चंद्रहंसनी शाखा, जांजगीर (चांपा)-495688
- 691. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक डबरा चौक शाखा, जांजगीर (चांपा)-495688
- 692. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बगीचा शाखा, जशपुर-496224
- 693. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कलेक्ट्रेट शाखा, जशपुर-496331
- 694. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक दुललुला शाखा, जशपुर-496334
- 695. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक गजियादिह शाखा, जशपुर-496220
- 696. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक जशपुर नगर शाखा, जशपुर-496331
- 697. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कांसाबेल शाखा, जशपुर-496223
- 698. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक केरादिह स ले शाखा, जशपुर-496334
- 699. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कोटबा शाखा, जशपुर-496220
- 700. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कुनकुरी शाखा, जशपुर-496225
- 701. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक मनोरा शाखा, जशपुर-496330
- 702. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक पाथलगांव शाखा, जशपुर-496118
- 703. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक सराबकम्बो शाखा, जशपुर-496224
- 704. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक तपकारा शाखा, जशपुर-496227

- 705. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कृषि विकास शाखा, रायगढ्-496001
- 706. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कृषि विकास शाखा, सारंगगढ, रायगढ़-496445
- 707. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बरमकेला शाखा, रायगढ्-496551
- 708. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक चक्रधर नगर शाखा, रायगढ्-496001
- 709. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक छाल शाखा, रायगढ़-496665
- 710. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक धरमजयगढ़ शाखा, रायगढ़-496116
- 711. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक गेरवानी शाखा, रायगढ़-496001
- 712. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक घरघोडा शाखा, रायगढ़-496111
- 713. भारतीय स्टेट बंक जिंदल स्टील एण्ड पॉवर लिमिटेड पत्रापली शाखा, रायगढ़-496001
- 714. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कबीर चौक शाखा, रायगढ्-496001
- 715. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक खरसिया शाखा, रायगढ्-496661
- 716. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कोंडातराई शाखा, रायगढ्-496100
- 717. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक लेलुंगा शाखा, रायगढ़-496113
- 718. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक लेधरा स ले शाखा, रायगढ्-496551
- 719. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक व्यक्तिक वैंकिंग शाखा, रायगढ़, रायगढ़-496001
- 720. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक फरसाबहार शाखा, रायगढ़-496242
- 721. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक पुसोर शाखः, रायगढ़-496440
- 722. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक रायगढ़ शाखा, रायगढ़-496001
- 723. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक सारगगढ़ शाखा, रायगढ़-496445

- 724. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक सरिया शाखा, रायगढ्-496554
- 725. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक एस एम ई रायगढ़ शाखा, रायगढ़-496001
- 726. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक तमनार ग्रामीण शाखा, रायगढ्-496107
- 727. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कृषि विकास शाखा, बिलासपुर, बिलासपुर-495001
- 728. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बैथलपुर शाखा, बिलासपुर-495224
- 729. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बेलगहना शाखा, बिलासपुर-495116
- 730. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बिलासपुर शाखा, बिलासपुर-495001
- भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बिलहा शाखा, बिलासपुर-495224
- 732. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक चकर भाटा शाखा, बिलासपुर-495220
- 733. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक सिटी शाखा, बिलासपुर-495001
- 734. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कलेक्ट्रेट शाखा, बिलासपुर-495001
- 735. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कॉमर्शियल शाखा, बिलासपुर-495001
- 736. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक उच्च न्यायालय शाखा, बिलासपुर-495001
- 737. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कठाकोनी ग्रामीण शाखा, बिलासपुर-495001
- 738. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कोटा बिलासपुर शाखा, बिलासपुर-495113
- 739. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक लखराम ग्रामीण शाखा, बिलासपुर-495442
- 740. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक लोरमी शाखा, बिलासपुर-495115
- 741. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक मरवाही ग्रामीण शाखा, बिलासपुर-495118
- 742. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक मस्तुरी शाखा, बिलासपुर-495551

- 743. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक मोपका ग्रामीण शाखा, बिलासपुर-495011
- 744. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक मुंगेली शाखा, बिलासपुर-495334
- 745. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक पचफेरी ग्रामीण शाखा, बिलासपुर-495551
- 746. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक पथरिया ग्रामीण शाखा, बिलासपुर-495335
- 747. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक वैयक्तिक बैंकिंग शाखा, बिलासपुर-495001
- 748. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक पेंढरा रोड शाखा, बिलासपुर-495117
- 749. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक पेंढरा ग्रामीण शाखा, बिलासपुर-495119
- 750. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक रेलवे कालोनी शाखा, बिलासपुर-495004
- 751. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक राज किशोर नगर शाखा, बिलासपुर-495006
- 752. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक रतनपुर शाखा, बिलासपुर-495442
- 753. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक एस ई सी एल शाखा, बिलासपुर-495001
- 754. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक सरकंडा शाखा, बिलासपुर-495001
- 755. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक श्रीकान्त वर्मा मार्ग शाखा, बिलासपुर-495001
- 756. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक सीपेट शाखा, बिलासपुर-495555
- 757. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक तखतपकुर शाखा, बिलासपुर-495330
- 758. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक तिफरा शाखा, बिलासपुर-495223
- 759. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बिदौरा स ले शाखा, कवर्धा-491995
- 760. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बोदला ग्रामीण शाखा, कवर्धा-491333
- 761. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक चिल्फी ग्रामीण शाखा, कुवर्धा-491995

- 762. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कवर्धा शाखा, कवर्धा-491195
- 763. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक पंढरिया शाखा, कवर्धा-495337
- 764. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक रेंगाखार शाखा, कवर्धा-491888
- 765. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक साहसपुर लोहरा शाखा, कवर्धा-491991
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- 861. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कुलैथ शाखा, ग्वालियर-474 010
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- 869. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक झुण्डकुरा ग्रामीण शाखा, मुरैना-476 226
- 870. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक जिवाजीगंज मंडी ग्रामीण शाखा, मुरैना-476 001
- 871. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कोलारस शाखा, मुरैना-476 224
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- 902. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक हरदवाही शाखा, पन्ना-488 050
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- 913. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बडागांव शाखा, टीकमगढ़-47 2010

- 914. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक बल्देवगढ़ शाखा, टीकमगढ़-472 111
- 915. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक कलेक्ट्रेट शाखा, टीकमगढ़-472 001
- 916. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक दिगोदा शाखा, टीकमगढ़-472 339
- 917. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक जतारा शाखा, टीकमगढ़-472 118
- 918. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक जेवर शाखा, टीकमगढ़-472 447
- 919. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक खरगापुर शाखा, टीकमगढ्-472 115
- 920. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक लिधैरा शाखा, टीकमगढ्-472 331
- 921. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक निवाड़ी शाखा, टीकमगढ़-472 442
- 922. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक ओरछा प्रतापपुरा शाखा, टीकमगढ़-471 201
- 923. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक पलेरा शाखा, टीकमगढ़-472 221
- 924. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक पृथ्वीपुर शाखा, टीकमगढ्-472 336
- 925. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक पुछीकरगंवा स ले शाखा, टीकमगढ़-472 446
- 926. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक टीकमगढ़ शाखा, टीकमगढ़-472 001
- 927. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक प्रशासनिक कार्यालय शाखा, ग्वालियर-474 009
- 928. भारतीय स्टेट बैंक आर ए एस ई सी सी ग्वालियर शाखा, ग्वालियर-474 011
- 929. भारतीय स्टेट वैंक एस ए ए आर सी ग्वालियर शाखा, ग्वालियर-474 011
- 930. भारतीय स्टेट वैंक स्थानीय प्रधान कार्यालय शाखा, -भोपाल-462 011

(Department of Financial Services)

New Delhi, the 10th September, 2010

S.O. 2302—In pursuance of sub rule 4 of rule 10 of the Official Language use for official purpose of the union rules, 1976 the Central Government hereby notifies the listed branches/offices of the Banks/Insurance Companies in the attached annexure, more than 80% of the staff where of have acquired the working knowledge of Hindi.

| | Total | 930 |
|---------------|--|----------------------------|
| 1 | State Bank of India | 930 |
| Serial No. | Name of the Bank/ Insurance Company | No. of Branches/Offices |

[F. No.-11016/5/2010-Hindi]

SURENDER MOHAN NAYYAR, Jt. Director (OL)

A List of Offices/Branches to be Notified under the Official Languages Rules, 1976, Rule 10(4)

- State Bank of India Akbarpur (Kolar Road) Branch, Bhopal-462 016
- State Bank of India Awadhpuri Branch, Bhopal-462 021
- State Bank of India Barkhera Branch, Bhopal-462 021
- 4. State Bank of India Berasia Branch, Bhopal-463106
- State Bank of India Bhopal Main Branch, Bhopal-462 003
- State Bank of India Dhamarra Village Branch, Bhopal-463101
- State Bank of India Govindpura Branch, Bhopal-462 023
- State Bank of India Gulmohar Colony Branch, Bhopal-462 039
- State Bank of India H.E.T. Branch, Bhopal-462 021
- State Bank of India IIFM Branch, Bhopal-462 003
- State Bank of India M.A.C.T. Branch, Bhopal-462 007
- State Bank of India
 M.L.A. Rest House Branch, Bhopal-462 003
- State Bank of India M.P. Nagar Branch, Bhopal-462 011
- State Bank of India Mahavir Nagar Branch, Bhopal-462 016
- State Bank of India Micro Finance Branch, Bhopal-462 011

- State Bank of India Nayapura (Kolar Road) Branch, Bhopal-462 032
- 17. State Bank of India Neelbad Branch, Bhopal-462 002
- State Bank of India Nehru Nagar Branch, Bhopal-462 038
- State Bank of India
 PBB Shahpura Bhopal-462 016
- State Bank of India PBB New Market Bhopal-462 003
- 21. State Bank of India R.C.E. Branch, Bhopal-462013
- State Bank of India
 Satpura Bhawan Branch, Bhopal-462 004
- 23. State Bank of India Service Branch, Bhopal-462 011
- State Bank of India
 Shivaji Nagar Branch, Bhopal-462 006
- 25. State Bank of India Traders Branch, Bhopal-462 011
- State Bank of India
 Udayachal Branch, Bhopal-462 011
- State Bank of India
 Vallabh Bhawan Branch, Bhopal-462 004
- 28. State Bank of India
 Vindhyachal Bhawan Branch, Bhopal-462 004
- State Bank of India
 A.D.B. Khilchipur Rajgarh -465 679
- State Bank of India
 A.D.B. Sarangpur, Rajgarh-465 697
- 31. State Bank of India Biaora Branch, Rajgarh-465 674
- 32. State Bank of India
 Jeerapur Branch, Rajgarh-465 691
- State Bank of India
 Narsinghgarh Branch, Rajgarh-465 669
- 34. State Bank of India Pachore Branch, Rajgarh-465 683
- 35. State Bank of India Rajgarh Branch, Rajgarh-496 001
- State Bank of India Anjad Branch, Barwani-451 556
- 37. State Bank of India
 Barwani Branch, Barwani-451 551
- State Bank of India Chatli Village Branch, Barwani-451 669
- State Bank of India
 Niwali Village Branch, Barwani-451 667

- State Bank of India Palsood Village Branch, Barwani-451435
- 41. State Bank of India Rajpur Branch, Barwani-451447
- 42. State Bank of India Sendhwa Branch, Barwani-451666
- State Bank of India
 A.D.B. Burhanpur Burhanpur-450331
- 44. State Bank of India
 Burhanpur Branch, Burhanpur-450331
- 45. State Bank of India Mandi Chowk Burhanpur Branch, Burhanpur-450331
- State Bank of India Nepanagar Branch, Burhanpur-450221
- 47. State Bank of India Shahpur Branch, Burhanpur-450331
- 48. State Bank of India A.D.B. Harda, Harda-461331
- State Bank of India Harda Branch, Harda-461331
- 50. State Bank of India Khirkiya Branch, Harda-461441
- 51. State Bank of India Sirali Branch, Harda-461335
- 52. State Bank of India Timarni Branch, Harda-461228
- State Bank of India
 A.D.B. Seoni Malwa Hoshangabad-461221
- 54. State Bank of India Seoni Malwa Branch, Hoshangabad-461223
- State Bank of India
 Sheopur Branch, Hoshanbabad-461225
- State Bank of India Anand Nagar Khandwa Branch, Khandwa-450001
- State Bank of India Civil Lines Khandwa Branch, Khandwa-450001
- 58. State Bank of India
 Harsud Branch, Khandwa-450116
- State Bank of India Khalwa Branch, Khandwa-450117
- State Bank of India Khandwa Branch, Khandwa-450001
- 61. State Bank of India
 Lal Chowki Khandwa Branch, Khandwa-450001
- State Bank of India Narmada Nagar (Punasa) Branch, Khandwa-450114

- 63. State Bank of India Sihada Branch, Khandwa-450992
- State Bank of India Barwah Branch, Khargone-451115
- State Bank of India Bediya Branch, Khargone-451113
- State Bank of India
 Bhikangaon Branch, Khargone-451331
- 67. State Bank of India
 Jawahar Marg Khargone Branch,
 Khargone-451001
- 68. State Bank of India Kasrabad Branch, Khargone-451228
- State Bank of India Khargone Branch, Khargone-451001
- State Bank of India Maheshwar Branch, Khargone-451224
- 71. State Bank of India
 Sanavad (Dhakalgaon Village Branch)
 Khargone-451111
- State Bank of India Segaon Branch, Khargone-451442
- State Bank of India Alirajpur Branch, Alirajpur-457887
- 74. State Bank of India
 Dhamnod Branch, Dhar-454552
- 75. State Bank of India Dhar Branch, Dhar-454001
- State Bank of India Kukshi Branch, Dhar-454331
- 77. State Bank of India Manawar Branch, Dhar-454443
- 78. State Bank of India Pithampur Branch, Dhar-472336
- 79. State Bank of India A.D.B. Sanwer Indore-453551
- State Bank of India Annapurna Road Indore Branch, Indore-452002
- State Bank of India
 Basant Vihar Colony Branch, Indore-452001
- State Bank of India
 C.S.W.T. BSF. Campus Branch, Indore-452005
- 83. State Bank of India Collectorate Branch, Indore-452001
- 84. State Bank of India
 Depalpur Branch, Indore-453115
- 85. State Bank of India Godha Colony Branch, Indore-452004

- 86. State Bank of India Harsola Branch, Indore-453441
- 87. State Bank of India I.E. Branch, Indore-452003
- 88. State Bank of India Indore City Branch, Indore-452003
- State Bank of India
 Jamli Village Branch, Indore-453643
- 90. State Bank of India Jawahar Marg Branch, Indore-452001
- 91. State Bank of India Khandwa Road Branch, Indore-452017
- State Bank of India
 M. G. Road Market Branch, Indore-452007
- 93. State Bank of India M. G. Road Branch, Indore-452002
- 94. State Bank of India
 Manik Bagh Road Branch, Indore-452001
- 95. State Bank of India Mhow Branch, Indore-453441
- State Bank of India MPSEB Branch, Indore-452001
- 97. State Bank of India Neel Kanth Branch, Indore-452006
- 98. State Bank of India Old Palasia Branch, Indore-452001
- State Bank of India PBB Vijay Nagar Indore, Indore-452003
- 100. State Bank of India PBB Y N Road Indore, Indore-452003
- 101. State Bank of India Prakash Nagar Branch, Indore-452001
- 102. State Bank of India Rau Branch, Indore-453331
- 103. State Bank of India RNT Marg Branch, Indore, Indore-452001
- State Bank of IndiaS.M.E. Branch, Indore, Indore-452003
- 105. State Bank of India Sapna Sangeeta Indore, Indore-452001
- 106. State Bank of India Service Branch, Indore, Indore-452001
- State Bank of India
 Sukhniwas Branch, Indore, Indore-452012
- 108. State Bank of India A.D.B. Thandla Jhabua-457777
- 109. State Bank of India Jhabua Branch, Jhabua-457661

- State Bank of India
 Meghnagar Branch, Jhabua-457779
- State Bank of India
 Petlawad Branch, Jhabua-457773
- State Bank of India
 Ranapur Branch, Jhabua-457993
- 113. State Bank of India A.D.B. Amla Betul-460551
- 114. State Bank of India Adarsh Dhanora Village Branch, Betul-460330
- 115. State Bank of India AFS Amla Branch, Betul-460553
- 116. State Bank of India Athner Branch, Betul-460110
- 117. State Bank of India Betul Branch, Betul-460001
- 118. State Bank of India Bhainsdehi Branch, Betul-460220
- State Bank of India
 Bodki Village Branch, Betul-460553
- 120. State Bank of India Chicholi Branch, Betul-460330
- State Bank of India
 Chirapatla Branch, Betul-460330
- 122. State Bank of India Chuna Hazuri Branch, Betul-460330
- 123. State Bank of India
 Deshawadi Branch, Betul-460440
- 124. State Bank of India Kolgaon Village Branch, Betul-460002
- State Bank of India
 Kothi Bazar Betul Branch, Betul-460001
- 126. State Bank of India Multai Branch, Betul-460661
- 127. State Bank of India Nanda Branch, Betul-460330
- 128. State Bank of India
 Pathakhera Branch, Betul-460449
- 129. State Bank of India Prabhatpattan Village Branch, Betul-460665
- 130. State Bank of India Sadar Betul Branch, Betul-460001
- 131. State Bank of India Sami Branch, Betul-460447
- 132. State Bank of India Shahpura Betul, Betul-460440
- 133. State Bank of India Shobhapur Branch, Betul-460449

- State Bank of India
 A.D.B. Chhindwara, Chhindwara-480001
- State Bank of India
 Amarwara Branch, Chhindwara-480221
- 136. State Bank of India Ambhara Branch, Chhindwara-480551
- State Bank of India
 Barkuhi Branch, Chhindwara-480441
- 138. State Bank of India Bhamori Village Branch, Chhindwara-480449
- 139. State Bank of IndiaBichhua Branch, Chhindwara-480111
- State Bank of India
 Boregaon Branch, Chhindwara-480106
- 141. State Bank of India Chandameta Branch, Chhindwara-480447
- 142. State Bank of India Chhindwara Branch, Chhindwara-480001
- 143. State Bank of India Chikhalikalan Branch, Chhindwara-480557
- 144. State Bank of India Chourai Branch, Chhindwara-480115
- 145. State Bank of IndiaDamua Branch, Chhindwara-480555
- 146. State Bank of India Ganj Area Chhindwara, Chhindwara-480001
- 147. State Bank of India Gurraiya Branch, Chhindwara-480332
- 148. State Bank of India Junnardeo Branch, Chhindwara-480551
- 149. State Bank of India Kamathi (Sawri Bazar) Sab, Chhindwara-480331
- State Bank of India
 Mohkhed Branch, Chhindwara-480228
- State Bank of India
 Pandhurna Branch, Chhindwara-480334
- 152. State Bank of India Parasia Branch, Chhindwara-480441
- 153. State Bank of India PBB Chhindwara Chhindwara-480001
- 154. State Bank of India Prasanna Vihar Colony Branch,, Chhindwara-480441
- 155. State Bank of India Rawanwara Branch, Chhindwara-480441
- 156. State Bank of India Sausar Branch, Chhindwara-480106

- State Bank of India
 Umranala Branch, Chhindwara-480107
- 158. State Bank of India A.D.B. Bagli, Dewas-455227
- 159. State Bank of India Dewas Branch, Dewas-455001
- 160. State Bank of India PBB Dewas, Dewas-455001
- State Bank of India
 A.D.B. Laduna, Mandsaur-458489
- State Bank of India Botalganj Branch, Mandsaur-458664
- 163. State Bank of India Krishi Upaj Mandi BR Mandsaur, Mandsaur-458001
- 164. State Bank of India Mandsaur Branch, Mandsaur-458001
- 165. State Bank of India Kanawati Branch, Neemuch-458441
- 166. State Bank of India Neemuch Branch, Neemuch-456006
- State Bank of India
 Vikram Nagar (Damodarpura) Branch,
 Neemuch-458330
- 168. State Bank of India Basindra Branch,, Ratlam-457001
- 169. State Bank of India Collectorate Ratlam Branch, Ratlam-457001
- State Bank of India Commercial Branch, Ratlam, Ratlam-457001
- 171. State Bank of India DRM Office, Ratlam Branch, Ratlam-457001
- 172. State Bank of India Jaora Branch,, Ratlam-457226
- 173. State Bank of India Kunda (Sab) Ratlam-457551
- 174. State Bank of India NRI BE Ratlam Branch,, Ratlam-457001
- 175. State Bank of India PBB Ratiam, Ratlam-457001
- 176. State Bank of India Ratlam Branch, Ratlam-457001
- 177. State Bank of India Shivpur Village Branch, Ratlam-457115
- 178. State Bank of India Agar Branch, Shajapur-465002
- 179. State Bank of India Akodia Mandi Branch, Shajapur-465223

- 180. State Bank of India Maksi Nagar Branch, Shajapur-465106
- 181. State Bank of India Mandoda Sab, Shajapur-465226
- 182. State Bank of India Nalkhera Branch, Shajapur-465445
- 183. State Bank of India Shajapur Branch, Shajapur-465001
- 184. State Bank of India Shujalpur Branch, Shajapur-465331
- 185. State Bank of India Susner Branch, Shajapur-465447
- 186. State Bank of India A.D.B. Khachrod, Ujjain-456224
- 187. State Bank of India Badnagar Branch, Ujjain-456771
- 188. State Bank of India Chimanganj Mandi Ujjain, Ujjain-456001
- 189. State Bank of India Harsodan Village Branch, Ujjain-456010
- State Bank of India
 Ingoria Village Branch, Ujjain-456222
- 191. State Bank of India Jaithal Village Branch, Ujjain-456006
- 192. State Bank of India Madhav Nagar Ujjain, Ujjain-456001
- 193. State Bank of India Mahidpur Branch, Ujjain-456443
- 194. State Bank of India Nagda Branch, Ujjain-456335
- 195. State Bank of India Nai Sarak Ujjain, Ujjain-456006
- 196. State Bank of India Narwar Branch, Ujjain-456664
- 197. State Bank of India Nayapura Ujjain, Ujjain-456006
- 198. State Bank of India Sarafa Ujjain, Ujjain-456006
- 199. State Bank of India Tarana Branch, Ujjain-456665
- 200: State Bank of India Ujjain Main Branch, Ujjain-456001
- 201. State Bank of India A.D.B Bareli, Raisen-464668
- 202. State Bank of India Badi Branch, Raisen-464665
- 203. State Bank of India Begumganj Branch, Raisen-464881

- 204. State Bank of India Dandia Branch, Raisen-464881
- 205. State Bank of India Deori Branch, Raísen-464774
- 206. State Bank of India Gairatganj Branch, Raisen-464884
- 207. State Bank of India Mandideep Branch, Raisen-462046
- State Bank of India
 Obedullaganj Branch, Raisen-464993
- 209. State Bank of India Raisen Branch. Raisen-464551
- 210. State Bank of India Salamatpur Branch, Raisen-464651
- 211. State Bank of India Seermau Branch, Raisen-464886
- 212. State Bank of India Silwani Branch, Raisen-464886
- 213. State Bank of India Simariva Khurd Branch, Raisen-464671
- 214. State Bank of India Udaipura Branch, Raisen-464770
- 215. State Bank of India A.D.B. Sehore Branch, Sehore-466001
- 216. State Bank of India Astha Branch, Sehore-466116
- 217. State Bank of India Baktara Branch, Sehore-466448
- State Bank of India
 Bayan Village Branch, Sehore-466441
- 219. State Bank of India Bilkisganj Village Branch. Sehore-4661!1
- 220. State Bank of India Budhni Branch, Schore-466445
- 221 State Bank of IndiaDobi Village Brunch, Schore-466554
- 222. State Bank of India renhawar Branch, Schore-466115
- 225. State Pank of India law a Branch, Schore-466221
- 224. State Back of India Kened Meji Branch, Sets re-466116.
- 225. State Bank of India Kethri Branch, Seho -- 166114
- 226. State Bank of India Larkui Village Branch, Senore-4663.33
- 227. State Bank of India Nashullaganj Branch, Schore-466331

- 228. State Bank of India Rethi Branch, Sehore-466446
- 229. State Bank of India Sehore Branch, Sehore-466001
- 230. State Bank of India Shyampur Branch, Sehore-466651
- 231. State Bank of India
 A. D. B. Vidisha, Vidisha-464001
- State Bank of India
 Atari Khejra Branch, Vidisha-464331
- State Bank of India
 Barwai Village Branch, Vidisha-464224
- 234. State Bank of India Ganj Basoda Branch, Vidisha-464221
- 235. State Bank of India Khamkheda Branch, Vidisha-464226
- 236. State Bank of India Kurwai Branch, Vidisha-464224
- 237. State Bank of India Lateri Branch, Vidisha-464114
- 238. State Bank of India Sati Vidisha Branch; Vidisha-464001
- 239. State Bank of India Sironj Franch, Vidisha-464228
- 240. State Bank of India3 EME Centre Bairagarh Branch, Bhopal-462031
- State Bank of India Airport Road Branch, Bhopal-462036
- State Bank of India
 Ayodhya Nagar Branch, Bhopal-462023
- 243. State Bank of India Bagh Mugalia Branch, Bhopal-462026
- 244. State Bank of India
 Bairagarh Main Market Branch, Bhopal-462031
- 245. State Bank of India
 Bhel Plant Area Branch, Bhopal-462022
- 246. State Bank of India
 Bhopal University Branch, Bhopal-462026
- State Bank of India
 BPL Memorial Hosp. & Research Centre Branch,
 Bhopal-462038
- 248. State Bank of India Chandbarh Branch, Bhopal-462010
- 249. State Bank of India Chola Road Branch, Bhopal-462001
- 250. State Bank of India CIAE Branch, Bhopal-462038
- 251. State Bank of India DRM office Branch, Bhopal-462001

- 252. State Bank of India Fatehgarh Branch, Bhopal-462001
- 253. State Bank of India
 Gandhi Medical College Branch, Bhopal-462001
- 254. State Bank of India Govt. Business Branch, Bhopal-462001
- State Bank of India
 Hamidia Road Branch, Bhopal-462029
- 256. State Bank of India Hoshangabad Road (Misrod) Branch, Bhopal-462026
- 257. State Bank of India
 Jehangirabad Road Branch, Bhopal-462008
- 258. State Bank of India Kasturba Hospital Bhel Branch, Bhopal-462023
- State Bank of India Marwari Road Branch, Bhopal-462001
- State Bank of India
 Minal Residency Branch, Bhopal-462023
- State Bank of India Municipal Corporation Branch, Bhopal-462001
- 262. State Bank of India Old Secretariat Branch, Bhopal-462001
- 263. State Bank of India Royal Market Branch, Bhopal-462001
- 264. State Bank of India S.M.E. Branch, Bhopal-462023
- 265. State Bank of India Sultania Road Branch, Bhopal-462001
- 266. State Bank of India A.D.B Babai Branch, Hoshangabad-461661
- 267. State Bank of India
 A.D.B Pipariya Branch, Hoshangabad-461775
- 268. State Bank of India
 Babai Branch, Hoshangabad-461661
- 269. State Bank of India
 Bankhedi Branch, Hoshangabad-461000
- 270. State Bank of India
 Hoshangabad Branch, Hoshangabad-461001
- 271. State Bank of India
 Itarsi Branch, Hoshangabad-461111
- State Bank of India
 Kesla Branch, Hoshangabad-461550
- 273. State Bank of India Krishnapuri Branch, Hoshangabad-461001
- 274. State Bank of India
 New Market Itarsi Branch, Hoshangabad-461111
- 275. State Bank of India Pachmarhi Branch, Hoshangabad-461881

- State Bank of India
 Pipariya Branch, Hoshangabad-461775
- 277. State Bank of India Semri Harchan (Kamtee) Branch, Hoshangabad-461771
- 278. State Bank of India Sohagpur Branch, Hoshangabad-461771
- 279. State Bank of India SPM Hoshangabad Branch, Hoshangabad-461005
- 280. State Bank of India
 Administrative Office Branch, Bhopal-462011
- 281. State Bank of India C.C.P.C. Branch, Bhopal-462011
- 282. State Bank of India
 Centralised Pension Proceessing Centre Branch,
 Bhopal-462011
- 283. State Bank of India Commercial Branch, Bhopal-462011
- 284. State Bank of India RACPC Branch, Bhopal-462011
- 285. State Bank of India SMECC Branch, Bhopal-462011
- 286. State Bank of India C.C.P.C. Branch, Indore-452001
- 287. State Bank of India Indore Branch, Indore-452001
- 288. State Bank of India RACPC Branch, Indore-452001
- 289. State Bank of India SARC Branch, Indore-452001
- 290. State Bank of India SMECC Branch, Indore-452001
- 291. State Bank of India RASECC Branch, Ujjain-456001
- 292. State Bank of India
 Sadar 01 Signal Training Centre Branch,
 Jabalpur-482001
- 293. State Bank of IndiaA.D.B Shahpura Branch, Jabalpur-483119
- 294. State Bank of India Barela Branch, Jabalpur-491332
- 295. State Bank of India Bargi Branch, Jabalpur-482051
- 296. State Bank of IndiaBarginagar Branch, Jabalpur-482056

- 297. State Bank of India
 Bhedaghat Village Branch, Jabalpur-482053
- 298. State Bank of India Bilhari Mandla Road Branch, Jabalpur-482020
- 299. State Bank of India Chourai Branch, Jabalpur-483110
- 300. State Bank of India Commercial Branch, Jabalpur-482001
- 301. State Bank of India Garha Branch, Jabalpur-482003
- 302. State Bank of India GEC Branch, Jabalpur-482011
- 303. State Bank of India Gosalpur Village Branch, Jabatpur-483222
- 304. State Bank of India GRC Branch, Jabalpur-482001
- 305. State Bank of India Gun Carriage Factory Branch, Jabalpur-482011
- 306. State Bank of India Gwarighat Road Branch, Jabalpur-482008
- 307. State Bank of India
 I.E. Adhartal Branch, Jabalpur-482009
- 308. State Bank of India Imlai Village Branch, Jabalpur-483110
- State Bank of India Jabalpur City Branch, Jabalpur-482002.
- 310. State Bank of India
 Jabalpur Main Branch, Jabalpur-482001
- State Bank of India Jawaharganj Branch, Jabalpur-482002
- State Bank of India
 K.U. Mandi Branch, Jabalpur-482002
- State Bank of India
 Kamla Nehru Nagar Branch, Jabalpur-482002
- State Bank of India
 Katanga Branch, Jabalpur-482001
- State Bank of India
 Katangi Branch, Jabalpur-483105
- State Bank of India
 Khinni Village Branch, Jabalpur-483222
- State Bank of India Madan Mahal Branch, Jabalpur-482002
- 318. State Bank of India Marhatal Branch, Jabalpur-482002
- 319. State Bank of India Mazoli Branch, Jabalpur-483336

- 320. State Bank of India Medical College Branch, Jabalpur-482003
- 321. State Bank of India Milloniganj Branch, Jabalpur-482002
- 322. State Bank of India Nayagaon Rampur Branch, Jabalpur-482008
- 323. State Bank of India Ordnance Factory Khamaria Branch. Jabalpur-482005
- 324. State Bank of India Panagar Branch, Jabalpur-483220
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- 326. State Bank of India PBB Jabalpur, Jabalpur-482001
- 227. State Bank of India Ponda Village Branch, Jabalpur-483225
- 328. State Bank of India Ranjhi Branch, Jabalpur-482010
- 329. State Bank of India Ridge Road Branch, Jabalpur-482001
- 330. State Bank of India Service Branch, Jabalpur-482002
- 331. State Bank of India Shakti Nagar Jabalpur (GCF) Branch, Jabalpur-483225
- 332. State Bank of India Sihora Branch, Jabalpur-483225
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- 334. State Bank of India Baihar Branch, Balaghat-481111
- 335. State Bank of India Balaghat Branch, Balaghat-481001
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- 356. State Bank of India Mandla Branch, Mandla-481661
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- 358. State Bank of India Narayanganj Village Branch, Mandia-481662
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- 360. State Bank of India Padav Mandla Branch, Mandla-481661
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- 366. State Bank of India Gotegaon Branch, Narsinghpur-487118
- 367. State Bank of India Hospital Road Gadarwara Branch, Narsinghpur-487551
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- 384. State Bank of India Amiliki Village Branch, Rewa-486550
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- 396. State Bank of India Amarpatan Branch, Satna-485775
- 397. State Bank of India Barethia Branch, Satna-485441
- 398. State Bank of India Birla Colony Branch, Satna-485005
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- 407. State Bank of India Ramnagar (Turki) Branch, Satna-485881
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- 443. State Bank of India PBB Branch, Katni-483501
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- 458. State Bank of India Rajendra Colony Branch, Shahdol-484110
- 459. State Bank of India Shahdol Branch, Shahdol-484001
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- 466. State Bank of India Shahpur Village Branch, Umaria-484551
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- 468. State Bank of India A. D. B. Damoh, Damoh-470661
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- 474. State Bank of India Futera Kalan Village Branch, Damoh-470674
- 475. State Bank of India Hatta Branch, Damoh-470775
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- 492. State Bank of India Civil Lines Branch, Saugor-470001
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- 511. State Bank of India SME Saugor Branch, Saugor-470002
- 512. State Bank of India
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- 513. State Bank of India CCPC Jabalpur, Jabalpur-482002
- 514. State Bank of India Rase CPC Jabalpur, Jabalpur-482001
- 515. State Bank of India Sarc Jabalpur, Jabalpur-482002
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- 517. State Bank of India Collectorate Dhamtari Branch, Dhamtari-493773
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- 528. State Bank of India Agrasen Chowk, Raipur-492001
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- 531. State Bank of India G. C. E. T. Branch, Raipur-492882
- 532. State Bank of India Kutchery Branch, Raipur-492001
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- 534. State Bank of India P. B. B. Raipur, Raipur-492001
- 535. State Bank of India Pandritarai K.U.M. Branch, Raipur-492004
- 536. State Bank of India PBB Choubey Colony, Raipur-492010
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- 547. State Bank of India SP Govt. Business Branch, Raipur-492001
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- 690. State Bank of India Chandrahashni Branch, Janjgir-Champa-495692
- 591. State Bank of IndiaDabra Chowk Branch, Janjgir-Champa-495688
- 692. State Bank of India Bagicha Branch, Jashpur-496224
- 693. State Bank of India Collectorate Branch, Jashpur-496331
- 694. State Bank of India Duldula Branch, Jashpur-496334
- 695. State Bank of India Gajiadih Branch, Jashpur-496220
- 6%. State Bank of India Jashpurnagar Branch, Jashpur-496331
- 697. State Bank of India Kansabel Branch, Jashpur-496223
- 698. State Bank of India Keradih Sab, Jashpur-496334
- 699. State Bank of India Kotba Branch, Jashpur-496220
- 700. State Bank of India Kunkuri Branch, Jashpur-496225
- State Bank of India
 Manora Branch, Jashpur-496330
- 702. State Bank of India
 Pathalgaon Branch, Jashpur-496118
- State Bank of India
 Sarabkambo Branch, Jashpur-496224
- 704. State Bank of India Tapkara Branch, Jashpur-496227
- 705. State Bank of India A. D. B. Raigarh Raigarh-496001
- 706. State Bank of IndiaA. D. B. Sarangarh Raigarh-496445
- 707. State Bank of India
 Baramkela Branch, Raigarh-496551
- 708. State Bank of India Chakradhar Nagar Branch, Raigarh-496001
- 709. State Bank of India Chhal Branch, Raigarh-496665
- 710. State Bank of India Dharamjaigarh Branch, Raigarh-496116

- State Bank of India Gerwani Branch, Raigarh-496001
- 712: State Bank of India Gharghoda Branch, Raigarh-496111
- 713. State Bank of India
 Jindal Steel & Power Ltd. Patrapali Branch,,
 Raigarh-496001
- 714. State Bank of India Kabir Chowk Branch, Raigarh-496001
- 715. State Bank of India Kharsia Branch, Raigarh-496661
- 716. State Bank of India Kondatarai Branch, Raigarh-496100
- 717. State Bank of India Lailunga Branch, Raigarh-496113
- 718. State Bank of India Lendhra Sab, Raigarh-496551
- 719. State Bank of India PBB Raigarh, Raigarh-496001
- 720. State Bank of India
 Pharsabahar Branch, Raigarh-496242
- 721. State Bank of India Pussore Branch, Raigarh-496440
- 722. State Bank of India Raigarh Branch, Raigarh-496001
- 723. State Bank of India Sarangarh Branch, Raigarh-496445
- 724. State Bank of India Sariya Branch, Raigarh-496554
- 725. State Bank of India SME Raigarh Branch, Raigarh-496001
- 726. State Bank of India Tamnar Village Branch, Raigarh-496107
- 727. State Bank of India A. D. B. Bilaspur, Bilaspur-495001
- 728. State Bank of India
 Baithalpur Branch, Bilaspur-495224
- 729. State Bank of India Belghana Branch, Bilaspur-495116
- 730. State Bank of India
 Bilaspur Branch, Bilaspur-495001
- 731. State Bank of India Bilha Branch, Bilaspur-495224
- 732. State Bank of India Chakarbhata Branch, Bilaspur-495220
- 733. State Bank of India City Branch, Bilaspur-495001

- 734. State Bank of India Collectorate Branch, Bilaspur-495001
- 735. State Bank of India Commercial Branch, Bilaspur-495001
- 736. State Bank of India
 High Court Branch, Bilaspur-495001
- 737. State Bank of India Kathakoni Village Branch, Bilaspur-495001
- 738. State Bank of India Kota (Bilaspur) Branch, Bilaspur-495113
- 739. State Bank of India Lakhram Village Branch, Bilaspur-495442
- 740. State Bank of India Lormi Branch, Bilaspur-495115
- 741. State Bank of India Marwahi Village Branch, Bilaspur-495118
- 742. State Bank of India Masturi Branch, Bilaspur-495551
- 743. State Bank of India Mopka Village Branch, Bilaspur-495011
- 744. State Bank of India Mungeli Branch, Bilaspur-495334
- 745. State Bank of India
 Pachpheri Village Branch, Bilaspur-495551
- 746. State Bank of India
 Patharia Village Branch, Bilaspur-495335
- 747. State Bank of India PBB Bilaspur Branch, Bilaspur-495001
- 748. State Bank of India Pendra Road Branch, Bilaspur-495117
- 749. State Bank of India
 Pendra Village Branch, Bilaspur-495119
- 750. State Bank of India Railway Colony Branch, Bilaspur-495004
- 751. State Bank of India Raj Kishore Nagar Branch, Bilaspur-495006
- 752. State Bank of India . Ratanpur Branch, Bilaspur-495442
- 753. State Bank of India S.E.C.L. Branch, Bilaspur-495001
- 754. State Bank of India Sarkanda Branch, Bilaspur-495001
- 755. State Bank of India Shrikant Verma Marg Branch, Bilaspur-495001
- 756. State Bank of India Sipat Branch, Bilaspur-495555
- 757. State Bank of India
 Takhatpur Branch, Bilaspur-495330

- 758. State Bank of India Tifra Branch, Bilaspur-495223
- 759. State Bank of India Bidora Sab Kawardha -491995
- State Bank of India
 Bodla Village Branch, Kawardha -491333
- 761. State Bank of India Chilphi Village Kawardha -491995
- 762. State Bank of India Kawardha Branch, Kawardha -491195
- 763. State Bank of India Pandaria Kawardha -495337
- 764. State Bank of India Rengakhar Kawardha -491888
- 765. State Bank of India Sahaspur Lohara Branch, Kawardha -491991
- State Bank of India Akaltara Branch, Janjgir-Champa-495552
- State Bank of India Baloda Village Branch, Janjgir-Champa -495559
- 768. State Bank of India Baradwar Branch, Janjgir-Champa -495687
- 769. State Bank of India Champa Branch, Janjgir-Champa -495671
- 770. State Bank of India
 Jaijaipur Village Branch, Janjgir-Champa -495686
- 771. State Bank of India
 Janjgir Branch, Janjgir-Champa -495668
- 772. State Bank of India Kataud Branch, Janjgir-Champa -495668
- 773. State Bank of India Pamgarh Branch, Janjgir-Champa -495554
- 774. State Bank of IndiaParsada Branch, Janjgir-Champa -495663
- 775. State Bank of India Sakti Village Branch, Janjgir-Champa -495689
- 776. State Bank of India Saragaon Branch, Janjgir-Champa -495221
- 777. State Bank of India Seorinarayan Branch, Janjgir-Champa -495557
- 778. State Bank of India A.D.B. Bhatapara Raipur-493118
- 779. State Bank of India Ambuja Cement Rawan Wara Branch, Raipur-493322
- 780. State Bank of India Arang Branch, Raipur -493441

- 781. State Bank of India Baloda Bazar, Raipur -493332
- 782. State Bank of India Bhanpuri Branch, Raipur -493221
- 783. State Bank of India Bhatapara Branch, Raipur -493118
- 784. State Bank of India Bilaigarh Branch, Raipur -493338
- 785. State Bank of India Chhura Branch, Raipur -493996
- 786. State Bank of India Gariaband Branch, Raipur -493009
- 787. State Bank of India Gatadih Sab, Raipur -493559
- 788. State Bank of India
 Grasim Cement Rawan Branch, Raipur -493195
- 789. State Bank of India Hirmi Branch, Raipur -493195
- 790. State Bank of India Ind. Estate Urla Branch, Raipur -493221
- 791. State Bank of India Kasdol Branch, Raipur -493335
- 792. State Bank of India Mandhar Branch, Raipur -493111
- 793. State Bank of India Nawapara Rajim Branch, Raipur -493881
- 794. State Bank of India Neora Branch, Raipur -493114
- 795. State Bank of India Rasedih Sab Branch, Raipur -493332
- 796. State Bank of India Rohasi Branch, Raipur -493228
- 797. State Bank of India Simga Branch, Raipur -493101
- 798. State Bank of India
 Administrative Office Branch, Raipur -492007
- 799. State Bank of India RASECC, Bilaspur, Bilaspur -495001
- 800. State Bank of India RASECC Bhilai, Durg -490001
- 80). State Bank of India RASECC Korba, Korba -495677
- 802. State Bank of India RASMECC Raipur, Raipur-492001
- 803. State Bank of India SARC Raipur, Raipur-492001
- 804. State Bank of India
 Ashoknagar Branch, Ashoknagar-473331

- 805. State Bank of India Chanderi Branch, Ashoknagar-473446
- 806. State Bank of India Mungawali Branch, Ashoknagar-473443
- 807. State Bank of India Aron Branch, Guna-473101
- 808. State Bank of India Badot Branch, Guna-473287
- 809. State Bank of India Barsat Branch, Guna-473276
- 810. State Bank of India Bavrikhara (NFL Complex) Branch, Guna-473111
- 811. State Bank of India Binaganj Branch, Guna-473115
- 812. State Bank of India Gail Complex Vijaipur Branch, Guna-473112
- 813. State Bank of India Guna Branch, Guna-473001
- 814. State Bank of India Airport Road Branch, Gwalior-474001
- 815. State Bank of India CCPC, Branch, Gwalior-474001
- 816. State Bank of India City Centre Branch, Guna-474011
- 817. State Bank of India Collectorate Branch, Gwalior-474001
- 818. State Bank of India Commercial Branch, Gwalior-474001
- 819. State Bank of India
 Drde Branch, Gwalior-474002
- 820. State Bank of India G. R. Medical College Branch, Gwalior-474009
- 821. State Bank of India Gwalior Main Branch, Gwalior-474001
- 822. State Bank of India
 Ind. Estate Branch, Gwalior-474003
- 823. State Bank of India Jayendraganj Branch, Gwalior-474009
- 824. State Bank of India Mayur Market Branch, Gwalior-474011
- 825. State Bank of India Mela Road Branch, Gwalior-474002
- 826. State Bank of India Morar Branch, Gwalior-474006
- 827. State Bank of India Moti Mahal Branch, Gwalior-474007
- 828. State Bank of India Naya Bazar Branch, Gwalior-474001

- 829. State Bank of India PBB Gwalior, Gwalior-474007
- 830. State Bank of India Rambagh Colony Branch, Gwalior-474002
- 831. State Bank of India Sheopur Kalan Branch, Sheopurkalan-476337
- 832. State Bank of India Vijaypur Branch, Sheopurkalan-476332
- 833. State Bank of India
 Deharwara Branch, Shivpuri-473774
- 834. State Bank of India Karera Branch, Shivpuri-473660
- 835. State Bank of India Khaniadhana Branch, Shivpuri-473990
- 836. State Bank of India Kolaras Branch, Shivpuri-473770
- 837. State Bank of India Narwar Branch, Shivpuri-473880
- 838. State Bank of India PBB Shivpuri, Shivpuri-473551
- 839. State Bank of India Pichor Branch, Shivpuri-473995
- 840. State Bank of India Shivpuri Branch, Shivpuri-473551
- 841. State Bank of India Alampur Branch, Bhind-477449
- 842. State Bank of India Bhind Branch, Bhind-477001
- 843. State Bank of India Collectorate Bhind Branch, Bhind-477001
- 844. State Bank of India Gohad Branch, Bhind-477116
- 845. State Bank of India Lahar Branch, Bhind-477445
- 846. State Bank of India Malanpur Industrial Area Branch, Bhind-477117
- 847. State Bank of India Mehgaon Branch, Bhind-477557
- 848. State Bank of India A.D.B. Datia, Datia -475661
- 849. State Bank of India Bhander Branch, Datia-475335
- 850. State Bank of India
 Datia Branch, Datia-475661
- State Bank of India
 Indergarh Branch, Datia-475675
- 852. State Bank of India
 Salon Bhitari Village Branch, Datia-475336

- 853. State Bank of India Seondha Branch, Datia-475692
- 854. State Bank of India Uchad Village Branch, Datia-475675
- 855. State Bank of India B.S.F. Tekanpur Branch, Gwalior - 475005
- 856. State Bank of India, Bhitatwar Branch, Gwalior 475220
- 857. State Bank of India, Billaua Village Branch, Gwalior - 475003
- 858. State Bank of India, Dabra Branch, Gwalior-475110
- 859. State Bank of India, Hastinapur Village Branch, Gwalior 475002
- 860. State Bank of India, Karahiya Village Branch, Gwalior 465220
- 861. State Bank of India, Kulaith Branch, Gwalior 474010
- 862. State Bank of India, Pichhore Branch, Gwalior - 475115
- 863. State Bank of India, A.D.B Joura Branch. Morena - 47622!
- State Bank of India, A.D.B Sabalgarh
 Morena 476229
- 865. State Bank of India, Ambah Branch. Morena — 476444
- State Bank of India, Badagaon(Naoli) Branch,
 Morena 476133
- 867. State Bank of India, Banmore Branch, Morena 476444
- 868. State Bank of India, Besaiya Village Branch, Morena — 476011
- 869. State Bank of India, Jhundpura Village Branch, Morena 476226
- 870. State Bank of India, Jiwajiganj Mandi. Morena Branch, Morena — 476001
- 871. State Bank of India, Kailaras Branch, Morena 476224
- 872. State Bank of India, Mangrol Branch, Morena — 476230
- 873. State Bank of India, Morena Branch, Morena 476001
- 874. State Bank of India, Porsa Branch, Morena - 476115
- 875. State Bank of India, Sabalgarh Branch, Morena - 476229

- 876. State Bank of India, Sarai Chola Village Branch, Morena - 476001
- 877. State Bank of India, Thara Village Branch, Morena 476117
- 878. State Bank of India, A.D.B Chhatarpur Chhatarpur 471001
- 879. State Bank of India, Bada Malhera Branch, Chhatarpur - 471311
- 880 State Bank of India, Bijawar Branch, Chhatarpur - 471405
- 881. State Bank of India, Buxwaha Branch, Chhatarpur - 471318
- 882. State Bank of India, Chandla Branch, Chhatarpur - 471525
- 883. State Bank of India, Chhatarpur Main Branch, Chhatarpur 471001
- 884. State Bank of india, Chowk Bazar Branch, Chhatarpur - 471001
- 885. State Bank of India, Garhi Malhera Branch, Chhatarpur - 471411
- 886. State Bank of India, Ghuwara Branch, Chhatarpur - 471313
- 887. State Bank of India, Gulganj Branch, Chhatarpur - 471301
- 888. State Bank of India, Harpalpur Branch, Chhatarpur - 471111
- 889. State Bank of India, Khajuraho Branch, Chhatarpur - 471606
- 890. State Bank of India, Londi Branch, Chhatarpur - 471515
- 891. State Bank of India, Nowgaon (BKD) Branch, Chhatarpur 471201
- 892. State Bank of India, Parasaniya Branch, Chhatarpur — 471515
- 893. State Bank of India, Rajnagar Branch, Chhatarpur 471625
- 894. State Bank of India, Rangoli (SAB) Chhatarpur — 471408
- 895. State Bank of India, S.M.E Branch, Chhatarpur Chhatarpur 471001
- 896. State Bank of India, Satai Branch, Chhatarpur — 471408
- 897. State Bank of India, Ajaigarh Branch, Panna—488220
- 898. State Bank of India, Amanganj Branch, Panna --- 488441
- 899. State Bank of India, Beera Sab Panna—488220
- 900. State Bank of India, Devendra Nagar Branch, Panna - 488333
- 901. State Bank of India, Gunaur Village Branch, Panna - 488050
- 902. State Bank of India, Harduwahi Branch, Panna - 488050

- 903. State Bank of India, Kakrahti Branch, Panna - 488050
- 904. State Bank of India, Majhgawan Village Branch, Panna - 488101
- 905. State Bank of India, Panna Branch, Panna - 488001
- 906. State Bank of India, Panna City Branch, Panna - 488001
- 907. State Bank of India, Pawai Branch, Panna - 488446
- 908. State Bank of India, Purena Branch, Panna - 488482
- 909. State Bank of India, Raipura Panna Branch, Panna 488442.
- 910. State Bank of India, Saleha Branch, Panna - 488511
- 911. State Bank of India, Semaria Village Branch, Panna - 488442
- 912. State Bank of India, Shahnagar Branch, Panna - 483501
- 913. State Bank of India, Badagaon Branch, Tikamgarh - 472010
- 914. State Bank of India, Baldeogarh Branch, Tikamgarh - 472111
- 915. State Bank of India, Collectorate Branch, Tikamgarh - 472001
- 916. State Bank of India, Digoda Branch, Tikamgarh - 472339
- 917. State Bank of India, Jatara Branch, Tikamgarh - 472118
- 918. State Bank of India, Jewar Branch, Tikamgarh — 472447
- 919. State Bank of India, Khargapur Branch, Tikamgarh — 472115
- 920. State Bank of India, Lidhora Branch, Tikamgarh — 472331
- 921. State Bank of India, Niwari Branch, Tikamgarh—472442
- 922. State Bank of India, Orcha (Pratappura) Branch, Tikamgarh—471201
- 923. State Bank of India, Palera Branch, Tikamgarh—472221
- 924. State Bank of India, Prothvipur Branch, Tikamgarh 472336
- 925. State Bank of India, Puchhikarguwan (SAB) Tikamgarh — 472446
- 926. State Bank of India, Tikamgarh Branch, Tikamgarh 472001
- 927. State Bank of India, Administrative Office Gwalior - 474009
- 928. State Bank of India, Rasecc Gwalior Gwalior - 474011
- 929. State Bank of India, Saarc Gwalior Gwalior 474011
- 930. State Bank of India, Local Head Office Branch. Bhopal - 462011

सूचना और प्रसारण मंत्रालय

नई दिल्ली, 25 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2303.—केन्द्रीय सरकार, राजभाषा (संघ के शासकीय प्रयोजनों के लिए प्रयोग) नियम, 1976 के नियम 10 के उपनियम (4) के अनुसरण में आकाशवाणी महानिदेशालय (सूचना और प्रसारण मंत्रालय) के निम्नलिखित अधीनस्थ केंद्रों/कार्यालयों, जिनके 80 प्रतिशत से अधिक कर्मचारीवृन्द ने हिन्दी का कार्यसाधक ज्ञान प्राप्त कर लिया है, को अधिसूचित करती है:—

- 1. आकाशवाणी, गोधरा
- 2. आकाशवाणी, नागपुर
- 3. आकाशवाणी, गुवाहाटी
- 4. विदेश प्रसारण सेवा, आकाशवाणी, नई दिल्ली
- 5. आकाशवाणी, नागरकोडूल
- 6. आकाशवाणी, चेन्नै
- 7. आकाशवाणी, कारवार
- राष्ट्रीय प्रसारण सेवा, आकाशवाणी, नई दिल्ली
- 9. आकाशवाणी, इम्फाल
- 10. आकाशवाणी, बीकानेर
- 11. विज्ञापन प्रसारण सेवा, आकाशवाणी, कोलकाता
- 12. आकाशवाणी, त्रिपुरा
- 13. अकाशवाणी, ईटानगर
- 14. आकाशवाणी, पुंछ
- 15. आकाशवाणी, रीवा
- 16. आकाशवाणी, भवानीपटना
- 17. आकाशवाणी, राउरकेला
- 18. आकाशवाणी, सिलीगुड़ी
- 19. आकाशवाणी, पौडी
- 20. आकाशवाणी, भटिंडा
- 21. आकाशवाणी, दीफ्
- 22. विज्ञापन प्रसारण सेवा. कटक
- 23. उच्च शक्ति प्रेषित्र, आकाशवाणी, अजमेर
- 24. आकाशवाणी, रत्नागिरी
- 25. आकाशवाणी, पूर्णिया
- 26. एम. पी. टी. आकाशवाणी, यलहका
- 27. आकाशवाणी, किन्नौर
- 28. आकाशवाणी, कोटा
- 29. आकाशवाणी, कोच्चि
- 30. आकाशवाणी, कटुआ

[फा. सं. ई-11017/6/2010-हिन्दी] प्रयीम्बदा, निदेशक (रा.भा.)

MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING

New Delhi, the 25th August, 2010

S.O. 2303.—In pursuance of Sub-Rule (4) of Rule 10 of the Official Languages (Use for Official Purposes of the Union) Rules, 1976, the Central Government hereby notifies the following offices under Directorate General of All India Radio (Ministry of Information and Broadcasting), more than 80% of the staff whereof have acquired the working knowledge of Hindi:

- 1. AIR, Godhra
- 2. AIR, Nagpur
- 3. AIR, Guwahati
- 4. External Service Division, AIR, New Delhi
- 5. AIR, Nagercoil
- 6. AIR, Chennai
- 7. AIR, Karwar
- 8. National Channel, AIR, New Delhi
- 9. AIR, Imphal
- 10. AIR, Bikaner
- 11. CBS, AIR, Kolkata
- 12. AIR, Tripura
- 13. AIR, Itanagar
- 14. AIR, Poonch
- 15. AIR, Rewa
- 16. AIR, Bhawanipatna
- 17. AIR, Raurkela
- 18. AIR, Siliguri
- 19. AIR, Paudi
- 20. AIR, Bhatinda
- 21. AJR, Diphu
- 22. CBS, AiR, Cuttack
- 23. HP7. AIR, Ajmer
- 24. Alk, Ratnagiri
- 25. AIP. Pirnea
- 26. SFT, AIR, Yelhanka
- 27. AIR, Kinnore
- 28. AIR, Kota
- 29. AIR, Kochi
- 30. AIR, Kathua

[F. No. E-11017/6/2010-Hindi] PRIYAMVADA, Director (O.L.)

संचार और सूचना प्रौद्योगिकी मंत्रालय

(सूचना प्रौद्योगिको विभाग)

नई दिल्ली, 31 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2304.—केन्द्र सरकार एतद्द्वारा राजभाषा (संघ के शासकीय प्रयोजनों के लिए प्रयोग) नियम, 1976 के नियम 10 के उप-नियम (4) के अनुसरण में, सूचना प्रौद्योगिकी विभाग के प्रशासनिक नियंत्रण के अंतर्गत आने वाली सॉफ्टवेयर टेक्नोलॉजी पार्क्स ऑफ इंडिया नामक स्वायत संस्था के ऑपटेल एसटीपी बिल्डिंग, इलेक्ट्रोनिक्स कॉम्पलेक्स, परदेशी पुरा, इन्दौर स्थित केन्द्र, जिसके 80 प्रतिशत से अधिक कर्मचारियों ने हिन्दी का कार्यसाधक ज्ञान प्राप्त कर लिया है, को अधिसृचित करती है।

[सं. 7(2)/2005-हि.अ.] चन्दन कमार चटर्जी, संयुक्त निदेशक

MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

(Department of Information Technology)

New Delhi the 31st August, 2010

S.O. 2304.—In pursuance of sub-rule(4) of the Rule 10 of the Official Language (Use for Official Purposes of the Union) Rules, 1976, the Central Government hereby notifies the Software Technology Parks of India, an autonomous society under the administrative control of the Department of Information Technology, located at Optel STP Building, Electronics Complex, Pardesi Pura, Indore, more than 80% staff whereof have acquired the working knowledge of Hindi.

[No. 7(2)/2005-H.S.] C. K. CHATTERJEE, Jt. Director

विदेश मंत्रालय

(सीपीवी प्रभाग)

नई दिल्ली, 31 अगस्त. 2010

का.आ. 2305.—राजनियक और कोंगलीय ऑकिसर (शपथ और फीस) के अधिनियम, 1948 की धारा 2 के छोड़ (क) के अनुगरण में, केन्द्र सरकार एतद्द्वारा श्री मनाज कृग्ण्य मेंडल, सहायक को 31-8-2010 से भारत के राजदूतावास, कुवेत में सहायक फोनुलर अधिकारों के कर्तव्यों का पालन करने के लिए अधिकृत करती हैं।

[표 원. 4330/1/2006]

आर. के. पेरिनडिया, अवर सचिव (कोंगुलर)

MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

(C.P.V. Division)

New Delhi the 31st August, 2010

S.O. 2305.— In pursuance of the clause (a) of the Section 2 of the Diplomatic and Consular Officers (Oaths and Fees) Act, 1948 (41 of 1948), the Central Government hereby authorize Shri Manoj Kumar Mandal, Assistant in

the Embassy of India, Kuwait to perform the dutagent Account.

Consular Officer with effect from 31st August, 2000.

[No. T 45304 + 3+ 4]

R. K. PERINDIA, Under ScryetCircle ert नर्द दिल्ली, 31 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2306.—राजनियक और कांसलीय ऑफिस्स (१४८८) और फीस) के अधिनियम, 1948 की धारा 2 के खंड (१४८८) अनुसरण में, कंन्द्र सरकार एतदृद्धारा श्री अमर सिंह, सहस्य है अशोक कुमार महतो, अबर श्रेणी लिपिक को 31-8-2010 प्र अस्थ के सहायक कांसुलर अधिकारी के कर्तव्यों का पालन करने के निर्देश प्राधिकृत करती है।

[संची ३३५०३ ८००

आर. के. पेरिनडिया, अवर सचित्र किल्ला

New Delhi, the 31st August. 2010

S.O. 2306.— In pursuance of the clause (b) of the Section 2 of the Diplomatic and Consular Officers (b) after and Fees) Act, 1948 (41 of 1948), the Central Government hereby authorize S/Shri Amar Singh, Assistant and Ax. (b) Kumar Mahto, UDC respectively in the Consulate Cons

[No. 1 July 1998]

R. K. PERINDIA, Under Scott (Constant)

नई दिल्ली, 3 भितम्बर, 2010

का.आ. 2307 — राजनियक और कोमलीय ऑिस्ट्रेट करें और फीस) के अधित्यम, 1948 की धारा 2 के खंड (क) के अनुसरण में, केन्द्र सरकार एतद्द्वारा श्रीमित ताजन्दर कीर भाटिया, जे. ए. को 3-9-2010 से कारत के हाई किमशन, ओटावा में सहायक कोंसुलर अधिकारी के कर्तव्या का पालन करने के लिए प्राधिकृत करती है।

[सं. टी. 4330/1/2006]

आर. के. पेरिनडिया, अवर सचिव (कॉस्टन्ट)

New Delhi the 3rd September, 2010

S.O. 2307.— In pursuance of the character of the Section 2 of the Diplomatic and Consular Orficers (Corons and fees) Act, 1948 (41 of 1948), the Central Government hereby authorise M/s. Tejinder Kaur Bhatia, PA in the High Commission of India, Ottawa to perform the auties of Assistant Consular Officer with effect from 3rd September, 2010.

[No T, 4330 U1/2006]

R. K. PERINDIA, Under Secy. (Consular) नई दिल्ली ७ स्टिप्स्टर, 2010

का,आ. 2308.—राजनियक ओर कोंसलीय ऑफियर (शपथ और फीस) के अधिनियम, 1948 की बारा 2 के खंड (क) क अनुसरण में, केन्द्र सरकार एतदुद्वारा श्रीमित पनचाली दास गहायक

एमडी

को 7-9-2010 से भारत के राजदूतावास, कुवेत में सहायक कोंसुलर अधिकारी के कर्तव्यों का पालन करने के लिए प्राधिकृत करती है।

[सं. दी. 4330/1/2006]

आर. के. पेरिनडिया, अंबर सचिव (कोंसुलर) New Delhi the 7th September, 2010

S.O. 2308.— In pursuance of the clause (a) of the Section 2 of the Diplomatic and Consular Officers (Oaths and fees) Act. 1948 (41 of 1948), the Central Government hereby authorise Smt. Panchali Das, Assistant in the Embassy of India, Kuwait to perform the duties of Assistant Consular Officer with effect from 7th September, 2016.

[No. T. 4530/01/2006]

R. K. PERINDIA, Under Secy (Consular)

विज्ञान और प्रौद्योगिकी मंत्रालय

(विज्ञान और प्रौद्योगिकी विभाग)

नई दिल्ली, ६ सितम्बर, 2010

का.आ. 2309.—केन्द्रीय सरकार, राजभाषा (संघ के शासकीय प्रयोजनों के लिए प्रयोग) नियम, 1976 के नियम 10 के उपनियम (४) के अनुसरण में विज्ञान और प्रौद्योगिकी मंत्रालय के स्वायत्त शासी संस्थान ''आर्यभट्ट प्रेक्षण विज्ञान शोध संस्थान, नैनीताल'' को जिनके हुए प्रतिशत से अधिक कर्मचारियों ने हिन्दी का कार्यसाधक ज्ञान प्राप्त कर लिया है, अधिसूचित करती है।

[सं. ई. 11028/1/2005-हिन्दी]

प्रेम सिंह, संयुक्त निदेशक (रा.भा.)

MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

(Department of Science & Technology)

New Delhi the 6th September, 2010

S.O. 2309.—In pursuance of sub rule (4) of Rule 10 of the Official Language (Use for Official purposes of the Union) Rules, 1976 the Central Government hereby notifies the Autonomous Institute "ARYABHATTA RESEARCH INSTITUTE OF OBSERVATIONAL SCIENCES, NAINTTAL" of Ministry of Science and Technology the 80% and more percent staff where of have acquired working knowledge of Hindi.

[F. No.-11028/1/2005 (O.L.)] PREM SINGH, Jt. Director (O.L.)

स्वास्थ्य एवं परिवार कल्याण मंत्रालय

(स्वास्थ्य एवं परिवार कल्याण विभाग)

नई दिल्ली, 26 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2310.—भारतीय चिकित्सा परिषद् अधिनियम, 1956 (1956 का 102) की धारा 11 की उप-धारा (2) द्वारा प्रदत्त शिक्तयों का प्रयोग करते हुए केन्द्र सरकार, भारतीय चिकित्सा परिषद से परामर्श करके, संबद्ध विश्वविद्यालय के नाम में परिवर्तन के कारण उक्त अधिनियम की प्रथम अनुसूची में निम्नलिखित और संशोधन करती है, नामत:

उक्त प्रथम अनुसूची में ''एच. एन. बी. गढ़वाल विश्वविद्यालय, उत्तरांचल'' के समक्ष और उसके लिए प्रविष्टि ''एच आई एच टी विश्वविद्यालय, देहरादून'' को मान्यता प्राप्त चिकित्सा अहंता शीर्षक (इसके बाद कालम (2) के रूप में निर्दिष्ट) के अन्तर्गत ''एचआईएचटी विश्वविद्यालय'' के प्रति पंजीकरण के लिए संक्षिप्त रूप (इसके बाद कॉलम (3) के रूप में निर्दिष्ट) शीर्षक के अंतर्गत अंतिम प्रविष्टि एवं उससे संबंधित प्रविष्टि के बाद निम्नलिखित को अंतर्विष्ट किया जाएगा,नामत:—

डिप्लोमा इन एनेस्थीसिया डीए डिप्लोमा इन चाइल्ड हैल्थ डोसीएच डिप्लोमा इन क्लिनिकल पैथोलोजी डीसीपी डिप्लोमा इन ओब्सटेट्रिक्स एंड डीजीओ गायनोकोलोजी डिप्लोमा इन ओर्थेपेडिक्स डी-आर्थी

(एनेस्थिसियोलो जी) डॉक्टर ऑफ मेडिसिन (बायोकैमिस्ट्री) एमडी (वायोकैमिस्टी) डॉक्टर ऑफ भेडिसिन (जनरल मेडिसिन) एमडी(जनरल मेडिसिन) डॉक्टर ऑफ मेडिसिन (माइक्रोबायोलोजी) एमडी(माइक्रोबायोलोजी) डॉक्टर ऑफ मेडिसिन (पैडिएटिक्स) एमडी (पैडिएट्क्स) डॉक्टर ऑफ मेडिसिन (पैथोलोजी) एमडी (पैथोलोजी) डॉक्टर ऑफ मेडिसिन (फार्माकोलोजी) एमडी (फार्माकोलोजी) डॉक्टर ऑफ मेडिसिन (फिजियोलोजी) एमडी (फिजियोलोजी) डॉक्टर ऑफ मेडिसिन

डॉक्टर ऑफ मंडिसिन (एनेस्थिसियोलोजी)

(रेडियो-डायग्नोसिस/रेडियोलोजी) एमडी (रेडियो-डायग्नोसिस/रेडियोलोजी) डॉक्टर ऑफ मेडिसिन (सोशल एंड एमडी (एस.पी.एम./ प्रोवेन्टिव मेडिसिन/कम्युनिटी कम्युनिटी मेडिसिन)

डॉक्टर ऑफ मेडिसिन/मास्टर ऑफ एमडी/एमएस (एनटाभी) सर्जरी (एनाटामी)

डॉक्टर ऑफ मेडिसिन/मास्टर एमडी/एमएस (ओबीजी) ऑफ सर्जरी (ओब्सट्रेटिक्स एंड गायनोकोलोजी)

डॉक्टर ऑफ मेडिसिन/मास्टर एमडी/एमएस (ऑप्थलमोलोजी) ऑफ सर्जरी (ऑप्थलमोलोजी)

मास्टर ऑफ सर्जरी (ईएनटी) एमएस (ईएनटी)

मास्टर ऑफ सर्जरी (जनरल सर्जरी) एमएस (जनरल सर्जरी)

मास्टर ऑफ सर्जरी (ओथोंपेडिक्स) एमएस (ओथोंपेडिक्स)

(मार्च, 2008 को या उसके बाद हिमालयन इंस्टीट्यूट ऑफ मेडिकल साइंसिस, देहरादून में प्रशिक्षित किए जा रहे छात्रों के संबंध में ''एच आई एच टी विश्वविद्यालय, देहरादून'' द्वारा प्रदान की गई चिकित्सा अर्हता मान्यताप्राप्त होगी।)

[सं.यू. 12012/4/2010-एमई(पी-II)पीटी] अभिता त्रिपाठी, अवर सचिव

MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE

(Department of Health and Family Welfare)

New Delhi, the 26th August, 2010

S.O. 2310.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section(2) of the section 11 of the Indiain Medical Council Act, 1956 (102 of 1956), the Central Government, after consulting the Medical Council of India, hereby makes the following further amendments in the First Schedule to the said Act, due to change in name of affiliating University namely:—

In the said First Schedule before "H.N.B. Garhwal University, Uttaranchal" and entries thereto "HIHT University, Dehradun" shall be added and against "HIHT University" under the heading 'Recognised Medical Qualification' [hereinafter referred to as column (2)], and entry relating thereto under the heading 'Abbreviation for Registration' [hereinafter referred to as column (3)], the following shall be inserted, namely:—

| , one will briant of mountain, many | • |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| "Diploma in Anaesthesia" | D.A. |
| "Diploma in Child Health" | D.C.H. |
| "Diploma in Clinical Pathology" | D.C.P. |
| "Diploma in Obstetrics &. Gynaecolo | ogy" D.G.O. |
| "Diploma in Orthopaedics" | D. Ortho. |
| "Diploma in Medical Radio Diagnosis | D.M.R.D. |
| "Doctor of Medicine (Anaesthesiolog | y)" MD |
| | (Anaesthe- siology) |
| "Doctor of Medicine(Biochemistry)" | MD(Biochemistry) |
| "Doctor of Medicine (General Medicine)" | MD(General Medicine) |
| "Doctor of Medicine(Microbiology)" | MD(Microbiology) |
| "Doctor of Medicine(Paediatrics)" | MD(Paediatrics) |
| "Doctor of Medicine(Pathology)" | MD(Pathology) |
| "Doctor of Medicine(Pharmacology)" | ' MD(Pharmacology) |
| "Doctor of Medicine(Physiology)" | MD(Physiology) |
| "Doctor of Medicine(Radio- diagnosis / Radiology)" | MD(Radio- diagnosis / Radiology) |
| "Doctor of Medicine(Socieal & | MD(S.P.M./ |
| Preventive Medicine/ Community Medicine)" | Community Medicine) |
| "Doctor of Medicine/Master of Surgery(Anatomy)" | MD /MS(Anatomy) |
| "Doctor of Medicine/Master of Surgery(Obstetrics & Gynaccology)" | MD /MS(OBG) |
| "Doctor of Medicine/Master of Surgery(Ophthalmology)" | MD /MS(Ophthalmology) |
| Master of Surgery(ENT)" | MS(ENT) |

"Master of Surgery(General Surgery)" MS(General Surgery)
"Master of Surgery(Orthopaedics)" MS(Orthopaedics)

(These shall be recognised medical qualification when granted by "HIHT University, Dehradun" in respect of students admitted at Himalayan Institute of Medical Sciences, Dehradun on or after March, 2008).

[No.U.12012/4/2010-ME(P.II) pt.] ANITA TRIPATHI, Under Secy.

उपभोक्ता मामले, खाद्य और सार्वजनिक वितरण मंत्रालय (उपभोक्ता मामले विभाग) भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो

नई दिल्ली, 12 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2311.—भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो नियम, 1987 के नियम 7 के उपनियम (1) के खंड (ख) के अनुसरण में भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो एतद्द्वारा अधिसूचित करता है कि जिस भारतीय मानकों का विवरण नीचे अनुसूची में दिया गया है वे स्थापित हो गए हैं :-

| का विवरण नर्चि अनुसूची में दिया गया है व स्थापित हो गए है :- | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| अनुसूची | | | | |
| क्रम स्थापित भारतीय मानक(कों) | नए भारतीय स्थापित तिथि | | | |
| संख्या की संख्या वर्ष और शीर्षक | मानक द्वारा अतिक्रमित भारतीय मानक अथवा मानकों. यदि कोई हो, को संख्या और वर्ष | | | |
| (1) (2) | (3) (4) | | | |
| 1. आई एस 12762 (भाग 1): | 31 जनवरी, | | | |
| 2010/आईसी 60904;1:2006 प्रकाशवोल्टीय युक्तियाँ भाग 1 प्रकाशवोल्टीय करंट का मापन-(प्रथम पुनरोक्षण) | 2010 | | | |
| 2. आई एस 12762 (भाग 5): | 31 जनवरी, | | | |
| 2010/आईसी 60904;5:1993 प्रकाशवोल्टीय युक्तियाँ भाग 5 खुले परिपथ वोल्टेज पद्धति द्वारा प्रकाशवोल्टीय युक्तियों का तुल्य तापमान ज्ञात करना | 2010 | | | |
| 3. आई एस 12762 (भाग 1): | 31 जनवरी, | | | |
| 2010/आईसी 60904;8:1998 प्रकाशवोल्टीय युक्तियाँ भाग 8 प्रकाशवोल्टीय युक्ति की वर्णक्रमीय प्रतिक्रिया (रेस्पोंस) का मापना | 2010 | | | |
| 4. आई एस 12762 (भाग 9): 2010/आईसी 60904;9:2007 प्रकाशवोल्टीय युक्तियाँ भाग 9 सोलर सिमुलेटर की की कार्यकारी अपेक्षाएं | 31 जनवरी, 2010 | | | |

| Full Case 2(II) | [भाग | ॥—खण्ड | 3(| (ii) | - |
|-----------------|------|--------|----|------|---|
|-----------------|------|--------|----|------|---|

भारत का राजपत्र : सितम्बर 18, 2010/भाद्र 27, 1932

6197

| (1) | (2) | (: | 3) | (4) |
|-----|----------------------|------------|--------------|--------|
| 5. | आई एस 12762 (१ | | 31 | जनवरी, |
| | 2010/आईसी 60904 | :10:1998 | | 2010 |
| | प्रकाशवोल्टीय युक्ति | | | |
| | भाग 10 रैखिकीय म | गपन की | | |
| | पद्धतियां | | | |
| 6. | आई एस 14286 : 2 | 010/ | 31 | जनवरी, |
| | आईसी 61215:2005 | | | 2010 |
| | क्रस्टलीन सिलिकॉन | भौमिक | | |
| | प्रकाशवोल्टीय मॉडयू | ल | | |
| | डिजाइन अर्हता एवं | टाइप | | |
| | स्वीकृति (प्रथम पुनर | ोक्षण) | | |
| 7. | आई एस/आईसी 617 | 25:1987 | 31 | जनवरी, |
| | दैनिक सौर प्रोफाइल | | | 2010 |
| | को विश्लेषणात्मक | | | |
| , | अभिव्यक्ति | | | |
| 7 | र भारतीय गाउसीं सी | गवियां भगव | } | |

इन भारतीय मानकों की प्रतियां भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो, मानक: भवन, 9 बहादुर शाह जफर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली-110002, क्षेत्रीय कार्यालयों: नई दिल्ली, कोलकाता, चण्डीगढ़, चैन्नई, मुम्बई तथा शाखा कार्यालयों अहमदाबाद, बंगलौर, भोपाल, भुवनेश्वर, कोयम्बटूर, गुवाहाटी, हैदराबाद, जयपुर, कानपुर, नागपुर, पटना, पुणे तथा तिरुवनन्तापुरम में बिक्री हेतु उपलब्ध हैं।

[संदर्भ : ईटी 28/टो-8, टो-21, टो-23, टो-24, टो-25, टो-19, टो-34]

आर. के. त्रेहान, वैज्ञा-ई एवं प्रमुख (विद्युत तकनीकी)

MINISTRY OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS, FOOD AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION

(Department of Consumer Affairs)

Bureau of Indian Standards

New Delhi, the 12th August, 2010

S.O. 2311.—In pursuance of clause (b) of Sub-rule (1) of Rule 7 of the Bureau of Indian Standards Rules, 1987, the Bureau of Indian Standards hereby notifies that the Indian Standards, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed have been issued:

SCHEDULE

| Sl. No. and Year of the No. Indian Standards | No. and Date of Year of the Establish- |
|--|--|
| | Indian Stan- ed |
| | dards, if any, Superseded |
| | by the New |
| | Indian |
| | Standard |
| (1) (2) | (3) (4) |
| 1. IS 12762 (Part 1) 2010/ | — 31 January, |
| IEC 60904-I: 2006 | 2010 |

| (1) (2) | (3) | (4) |
|--|------|---------------------|
| Photovoltaic Devices Part I, Measurement of Photovoltaic Current Voltage Characteristics (First Revision) | | |
| 2. IS 12762 (Part 5) 2010/ IEC 60904-5: 1993 Photovoltaic Devices Part 5, Determination of the Equivalent Cell Temperature (Ect.) of Photovoltaic (PV) Devices by the Open-Circuit Voltage Method | | 31 January, 2010 |
| 3. IS 12762 (Part 8) 2010/ IEC 60904: 8:1998 Photovoltaic Devices Part 8, Measurement of Spectral Response of a Photovoltaic (PV) Device | W- 3 | 31 January, 2010 |
| 4. IS 12762 (Part 9) 2010/ IEC 6090 4-9;2007 Photovoltaic Devices Part 9, Solar Simulator Performance Requirements | - | 31 January, 2010 |
| 5. IS 12762 (Part 10) 2010/ IEC 60904: 10:1998 Photovoltaic Devices Part 10, Methods of Linearity Measurement | | 31 January, 2010 |
| 6. IS 14286: 2010/IEC 61215: 2005 Crystal Line Silicon Terrestrial Photovoltaic (PV) Modules Design Qualification and Type Approval (First Revision) | _ | 31 January, 2010 |
| 7. IS/IEC 61725: 1997 Analytical Expression for Daily Solar Profiles | | 31 January, 2010 |

Copies of these Standards are available for sale with the Bureau of Indian Standards, Manak Bhavan, 9, Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110 002 and Regional Offices: New Delhi, Kolkata, Chandigarh, Chennai, Mumbai and also Branch Offices: Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Bhopal, Bhubaneshwar, Coimbatore, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Jaipur, Kanpur, Nagpur, Patna, Pune, Thiruvananthapuram.

[Ref.: ET 28/Г-8, Т-21, Т-23, Т-24, Т-25, Т-19, Т-34] R. K. TREHAN, Sc. E and Head (Electro-technical) नई दिल्ली, 19 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2312.—भारतीय मानक ब्यूगे नियम, 1987 के नियम 7 के उपनियम (1) के खंड (ख) के अनुसरण में भारतीय मानक ब्यूगे एतद्द्वारा अधिसूचित करता है कि जिस भारतीय मानकों का विवरण नीचे अनुसूची में दिया गया है वे स्थापित हो गए हैं:-

| 14 6 . | |
|--|------------------------|
| अनुसूची | |
| क्रम स्थापित भारतीय मानक(कों) | नए भारतीय स्थापित तिथि |
| संख्या की संख्या, वर्ष और शीर्षक | मानक द्वारा |
| | अतिक सित |
| | भारतीय यानक |
| | अथवा मानकों, |
| | यदि कांई हो, |
| | की संख्या और |
| | वर्ष |
| (1) (2) | (3) (4) |
| | : आईएस/ । जनवरी, |
| 2004 विस्फोटी पर्यावरण- | आईईसी 60079- 2011 |
| सामान्य अपेक्षाएं | 0:2004 |
| 2. आई एस/आईईसी 60079-1 | : आईएस/ । जनवरी, |
| 2007 विस्फोटी पर्यावरण- | आईईसी 60079- 201! |
| ज्वालासह आवरण "d" | 1:2007 |
| 3. आई एस/आईईसी 60079-7 | ': आईएस/ |
| 2007 विस्फोटी पर्यावरण- | आईईसी 60079- 2011 |
| भाग 7 बढ़ी सुरक्षा "e" | 7:2007 |
| • • | |
| 4. आई एस/आईईसी 60079-11 2006 विस्फोटी पर्यावरण- | आईईसी 60079- 2011 |
| | |
| भाग 🕕 आंतरिक सुरक्षा "i" | 11.2000 |

इन भारतीय मानकों की प्रतियां भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो, मानक भवन, 9, बहादुर शाह जफर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली-110 002, क्षेत्रीय कार्यालयों: नई दिल्ली, कोलकाता, चण्डीगढ़, चैन्नई, मुम्बई तथा शाखा कार्यालयों: अहमदाबाद, बंगलौर, भोपाल, भुवनेश्वर, कोयम्बट्टूर, गुवाहाटी, हैदराबाद, जयपुर, कानपुर, नागपुर, पटना, पुणे तथा तिरुवनन्तापुरम में बिक्री हेतु उपलब्ध हैं।

[संदर्भ : ईटी 22/टी-31., टी-45, टी-61, टी-62] आर. के. त्रेहान, वैज्ञा-ई एवं प्रमुख (विद्युत तकनीकी) New Delhi, the 19th August, 2010

1. 18 10

S.O. 2312.—In pursuance of clause (b) of Sub-rule (1) of Rule 7 of the Bureau of Indian Standards Rules, 1987,

the Bureau of Indian Standards hereby notifies that the Indian Standards, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed have been issued:

SCHEPULE

| Sl. No. and Year of the No. Indian Standards | No. and Year of the Indian Stan- dards, if any Supersoded by the New Indian Standard | - eá V. I |
|--|---|-----------------------|
| (1) (2) | (3) | |
| 1. IS/IEC 60079-0: 2007 Electrical Apparatus for Explosive Atmospheres — General Requirements | IS/IEC 60079-0: 2004 | 3 Pantawing 1973 - |
| IS/IEC 60079-1: 2007 Electrical Apparatus for Explosive Gas Atmospheres— Flamepre of Enclosures "d" | IS/IEC 6007941 2007 | (Jenuse) , 2011 |
| 3. IS/IEC 60079-7: 2006 Electrical Apparatus for Explosive Gas Atmospheres Increased Safety "e" | ES/IEC 60079-7: 2007 | 1 January. 2011 |
| 4 IS/IEC 60079-11: 2006 Electrical Apparatus For Explosive Gas Atmospheres Intrinsic Safety "i" | IS/IEC 60079-11: 2006 | 1 January 2011 |

Copies of these Standards are available for sale with the Bureau of Indian Standards, Manak Bhavan, 9, Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110 002 and Regional Offices: New Delhi, Kolkata, Chandigarh, Chennai, Mumbai and also Branch Offices: Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Bhopal, Bhubaneshwar, Coimbatore, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Jaipur, Kanpur, Nagpur, Patna, Pune and Thiruvananthapuram

[Ref.: ET 22/T-31, T-45, T-61, T-62]

R, K, TREHAN, Sc. E and Head (Electro-technical)

नई दिल्ली, 23 अगस्त, 2010

का,आ. 2313.—भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो नियम, 1987 के नियम 7 के उपनियम (1) के खंड (ख) के अनुसरण में भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो एतदृद्वारा अधिसूचित करता है कि अनुसूची में दिए गए मानक(कों) में संशोधन किया गया/किए गये हैं :-

| | ञ्जुरूपी | | | |
|-------|----------|---------------------------|------------|--------------|
| W. F. | क्रम | संशोधित भारतीय पानक(कों) | संशोधन की | संशोधन लागू |
| ŧ | गंख्या | की संख्या, वर्ष और शीर्षक | संख्या और | होने की |
| | | | तिथि | तिधि |
| | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| | 1. | आईएस 12381 :1994- | संशोधन संख | या ३१ अगस्त, |
| | | प्रत्यक्ष अपचयन प्रकम के | । अगस्त, | 2010 |
| | | लिए कोयले (आदग्ध) की | 2010 | |
| | | प्रतिक्रिया ज्ञात करने की | | |
| | | पद्धति (पहला पुनरीक्षण) | | |

इस संशोधन की प्रति भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो, मानक भवन, 9, बहादर शाह जफर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली-110 002, क्षेत्रीय कार्यालयों: नई विकती, फोल्काता, चण्डीगढ, चैन्नई, सुन्बई तथा शाखा कार्यालयों: ्रह्मदाबाद, वंगलौर, भोपाल, भुवनेश्वर, कोयम्बट्टर, गुवाहाटी, हैदराबाद, ज्यपुर, कानपुर, नागपुर, पटना, पुणे तथा तिरुवनन्तापुरम में बिक्री हेत् उपलब्ध हैं।

[संदर्भ : एमटीडी 30/टी-11]

पी घोष, वैज्ञानिक-'एफ' एवं प्रमुख (एमटीडी)

New Delhi, the 23xd August, 2010

S.C. 25. - or massamen of clause (b) of sub-rule (a) of Rule Tolthe Bareau of Indian Studends Inles, 1987, the Bure of India, Standard home, posifies that the amends not to failur Standach Burdetions of which are given to the Schedule house samened have been established on the date indicated against each:--

SCHOOL

| Standard(s) | № o. and Year of the amendment | Date from which the amend- ment shall have effect |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| (1) (2) | (3) | (4) |
| 1, IS 12381:1994-Coal | Amendment No | . 31 August |
| (Char) reactivity for direct reduction process Method of determination (First revision) | 1 August 2010 | 2010 |

Copy of this amendment is available for sale with the Bureau of Indian Standards, Manak Bhavan, 9, Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110 002 and Regional Offices: New Delhi, Kolcatta Chandigarh, Chennai, Mumbai and also Branch Offices: Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Bhopal, Bhubaneshwar, Coimbatore, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Jaipur, Kanpur, Nagpur, Patna, Pune, Thiruvananthapuram.

[Ref.: MTD 30/T-11]

P. GHOSH, Sc. 'F' and Head (Met Eng.)

नई दिल्ली, 23 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2314.—भारतीय मानक ब्यरो नियम, 1987 के नियम 7 के उप नियम (1) के खंड (ख) के अनुसरण में भारतीय मानक ब्यरो एतदद्वारा अधिसचित करता है कि अनसची में दिए गए मानक(कों) में संशोधन किया गया/किए गए हैं :-

| | संशोधित भारतीय मानक(कों) | | ٠, |
|----------|---------------------------|---------------|-----------|
| संख्या व | की संख्या, वर्ष और शीर्षक | संख्या और | होने की |
| | | तिथि | तिथि |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| 1. | आईएस 1993 : 2006/ | संशोधन संख्या | 16 अगस्त, |
| , | आईएसओ 11949 : 1995- | 1 जुलाई, 2010 | 2010 |
| | अतप्त-लघुकृत विद्युत | | |
| | अपघटनी टिन प्लेट | | |
| | (चौथा पुनरीक्षण) | | |

2. आईएस 12591 : 2006/ संशोधन संख्या 31 अगस्त, आईएसओ 11950:1995-1 अगस्त, 2010 2010 अतप्त-लघुकृत विद्युत अपघटनी क्रोमियम/क्रोमियम आक्साइड - स्टेप्स द्रागाः (पहला पुनरीश्रण)

इस संशोधन को पता धारतीय मानक छूँ। माराप्त धनन र बहादुर शांत जफार मार्ग, नई दिल्ली 110 002 विशेष कार्यांक के वह दिल्ली, कोलकाता, चण्डोगढ, चैनाई, चण्डई तथा राखा कार्यालयों-अहमदाबाद, बंगालीए, घाणला, भवनप्रमा, क्रीयप्यटर, गलाहाली, घेड्रायाल, जयपुर, कानपुर, नागपुर, पटना, पूर्ण (ध्धा निरुद्धवन्तापुरन में विकी हेत् उपलब्ध हैं।

! संदर्भ : एमढीडी 4/दी-8, 1/91

पी. योष. मैलानिक-'एक' एवं प्रमुख (एमर)ई()

New Delhi, the 23rd August, 2010

S.O. 2314.—In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-rule (1) of Rule 7 of the Bureau of Indian Standards Rules, 1987, the Bureau of Indian Standards hereby notifies that the amendment to Indian Standards, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed have been established on the date indicated against each :-

SCHEDULE

| Sl. No. | No. and Title of the Standard(s) | No. and Year of the amendment | Date from which the amend- |
|------------|--|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | | ment shall have effect |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| 1. | IS 1993: 2006—ISO 11949:1995 Cold-reduced | Amendment No. 1 | 16 August, 2010 |

| (1) | (2) | (3) | <u>4)</u> |
|-----|---|---|-----------|
| | electrolytic tinplate (fourth revision) | July 2010 | |
| 2. | IS 12591: 2006—ISO 11950: 1995 Cold-reduced Electrolytic Chromium/ Cromium oxide-coated steel (First revision) | Amendment 31 Augu No. 1 August, 20 2010 | |

Copy of these amendments are available for sale with the Bureau of Indian Standards, Manak Bhavan, 9, Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110 002 and Regional Offices: New Delhi, Kolcatta Chandigarh, Chennai, Mumbai and also Branch Offices: Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Bhopal, Bhubaneshwar, Coimbatore, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Jaipur, Kanpur, Nagpur, Patna, Pune and Thiruvananthapuram.

[Ref.: MTD 4/T-8, 179]

P. GHOSH, Sc. 'F' and Head (Met Engg.) नई दिल्ली, 23 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2315.—भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो नियम, 1987 के नियम 7 के उप नियम (1) के खंड (ख) के अनुसरण में भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो एतद्द्रारा अधिसूचित करता है कि नीचे अनुसूची में दिए गए मानक(कों) में संशोधन किया गया/किए गए हैं:—

अनुसूची

| क्रम संशोधित भारतीय मानक(कों) संख्या की संख्या, वर्ष और शीर्षक | | संशोधन लागू होने की तिथि |
|--|------------------|--------------------------------|
| (1) (2) | (3) | (4) |
| आईएस 5613(भाग 2/ अनुभाग 2) : 1985 की संशोधन संख्या 3 | 3, अगस्त 2010 | 31 अगस्त 2010 |

इस भारतीय संशोधन की प्रतियां भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो, मानक भवन, 9, बहादुर शाह जफर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली-110 002, क्षेत्रीय कार्यालयों: नई दिल्ली, कोलकाता, चण्डीगढ़, चैन्नई, मुम्बई तथा शाखा कार्यालयों: अहमदाबाद, बंगलौर, भोणल, भुवनेश्वर, कोयम्बटूर, गुवाहाटी, हैदराबाद, जयपुर, कानपुर, नागपुर, पटना, पुणे तथा तिरुवनन्तापुरम में बिक्री हेतु उपलब्ध हैं।

[संदर्भ : ईटी 37/टी-29]

आर. के. त्रेहन, वैज्ञानिक-'एफ' एवं प्रमुख (विद्युत-तकनीकी) New Delhi, the 23rd August, 2010

S.O. 2315.—In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-rule (1) of Rule 7 of the Bureau of Indian Standards Rules, 1987, the Bureau of Indian Standards hereby notifies that the amendment to the Indian Standards, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed has been issued.

| SCHEDULE | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Sl. No. and Title of the No. Indian Standards | No. and Year of the amendment | Date from which the amend- ment shall have effect | |
| (1) (2) | (3) | (4) | |
| 1. IS 5613 (Part 2/Sec. 2): 1985 Code of practice for design, installation and maintenance of overhead power lines, Part 2 Lines above 11 kV and upto and including 220 kV, Sec 2 Installation and maintenance (First revision) | 3 August, 2010 | 31 August 2010 | |

Copy of this amendment is available for sale with the Bureau of Indian Standards, Manak Bhavan, 9, Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110 002 and Regional Offices: New Delhi, Kolcatta Chandigarh, Chennai, Mumbai and also Branch Offices: Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Bhopal, Bhubaneshwar, Coimbatore, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Jaipur, Kanpur, Nagpur, Patna, Pune and Thiruvananthapuram.

[Ref.: ET 37/T-29]

R. K. TREHAN, Sc.`F' and Head (Electro-technical) नई दिल्ली, 25 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2316.—भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो नियम, 1987 के नियम 7 के उप नियम (1) के खंड (ख) के अनुसरण में भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो एतद्द्वारा अधिसूचित करता है कि नीचे के अनुसूची में दिए गए मानकों में संशोधन किया गया है :--

अनसची

| अर्युसूचा | | | |
|-----------|--|--|--|
| | संशोधन लागृ होने की | | |
| নিখি | तिथि | | |
| (3) | (4) | | |
| ।, अगस्त | 31 अगस्त, | | |
| 2010 | 2010 | | |
| 1, अगस्त | ३१ अगस्त, | | |
| 2010 | 2010 | | |
| | संख्या और तिथि (3) 1, अगस्त 2010 1, अगस्त | | |

इन संशोधनों की प्रतियां भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो, मानक भवन, 9, बहादुर शाह जफर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली-110 002, क्षेत्रीय कार्यालयों: नई दिल्ली, कोलकाता, चण्डीगढ़, चैन्नई, मुम्बई तथा शाखा कार्यालयों: अहमदाबाद, बंगलौर, भोपाल, भुवनेश्वर, कोयम्बटूर, गुवाहाटी, हैदराबाद, जयपुर, कानपुर, नागपुर, पटना, पुणे तथा तिरुवनन्तापुरम में बिक्री हेतु उपलब्ध हैं।

[संदर्भ : सीईडी/राजपत्र]

ए. के. सैनी, वैज्ञानिक-'एफ' एवं प्रमुख (सिविल इंजीनियरी)

New Delhi, the 25th August, 2010

S.O. 2316.—In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-rule (1) of Rule 7 of the Bureau of Indian Standards Rules, 1987, the Bureau of Indian Standards hereby notifies that amendment to the Indian Standards, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed have been issued.

SCHEDULE

| | SCHEDULE | | | |
|------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Sl. No. | No. and year of the Indian Standards | No. and Year of the amendment | Date from which the amend- ment shall have effect | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | |
| 1. | 1905:1987 | 1 August, 2010 | 31 August, 2010 | |
| 2. | 9954:1981 | 1 August, 2010 | 31 August, 2010 | |
| | | | | |

Copies of the amendment are available for sale with the Bureau of Indian Standards, Manak Bhavan, 9, Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110 002 and Regional Offices: New Delhi, Kolkatta, Chandigarh, Chennai, Mumbai and also Branch Offices: Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Bhopal, Bhubaneshwar, Coimbatore, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Jaipur, Kanpur, Nagpur, Patna, Pune and Thiruvananthapuram.

[Ref.: CED/Gazette]

A. K. SAINI, Sc. 'F' and Head (Civil Engg.) नई दिल्ली, 27 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2317.—भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो नियम, 1987 के नियम 7 के उप नियम (1) के खंड (ख) के अनुसरण में भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो एतद्द्वारा अधिसूचित करता है कि नीचे अनुसूची में दिए गए मानकों में संशोधन किया गया है:—

अनुसूची

| अनुसूधा | | | |
|---------|----------------------|-----------|-------------|
| क्रम | संशोधित भारतीय मानक | संशोधन की | संशोधन लागू |
| | की संख्या और वर्ष | संख्या और | होने की |
| (1041 | | নিথি | तिथि |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| | 2556 (भाग 15) : 2004 | 1, आगस्त | 16 अगस्त |
| • | | 2010 | 2010 |
| 2. | 14846:2000 | 3, अनस्त | 16 ध्रागस्त |
| 2. | | 2010 | 2010 |

इन संशोधनों की प्रतियां भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो, मानक भवन, 9, बहादुर शाह जफर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली-110 002, क्षेत्रीय कार्य्यः। नई दिल्ली, कोलकाता, चण्डीगढ़, चेन्नई, मुम्बई तथा शाखा कार्यालयों: अहमदाबाद, बंगलौर, भोपाल, भुवनेश्वर, कोयम्बटूर, गुवाहाटी, हैदराबाद, जयपुर, कानपुर, नागपुर, पटना, पुणे तथा तिरुवनन्तापुरम में बिक्री हेतु उपलब्ध हैं।

[संदर्भ : सीईडी/राजपत्र]

ए. के. सैनी, वैज्ञानिक 'एफ' एवं प्रमुख (सिविल इंजीनियरी)

New Delhi, the 27th August, 2010

S.O. 2317.—In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-rule (1) of Rule 7 of the Bureau of Indian Standards Rules, 1987, the Bureau of Indian Standards hereby notifies that amendment to the Indian Standard, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed have been issued.

SCHEDULE

| Sl. No. | No. and year of the Indian Standards | No. and Year of the amendment | Date from which the amend- ment shall have effect |
|------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| 1. | 2556 (Part 15): 2004 | 1 August, 2010 | 16 August, 2010 |
| 2. | 14846:2000 | 3 August, 2010 | 16 August, 2010 |

Copies of the amendment are available for sale with the Bureau of Indian Standards, Manak Bhavan, 9, Baiadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110 002 and Regional Offices: New Delhi, Kolkatta Chandigarh, Chennai, Mumbai and also Branch Offices: Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Bhopal, Bhubaneshwar, Coimbatore, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Jaipur, Kanpur, Nagpur, Patna, Pune and Thiruvananthapuram.

[Ref.: CED/Gazette]

A. K. SAINI, Sc. F' and Head (Civil Eng.) नई दिल्ली, 30 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2318.—भारतीय मानक ब्यूरी नियम, 1987 के नियम 7 के उपनियम (1) के खंड (ख) के अनुसरण में भारतीय मानक ब्यूरी एतदृद्वारा अधिसूचित करता है कि जिन भारतीय मानकों के विवरण नीचे अनुसूची में दिए गए हैं वे स्थापित हो गए हैं :-

्यनमर्गा

| | अनुमूचा | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| क्रम | स्थापित भारतीय मानक(कों) | नयं भारतीय स्थापित तिथि |
| संख्या | की संख्या वर्ष और शीर्षक | मानक द्वारा |
| | | अतिक मित |
| | | भारतीय मानक |
| | | ज्ञाल जनम |
| | | यहि अह है। |
| | | को महरा भी |
| | | svi |
| $\frac{-}{(1)}$ | (2) | (3) (4) |
| 1. | आई. एस. 7365 : 2010 | आई.एस. 31 मार्च |
| • | बाल्टी टाइप उर्जा क्षयकारको | 7365 1.085 2010 |
| | की द्रवचालित डिजाइन के | बाल्टी टाइप उर्जा |
| | मापदण्ड (दूसरा पुनरीक्षण) | क्षयकारकों की |
| | | द्रवचालित |
| | | |

(1) (2) (3) (4)

डिजाइन के मापदण्ड (पहला पुनरीक्षण)

इस भारतीय मानक की प्रतियां भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो, मानक भवन, \mathcal{I} , बहादुर शाह जफर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली–110 002, क्षेत्रीय कार्यालयों: नई दिल्ली, कोलकाता, चण्डीगढ़, चैन्नई, मुम्बई तथा शाखा कार्यालयों: अहमदाबाद, बंगलौर, भोपाल, भूवनेश्वर, कोयम्बतूर, गुवाहाटी, हैदराबाद, जयपुर, कानपुर, नागपुर, पटना, पुणे तथा तिरुवनन्तापुरम में विक्री हेतु उपलब्ध हैं।

[संदर्भ : डब्ल्यू आर डी 9/टी-6]

जे. सी. अरोड़ा, वैज्ञा. एफ एवं प्रमुख (जल संसाधन वि.)

New Delhi, the 30th August, 2010

S.O. 2318.—In pursuance of clause (b) of Subrule (1) of Rule 7 of the Bureau of Indian Standards Rules, 1987, the Bureau of Indian Standards hereby notifies that the Indian Standards, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed have been established on the date indicated against each:

SCHEDULE

| | | |
|------------|---|--|
| SI. No. | No, Tit'e and Year of the Indian Standards Established | No. and Date of Year of the Establish- Indian Stan- ment dards, if any, Superseded by the New Indian Standard |
| (1) | (2) | (3) (4) |
| 1. | IS 7365: 2010 Criteria for Hydraulic Design of Bucket Type Energy Dissipators (Second Revision) | IS 7365: 31-3-2010 1985 Criteria for Hydraulic Design of Bucket Type Energy Dissipators (First Revision) |

Copy of this Standard is available for sale with the Bureau of Indian Standards, Manak Bhayan. 9, Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110 002 and Regional Offices: New Delhi, Kolkata, Chandigarh Chennat, Mumbai and also Branch Offices: Ahmedabad: Bangalore, Bhopal, Bhubaneshwar, Coimbatore, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Jaipur, Kanpur, Nagpur, Patna, Pune and Thiruvananthapuram.

[Ref.: WRD 9/T-6] J. C. ARORA, Sc. F and Head (WRD-B.) नई दिल्ली, 31 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2319.—भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो नियम. १०६८ के नियम 7 के उपनियम (1) के खंड (ख) के अनुसरण में भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो एतदृद्वारा अधिसृचित करता है कि दौने अनुसूखों में दिए गये मानक में संशोधन किया गया है :--

| अनुसूची |
|---------|
| |

| | संशोधित भारतीय मानक की संख्या और वर्ष | संशोधन की संख्या और तिथि | संशोधन लाग् हानं की तिथि |
|-----|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (3) |
| 1. | आई.एस. २०४ (भाग 1):1991 | 2 अगरत, | [(r 474]) |
| | | 2010 | 20(0) |
| 2. | आई.एस. 6315 : 1992 | । अगस्त, | [५ अगस्तः |
| | | 2010 | 0100 |
| 3. | आई.एस. 6318 : 1971 | । अगस्त, | 31 अवस्ट, |
| | | 2010 | 2010 |
| _ | | | |

इस संशोधन की प्रतियां भारतीय भानक ब्यूरो, मानक भवन, 9, बहादुर शाह जफर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली-110 002, क्षेत्रीय कार्यालयाः नई दिल्ली, कोलकाता, चण्डीगद्, चैन्नई, मुन्नइ तथा शाखा कर्यालयाः अहमदाबाद, बंगलौर, भोपाल, भवनेरवर, कोयम्बतूर, गुरुष्टाई, हैदरानाद, जयपुर, कानपुर, नागपुर, पटना पुणे तथा तिस्वनन्ताप्रम में चिक्री हेतु उपलब्ध हैं।

[संदर्भ : सीईडी गलपत्र]

ए. के. सेनी, वैद्यानिक-'एफ' एवं प्रमुख (सिविल इंजॉनियर्ग) New Delhi, the 31st August, 2010

S.O. 2319.—In pursuance of clause (b) of subrule (1) of Role 7 of the Bureau of Indian Standards Rules, 1987, the Bureau of Indian Standards hereby notifies the amendment to the Indian Standard, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed have been issued.

SCHEDULE

| Sl. No. | No. year and Title of the Indian Standards | No and Year of C amendment | |
|------------|--|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | | ment shall have effect |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| 1. | IS 204 (Part 1): 1991 | 2 August, 2010 | |
| 2. | IS 6315:1992 | l August, 2010 | 19 August, 2010 |
| 3. | IS 6318 : 1971 | LAugust, 2010 | |

Copy of the amendment is available for sale with the Bureau of Indian Standards, Manak Bhavan, 9. Bahadur

2010

Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110 002 and Regional Offices: New Delhi, Kolkata, Chandigarh, Chennai, Mumbai and also Branch Offices: Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Bhopal, Bhubaneshwar, Coimbatore, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Jaipur, Kanpur, Nagpur, Patna, Pune and Thiruvananthapuram.

[Ref.: CED/Gazette]

A. K. SAINI, Sc. 'F' and Head (Civil Engg.)

नई दिल्ली, 31 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2320.—भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो नियम, 1987 के नियम, 7 के उपनियम (!) के खंड (ख) के अनुसरण से अविध मानक ब्यूरो एतदुद्वारा अधिसूचित करता है कि जिन भारतीय भारकों के विवरण नीचे अनुसूची में दिए गए हैं वे स्थापित हो 🕫 हैं .--

अनुसुची

| | स्थापित भारतीय मानक(कों) की संख्या, वर्ष और शीर्षक | नये भारतीय मानक द्वारा अतिक्रमित भारतीय मानव अथवा मानक यदि कोई हो, की संख्या औ | तें, |
|-----|---|--|-------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| 1. | आई एस 15877 : 2010 कॉयर फेस ब्लॉक बोर्ड- विशिष्टि | _ | 31 जनवरी, 2010 |
| 2. | आई एस 15878 : 2010 सामान्य प्रयोजनों के लिए कॉयर हाईबोर्ड —विशिष्टि | - | 31 जनवरी, 2010 |

इस भारतीय मानक की प्रतियां भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो, मानक भवन, 9 बहादुर शाह जफर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली-110002, क्षेत्रीय कार्यालयों: नई दिल्ली, कोलकाता, चण्डीगढ़, चैन्नई, मुम्बई तथा शाखा कार्यालयों: अहमदाबाद, बंगलौर, भोपाल, भूवनेश्वर, कोयम्बट्टर, गुवाहाटी, हैदराबाद, जयपुर, कानपुर, नागपुर, पटना, पुणे तथा तिरुवनन्तापुरम में बिक्री हेतु उपलब्ध हैं।

[संदर्भ : सीईडी/राजपत्र]

ए. के. सैनी, वैज्ञानिक 'एफ' एवं प्रमुख (सिविल इंजीनियरी) New Delhi, the 31st August, 2010

S.O. 2320.—In pursuance of clause (b) of Sub-rule (1) of Rule 7 of the Bureau of Indian Standards Rules, 1987, the Bureau of Indian Standards hereby notifies that the Indian Standards, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed have been established on the date indicated against each:

| SI. | No. and Year of the | No. and | Date of |
|-----|---------------------|----------------|----------|
| | Indian Standards | Year of the | Establi- |
| | Established | Indian Stan- | shed |
| | | dards, if any, | |

Superseded

by the New Indian Standard

SCHEDULE

(2) (1) (3)(4)1. IS 15877: 2010 Coir 31 January,

Faced Block Boards-Specification

2. IS 15878: 2010 Coir 31 January, Hardboard for General 2010

Copy of this Standard is available for sale with the Bureau of Indian Standards, Manak Bhavan, 9, Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110 002 and Regional Offices: New Delhi, Kolkata, Chandigarh, Chennai, Mumbai and also Branch Offices: Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Bhopal, Bhubaneshwar, Coimbatore, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Jaipur.

purposes--

Specification

Kanpur, Nagpur, Patna, Pune and Thiruvananthapuram. Ref.: CED/Gazette]

> A. K. SAINI, Sc. 'F' and Head (Civil Engg.) नई दिल्ली, 3 सितम्बर, 2010

का.आ. 2321.—भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो नियम, 1987 के नियम 7 के उपनियम (1) के खंड (ख) के अनुसरण में भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो एतद्द्वारा अधिसुचित करता है कि नीचे अनुसूची में दिए गए मानक(कों) में संशोधन किया गया/किए गए हैं :-

| | अनुसू | ची | | | | | |
|--------|--|--------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| क्रम | संशोधित भारतीय मानक | संशोधन की | संशोधन | | | | |
| संख्या | की संख्या और वर्ष | संख्या और | लागू होनं | | | | |
| | | तिथि | की तिथि | | | | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | | | | |
| 1. | आई एस 1391 (भाग 1)1992 संशोधन नं 4, 18 | | | | | | |
| | कक्ष वातानुकूलक-विशिष्ट | अगस्त, 2010 | 2010 | | | | |
| | भाग । एकिक वातानुकूलक | | | | | | |
| | (दूसरा पुनरीक्षण) | | | | | | |
| 2. | आई एस 1391(भाग 2)1992 | संशोधन नं 3, | 6 अगस्त | | | | |
| | कक्ष वातानुकूलक विशिष्ट | जुलाई, 2010 | 2010 | | | | |

भाग 2 विभक्त वातानुकूलक (दूसरा पुनरीक्षण)

3. आई एस 2980:1999 संशोधन नं 3. । सितम्बर विना दाब स्टोव-विशिष्ट जुलाई, 2010 2010 (तीसरा प्नरीक्षण)

(4)

6 August

2010

| . ::=:: | | | |
|---------|------------------------------|----------------------|-----------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| 4. | आई एस 8808: 1999 | संशोधन नं 4, | । सितम्बर |
| | तेल दाब स्टोव और तेल दाब | जुलाई, 2010 | 2010 |
| | हीटर के लिए बर्नर-विशिष्टि | | |
| | (दूसरा पुनरीक्षण) | | |
| 5. | आई एम 13258:1991 अल्प | संशोधन नं 2, | ३। जुलाई |
| | दाब द्रवणीय गैसों के लिए 5 | जुलाई, 2010 | 2010 |
| | लीटर से अधिक जल क्षमता | | |
| | वाले वैल्डिगत अल्प कार्बन | | |
| | इस्पात के सिलिंडरउपयोग | | |
| | किए गए एलपीजी सिलिंडरों | | |
| | के पुर्ननवीयन और निरोक्षण | | |
| | की रीति संहिंता | | |
| 6. | आई एस 15490: 2004 वाहनों | संशोधन नं 3, | 18 अगस्त |
| | के लिए ईंधन के रूप में | जुलाई, 2010 | 2010 |
| | संपीडित प्राकृतिक गैस के | | |
| | ऑन बोर्ड भंडारण के लिए | | |
| | सिलेंडर- विशिष्टि | | |
| 7. | आई एस 15660: 2006 | संशोधन नं 2, | 31 जुलाई |
| | भरप्प योग्य परिवहनी योग्य | जुलाई, 2010 | 2010 |
| | जोड़ रहित एल्यूमिनियम | | |
| | मिश्र धातु के गैस सिलेंडर–वि | शিष्टি | |
| | इस संशोधन की प्रतियां भारतीय | 1 मानक ब्यूरो, म | गनक भवन, |

इस संशोधन की प्रतियां भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो, मानक भवन, 9, बहादुर शाह जफर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली-110 002, क्षेत्रीय कार्यालयों: नई दिल्ली, कोलकाता, चण्डीगढ़, चैन्नई, मुम्बई तथा शाखा कार्यालयों: अहमदाबाद, बंगलौर, भोपाल, भूवनेश्वर, कोयम्बदूर, गुवाहाटी, हैदराबाद, जयपुर, कानपुर, नागपुर, पटना, पुणे तथा तिरुवनन्तापुरम में बिक्री हेत उपलब्ध हैं।

ि संदर्भ : एम. ई. डी. /जी-2:1 ो

सी. के. वेदा, वैज्ञानिक एफ एवं प्रमुख (इंजीनियरिंग) New Delhi, the 3rd September, 2010

S.O. 2321.—In pursuance of clause (b) of Sub-rule (1) of Rule 7 of the Bureau of Indian Standards Rules, 1987, the Bureau of Indian Standards hereby notifies that amendments to the Indian Standards, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed have been issued:

SCHEDULE

| Sl. No. | No. and Year of the Indian Standards | No. and Year of the amend- ment | w ame | ate from hich the endment all have effect |
|------------|---|--|----------|---|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | | (4) |
| 1. | IS 1391(Pt. 1): 1992 Room air conditioner specification Part 1, | Amendment No. 4 August 2010 | | August 2010 |

Unitary air conditioners (Second Revision)

(2)

(1)

- 2. IS 1391(Pt. 2): 1992 Amendment Room air conditioner No. 3 July, specification Part 2, Split air conditioners (Second Revision)
- 3. IS 2980: 1999 Amendment 1 September Non-pressure stoves-specification (Third Revision)

(3)

- 4. IS 8808: 1999 Amendment 1 September
 Burners for oil pressure No 4 July,
 stoves and oil pressure 2010
 heaters—Specification
 (Second Revision)
- 5. IS 13258: 1991 Amendment 31 July Welded low carbon No. 2 July, 2010 steel cylinders 2010 exceeding 5liter water capacity for low pressure liquefiable gases— Code of practice for inspection and reconditioning of used LPG cylinders.
- 6. IS 15490:2004 Amendment 18 August
 Cylinders for on-board No. 3 July,
 storage of compressed 2010
 Natural gas as a fuel
 for Automotive
 vehicles—Specification
- 7. IS 15660: 2006 Amendment 31 July
 Refillable transportable No. 2 July, 2010
 seamless aluminium 2010
 alloy gas cylinders—
 Specification

Copy of this Standard is available for sale with the Bureau of Indian Standards, Manak Bhavan, 9 Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110 002 and Regional Offices: New Delhi, Kolkata, Chandigarh, Chennai, Mumbai and also Branch Offices: Ahmedabad; Bangalore, Bhopal, Bhubaneshwar, Coimbatore, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Jaipur, Kanpur, Nagpur, Patna, Pune and Thiruvananthapuram.

[Ref.: MED/G-2:1]

C. K. VEDA, Secientist F and Head (Engg.)

नई दिल्ली, 3 सितम्बर, 2010

का.आ. 2322.—भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो (प्रमाणन) विनियम 1988 के नियम 4 के उपनियम (5) के अनुसरण में भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो एतद्द्वारा अधिसूचित करता है कि जिन लाइसेंसों के विवरण नीचे अनुसूची में दिए गए हैं, वे स्वीकृत कर दिए गए हैं :-

अनुसूची

| | लाइसेंस संख्या | स्वीकृत करने की तिथि वर्ष/माह | लाइसेंसधारी का नाम व पता | भारतीय मलक का शीर्षक | भा मा संख्या | भाग | अनु- भाग | वर्ष |
|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|---|---|-----------------|-----|-------------|------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| 1. | 3627362 | 4-5-2010 | गोल्डन इंटरप्राइजेज प्लॉट नं. सी/22/4/1 ए/पी एमआयडीसी शिरोली तालुका हटकंगले जिला कोल्हापुर-416122 महाराष्ट्र । | पेयजल आपूर्ति के लिए अप्लास्टिक पीवीसी पाइप्स । | 4985 | _ | _ | 2000 |
| 2 | 3616963 | 11-5-2010 | रेणुका एग्रो इंडस्ट्रीज स.नं. 301/3, बोरुडे कास्टी एट पोस्ट पाथारडी तालुका पाथारडी जिला अहमदनगर-414102 महाराष्ट्र । | पैकेजबंद पेयजल (पैकेजबंद प्राकृतिक मिनरल जल के अलावा) | 14543 | | | 2004 |
| 3 | 3616458 | 11-5-2010 | शामल इंडस्ट्रीज प्लॉट नं. ए 9/18, विजय सीड्स कंपनी के पास अति. एमआयडीसी जिला जालना-431203 महाराष्ट्र । | पैकेजबंद पेयजल (पैकेजबंद प्राकृतिक मिनरल जल के अलावा) | 14543 | | | 2004 |
| 4 | 3629063 | 12-5-2010 | वन फूड्स प्लॉट नं. 31, गट संख्या 411 गांव उरावदे तालुका मुलशी जिला पुणे-412108 महाराष्ट्र । | पैकेजबंद पेयजल (पैकेजबंद प्राकृतिक मिनरल जल के अलावा) | 14543 | | | 2004 |
| 5 | 7993310 | 27-4-2010 | शिवगंगा बेवरेजेज गट संख्या 438 बाय पास रोड तालुका भोकर जिला नांदेड़-431801 महाराष्ट्र। | पैकेजबंद पेयजल (पैकेजबंद प्राकृतिक मिनरल जल के अलावा) | 14543 | | | 2004 |
| 6 | 3632860 | 25-5-2010 | अकुआलाइट इंडस्ट्रीज स.नं. 43/2, दत्तनगर अरोहा मंगल कार्यालय के पास आम्बेगांव, कात्रज, तालुका हवेली जिला पुणे-411046 महाराष्ट्र । | पैकेजबंद पेयजल (पैकेजबंद प्राकृतिक मिनरल जल के अलावा) | 14543 | | | 2004 |

[सं. सी एम डी 13:11]

सी.के. महेश्वरी, वैज्ञानिक-जी (प्रमाणन)

New Delhi, the 3rd September, ?010

S. O. 2322.—In pursuance of sub-regulation (5) of the regulation 4 of the Bureau of Indian Standards (Certification) Regulations 1988, of the Bureau of Indian Standards, hereby notifies the grant of licences particulars of which are given in the following schedule:

SCHEDULE

| Sl. No. | Licence No. | Grant Date | Name and Address of the Party | Title of the Standard | IS No. | Part | Sec. | Year |
|------------|----------------|---------------|---|---|--------|-------|------|--------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| 1. | 3627362 | 4-5-2010 | Golden Enterprises Plot No. C/22/4/1 A/P MIDC Shiroli Taluka Hatkanangale District Kolhapur-416122 Maharashtra. | Unplasticized PVC pipes for potable water supplies | 4985 | | | 2000 |
| 2. | 3616963 | 11-5-2010 | Renuka Agro Industries S. No. 301/3, Borude Casti At Post Pathardi Taluka Pathardi District Ahmednagar-414102 Maharashtra. | Packaged drinking water (Other than packaged natural mineral water) | 14543 | | | 2(X+1 |
| 3. | 3616458 | 11-5-2010 | Shamal Industries Plot No. A9/18 Near Vijay Seeds Company Addl. MIDC District Jalna-431203 Maharashtra. | Packaged drinking water (Other than packaged natural mineral water) | 14543 | 14543 | | 2(X)-1 |
| 4 | . 3629063 | 12-5-2010 | One Foods Plot No. 31, Gat No. 411 Village Urawade Taluka Mulshi District Pune-412108 Maharashtra. | Packaged drinking water (Other than packaged natural mineral water) | 14543 | | | 2004 |
| 5 | i. 7993310 | 27-4-2010 | Shivganga Beverages Gat No. 438 By Pass Road Taluka Bhokar District Nanded-431801 Maharashtra. | Packaged drinking water (Other than packaged natural mineral water) | 14543 | | | 2004 |
| (| 5. 3632860 | 25-5-2010 | Aqualite Industries S. No. 43/2, Dattanagar Near Aroha Mangal Karyalaya Ambegaon, Katraj Taluka Haveli District Pune-411046 Maharashtra. | Packaged drinking water (Other than packaged natural mineral water) | 14543 | } | | 2004 |

कोयला मंत्रालय

नई दिल्ली, 13 सितम्बर, 2010

का. आ. 2323.—केन्द्रीय सरकार ने कोयला धारक क्षेत्र (अर्जन और विकास) अधिनियम, 1957 (1957 का 20) (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात् उक्त अधिनियम कहा गया है) की धारा 7 की उप-धारा (1) के अधीन जारी भारत सरकार के कोयला मंत्रालय की अधिसूचना संख्यांक का. आ. 2935 तारीख 19 अक्तूबर, 2009, जो भारत के राजपत्र के भाग-II, खण्ड 3, उपखण्ड (ii) तारीख 24 अक्तूबर, 2009 में प्रकाशित की गई थी, उस अधिसूचना से संलग्न अनुसूची में विनिर्दिष्ट ऐसी भूमि और उस पर के सभी अधिकारों का अर्जन करने के अपने आशय की सूचना दी थी;

और सक्षम प्राधिकारी ने उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 8 के अनुसरण में केन्द्रीय सरकार को अपनी रिपोर्ट दे दी है;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार का पूर्वोक्त रिपोर्ट पर विचार करने के पश्चात् और मध्य प्रदेश सरकार से परामर्श करने के पश्चात् यह समाधान हों गया है कि इससे संलग्न अनुसूची में वर्णित 81.016 हेक्टर (लगभग) या 200.19 एकड़ (लगभग) माप वाली भूमि के सभी अधिकार अर्जित किए जाने चाहिए;

अत:. अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 9 की उप धारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, यह घोषणा करती है कि इससे संलग्न अनुसूची में यथा वर्णित 81.016 हेक्टर (लगभग) या 200.19 एकड़ (लगभग) माप वाली भूमि के सभी अधिकार अर्जित किए जाते हैं;

इस अधिसूचना के अन्तर्गत आने वाले क्षेत्र के रेखांक संख्या एसईसीएल/बीएसपी/जीएम (पीएलजी)/भूमि/378 तारीख 23 मार्च 2010 का निरीक्षण कलेक्टर, उमिरया (मध्यप्रदेश) के कार्यालय में या कोयला नियंत्रक, 1, काउँसिल हाउस स्ट्रीट, कोलकाता-700001 के कार्यालय में या साउथ ईस्टर्न कोलफील्ड्स लिमिटेड (राजस्व अनुभाग), सीपत रोड, बिलासपुर 495006 (छत्तीसगढ़) के कार्यालय में किया जा सकता है।

अनुसूची

बिन्थया डेपिलरिंग ब्लाक, जोहिला क्षेत्र

जिला-उमरिया (मध्य प्रदेश)

(रेखक चंका एसईसीएल/बीएसपी/जीएम(पीएलजी)/भूमि/३७१, तारीख 23 मार्च 2016)

सभी अधिकार :

| क्रम सं. | ग्राम का नाम | पटवारी हल्का नम्बर | साधारण नम्बर | तहसील | जिला | क्षेत्र हेक्टेयर में | टिप्पणियां |
|-----------------|--------------|-----------------------|--------------|-----------|--------|----------------------|-------------------|
| 1. | डगडउवा | 102 | 290 | बान्धवगढ् | उमरिया | 81.016 | H ₁ -1 |

कुल : 81,016 हेक्टर (लगभग) या 200.19 एकड़ (लगभग)

ग्राम डगडउवा (भाग) में अर्जित किए जाने वाले प्लाट संख्या :

192(भाग) 193(भाग), 194(भाग), 195 से 202, 203 (भाग), 204(भाग), 205 से 209, 210 (भाग), 211, 212 (भाग), 213 (भाग) 216(भाग), 254(भाग), 257(भाग), 258(भाग), 259 से 265, 266 (भाग), 267 से 269, 270 (भाग), 271(भाग), 273(भाग)।

सीमा वर्णन :

क-ख-ग रेखा, लहंगी नाले के पूर्वी किनारे पर बिन्दु ''क'' से आरंभ होती है और ग्राम डगडउवा के प्लाट संख्यांक 273, बिन्दु 'ख', 270, 271 से होते हुए जाती है और बिन्दु "ग" पर मिलती है।

ग–घ–ङ रेखा, ग्राम डगडउवा के प्लाट संख्यांक 271, 257, 258 फिर प्लाट संख्यांक 259 की उत्तरी सीमा, प्लाट संख्यांक 254, बिन्दु 'घ' से होते हुए जाती है और प्लाट संख्यांक 210 की पश्चिमी सीमा पर बिन्दु "ड" पर मिलती है।

- ङ-च-छ रेखा, ग्राम डगडउवा के प्लाट संख्यांक 210, 213, 212, 216, बिन्दु 'च' और 204 से होते हुए जाती है और बिन्दु "छ" पर मिलती है ।
- छ-ज-झ-ञ रेखा, ग्राम डगडउवा के प्लाट संख्यांक 203, बिन्दु 'ज', बिन्दु 'झ' से होकर फिर प्लाट संख्यांक 203 की पूर्वी सीमा से होते हुए जाती है और बिन्दु "ञ" पर मिलती है ।
- ञ-ट-उ रेखा, ग्राम उगडउवा के प्लाट संख्यांक 203, बिन्दु 'ट' से होते हुए प्लाट संख्यांक 195 के भागत: पूर्वी सीमा के साथ प्लाट संख्यांक 192, 194 से होकर जाती है फिर प्लाट संख्यांक 193 की पूर्वी सीमा से होती हुई बिन्दु "ठ" पर मिलती है।
- ठ-ड-ढ-ण रेखा, ग्राम डगडउवा के प्लाट संख्यांक 193, 194 से होते हुए फिर प्लाट संख्यांक 194, 198, 199, 266 की दक्षिणी सीमा, बिन्दु 'ड' प्लाट संख्यांक 266, बिन्दु 'ढ' और बिन्दु 273 से होकर जाती है और बिन्दु "ण" पर मिलती है :
- ण-क रेखा, ग्राम उगडउवा में लहंगी नाला के पूर्वी किनारे से होती हुई जाती है और आरंभिक बिन्दु "क" पर मिलती है ।

[फा. सं. 43015/22/2008-पीआरआईडब्ल्यू-!]

एम. शहाबुद्दीन, अवर सचिव

MINISTRY OF COAL

New Delhi, the 13th September, 2010

S.O. 2323. Whereas, by the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Coal number S.O. 2935 dated the 19th October, 2009, issued under sub-section (1) of Section 7 of the Coal Bearing Areas (Acquisition and Development) Act, 1957 (20 of 1957) (hereinafter referred to as the said Act) and published in the Gazette of India, Part-II, Section 3, sub-section (ii) dated the 24th October, 2009, the Central Government gave notice of its intention to acquire \$1.016 hectares or 200.19 Acres land as all rights in or over such lands specified in the Schedule appended to that notification;

And whereas, the competent authority in pursuance of Section 8 of the said. Act has made his report to the Central Government;

And whereas, the Central Government after considering the aforesaid report and after consuling the Government of Madhya Pradesh, is satisfied that the lands measuring \$1.016 hectares (approximately) or 200.19 acres (approximately) as all rights in or over such lands as described in schedule appended hereto, should be acquired;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub section (1) of section 9 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby declares that the land measuring 81.016 hectares (approximately) or 200.19 acres (approximately) as all rights in or over such lands as described in Schedule are hereby acquired.

The Plan bearing number SECL/BSP/GM (PLG)/LAND/378 dated the 23rd March, 2010 of the area.covered by this notification may be inspected in the Office of the Collector, Umaria (Madhya Pradesh) or in the office of the Coal Controller, 1, Council House Street, Kolkata - 700001 or in the Office of the South Eastern Coalfield Limited (Revenue Section), Seepat Road, Bilaspur-495006 (Chhattisgarh).

SCHEDULE

Vindhya Depillating Block, Johilla Area District-Umaria (Madhya Pradesh)

(Plan number: SECL/BSP/GM (PLC)/LAND/ 378 dated the 23rd March, 2010.)

All Rights:

| SI. No. | Name of village | Patwari halka number | General number | Tahsil | District | Area in hectares | Remarks |
|------------|-----------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------|----------|------------------|---------|
| 1. | Dagdauwa | 102 | 290 | Bandhogarh | Umaria | 81.016 | Part |

Total:-81.016 hectares (approximately) or 200.19 acres (approximately)

1. Plot numbers to be acquired in village Dagdauwa (Part):

192(P), 193(P), 194(P), 195 to 202, 203(P), 204(P), 205 to 209, 210(P), 211, 212(P), 213(P), 216(P), 254(P), 257(P), 258(P), 259 to 265, 266(P), 267 to 269, 270(P), 271 (P), 273(P).

Boundary Description:

- A-B-C Line starts from point 'A' on the eastern bank of Lahangi Nullah and passes in village Dagdauwa through plot number 273, point 'B', 270, 271 and meets at point 'C'.
- C-D-E Line passes in village Dagdauwa through plot number 271, 257, 258, northern boundary of plot number 259, through plot number 254, point 'D' and meets at point 'E' on the western boundary of plot number 210.
- E-F-G Line passes in village Dagdauwa through plot number 210,213,212,216, point 'F', 204 and meets at point 'G'.
- G-H-I-J Line passes in village Dagdauwa through plot number 203, point 'H', point 'I', then along eastern boundary of plot number 203 and meets at point 'J'.
- J-K-L Line passes in village Dagdauwa through plot number 203, point 'K', then along partly eastern boundary of plot number 195, through plot number 192, 194, along eastern boundary of plot number 193 and meets at point 'L'.
- L-M-N-O Line passes in village Dagdauwa through plot number 193, 194 then along southern boundary of plot number 194, 198, 199, 266, point 'M', through plot number 266, point 'N', 273 and meets at point 'O'.
- O-A Line passes in village Dagdauwa along eastern bank of Lahangi Nullah and meets at starting point 'A'.

[F. No. 43015/22/2008-PR (W-I)] M. SHAHABUDEEN, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 13 सितम्बर, 2010

का. आ. 2324.—केन्द्रीय सरकार ने कोयला धारक क्षेत्र (अर्जन और विकास) अधिनयम, 1957 (1957 की धारा 20) (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात् उक्त अधिनियम कहा गया है) की धारा 4 की उप-धारा (1) के अधीन भारत सरकार ने कोयला मंत्रालय के द्वारा जारी की गई अधिसूचना संख्या का.आ. 1083, तारीख 17 अप्रैल, 2009, जो भारत के राजपत्र भाग II, खंड 3, उप-खण्ड (ii), तारीख 25 अप्रैल, 2009 में प्रकाशित की गई थी, उस अधिसूचना से संलग्न अनुसूची में विनिर्दिष्ट परिक्षेत्र की भूमि में जिसका माप 454.63 हेक्टर (लगभग) या 1123.39 एकड़ (लगभग) है;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार का यह समाधान हो गया है कि इस अधिसूचना से उपाबद्ध अनुसूची में विहित उक्त भूमि के भाग में कोयला अभिप्राप्त करना है;

अत:, अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 7 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, अनुसूची में वर्णित 431.27 हेक्टर (लगभग) या 1065.66 एकड़ (लगभग) माप वाली भूमि में या उस पर के सभी अधिकार का अर्जन करने के अपने आशय की सूचना देती हैं।

टिप्पण 1: इस अधिसूचना के अधीन आने वाले क्षेत्र के रेखांक संख्या सी-1 (ई) 3/जेजेएमआर/825-0410, तारीख 19 अप्रैल, 2010 का निरीक्षण कलकटर, चन्द्रपुर, महाराष्ट्र के कार्यालय में या कोयला निर्यंत्रक, 1, काउंसिल हाउस स्ट्रीट, कोलकाता (पिन-700 001) के कार्यालय में या महाप्रबंधक (भूमि और राजस्व), वेस्टर्न कोलफील्ड्स लिमिटेड (राजस्व विभाग), कोल इस्टेट, सिविल लाईन्स, नागपुर-440 001 (महाराष्ट्र) के कार्यालय में किया जा सकता है।

टिप्पण 2 : उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 8 के उपबंधों की ओर ध्यान आकृष्ट किया जाता है, जिसमें निम्नलिखित उपबंध है :-अर्जन की बाबत आपत्तियां :

"8(1) कोई व्यक्ति जो किसी भूमि में जिसकी बाबत धारा 7 के अधीन अधिसूचना निकालो गई है, हितबद्ध है, अधिसूचना के निकाले जाने से तीस दिन के भीतर सम्पूर्ण भूमि या उसके किसी भाग या ऐसी भूमि में या उस पर के किन्हीं अधिकारों का अर्जन किए जाने के बारे में आपत्ति कर सकेगा।

स्पष्टीकरण:-

(1) इस धारा के अर्थान्त यह आपित नहीं मानी जाएगी, कि कोई व्यक्ति किसी भूमि में कोयलः उत्पादन के लिए स्वयं खनन संक्रियाएं करना चाहता है और ऐसी संक्रियाएं केन्द्रीय सरकार या किसी अन्य व्यक्ति को नहीं करनी चाहिए।

- (2) उपधार (1) के अधीन प्रत्येक आपत्ति सक्षम प्राधिकारी को लिखित रूप में की जाएगी और सक्षम प्राधिकारी आपत्तिकर्ता का स्वयं युने जाने का या विधि व्यवसायी द्वारा सुनवाई का अवसर देगा और ऐसी सभी आपत्तियों को सुनने के पश्चात् और ऐसी अनिरिक्त जांच, यदि <mark>कोई हो, करने के पश्चात् जो वह आवश्यक समझता है, वह या तो धारा 7 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन आंधसू</mark>चित शृोप के या **ऐसी भूमि में या उस** पर के अधिकारों के संबंध में एक रिपोर्ट या ऐसी भूमि के विभिन्त टुकड़ों या ऐसी भूमि में या उस पर के अधिकारों के संबंध में आपत्तिकों पर अपनी सिफारिशों और उसके द्वारा की गई कार्यवाही के अभिलेख सहित विभिन्न किसी केन्द्रीय सरकार को उसके विनिधिचय के लिए देगा।
- (3) इस धार के प्रयोजनीं के लिए, वह व्यक्ति किसी भूमि में हितबद्ध समझा जाएगा जो प्रतिकर में हित का दावा करने का है व है। होता. गदि भूमि या ऐसी धूमि में या उस पर के अधिकार इस अधिनियम के अधीन अर्जित कर लिए जाते ।"
- रिध्यण 3 : कंन्द्रीय सरकार ने कोयलां विश्वेषक, 1, काउँमिल हाउस स्ट्रीट, कोलकाता-700 001 को उक्त अधिनियम की धारा ४ के अधीव अधिसृचना सं. का.आ. 2519, लाँखि 27 मई, 1983 द्वारा भारत के राजपत्र, भाग-II, खंड-3, उपखंड (ii), तारांख 🕕 जून, 1983 द्वारा प्रकाशित को सक्षम प्राधिकारं। द्वारा नियुक्त किया जाता है।

अनुसूची

व्य याज्ञगी अंडरग्राउन्ड से ओपनकास्ट ब्लॉक

माजरी क्षेत्र

जिला -- छन्द्रपुर (महाराष्ट्र)

(रेखांक राष्ट्रक : की-) (ई) अन्तर्भक्तमधार ४२५-७४१०, आरोज 19 अप्रेस, 2010]

सभी अधिका।

| 7 | याम का नाम | वटनारी | तहस्त | जिला | क्षेत्रफल हेक्टर | | |
|-----------|--|-----------|------------|-----------|------------------|------|--|
| 7 | | अस्ति है। | | | | | |
| | and a company of the contract | સંહ્યા | | | | | |
| \$. | The state of the s | .3. | 4, | 5. | 6. | 7. | |
| 1, | पलसम्ब | ** | भद्रास्ती | चन्द्रपुर | 40.64 | भाग | |
| 2. | शिवज्ञानम | <u>.</u> | भडावती | चन्द्रपुर | 62.06 | 'भाग | |
| | ने विकासिक | 2 | भद्रावती | चन्द्रपुर | 109.27 | भीग | |
| 3. | | 3 | भद्रावर्ती | चन्द्रपुर | 219.30 | भाग | |
| | | | | | | | |

कल: 431.27 हेक्टर (लगभग) या 1065.66 एकड़ (लगभग)

भ्राम पलसमाव में ुर्गाजत किए, जाने वाले प्ला ट मंख्यांक :

235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242/1, 242/2, 243/1, 243/2, 243/3, 243/4, 244/1, 244/2, 244/3, 245, 246/1, she 246/3, 246/3, 246/3, 247/1, 247/2, 247/3, 247/4, 247/6, 247/6, 247/7, 247/8, 248, 249

ग्राम शिक्षजीनगर म अर्जित किंह जाने वाले प्लाट संख्यांक :

10. सि/ब्स, 11/2, 11/3, 12. 13/1, 13/. 2, 14 (बन), 15/1, 15/2, 17, 18, 19 (बन), 20 (बन), 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, ्राप्त कर के कि. कि. के कि. कि. के कि. कि. के कि. के कि. के कि. के कि. के कि. के कि. कि. के कि. के कि. कि. के कि. के कि. के कि. कि. के कि. के कि. के कि. के कि. के कि. कि ग्राम असलीन में अजिंद किए जाने वाले प्लाट संख्यांकः :

44/1, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61/1, 61/2, 61/3, 61/4, 62, 63, 64,65, 66, 67 (महक्ति), (8.10, 70, 71, 72, 73/1, 73/2, 7'4, 75, 76, 77, 78/1, 78/2, 79, 82/1, 82/2, 84/1, 84/2, 86, 87/1, 87/2, 88, 89, 90. 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100/क, 100/ख, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105 (सरकारी), 106, 107/1, 107/2, 107/3, सङ्क

ग्राम पटाला में अर्जित किए जाने वाले प्लाट संख्यांक :

243/1, 243/2, 245,246, 247/1, 247/2, 247/3, 248, 249,250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255,256, 257, 258, 259/1, 272, 273, 374, 275, 276, 277, 278/1, 278/2, 279/1, 279/2, 279/3, 279/4, 279/5, 230, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 288/1, 288/2, 283, 291, 292, 293/1, 293/2, 293/3, 294, 295, 296/1, 296/2带, 296/2팩, 297, 300/2, 301/1, 301/2带, 301/2팩, 302, 363, 364/2, 304/2, 304/3, 304/4, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312/1, 312/2, 312/3, 313/1, 313/2, 314, 315, 316, 317, 348/3, 318/2, 318/3, 318/4, 319,320, 321, 322, 323/1, 323/2, 323/3, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329/1, 329/2, 329/3, 329/4, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336/1, 336/2, 337, 338, 339, 357, 360, 361, 362/1, 362/2, 363, 364/1, 364/2, 364/3, 364/4, 365, 366, 369, 371, 372/1, 372/2, 373, 374, 375, 389, 390, 427, 428, 429, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 454, 455, 456, 457, सङ्क, नाला

सीमा वर्णन :

- क-ख रेखा ग्राम पटाला में बिन्दु "क" से आरंभ होती है और प्लाट संख्यांक 446, 447, 449, 448, 443, 456, 457 की बाह्य सीमा कं साथ गुजरती है फिर सड़क पार करती है फिर प्लाट संख्यांक 375, 372/2, 372/1, 371, 369, 273, 272, 259/1, 258, 243/2, 243/1, 245, 246, 247/1 की बाह्य सीमा के साथ गुजरती है फिर नाला और ग्राम पटाला तथा ग्राम नागलोन की स्विम्हित ग्राम सीमा को पार करती है और ग्राम नागलोन से प्लाट संख्यांक 106, 107/1 की बाह्य सीमा के साथ गुजरती है और विन्दु "ख" पर मिलती है।
- ख-ग रेखा ग्राम नागलोन से प्लाट संख्यांक 107/1, 102, 101, 100/क, 100/ख की बाह्य सीमा के साथ गुजरती हैं फिर सड्क पार करती है और प्लाट संख्यांक 45, 44/1, की बाह्य सीमा के साथ गुजरती है और ग्राम नागलोन तथा ग्राम पलसगांव की सिम्मिलत ग्राम खंमा को पार करती है फिर ग्राम पलसगांव से प्लाट संख्यांक 247/8, 247/7, 248 की बाह्य सीमा के साथ गुजरती है और बिन्दु "ग" पर मिलती है।
- ग-घ रेखा ग्राम पलसगांव से प्लाट संख्यांक 248, 249, 247/1, 246/2क, 245, 235, 236, 237 की बाह्य सीमा के साथ गुजरती है किर ग्राम पलसगांव और ग्राम नागलोन की सम्मिलित ग्राम सीमा को पार करती है फिर ग्राम नागलोन से प्लाट संख्यांक 61/4, 62 की बाह्य सीमा के साथ गुजरती है फिर ग्राम नागलोन और ग्राम शिवजीनगर की सम्मिलित ग्राम सीमा को पार करती है और प्लाट संख्यांक 28, 29/1, 29/2, 19(वन), 18, 17, 71, 34, 20 (वन), 15/1, 15/2, 13/1, 13/2 की बाह्य सीमा के साथ गुजरती है फिर ग्राम पटाला के प्लाट संख्यांक 323/1 की बाह्य सीमा के साथ गुजरती है फिर ग्राम शिवजीनगर से प्लाट संख्यांक 12, 10, 74, 11/2, 11/1क, की बाह्य सीमा के साथ गुजरती है फिर ग्राम शिवजीनगर और ग्राम पटाला की सिम्मिलित ग्राम सीमा को पार करती है फिर ग्राम पटाला से प्लाट संख्यांक 333, 338, 339, की बाह्य सीमा के साथ गुजरती है और बिन्दु "घ" पर मिलती है।
- घ-क रेखा ग्राम पटाला से प्लाट संख्यांक 339, 337, 336/2, 336/1, 329/3, 357, 329/1, 360, 390, 389, 366, 293/2, 293/1, 369, 371, 372/1, 372/2, 373, 374 की बाह्य सीमा के साथ गुजरती है फिर प्लाट संख्यांक 427, 428, 429, की बाह्य सीमा के साथ गुजरती है फिर पुन: सड़क पार करती है फिर प्लाट संख्यांक 456, 455, 454, 447, 443, 444, 445, 446 की बाह्य सीमा के साथ गुजरती है और आरंभिक बिन्दु "क" पर मिलती है।

[फा. सं. 43015/9/2009-पीआरआईडब्ल्यू-1]

एम. शहाबुद्दीन, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 13th September, 2010

S.O. 2324.—Whereas by the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Coal, number S. O. 1083 dated the 17th April, 2009, issued under sub-section (1) of Section 4 of the Coal Bearing Areas (Acquisition and Development) Act, 1957 (20 of 1957) (hereinafter referred to as the said Act) and published in the Gazette of India, Part - II, Section - 3, sub-section (ii) dated the 25th April, 2009, the Central Government gave notice of its intention to prospect for coal in 454.63 hectares (approximately) or 1123.39 acres (approximately) of the lands in the locality specified in the Schedule annexed to that notification;

And whereas the Central Government is satisfied that coal is obtainable in a part of said lands prescribed in the schedule(s) appended to this notification;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 7 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby gives notice of its intention to acquire all rights in or over the land measuring 431.27 hectares (approximately) or 1065.66 acres (approximately) described in Schedule.

Note 1: The plan bearing number C-1 (E) III/JJMR/825 - 0410, dated the 19th April, 2010 of the area covered by this notification may be inspected in the office of the Collector, Chandrapur (Maharashtra) or in the office of the Coal Controller, 1, Council House Street, Kolkata (Pin-700001) or in the office of the General Manager (Land and Revenue), Western Coalfields Limited (Revenue Department), Coal Estate, Civil Lines, Nagpur-440001 (Maharashtra).

Note 2: Attention is hereby invited to the provisions of Section 8 of the said Act which provides as follows:

Objections to Acquisition:

"8(1) Any person interested in any land in respect of which a notification under Section 7 has been issued, may, within thirty days of the issue of the notification, object to the acquisition of the whole or any part of the land or of any rights in or over such land.

Explanation:-

- (1) It shall not be an objection within the meaning of this section for any person to say that he himself desires to undertake mining operations in the land for the production of coal and that such operations should not be undertake by the Central Government or by any other person.
- (2) Every objection under sub-section (1) shall be made to the competent authority to the sign and the competent authority shall give the objector an opportunity of being heard either in person or by a legal practitioner and shall, after hearing all such objections and after making such further inquiry. If any, as be thinks necessary, either make a report in respect of the land which has been notified under sub-section (1) of section? or of rights in or over such land, or make different reports in respect of different parcels of such land or of rights in or over such land, to the Central Government, containing his recommendations on the objections, together with the record of proceedings held by him, for the decision of that Government.
- (3) For the purpose of this section, a person shall be deemed to be interested in land who would be entitled to claim an interest in compensation if the land or any rights in or over such land were acquired under this Act."
- Note 3: The Coal Controller, 1, Council House Street, Kolkata-700 001 has been appointed by the Central Government as the competent authority under section 3 of the said Act, vide notification number S.O. 2519 dated the 27th May, 1983, published in Part-II, Section 3, sub-section (ii) of the Gazette of India, dated the 11th June, 1983.

SCHEDULE

New Majri UG To OC Block Majri Area

District Chandrapur (Maharasotra)

[Plan number: C-1(E)HI/JJ/MR/825-0410, dated the 19th April, 2010]

All Rights:

| SI. No. | Name of village | Patwari Circle number | Tahsil | District | Area in hectares | Remarks |
|------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|------------|--|----------------------|----------------|
| | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. | 6. | 7. |
| • | Palasgaon | 2 | Bhadrawati | Chandrapur | 40.64 | Part |
| • | Shivjinagar | 4 | Bhadrawati | Chandrapur | 62.06 | Part |
| • | Naglone | 2 | Bhadrawati | Chandrapur | 109.27 | Part |
| 4. | Pata!a | 3 | Bhadrawati | Chandrapur | 219.30 | Part |
| | | | | Total: 431.27 hect or 1065.66 acres (| ares (approximately) | |

Plot number to be acquired in village Palasgaon:

235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242/1, 242/2, 243/1, 243/2, 243/3, 243/4, 244/1, 244/2, 244/3, 245, 246/2A, 246/2A, 246/2B, 246/3, 246/4, 247/1, 247/2, 247/3, 247/4, 247/5, 247/6, 247/7, 247/8, 248, 249.

Plot number to be acquired in village Shivajinagar:

10, 11/1A, 11/2, 11/3, 12, 13/1, 13/2, 14 (Forest), 15/1, 15/2, 17, 18, 19 (Forest), 20 (Forest), 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29/1, 29/2, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 67, 69 (Govt.), 70, 71, 74, Nallah.

Plot number to be acquired in village Naglone:

44/1, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61/1, 61/2, 61/3, 61/4, 62, 63, 64,65, 66, 67 (Govt.), 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73/1, 73/2, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78/1, 78/2, 79, 82/1, 82/2, 84/1, 84/2, 86, 87/1, 87/2, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100/A, 100/B, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105 (Govt.), 106, 107/1, 107/2, 107/3, Road.

Plot number to be acquired in village Patala:

243/1, 243/2, 245, 246, 247/1, 247/2, 247/3, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259/1, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278/1, 278/2, 279/1, 279/2, 279/3, 279/4, 279/5, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 288/1, 288/2, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293/1, 293/2, 293/3, 294, 295, 296/1, 296/2A, 296/2B, 297, 300/2, 301/1, 301/2A, 301/2B, 302, 303, 304/1, 304/2, 304/3, 304/4, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312/1, 312/2, 312/3, 313/1, 313/2, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318/1, 318/2, 318/3, 318/4, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323/1, 323/2, 323/3, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329/1, 329/2, 329/3, 329/4, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336/1, 336/2, 337, 338, 339, 357, 360, 361, 362/1, 362/2, 363, 364/1, 364/2, 364/3, 364/4, 365, 366, 369, 371, 372/1, 372/2, 373, 374, 375, 389, 390, 427, 428, 429, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 454, 455, 456, 457, Road, Nallah.

Boundry Description:

- A-B: Line starts from point 'A' in village Patala and proceed along with the outer boundary of plot numbers 446, 447, 449, 448, 443, 456, 457, then crosses road, again passes along with the outer boundary of plot numbers 375, 372/2, 372/1, 371, 369, 273, 272, 259/1, 258, 243/2, 243/1, 245, 246, 247/1, then crosses Nallah and common village boundry on villages Patala and Naglone then proceed through village Naglone along the outer boundry of plot numbers 106, 107/1 and meets at point 'B'.
- B-C: Line passes through village Naglone along the outer boundry of plot numbers 107/1, 102, 101, 100/A, 100/B, crosses road, again passes with the outer boundary of plot numbers 45, 44/1, them crosses common village boundry of villages Naglone and palasgaon then proceed through village Palasgaon along with the outer boundry of plot numbers 247/8, 247/7, 248 and meets at Point 'C'.
- C-D: Line passes through village Palasgaon along with the outer boundary of plot numbers 248, 249, 247/1, 246/2A, 245, 235, 236, 237, then crosses common village boundary of vilages Palasgaon and Naglone and proceed through village Naglone along the outer boundary of plot numbers 61/4, 62, then again crosses common village boundary of villages Naglone and Shivjinagar and proceed through village Shivjinagar along with the outer boundary of plot numbers 45, 44, 43, 42, crosses nallah then again passes along with the outer boundary of plot numbers 28, 29/1, 29/2, 19 (Forest), 18, 17, 71, 34, 20 (Forest), 15/1, 15/2, 13/1, 13/2, then 323/1 of village Patala, then again proceed through village Shivjinagar along with the outer boundary of plot numbers 12, 10, 74, 11/2, 11/1A, then crosses common village boundary of villages Shivjinaga and proceed through village Patala along with the outer boundary of plot numbers 333, 338, 339 and meets at Point 'D'.

[F. No. 43015/9/2009-PRIW-I]

| 6214 | THE GA | AZETTE O | F INDLA : SEI | PTEMBER | 11, 2010/BHAI | DRA 20, 193 | 62 ==================================== | [Part IIS | ec. 3(ii)] |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|--|-----------|------------|
| पेट्रोनि | लयम और । | प्राकृतिक गै | स मंत्रालय | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | नई दिल्ली, | 9 सितम्बर, 2 | 2010 | | झिंकिदादर | 1990 | 00 | 02 | 90 |
| ுக்கு அ | 2325 — केन | द्वीय सरकार | को लोकहित | में यह | | 1907 | 00 | 04 | 54 |
| आवश्यक प्रतीत ह | | | | | | 1908 | 00 | 00 | 89 |
| एवं राँची (झारख | | | | | | 1909 | 00 | 01 | 73 |
| डियन ऑयल कॉ | | | ादीप-सम्बलपुर- | रायपुर- | | 1943 | 00 | 02 | 64 |
| ाँची पाइपलाइन <i>"</i> | ' बिछाई जानी | चाहिये; | | | | 1942 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| और केन्द्री | य सरकार को | ा उक्त पाइपर | ताइन बिछाने के | प्रयोजन | | 1945 | 00 | 09 | 41 |
| के लिए यह आव | | | | | | 1938 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| गइपलाइन बिछाए | ए जाने का प्र | स्ताव है और | : जो इस अधिर | रूचना से | | 1936 | 00 | 00 | 31 |
| उपाबद्ध अनुसूची | में वर्णित है | , में उपयोग | के अधिकार क | ग अर्जन | | 1935 | 00 | 00 | 6 |
| केया जाए; | | | | | | 1933 | 00 | 01 | (k) |
| | | , | न और खनिज पा | | | | | | 22 |
| (भूमि में उपयोग | | | | | | 1933 | 00 | 01 | |
| का 50) की धारा | | | | _ | | 1932 | 00 | 00 | 94 |
| करते हुए, उनमें आशय की घोषण | | आधकार का | अजन करन | क अपन | | 2126 | 00 | 04 | 88 |
| | , | | | | | 1946 | 00 | 00 | 51 |
| • | | - · · | र्णित भूमि में हि | | | 1595 | 00 | 02 | 6. |
| उस तारीख से ¹ | | | | | | 1592 | 00 | 02 | 6. |
| अधिसूचना की प्र इक्कीस दिन के | | | | | | 1156 | 00 | 01 | 01 |
| इक्कास ।५७ क या भूमि के नीचे | | | | | | 1157 | 90 | 02 | 6 |
| न, गूरा न, ॥ न कुमार प्रधान, सक्ष | | | | | | 1158 | 00 | 00 | ·}; |
| ु पारादीप- सम्बलपु | | | | | | 1159 | 00 | 01 | 6 |
| पार्क, भुवनेश्वर- | | | | | | 1160 | 00 | 00 | 8 |
| सकेंगा । | | | | | | 1161 | 00 | 01 | اق |
| | 3 | अनुसूची | | | | 1162 | 00 | ()() | _li |
| तहसील-रेढा़खोल | | ्र ।–सम्बलपुर | राज्य-र | उड़ीस <u>ा</u> | | 1163 | ()() | 03 | 5 |
| | | | | | | 1155 | 00 | 00 | 2 |
| गांव का नाम | प्लाट | _ | क्षेत्रफल | | | 1172 | 00 | 00 | 4 |
| | | • | हेक्टेयर एयर | वर्ग | | 1171 | 00 | 00 | 8 |
| | | | | मीटर | | 1170 | 00 | 00 | 1 |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | | 1173 | 00 | 02 | 3 |
| झिंकिदादर | 1888 | 00 | 02 | 93 | | 1169 | 00 | ()() | 3 |
| | 2111 | 00 | 00 | 19 | | 1174 | 00 | 00 | 5 |
| | 1991 | 00 | 36 | 04 | | 1177 | 00 | 04. | 3 |
| | 1974 | 00 | 02 | 83 | | 1175 | 00 | 00 | 8 |
| | 1975 | 00 | 15 | 36 | | 1176 | 00 | 00 | 9 |
| | 1977 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1192 | 00 | 00 | j |
| | 1978 | 00 | 01 | 13 | | 1191 | (X) | 06 | } |
| | 1984 | 00 | 02 | 19 | | 1186 | ()() | 03 | 6 |
| | 1980 | 00 | 00 | 75 | | 1187 | 000 | 00 | 6 |
| | 1981 | 00 | 04 | 89 | | 1188 | 00 | 03 | ! |
| | | | | | | 1189 | 00 | 02 | 5 |

| | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
|-------------|----------|----|------------|---------------------|------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| | 01 | 00 | 394 | खजुरिझरण | 28 | 00 | 00 | 1190 | झिंकिदादर |
| | 03 | 00 | 393 | | 74 | 06 | 00 | 1102 | |
| | 05 | 00 | 396 | | 23 | 07 | 00 | 1101 | |
| | 06 | 00 | 397 | | 23 | 20 | 00 | 1100 | |
| | 00 | 00 | 398 | | 83 | 00 | 00 | 2097 | |
| | 40 | 00 | 405 | | 11 | 07 | 00 | 961 | |
| | 00 | 00 | 399 | | 46 | 01 | 00 | 960 | |
| | 08 | 00 | 400 | | 51 | 09 | 00 | 2084 | |
| | 04 | 00 | 401 | | <i>7</i> 9 | 00 | 00 | 962 | |
| | 00 | 00 | 403 | | 64 | 00 | 00 | 959 | |
| | 00 | 00 | 402 | | 31 | 00 | 00 | 958 | |
| | 21 | 00 | 344 | | 67 | 06 | 00 | 973 | |
| • | 21 11 | 00 | 345 | | 11 | 02 | 00 | 963 | |
| • | 05 | 00 | 346 | | 20 | 01 | 00) | 964 | |
| | 08 | 00 | 342 | | 10 | 00 | 00 | 967 | |
| ; | 02 | 00 | 348 | | 20 | 00 | 00 | 965 | |
| : | 00 | 00 | 350 | | 62 | 10 | 00 | 99 76 | |
| : | 03 | 00 | 338 | | 79 22 | 04 | 00 00 | 76 81 | |
| | | | | कुलहमलिया | 00 | 04 M | 00 | 77 | |
| (| 04 | 00 | 399 | <i>મુહાદમા</i> લાયા | 10 28 | 00 05 | 00 | 82 | |
| - | 05 | 00 | 402 | | 28 10 | 00 | 00 | 83 | |
| 6 | 12 | 00 | 405 | | 10 | 00 | 00 | 80 | |
| (| 03 | 00 | 406 | | 99 | 01 | 00 | 56 | |
| 4 | 17 | 00 | 556 | | 71 | 00 | 00 | 55 | |
| 1 | 00 | 00 | 418 | | 74 | 01 | 00 | 2128 | |
| 6 | 06 | 00 | 416 | | 80 | 03 | 00 | 38 | |
| 1 | 05 | 00 | 415 | | 58 | 01 | 00 | 49 | |
| 5 | 02 | 00 | 414 | | 31 | 08 | 000 | 39 | |
| 2 | 09 | 00 | 420 | | 10 | 00 | 00 | 48 | |
| 0 | 01 | 00 | 475 | | 81 | 01 | 00 | 47 | |
| 6 | 00 | 00 | 474 | | 76 | 03 | 00 | 45 | |
| 7 | 03 | 00 | 473 | | 10 | 00 | 00 | 46 | |
| 8 | 02 | 00 | 472 | | 02 | 03 | 00 | 44 | |
| 5. | 00 | 00 | 478 | | 08 | 01 | 00 | 43 | |
| 20 | 02 | 00 | 471 | | 97 | 03 | 00 | 24 | |
| 1- | 01 ~ | 00 | 490 | | 69 | 00 | 00 | 23 | |
| 8 | 00 | 00 | 470 | | 80 | 05 | 00 | 25 ~ | |
| 54 | 02 | 00 | 491 | | 28 | 04 | 00 | 22 | |
| 20 | 09 | 00 | 492 | | 36 | 03 | | 21 . | |
| 7. 10 | 00 00 | 00 | 489 469 | | 10 68 | 00 40 | 00 00 | 20 | |

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|-----------|-----|----|----|----|-----------------------|------|------|-----|---|
| कुलहमलिया | 493 | 00 | 01 | 74 | बडकुडा | 2385 | 00 | 39 | |
| | 494 | 00 | 02 | 42 | | 2383 | 00 | 13. | |
| | 464 | 00 | 02 | 65 | | 2381 | 00 | 02 | |
| | 495 | 00 | 01 | 08 | | 2394 | ()() | 70 | (|
| | 496 | 00 | 02 | 02 | | 2208 | (X) | 02 | ; |
| | 497 | 00 | 01 | 48 | | 2209 | 00 | 09 | 1 |
| | 498 | 00 | 01 | 21 | | 2216 | 00 | 00 | (|
| | 499 | 00 | 01 | 28 | | 2218 | 00 | 10 | , |
| | 500 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 2393 | 00 | 67 | |
| | 511 | 00 | 01 | 73 | | 2219 | 00 | 04 | |
| | 501 | 00 | 02 | 42 | | 2221 | 00 | 16 | 4 |
| | 502 | 00 | 01 | 60 | | 2226 | 00 | 00 | : |
| | 503 | 00 | 01 | 62 | | 2167 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 504 | 00 | 04 | 09 | | 2165 | 00 | 12 | |
| | 509 | 00 | 09 | 03 | | 2163 | 000 | 05 | |
| | 604 | 00 | 00 | 40 | | 2648 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 505 | 00 | 00 | 40 | | 1193 | 00 | 02 | |
| | 506 | 00 | 05 | 00 | | 1195 | 00 | 07 | |
| | 596 | 00 | 00 | 20 | | 1194 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 507 | 00 | 00 | 65 | | 1247 | ()() | (X) | |
| | 508 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1246 | 00 | (0) | |
| | 98 | 00 | 10 | 48 | • | 1248 | 00 | 02 | |
| | 90 | 00 | 12 | 29 | | 1251 | -00 | 00 | |
| | 97 | 00 | 00 | 52 | | 1245 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 96 | 00 | 02 | 47 | | 1244 | 00 | (X) | |
| | 94 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1196 | ()() | 01 | |
| | 91 | 00 | 09 | 42 | | 1266 | (X) | 02 | |
| | 87 | 00 | 00 | 19 | | 1264 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 83 | 00 | 00 | 75 | | 1265 | 00 | 05 | |
| | 82 | 00 | 00 | 47 | | 1263 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 74 | 00 | 07 | 44 | | 1268 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 77 | 00 | 04 | 20 | | 1269 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 75 | 00 | 47 | 39 | | 1273 | 00 | 02 | |
| | 42 | 00 | 02 | 88 | | 1271 | 000 | 02 | |
| | 43 | 00 | 13 | 45 | | 1272 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 44 | 00 | 00 | 94 | | 1313 | 00 | 05 | |
| | 24 | 00 | 18 | 35 | | 1318 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 25 | 00 | 00 | 49 | | 1314 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 22 | 00 | 07 | 12 | | 1311 | 60 | 00 | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | | 3 | 4 | |
|----------|------|----------|-----|----|------------|------|--------------|-------------|------------|
| पडब्हुडा | 1312 | (3) | 01 | 21 | वडकुडा | 1035 | | | |
| | 1283 | 60 | 00 | 49 | | 2545 | | (1) | |
| | 1284 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1034 | 00 | 02 | |
| | 1310 | 000 | 00 | 16 | | 1034 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 1306 | 00 | 06 | 55 | | 1031 | 00 | 04 | |
| | 1305 | 00 | 01 | 21 | | 1033 | 00 | 01 m | |
| | 1304 | Œ | 01 | 21 | | 1022 | 00 | 02 | |
| | 2555 | 00 | 02 | 82 | | 2542 | 00 | 01 00 | |
| | 1340 | 00 | 00 | 90 | | 1019 | 00 | | |
| | 2554 | 00 | 02 | 83 | | 1021 | 00 | <u>00</u> | |
| | 1355 | 00 | 01 | 30 | | 1020 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 1356 | 00 | 01 | 62 | | 1018 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 1076 | 00 | 05 | 16 | ኢ | 1015 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 1357 | 00 | 000 | 10 | j. | 1013 | 00 | 10 | |
| | 1364 | 00 | 00 | 75 | | 1024 | 00 | 90 | |
| | 1365 | 00 | 00 | 81 | | 533 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 1366 | 00 | 00 | 81 | | 538 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 1074 | 00 | 00 | 22 | | 537 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 1372 | 00 | 00 | 81 | | 536 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 1369 | 00 | 00 | 40 | | 535 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 1367 | 00 | 01 | 25 | | 540 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 3461 | 00 | 00 | 38 | | 546 | (X) | 05 | |
| | 1370 | 00 | 00 | 70 | | 547 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 1371 | 00 | 00 | 25 | | 548 | Ω) | 01 | |
| | 1368 | 00 | 02 | 02 | | 549 | (X) | 03 | : |
| | 1383 | 00 | 03 | 15 | | 551 | (X) | 02 | |
| | 1382 | 00 | 00 | 40 | | 550 | 00 | 03 | ! |
| | 1072 | 00 | 00 | 14 | | 2424 | 00 | 00 | : |
| | 1058 | 60 | 04 | 18 | | 2423 | 60 | 00 | |
| | 2547 | 00 | 00 | 33 | | 567 | 00 | (7) | |
| | 1057 | 00 | 00 | 63 | | 566 | (X) | 03 | - 1- |
| | 1049 | 00 | 03 | 63 | • | 561 | 00 | 01 | 06 |
| | 1048 | 00 | 02 | 82 | | 565 | 00 | 00 | j. |
| | 1388 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 564 | 00 | 00 | .)(.)(|
| | 1050 | 00 | 00 | 51 | | 563 | 00 | 00 | 95 |
| | 1047 | 00 | 03 | 13 | | 562 | 00 | 04 | 7.2 |
| | 1046 | 00 | 02 | 10 | | 588 | 00 | 04 | 16 |
| | 1045 | ω | 02 | 09 | | 590 | 00 | 04 | 18 |
| | 1036 | 00 | 01 | 20 | | 589 | ()() | UK: | |
| | 2544 | 00 | 0) | 11 | | 591 | (0) | () | |

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| ভেক্ডা | 4% | 00 | 00 | 19 | | 73 | 00 | 02 | 27 |
| 13 1520 | 592 | 00 | 02 | 37 | | 147 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 495 | 00 | 01 | 00 | | 6 | 00 | 33 | 37 |
| | 494 | 00 | 04 | 17 | | 5 | 00 | 01 | 01 |
| | 59 3 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 3 | 00 | 00 | 3 |
| | 486 | 00 | 09 | 61 | खण्डहता | 1135 | 00 | 01 | 2: |
| | 485 | 00 | 10 | 63 | | 966 | 00 | 04 | 0 |
| | 477 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 947 | 00 | 44 | 1 |
| | 484 | (0) | ol | 50 | | 940 | 00 | 05 | 2 |
| | 2416 | UX) | \mathfrak{V} | 88 | | 939 | (1) | 07 | |
| | 414 | (X) | 05 | 79 | | 942 | 00 | 03 | (|
| | 4077 | (0) | 04 | 04 | | 936 | 00 | 04 | |
| | 2516 | (3) | 40 | 46 | | 1669 | 00 | 04 | |
| | 406 | 00 | 05 | 78 | तिलेइमाल | 315 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 408 | 90 | (X) | 20 | | 265 | υΌ | (3) | |
| | 405 | (1) | (0) | 45 | | 264 | 00 | (0) | |
| | 404 | 90 | 32 | 58 | | 262 | 00 | G. | |
| | લ્ ઇ) | (3) | 09 | 74 | | 263 | (X) | 00 | |
| | 2 | 00 | 0i | 80 | | 261 | 00 | (); | |
| ાાય ળપુર | 314 | (3) | \mathfrak{M} | 10 | बडबाहाल | 708 | 00 | 0) | |
| | 200 | (X) | 30 | 59 | अञ्चाहारा | 709 | 00 | 11 | |
| | 177 | (1) | 03 | 24 | | 709 711 | 00 | 07 | |
| | 178 | Q; | 00 | 10 | | 711 | 00 | 09 | |
| | 329 | 00 | 1 | 83 | | 712 | 00 | 09 | |
| | 136 | 00 | ÚŠ | 01 | | 713 716 | 00 | 15 | |
| | 124 | 00 | 02 | 78 | | 717 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 123 | 000 | 00 | 76 50 | | 718 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 122 | 000 | 05 | 59 | | 693 | 00 | 02 | |
| | 125 | 00 | 00 | 79 | | 598 | 00 | 02 | |
| | 126 | 000 | 01 | 04 | | 633 | .00 | 02 | |
| | 127 | 00 | 00 | 73 | | 632 | 00 | 11 | |
| | 116 | 00 | 03 | 23 60 | | 623 | 00 | 05 | |
| | 117 | 00 | | 63 | | 809 | 00 | 0.3 . | |
| | 115 | 00 | 03 01 | 22 | | 624 | 00 | 04 | |
| | 114 | 00 00 | 03 | 08 | | 625 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 143 | 00 | 03 | 26 | | 479 | 00 | 04 | |
| | 76 75 | 00 | 01 01 | 75 | | 477 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 75 M | 00 | 05 | 23 | | 441 | ()() | 01 | |
| | 72 | (00) | 01 | 43 | | 444 | ()() | .0 | |

| 11. | 1 | 1,3 | 70 | 1 "# . | | * |
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| 11 | (7) | 47.7 | 25 | 109 | 5 G | 3 17 |
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| ः (ग ्री?* | 422 | 00 | 01 | 09 | <u> </u> | 50 | 00 | 50 | 0 |
| | 415 | 00 | 60 | 29 | | 23 | 00 | 00 | ĺ |
| | 416 | 00 | 06 | 18 | | 986 | 00 | 12 | 1 |
| | 417 | 00 | 01 | 35 | | 992 | 00 | 06 | 9 |
| | 418 | 00 | 00 | 85 | | 37 | 00 | 45 | 8 |
| | 406 | 00 | 04 | 39 | कुहि | 472 | 00 | 04 | 6 |
| | 395 | 00 | 00 | 52 | ~ | 498 | 00 | 03 | 3 |
| | 407 | 00 | 10 | 12 | | 453 | 00 | 04 | 7 |
| | 327 | 00 | 03 | 16 | | 451 | 00 | 05 | 7. |
| | 328 | 00 | 02 | 07 | | 454 | ()() | 01 | 4 |
| | 326 | . 00 | 06 | 65 | | 495 | 00 | 03 | 1 |
| | 317 | 00) | 01 | 63 | | 496 | 00 | 06 | 0 |
| | 2 7 9 | 00 | 19 | 82 | | 455 | 00 | 00 | 9: |
| | 283 | 00 | 01 | 30 | | 450 | 00 | 01 | 4 |
| | 284 | 00 | 09 | 13 | | 428 | 00 | 01 | 92 |
| | 207 | 00 | 10 | 88 | | 424 | 00 | 02 | 0. |
| | 358 | .00 | 10 | 91 | | 417 | 00 | 04 | ie |
| | 164 | 00 | 00 | 17 | | 423 | 00 | 00 | 2 |
| | 163 | 00 | 02 | 02 | | 425 | 00 | 90 | 3 |
| | 162 | 00 | 01 | 01 | | 418 | 00 | 07 | 00 |
| | 120 | 00 | 10 | 85 | | 422 | 00 | 00 | 6. |
| | 121 | 00 | 01 | 22 | | 407 | 00 | 03 | 9 |
| | 170 | 00 | 01 | 28 | | 419 | 00 | 03 | 02 |
| | 118 | 000 | 03 | 09 | | 406 | 00 | 03 | 91 |
| | 119 | 00 | 04 | 01 | | 404 | 00 | 01 | 16 |
| | 112 | 60 | 01 | 45 | | 405 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | !11 | 00 | 09 | 48 | | 403 | 00 | 04 | 53 |
| | 113 | 00 | 000 | 95 | | 399 | 00 | 02 | 83 |
| | 104 | 00 | 04 | 87 | | 398 | 00 | 000 | 67 |
| | 101 | 00 | 03 | 93 | | 401 | 00 | 01 | 35 |
| | 102 | 00 | 03 | 20 | | 400 | 00 | 03 | 42 |
| | 103 | 00 | 000 | 10 | | 384 | 00 | 03 | 46 |
| | 100 | 00 | 01 | 18 | | 385 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 60 | 00 | 03 | 54 | | 393 | 00 | 06 | 75 |
| | 51 | 00 | 04 | 09 | | 394 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 52 | 00 | 37 | 04 | | 392 | 00 | 01 | 70 |
| | 54 | 00 | 05 | 54 | | 387 | 00 | 04 | 53 |
| | 55 | 00 | 08 | 38 | | 391 | 00 | (X) | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|---------------------|------|------|----|----|------------|--------------|----|----------|-----|
| कुहि | 388 | 00 | 01 | 27 | पोडाबलण्डा | 1863 | 00 | 02 | 9 |
| | 390 | 00 | 01 | 97 | | 1821 | 00 | 08 | :40 |
| | 389 | 00 | 03 | 44 | | 1862 | 00 | 00 |](|
| | 276 | 00 | 26 | 41 | | 1819 | 00 | 02 | 6 |
| | 202 | 00 | 00 | 30 | | 1820 | 00 | 01 | 2 |
| | 277 | 00 | 00 | 68 | | 1830 | 00 | 05 | 0 |
| | 274 | 00 | 00 | 51 | | 1818 | 00 | 00 | 5 |
| | 273 | 00 | 06 | 47 | | 1817 | 00 | 00 | 4 |
| | 272 | 00 | 03 | 11 | | 1816 | 00 | 01 | 2 |
| पोडाबलण्डा | 2272 | 00 | 03 | 52 | | 1823 | 00 | 00 | } |
| | 2263 | 00 | 00 | 67 | | 1831 | 00 | 01 | 8 |
| | 2271 | 00 | 03 | 23 | | 1832 | 00 | 01 | 2 |
| | 2270 | 00 | 03 | 33 | | 1814 | 00 | 00 | 2 |
| | 2265 | 00 | 02 | 96 | | 1829 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 2266 | 00 | 01 | 73 | | 1833 | 00 | 04 | : |
| | 2268 | 00 | 02 | 13 | | 1328 | 00 | 00 | ; |
| | 2267 | 00 | 00 | 30 | | 1327 | 00 | 02 | |
| | 2247 | 00 | 01 | 97 | | 2559 | 00 | 01 | • |
| | 2246 | 00 | 00 | 42 | | 1322 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 2086 | 00 | 19 | 76 | | 1325 | 00 | 01 | , |
| | 2095 | 00 | 12 | 09 | | 1326 | 00 | 02 | |
| | 2109 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1331 | 00 | 05 | |
| | 2108 | 00 | 01 | 06 | | 1311 | 00 | 00) | |
| | 2107 | 00 | 04 | 36 | | 1310 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 2106 | 00 | 04 | 01 | | 1333 | 00 | 000 | ı |
| | 2105 | 00 | 03 | 66 | | 1335 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 2104 | 00 | 01 | 51 | | 1285 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 2103 | . 00 | 02 | 72 | | 1284 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 2102 | 00 | 01 | 96 | | 1281 | 00 | 02 | |
| | 2130 | 00 | 00 | 51 | | 1282 | 00 | ()] | , |
| | 2131 | 00 | 05 | 20 | | 1280 | 00 | 01 00 | |
| | 2132 | 00 | 02 | 31 | | 1283 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 2134 | 00 | 02 | 05 | | 1279 | | 01 | |
| | 2135 | 00 | 01 | 80 | | 1234 1235 | 00 | 06 | |
| | 2136 | 00 | 00 | 47 | | 1233 | 00 | (X) | |
| | 2137 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 2557 | 00 | (X) | |
| | 1866 | 00 | 01 | 46 | | 1249 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 1864 | 00 | 01 | 21 | | 1249 | 00 | 01 | |

| | | | | | र 11, 2010/भाद्र | | | | 6223 |
|------------|------|--------------|----|------------|------------------|-----|----|----|------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| गेडाबलण्डा | 1244 | . 00 | 00 | 90 | पोडाबलण्डा | 951 | 00 | 00 | 60 |
| | 1242 | 00 | 02 | 34 | | 953 | 00 | 03 | 10 |
| | 1243 | 00 | 00 | 88 | | 952 | 00 | 04 | 17 |
| | 1178 | 00 | 01 | 41 | | 966 | 00 | 07 | 57 |
| | 1179 | 00 | 00 | 96 | | 969 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 1177 | 00 | 02 | 26 | | 964 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 1176 | 00 | 00 | 13 | | 965 | 00 | 02 | 46 |
| | 1174 | 00 | 02 | 42 | | 971 | 00 | 03 | 89 |
| | 1184 | 00 | 00 | 18 | | 972 | 00 | 00 | 74 |
| | 1175 | 00 | 00 | 27 | | 962 | 00 | 05 | 93 |
| | 2556 | 00 | 02 | 60 | | 424 | 00 | 00 | 26 |
| | 1167 | 00 | 01 | 08 | | 425 | 00 | 04 | 30 |
| | 1170 | 00 | 02 | 10 | | 427 | 00 | 04 | 75 |
| | 1171 | 00 | 00 | 19 | | 428 | 00 | 00 | 51 |
| | 1173 | 00 | 00 | 76 | | 429 | 00 | 02 | 02 |
| | 1172 | 00 | 03 | 39 | | 422 | 00 | 00 | 15 |
| | 1138 | 00 | 01 | 10 | | 430 | 00 | 02 | 19 |
| | 1090 | 00 | 00 | 90 | | 432 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 1088 | 00 | 00 | 18 | | 433 | 00 | 02 | 41 |
| | 1089 | 00 | 02 | 02 | | 434 | 00 | 00 | 55 |
| | 1086 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 435 | 00 | | 60 |
| | 1085 | 00 | 03 | 18 | | 440 | 00 | 12 | 21 |
| | 1084 | 00 | 03 | 15 | | 466 | | 09 | 83 |
| | 1082 | 00 | 04 | 17 | | 467 | 00 | 07 | 08 |
| | 1091 | 00 | 02 | 13 | | 464 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 1080 | 00 | 03 | 75 | | | 00 | 06 | 45 |
| | 1042 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 470 | 00 | 03 | 97 |
| | 1043 | 00 | 00 | 41 | | 471 | 00 | 05 | 79 |
| | 1044 | 00 | 02 | 24 | | 460 | 00 | 08 | 09 |
| | 1046 | 00 | 06 | <i>7</i> 3 | | 456 | 00 | 00 | 28 |
| | 1045 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 458 | 00 | 02 | 28 |
| | 941 | 00 | 02 | 98 | | 459 | 00 | 02 | 02 |
| | 942 | 00 | 00 | 95 | | 301 | 00 | 01 | 95 |
| | 944 | 00 | 04 | 01 | | 293 | 00 | 00 | 37 |
| | 945 | 00 | 00 | 24 | | 292 | 00 | 00 | 82 |
| | 1030 | 00 | 00 | 19 | | 291 | 00 | 09 | 04 |
| | 950 | 00 | 02 | 07 | | 295 | 00 | 01 | 16 |
| | 949 | 00 | 02 | 14 | | 296 | 00 | 01 | 13 |
| | 948 | 00 | 00 | 17 | | 290 | 00 | 10 | 52 |

| 6224 | THE GA | ZETTE O | FINDIA: SE | EPTEMBER | R 11, 2010/BH | ADRA 20, 1932 | <u></u> | Pari II |
|-----------|---------------|----------|------------|----------|---------------|---------------|-------------|--------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | |
| बडमाल | 1482 | 00 | 08 | 82 | बारबांक | 2411 | 00 | Ω_{z}^{\pm} |
| | 1475 | 00 | 02 | 29 | | 2409 | (X) | 1,7,1 |
| | 1476 | 00 | 01 | 77 | | 1318 | (%) | G_{f} |
| | 1472 | 00 | 02 | 12 | | 1302 | 00 | (X) |
| | 1470 | 00 | 08 | 19 | | 1304 | 00 | 134 |
| | 1471 | 00 | 00 | 68 | | 1303 | 00 | (30) |
| | 1471 | 00 | 07 | 99 | | 1305 | <i>(</i> 0) | Ç. |
| | | 00 | 03 | 84 | | 1312 | W | Ç |
| | 1453 | | 05 | 11 | | 1313 | 00) | Ů. |
| A. | 1452 | 00 | | | | 1306 | 00 | W |
| वारवांक | 2569 | 00 | 06 | 68 | | 1309 | (A) | |
| | 2570 | 00 | 14 | 75 | | | | 979 13 |
| | 2567 | 00 | 10 | 55 | | 1308 | 100 | |
| | 2568 | 00 | 06 ~ | 66 | | 1296 | (i) | 1 · · |
| | 2566 | 00 | 02 | 14 81 | | 1284 | (X) | 137 |
| | 2495 | 00 00 | 07 05 | 72 | | 2671 | 90 | 1.4 |
| | 2565 | 00 | 08 | 45 | | 2672 | 9) | 16 |
| | 2496 2491 | 00 | 01 | 00 | | 1252 | (3) | 17 |
| | 2491 | 00 | 00 | 65 | | 1251 | (A) | (5) |
| | 2493 | 00 | 02 | 40 | | (2.13 | 170 | ; . |
| | 2494 | 60 | 08 | 71 | | (250 | (0) | ℓ_{1} |
| | 2489 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1049 | (3) | () : |
| | 24 7 0 | 60 | 00 | 42 | | 1349 | 443 | 121 |
| | 2466 | (3) | 02 | 64 | | 1245 | (%) | 17: |
| | 2463 | 60 | OÛ | 10 | | 10,49 | .) | 43. |
| | 2465 | 00 | 02 | 40 | | 13.77 | (3) | <i>t</i> () |
| | 2464 | (X) | 00 | 10 | | 1108 | 431 | : 1 |
| | 2456 | (X) | 00 | 45 | | : Day | (4) | , 1 |
| | 2457 | (C) | 02 | 42 | | 1155 | (3) | 151 |
| | 2460 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1160 | 18) | 1.4 |
| | 2458 | 00 | 01 | 21 10 | | | (%) | <i>(f</i>) |
| | 2459 | 00 | 00 01 | 67 | | 1161 | (N) (Y) | |
| | 2224 2425 | 00 | 05 | 98 | | 1246 | | 0., |
| | 2425 2429 | 00 | 02 | 97 | | 1162 | FK) | |
| | 2429 | 00 | 08 | 14 | | 1164 | (Ãj | (·· |
| | 2433 | 00 | 01 | 25 | | 1163 | (美) | f"CF |
| | 400 | | | | | 1165 | (3) | 0. |

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| | are 3(ii)] | | = | | र 11, 2010/भाद्र | 20, 1932 | | | 62 |
|-------------|------------|----------|----|----------|------------------|--------------|----------|----------|----------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 . | 3 | 4 | |
| बारबांक | 1137 | 00 | 05 | 25 | बारबांक | 659 | 00 | 11 | |
| | 1139 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 662 | 00 | 02 | : |
| | 597 | 00 | 02 | 23 | | 664 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 1136 | 00 | 02 | 77 | | 665 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 600 | 00 | 03 | 92 | | 663 | 00 | 16 | ; |
| | 599 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 393 | 00 | .02 | |
| | 601 | 00 | 06 | 11 | हेलाइ | 1426 | 00 | 02 | (|
| | 602 | 00 | 00 | 18 | | 1409 | 00 | 16 | |
| | 603 | 00 | 03 | 47 | | 1410 | 00 | 13 | : |
| | 604 | 00 | 03 | 26 | | 1404 | 00 | 01 | 9 |
| | 605 | 00 | 05 | 82 | • | 1403 | 00 | 11 | i |
| | 2637 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1398 | 00 | 02 | (|
| | 606 | 00 | 02 | 30 | | 1399 | 00 | 15 | 1 |
| | 607 | 00 | 06 | 56 | | 1396 | 00 | 00 | 3 |
| | 612 | 00 | 03 | 86 | | 1493 | 00 | 05 | 5 |
| | 539 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1485 | 00 | 04 | 8 |
| | 529 | 00 | 00 | 14 | | 1394 | 00 | 00 | 8 |
| | 613 | 00 | 04 | 03 | | 1330 | 00 | 00 | 2 |
| | 528 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1332 | 00 | 01 | 4 |
| | 616 | 00 | 03 | 13 | | 1331 | 00 | 05 | 0 |
| | 617 | 00 | 03 | 38 | | 1333 | 00 | 01 | 9 |
| | 618 | 00 | 00 | 50 | | 1340 | 00 | 01 | 6 |
| | 622 | 00 | 01 | 43 | | 1334 | 00 | 05 | 8 |
| | 621 | 00 | 01 | 97 | | 1335 | 00 | 02 | 9 |
| | 624 | 00 | 04 | 10 | | 1338 | 00 | 05 | 0 |
| | 632 | 00 | 02 | 31 | | 1336 | 00 | 03 | 8 |
| | 631 | 00 | 00 | 80 | | 1274 | 00 | 05 | 10 |
| | 630 | 00 | 01 | 61 | | 1275 | 00 | 00 | 2 |
| | 625 | 00 | 00 | 20 | | 1276 | 00 | 04 | 02 |
| | 626 | 00 | 05 | 02 | | 1277 | 00 | 05 | 50 |
| | 627 | 00 | 02 | 47 | | 1280 | 00 | 00 | 62 |
| | 645 | 00 | 06 | 16 | | 1278 | 00 | 09 | 31 |
| | 398 | 00 | 01 | 41 | | 1212 | 00 | 05 | 60 |
| | 647 | 00 | 00 | 40 | | 1279 | 00 | 06 | 15 |
| | 646 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1215 | 00 | 00 | 33 |
| | 648 | 00 | 05 | 49 | | 1214 | 00 | 05. | 61 |
| | 649 660 | 00 | 02 | 17 | | 1146 | 00 | 06 | 66 |
| | 655 | 00 00 | 00 | 64 30 | | 1145 1144 | 00 00 | 06 13 | 01 60 |

| Ĭ | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | |
|-------|-------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|----------|--------------|------|----------|---------------|
| शरबंक | 1143 | 00 | 08 | 82 | बारबांक | 268 | 00 | 00 | .(). |
| | 1141 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 267 | 00 | 02 | 82 |
| | 1142 | 00 | 05 | 75 | | 269 | 00 | ()) | 21 |
| | 1520 | (<u>a</u>) | (0) | 83 | | 270 | (X) | 02 | 54 |
| | 1120 | (Ti | (X) | 46 | | 266 | ()() | 01 | Œ |
| | 1519 | (() | (x) | 66 | | 272 | (X) | (X) | 70 |
| | 1521. | (<u>(</u> () | 01 | 62 | | 271 | 00 | 01 | 60 |
| | 152 | ŧΧ, | $\mathcal{H}_{\mathcal{F}}$ | 10 | | 274 | (X) | (X) | - |
| | 1071 | (%) | (i) | 33 | | 264 | 00 | ()() | (49) |
| | 1119 | (X) | 03 | 31 | | 257 | 00 | ()1 | 38 |
| | 1095 | 00 | ()÷ | -43 | | 258 | ()() | 04 | 10 |
| | 1663 | (X) | 92 | -10 | | 259 | 00 | 02 | \$8 |
| | 1480 | 30 | 05 | ⁵ 6 | | 250 | 00 | 10 | × |
| | (36) | 181 | (X) | 72 | | 251 | 00 | ()7 | J. |
| | 163 | (1) | (3)(| 2 3 | | 249 | (X) | (A) | , , |
| | 894 | 受某 | 63 | 98 | | 235 | ()() | Ņ! | 1 |
| | 393 | $\langle q_i \rangle$ | (B | 94 | | 1472 | 00 | °1§ | - |
| | 892 | : 4) | 833 | 80 | | 225 | 00 | 09 | |
| | 876 | 0) | 9 5 | (3) | | 224 | (X) | 01 | |
| | ×74 | 00 | (): | 85 | | 221 | (X) | 02 | |
| | 377 | 90 | 60 | 72 | | 213 | (3) | 10 | , |
| | 875 | <u>(i)</u> | 60 | 08 | | 206 | 00 | Ol | |
| | \$71 | 90 | 07 | 95 | | 209 | 00 | 60 | |
| | 878 | (X) | (30) | 10 | | 204 | 00 | i)2 | |
| | 870 | (7) | 03 | 46 | | 205 | 00 | 00 | 1 |
| | 869 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 203 | 00 | θI | |
| | 888 | 00 | 01 | 94 | | 194 | 00 | 07 | • |
| | 760 | 90 | 08 | 60 | | 1457 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 1554 | 00 | 00 | 10 | मूषाकाटा | 1341 | 000 | 01 | |
| | 757 | 00 | 02 | 97 | | 1331 | 00 | ()4 | 3 |
| | 730 | 00 | 06 | 95 | | 1261 | 00 | 07 | (|
| | 720 | 00 | 00 | 54 | | 1465 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 728 | 00 | 03 | 51 | | 1262 | 00 | 06 | |
| | 706 | 00 | 07 | 57 | | 1266 | 00 | 05 | (|
| | 725 | 00 | 01 | 65 | | 1278 | 00 | 10 | |
| | | 00 | 11 . | 42 | | 1275 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 123 | 00 | 01 | 74 | | 1276 | 00 | 01 | |
| | | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1277 1233 | 00 | 00 07 | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | | | == -=== .=:: | - 11 Vantaurius | o) tare. |
|----------|-------------|----|----|----------|----------|--------------|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| नुषाकाटा | 1232 | 00 | 00 | | | 2 | | | e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e |
| | 1230 | 00 | 02 | 64 | मूषाकाटा | 794 | 00 | 13 | 2 |
| | 1229 | 00 | 03 | 41 | | 795 | 00 | AÇ. | $d_{_{2}}$ |
| | 1227 | 00 | 17 | 13 | | 798 | 00 | 0] | 80 |
| | 1228 | 00 | 01 | 08 | | 797 | 99 | ts. | |
| | 1223 | 00 | 00 | 20 | | 796 | 90 | ⑪ | ٠٤٠ |
| | 1224 | 00 | 05 | 27 51 | | 824 | 00 | 194 | 2: |
| | 1220 | 00 | 11 | 53 | | 853 | 00 | (1) | 70 |
| | 1298 | 00 | 01 | 33 42 | | 852 | 00 | 0. | |
| | 1297 | 00 | 03 | 03 | | 836 | ∞ | Œ | 51 |
| | 1295 | 00 | 13 | 52 | | 851 | 00 | Œ | 37 |
| | 1307 | 00 | 00 | 32 81 | | 850 | 00 | 01 | Q ₂ |
| | 1308 | 00 | 00 | 33 | | 849 | 00 | 05 | 07 |
| | 1306 | 00 | 00 | 33 10 | | 861 | 00 | 60 | 82 |
| | 1305 | 00 | 01 | | | 847 | 00 | 80 | 183 4 3 3 1 mg |
| | 1120 | 00 | 21 | 33 18 | | 846 | 00 | 10 | 05 |
| | 1129 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 845 | 00 | 05 | (3) |
| | 1132 | 00 | 01 | 31 | | 882 | 00 | 90 | 20 |
| | 1131 | 00 | 05 | 36 | | 883 | 00 | 17 | 26 |
| | 1128 | 00 | 0! | 30 21 | | 884 | 00 | 01 | 30 |
| | 1127 | 00 | 01 | 21 05 | | 885 | 00 | 02 | 46 |
| | 1138 | 00 | 08 | 56 | | 886 | 00 | 01 | 62 |
| | 1091 | 00 | 01 | 29 | | 887 | 00 | 06 | 13 |
| | 1092 | 00 | 03 | 62 | | 1361 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 1090 | 00 | 09 | 14 | | 91 | 00 | 01 | 80 |
| | 1088 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 89 | 00 | 14 | 16 |
| | 1089 | 00 | 00 | 24 | | 1359 | 00 | œ | 91 |
| | 1080 | 00 | 01 | 56 | | 88 87 | 00 | 05 | 33 |
| | 1079 | 00 | 04 | 97 | | | 00 | 01 | 13 |
| | 1031 | 00 | 00 | 10 | बाउँशजाल | 1399 | 00 | 02 | 83 |
| | 779 | 00 | 01 | 76 | पाठराजाल | 2426 | 00 | 02 | 74 |
| | 780 | 00 | 07 | 65 | | 2425 | 00 - | 04 | 42 |
| | 775 | ω | 03 | 13 | | 2420 | 00 | 03 | 44 |
| | 1027 | 00 | 00 | 20 | | 2418 | 000 | 08 | 26 |
| | 781 | 00 | 02 | 13 | | 2419 | 00 | 02 | 74 |
| | <i>7</i> 74 | 00 | 02 | 02 | | 2331 | 00 | 03 | 51 |
| | 782 | 00 | 03 | 14 | | 2300 | 00 | 01 | 7 9 |
| | 785 | 00 | 05 | 24 | | 2310 | 00 | 03 | 61 |
| | 793 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 2311 2308 | 00 00 | 00 01 | 69 |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | . 3 | 4 | 5 |
|--------------|------|------|-------|-----|----------|---------------|---------|-----|----------|
| बाउँशजाल | 2312 | 00 | 03 | 01 | बाउँशजाल | 1944 | 00 | 03 | 05 |
| 4107(-117) | 2307 | 00 | 00 | 25 | | 1943 | 00 | 04 | 98 |
| | 2306 | 00 | 02 | 22 | | 1942 | 00 | 00 | 59 |
| | 2305 | 00 | 00 | 81 | | 1789 | 00 | 01 | 1.3 |
| | 2280 | 00 | 60 | 28 | | 1788 | 00 | 06 | 30 |
| | 2304 | 00 | 01 | 80 | | i 787 | 00 | 00 | 65 |
| | 2303 | 00 | 01 | 87 | , | 1762 | 00 | 00 | 26 |
| | 2302 | - 00 | 01 | 24 | | 1768 | 00 | 00 | {(· |
| | 2286 | 00 | 03 | 66 | | 1785 | O. | 03 | 50 |
| | 2288 | 00 | 00 | 31 | | 1769 | 900 | 00 | 3.3 |
| | 2295 | 00 | 02 | 93 | | 1771 | (X) | 04 | 39 |
| | 2294 | 00 | 01 | 01 | | 1773 | O: | 00 | 10 |
| | 2293 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1772 | • 7 · | -31 | . 4 |
| | 2291 | 00 | 02 | 38 | | 1742 | | 115 | 5 |
| | 2289 | 00 | 00 | 26 | | 1741 | \$ 2°,1 | 499 | 26 |
| | 2290 | 00 | 01 | 20 | | 1 7 39 | (4) | Œ | GC. |
| | 2218 | 00 | 01 | 42 | | 1740 | 4.1 | ;); | 1.5 |
| | 2510 | 00 | 000 | 20 | | 1720 | 000 | 00 | 1. |
| | 2225 | 00 | 93 | 46 | | 1721 | 00 | 03 | 8 |
| | 2220 | 00 | 03 | 35 | | 1728 | 00 | 01 | Q |
| | 2224 | 00 | (0) | 20 | | 1727 | 00 | 00 | 6 |
| | 2221 | 00 | 62 | 02 | | 1722 | 00 | 00 | 1 |
| | 2213 | 00 | ÌÌ | 40 | | 1726 | 000 | 000 | 1 |
| | 2169 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1754 | 00 | 02 | S |
| | 2212 | 00 | Π | 81 | | 1723 | 00 | 03 | 1 |
| | 2210 | 00 | 00 | 60 | | 1666 | 000 | 01 | 3 |
| | 2211 | 00 | 01 | 17 | | 1754 | 00 | 02 | 8 |
| | 2174 | CΩ | ist. | 60 | | 2523 | 000 | 01 | |
| | 2176 | 00 | NF: | 79 | | 1635 | 00 | 01 | 5 |
| | 2175 | 00 | 01 | 41 | | 1636 | 000 | 01 | <i>(</i> |
| | 1954 | 00 | 13 | 98 | | 1634 | 00 | 01 | 4 |
| | | | | 2.4 | | 1633 | 00 | (P | |

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| भाग [[—खर | | | | | र 11, 2010/भाद्र 2 | | | | 6229 |
|-----------|------|----|-----|------------|--------------------|------------|----------|----------|------|
| l • | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| गउँशजाल | 932 | 00 | 00 | 24 | बाउँशजाल | 72 | 00 | 59 | 60 |
| | 938 | 00 | 01 | 99 | | 32 | 00 | 04 | 0 |
| | 937 | 00 | 02 | 66 | | 29 | 00 | 06 | 82 |
| | 936 | 00 | 01 | 17 | | 28 | 00 | 16 | 02 |
| | 942 | 00 | 03 | 69 | | 23 | 00 | 09 | 36 |
| | 304 | 00 | 05 | 09 | | 27 | 00 | 00 | 49 |
| | 303 | 00 | 00 | 96 | | 24 | 00 | 10 | 73 |
| | 305 | 00 | 00 | 38 | | 2559 | 00 | 00 | 32 |
| | 306 | 00 | 02 | 13 | | 21 | 00 | 00 | 18 |
| | 302 | 00 | 01 | 12 | | 22 | 00 | 71 | 52 |
| | 322 | 00 | 02 | 28 | | 2558 | 00 | 05 | 39 |
| | 301 | 00 | 01 | 30 | | 58 | 00 | 07 | 35 |
| | 323 | 00 | 00 | 25' | एरण्डिबाहाल | 117 | 00 | 04 | 89 |
| | 300 | 00 | 03 | 7 9 | | 115 | 00 | 16 | 88 |
| | 290 | 00 | 00 | 46 | | 114 | 00 | 02 | 12 |
| | 299 | 00 | 00 | 57 | | 113 | 00 | 27 | 89 |
| | 292 | 00 | 01 | 61 | | 101 | 00 | 08 | 30 |
| | 293 | 00 | 02 | 73 | | 99 | 00 | 15 | 06 |
| | 291 | 00 | 02 | 77 | • | 98 | 00 | 17 | 82 |
| | 269 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 97 | 00 | 52 | 33 |
| | 264 | 00 | 04 | 02 | चारमाल | 1483 | 00 | 14 | 50 |
| | 266 | 00 | 00 | 93 | केउटिबाहाल | 354 | 00 | 57 | 75 |
| | 265 | 00 | 04 | 40 | | 353 | 00 | 17 | 54 |
| | 274 | 00 | 00 | 16 | | 404 | 00 | 08 | 30 |
| | 259 | 00 | 05 | 61 | | 352 | 00 | 02 | 51 |
| | 260 | 00 | 00 | 66 | | 366 | 00 | 13 | 02 |
| | 257 | 00 | 00 | 43 | | 351 | 00 | 29 | 24 |
| | 256 | 00 | 04 | 91 | मुगपाल ं | 504 | 00 | 39 | |
| | 227 | 00 | 04 | 64 | 31110 | 498 | | | 97 |
| | 232 | 00 | 00 | 39 | | 496 497 | 00 | 00 20 | 97 |
| • | 229 | 00 | 02 | 04 | | 497 496 | 00 00 | 22 | 07 |
| | 230 | 00 | 01 | 23 | | 444 | | 00 | 20 |
| | 148 | 00 | 02. | 70 | | 494 | 00 | 00 | _20 |
| | 235 | 00 | 02 | 33 | | | 00 | 04 | 22 |
| | 116 | 00 | 13 | 71 | | 434 | 00 | 12 | 51 |
| | 115 | 00 | 03 | 25 | | 166 | 01 | 03 | 46 |
| | 2447 | 00 | 11 | 8 7 | | 167 | 00 | 70 | 20 |
| | 74 | 00 | 05 | 12 | | 162 | 01 | 06 | 30 |
| | 75 | 00 | 07 | 90 | | 519 | 00 | 08 | 37 |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|--------------|------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-------|-----|------|----------------|
| नुगपाल | 518 | 00 | 02 | 41 | लम्बखेता | 209 | 000 | 00 | 10 |
| | 152 | 00 | 66 | 45 | | 161 | 00 | 61 | 69 |
| | 141 | 00 | 30 | 92 | | 136 | 00 | - 41 | 47 |
| | 150 | 00 | 01 | 48 | | 40 | 00 | 61 | 35 |
| | 148 | 00 | 00 | 64 | | 48 | 01 | 00 | 72 |
| | 147 | 00 | 20 | 76 | मुचिबाहाल | 1203 | 00 | 13 | 4. |
| | 93 | 00 | 01 | 70 | 3 | 1197 | 00 | 39 | 9 |
| | 94 | 00 | 09 | 81 | | 1187 | 00 | 35 | Q _i |
| | 95 | 00 | 08 | 42 | | 1186 | 00 | 06 |](|
| | 47 | 00 | 16 | 20 | | 1198 | 00 | 02 | 5 |
| | 42 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1185 | 00 | 11 | 8 |
| | 43 | 00 | 01 | 76 | | 1158 | 00 | 40 | 0 |
| | 44 | 00 | 03 | 75 | | 1157 | 00 | 02 | 5 |
| | 17 | 00 | 36 | 55 | | 1154 | 00 | 36 | 5 |
| | 18 | 00 | 13 | 85 | | 1149 | 00 | 00 | 2 |
| | 22 | 00 | 18 | 76 | | 1148 | 00 | 00 | |
| ुल्हिआ बाहाल | 132 | 00 | 51 | 67 | | 1147 | 00 | 12 | 1 |
| , | 131 | 00 | 12 | 14 | | 878 | 00 | 17 | (|
| | 121 | 00 | 65 | 15 | | 904 | 00 | 11 | |
| | 118 | 00 | 02 | 10 | | 905 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 111 | 00 | 37 | 95 | | 901 | 00 | 05 | |
| | 145 | 00 | 05 | 47 | | 906 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 144 | 00 | 12 | 82 | | 907 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 143 | 00 | 07 | 02 | | 908 | 00 | 04 | |
| | 141 | 00 | 16 | 42 | | 952 | 00 | 03 | 1 |
| | 81 | 00. | 19 | 36 | | 951 | 00 | 06 | ; |
| | 138 | 00 | 09 | 99 | | 949 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 139 | 00 | 00 | 29 | | 956 | 000 | 04 | |
| | 136 | 00 | 10 | 21 | | 986 | 00 | 32 | |
| | 137 | 00 00 | 00 01 | 58 05 | | 984 | 00 | 36 | |
| | 132 130 | 00 | 11 | 66 | | 167 | 00 | 50 | |
| | 129 | 00 | 04 | 73 | | 157 | 00 | 20 | |
| | 85 | 00 | 01 | 77 | | 155 | 00 | 08 | |
| | 76 | 00 | 22 | 17 | | 196 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 74 | 00 | 10 | 25 | | 145 | 00 | 06 | |
| | 87 | 00 | 15 | 00 | | 144 | 00 | 01 | |
| | | | | | | • • • | | | |

2 (18.19

(Orissa).

| ==== | | | | णपत्र : स्तिम्ब | र 11, 2010/भाद्र 2 | 20, 1932 — — — | | | 6231 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------|--------------|----------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | | SC | CHEDULE | | |
| मुचिबाहाल | 271 | 00 | 02 | 33 | Tehsil: Rair | akhol | | District: Sa | • |
| | 265 | 00 | 08 | 50 | Name of the | ne Plot No. | | State: Oris | sa |
| | 276 | 00 | 23 | 75 | | ie Plot No. | | Area | |
| | 278 | 00 | 00 | 10 | Village | | Hectore | e Are | Sq. mtr. |
| | 279 | 00 | 05 | 25 | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| | 299 | 00 | 01 | 74 | Jhinkidadar | 1888 | 00 | 02 | 93 |
| | 300 | 00 | 15 | 65 | | 2111 | 00 | 00 | 19 |
| | 293 | 00 | 00 | 30 | | 1991 | 00 | 36 | |
| | 298 | 00 | 00 | 39 | | 1974 | 00 | 02 | 04 |
| | 296 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1975 | | | 83 |
| | 311 | 00 | 01 | 99 | | | 00 | 15 | 36 |
| | 309 | 00 | 02 | 73 | | 1977 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 310 | 00 | 23 | 95 | | 1978 | 00 | 01 | 13 |
| सत्यानन्दपालि | 792 | 00 | 05 | 95 | | 1984 | 00 | 02 | 19 |
| ओरफ गएलचरा | 1131 | 00 | 01 | 14 | | 1980 | 00 | 00 | 75 |
| | 788 | 00 | 04 | 38 | | 1981 | . 00 | 04 | 89 |
| | | [F. No. R-2 | 5011/35/201 | 0-OR-11 | | 1989 | 00 | 13 | 72 |
| | | | . के. दत्ता, अव | - | | 1990 | 00 | 02 | 90 |
| MINICEDIA | N. P. P. Comp. of | | | | | 1907 | 00 | 04 | 54 |
| MINISTRY O | | | | JGAS | | 1908 | 00 | 00 | 89 |
| | | e 9th Septemb | | | | 1909 | 00 | 01 | 73 |
| S.O. 232 | 5.—Whe | reas, it appe | ears to the | Central | | 1943 | 00 | 02 | 64 |
| overnment that or the transport | it it is nec | essary in the | public inter | est that | | 1942 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| Prissa) to Raip | ur (Chhatt | tisgarh) and F | Ranchi (Jharl | Paradip khand) | | 1945 | 00 | 09 | 41 |
| "Paradip- Sam | balpur-Ra | ipur-Ranchi | Pipeline" she | ould be | | 1938 | 00 | 00 | |
| id by Indian O | | | | | | 1936 | 00 | | 10 |
| And where at for the pu | eas, it app | ears to the C | entral Gove | rnment | | 1935 | | 00 | 31 |
| cessary to acq | uire the ri | ght of user in | the land des | e, it is scribed | | | 00 | 00 | 61 |
| the schedule | annexed t | o this notific | ation; | , | | 1934 | 00 | 01 | 04 |
| Now, there | efore, in e | xercise of the | e powers cor | nferred | | 1933 | 00 | 01 | 22 |
| Sub-section | (1) of Se | ection 3 of t | he Petroleu | m and | | 1932 | 00 | 00 | 99 |
| inerals Pipelin et, 1962 (50 of | es (Acqui f 1962) ti | sition of Kigi he Central G | ht of User in | Land) | | 2126 | 00 | 04 | 88 |
| clares its inten | tion to ac | quire the rig | tht of user th | nereby nerein: | | 1946 | 00 | 00 | 55 |
| | | ed in the lan | | | | 1595 | 00 | 02 | 63 |
| id schedule ma | y, within | twenty-one of | days from th | e date | | 1592 | 00 | 02 | 63 |
| which the cop Gazette of Ir | oies of thi | is notificatio | n, as publis | hed in | | 1156 | 00 | 01 | 07 |
| blic, object in | writing to | the acquisit | ion of the ri | eneral ght of | | 1157 | 00 | 02 | 67 |
| r therein by la | ying of th | e pipeline un | der the land | to Sri | | 1158 | | 00 | 45 |
| kanta Kumar P | radhan, C | ompetent Au | thority. Indi | an Oil | | 1159 | | 01 | 63 |
| rporation Limit peline Project, 1 | icu, Paradi 295, Fore | ıp - sambalpı st Park. Bhul | ır -Kaipur - R baneswar-75 | Kanchi 1 000 | | 1160 | | 00 | 81 |
| rissa). | , | | | . 007, | | 1161 | | 01 | 20 |

| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|-------------|------|-----|-----|------------|---------------|------|-----|-----|-----|
| Jhinkidadar | 1162 | 00 | 00 | 40 | Jhinkidadar | 83 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| Jiiiiiiiii | 1163 | 00 | 03 | 55 | | 80 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 1155 | 00 | 00 | 28 | | 56 | 00 | 01 | 99 |
| | 1172 | 00 | 00 | 40 | | 55 | 00 | 00 | 71 |
| | 1171 | 00 | 00 | 81 | | 2128 | 00 | 01 | 74 |
| | 1170 | 00 | 00 | 40 | | 38 | 00 | 03 | 80 |
| | 1173 | 00 | 02 | 35 | | 49 | 00 | 01 | 58 |
| | 1169 | 00 | 00 | 31 | | 39 | 00 | 08 | 31 |
| | 1174 | 00 | 00 | 51 | | 48 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 1177 | 00 | 04. | 34 | | 47 | 00 | 01 | 81 |
| | 1175 | 00 | 00 | 80 | | 45 | 00 | 03 | 76 |
| | 1176 | 00 | 00 | 94 | | 46 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 1192 | 00 | 00. | 10 | | 44 | 00 | 03 | 02 |
| | 1191 | 00 | 06 | 14 | | 43 | 00 | 01 | OS |
| | 1186 | 00 | 03 | 63 | | 24 | 00 | 03 | 97 |
| | 1187 | 00 | 00 | 63 | | 23 | 00 | 00 | 69 |
| | 1188 | 00 | 03 | 19 | | 25 | 00 | 05 | 84 |
| | 1189 | 00 | 02 | 51 | | 22 | 00 | 04 | 2 |
| | 1190 | 00 | 00 | 28 | | 21 | 00 | 03 | 3 |
| | 1102 | 00 | 06 | 74 | | 20 | 00 | 600 |](|
| | 1101 | 00 | 07 | 23 | | i | 00 | 40 | 6 |
| | 1100 | 00 | 20 | 23 | Khajurijharan | 394 | 00 | 01 | 7. |
| | 2097 | 00 | 00 | 83 | | 393 | 00 | 03 | 9 |
| | 961 | 00 | 07 | 11 | | 396 | 00 | 05 | 0 |
| | 960 | 00 | 01 | 46 | | 397 | 00 | 06 | 8 |
| | 2084 | 00 | 09 | 51 | | 398 | 00 | (X) | 5 |
| | 962 | 00 | 00 | <i>7</i> 9 | | 405 | 00 | 40 | 3 |
| | 959 | 00 | 00 | 64 | | 399 | 00 | 00 | 7 |
| | 958 | 00 | 00 | 31 | | 400 | 00 | 08 | 8 |
| | 973 | 00 | 06 | 67 | | 401 | 00 | 04 | ., |
| | 963 | 00 | 02 | 11 | | 403 | 00 | 00 | 1 |
| | 964 | 00 | 01 | 20 | | 402 | 00 | 00 | ? |
| | 967 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 344 | 00 | 21 | 4 |
| | 965 | 00 | 00 | 20 | | 345 | 00 | 11 | 7 |
| | 99 | 00 | 01 | 62 | | 346 | 00 | 05 | } |
| | 76 | 00 | 04 | 79 | | 342 | 00 | 80 | 2 |
| | 81 | 00 | 04 | 00 | | 348 | 00 | 02 | 5 |
| | 77 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 350 | 00 | 00 | 5 |
| | 82 | 00 | 05 | 28 | | 338 | 00 | 03 | |

| [भाग —खण्ड | 5 3(11)] | | मारत का रा | जपत्र : ।सतम्ब | R 11, 2010/भाद्र 2 | 20, 1932 | - | | 623 |
|--------------|----------|-----|------------|----------------|--------------------|------------|---------------|-----|------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (. |
| Kulhamalia | 399 | 00 | 04 | 00 | Kulhamalia | 506 | 00 | 05 | (|
| | 402 | 00 | 05 | 51 | | 596 | 00 | 00 | 2 |
| | 405 | 00 | 12 | 67 | | 507 | 00 | 00 | 6 |
| | 406 | 00 | 03 | 03 | | 508 | 00 | 00 | ı |
| | 556 | 00 | 17 | 41 | | 98 | 00 | 10 | 4 |
| | 418 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 90 | 00 | 12 | 2 |
| | 416 | 00 | 06 | 69 | | 97 | 00 | 00 | 5 |
| | 415 | 00 | 05 | 14 | | 96 | 00 | 02 | 4 |
| | 414 | 00 | 02 | 54 | | 94 | 00 | 00 | 1 |
| | 420 | 00 | 09 | 21 | | 91 | 00 | 09 | 4 |
| | 475 | 00 | 01 | 00 | | 87 | 00 | 00 | 1 |
| | 474 | 00 | 00 | 64 | | 83 | 00 | 00 | 7: |
| | 473 | 00 | 03 | 77 | | 82 | 00 | 00 | 4 |
| | 472 | 00 | 02 | 88 | | 74 | 00 | 07 | 4 |
| | 478 | 00 | 00 | 53 | | <i>7</i> 7 | 00 | 04 | ^ 20 |
| | 471 | 00 | 02 | 20 | | 75 | 00 | 47 | 39 |
| | 490 | 00 | 01 | 14 | | 42 | 00 | 02 | 88 |
| | 470 | 00 | 00 | 82 | | 43 | 00 | 13 | 45 |
| | 491 | 00 | 02 | 54 | | 44 | 00 | 00 | 94 |
| | 492 | 00 | 09 | 20 | | 24 | 00 | 18 | 35 |
| | 489 | 00 | 00 | 77 | | 25 | 00 | 00 | 49 |
| | 469 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 22 | 00 | 07 | 12 |
| | 493 | 00 | 01 | 74 | | 573 | 00 | 03 | 25 |
| | 494 | 00 | 02 | 42 | Barakura | 2385 | 00 | 39 | 84 |
| | 464 | 00 | 02 | 65 | | 2383 | 00 | 13. | 78 |
| | 495 | 00 | 01 | 08 | | 2381 | 00 | 02 | 17 |
| | 496 | 00 | 02 | 02 | | 2394 | 00 | 70 | 90 |
| | 497 | 00 | 01 | 48 | | 2208 | 00 | 02 | 50 |
| | 498 | 00 | 01 | 21 | | 2209 | 00 | 09 | 90 |
| | 499 | 00 | 01 | 28 | | 2216 | 00 | 00 | 63 |
| | 500 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 2218 | 00 | 10 | 55 |
| | 511 | 00 | 01 | 73 | | 2393 | 00 | 67 | 42 |
| | 501 | 00 | 02 | 42 | | 2219 | 00 | 04 | 34 |
| | 502 | 00 | 01 | 60 | | 2221 | 00 | 16 | 92 |
| | 503 | 00 | 10 | 62 | | 2226 | 00 | 00 | 56 |
| | 504 | 00 | 04 | 09 | | 2167 | 00 | 01 | 61 |
| | 509 | 00 | 09 | 03 | | 2165 | 00 | 12 | 69 |
| | 604 | 00 | 00 | 40 | | 2163 | 00 | 05 | 70 |
| | 505 | 00 | 00 | 40 | | 2648 | 00 | 00 | 10 |

| | _::=::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::: | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|---|------|------------|-----|--------------|------|------|------|-------------------|----|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | |
| Barakura - | 1193 | 00 | 02 | 74 | Barakura | 1365 | 00 | 00 | 81 | |
| | 1195 | 00 | 07 | 40 | | 1366 | 00 | (X) | XI | |
| | 11:14 | 00 | 00 | 20 | | 1074 | 00 | (31) | 20 | |
| | 1247 | (x) | (X) | 81 | | 1372 | 00 | (X) | 81 | |
| | 1246 | (X) | 00 | 45 | | 1369 | 00 | ()() | ii) | |
| | 1248 | 00 | α | 10 | | 1367 | 000 | 01 | 1.4 | |
| | 1251 | 30) | 00 | 81 | | 2461 | 00 | ()() | 354 | |
| | 1245 | 00 | ()) | 62 | | 1370 | 00 | ()() | 7() | |
| | 1244 | (0) | (B) | 43 | | 1371 | 00 | 00 | 25 | |
| | 1196 | 33 | 0) | 40 | | 1368 | 00 | 02 | U. | |
| | 1266 | 60 | 02 | 47 | | 1383 | 000 | 03 | 15 | |
| | 154 | (3) | 03 | 60 | | 1382 | 000 | ()() | \mathcal{U}_{i} | |
| | +365 | (3) | Ö5 | 76 | | 1072 | 000 | 00) | ļ. <u>.</u> | |
| | | 0) | (X) | 16 | | 1058 | 000 | 14) | 19 | |
| | 1268 | (X) | AS | OS | | 2547 | 000 | 00 | 12 | |
| | 1269 | (£) | ω | 99 | | 1057 | 00 | (X) | , - | |
| | 1273 | Œ: | 02 | 46 | | 1049 | 000 | 03 | | |
| | 1271 | 000 | (2) | 122 | | 1048 | ()() | d) | ١. | |
| 1272 | 1272 | (A) | 00 | 27 | | | 1388 | 00 | (X) | į: |
| | 1313 | w | 05 | 22 | | | 1050 | 000 | 0; | |
| | 1318 | Ø | 00 | 20 | | 1047 | (X) | U) | <u>.</u> | |
| | 13!4 | 1)() | 90 | 81 | 1046 1045 | 1046 | 000 | (2) | 1-1 | |
| | 1311 | (X) | (X) | 81 | | 1045 | ()() | œ | 17. | |
| | 1315 | 00 | (A) | 20 | | 1036 | 00 | 01 | .** | |
| | 1312 | 936 | €;} | 21 | | 2544 | 00 | OΙ | 11 | |
| | 1283 | 00 | ()() | 49 | | 1035 | 00 | 01 | Äį | |
| | 1284 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 2545 | 00 | 02 | i, | |
| | 3310 | 00 | 00 | 16 | | 1034 | 00 | ()() | 77 | |
| | 1306 | 00 | 06 | 55 | | 1032 | 00 | ()4 | 45 | |
| | 1305 | 00 | 01 | 21 | | 1031 | 00 | 0) | 17 | |
| | LXH | 00 | 01 | 21 | | 1033 | 00 | 02 | .1 | |
| | 2555 | 00 | 02 | 82 | | 1022 | 00 | 01 | (4) | |
| | 1 440 | 00 | 00 | 90 | | 2542 | 00 | 00 | 11 | |
| | 0354 | 00 | 02 | 83 | | 1019 | 00 | 02 | 82 | |
| | 1365 | 00 | 01 | 30 | | 1021 | 00 | .00 | . (() | |
| | 1356 | 00 | 01 | 62 | | 1020 | 00 | 03 | <u>]</u> 3 | |
| | 1076 | 00 | 05 | 16 | | 1018 | 00 | 000 | !() | |
| | 1177 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1015 | 00 | 01 | (H | |
| | 1364 | 00 | 00 | 75 | | 1013 | 00 | 10 | 13 | |

| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (3) |
|----------|------|------|-----|------------|------------|------------|-----|-------------|---------------------------|
| Barakura | 1024 | 00 | 00 | 26 | Barakura | 406 | 00 | RF | يداً ين دستسد مور 2 |
| | 533 | 00 | 01 | 13 | | 408 | 00 | (X) | 20 |
| | 538 | 00 | 00 | 56 | | 405 | 00 | 99 | 43 |
| | 537 | 00 | 03 | 72 | | 404 | 00 | 33 | 58 |
| | 536 | 00 | 00 | 57 | | 401 | 00 | (S) | 11s & 27s j |
| | 535 | 00 | 00 | 57 | | 2 | 00 | (#) | ¥i |
| | 540 | 00 | 00 | 20 | Narayanpur | 314 | 00 | K | <i>;</i> (; |
| | 546 | 00 | 05 | 51 | | 200 | 00 | 70 | <u>5</u> /- |
| | 547 | 00 | 00 | 17 | | 177 | 00 | 03 | A |
| | 548 | 00 | 01 | 64 | | 178 | 00 | 00 | (); |
| | 549 | 00 | 03 | 69 | | 329 | 00 | 04 | 83 |
| | 551 | 00 | 02 | 45 | | 136 | 00 | 05 | 01 |
| | 550 | 00 | 03 | 14 | | 124 | 00 | 02 | 78 |
| | 2424 | 00 | 00 | 38 | | 123 | 00 | 00 | 76 |
| | 2423 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 122 | 00 | 05 | 59 |
| | 567 | 00 | 04 | 11 | | 125 | 00 | 00 | 79 |
| | 566 | 00 | 03 | 96 | | 126 | 00 | 01 | 04 |
| | 561 | 00 | 10 | 69 | | 127 | 00 | 00 | 73 |
| | 565 | 00 | 00 | 14 | | 116 | 00 | 03 | 23 |
| | 564 | 00 | 00 | 40 | | 117 | 00 | 00 | 60 |
| | 563 | 00 | 00 | 95 | | 115 | 000 | 03 | 63 |
| | 562 | 00 | 04 | 72 | | 114 | 00 | 01 | 22 |
| | 588 | 00 | 04 | 16 | | 143 | (0) | 03 | 08 |
| | 590 | 00 | 04 | 18 | | 76 | 00 | 01 | 26 |
| | 589 | 00 | 00 | 42 | | 75 | 00 | 01 | 75 |
| | 591 | 00 | 01 | 41 | | 74 | 00 | 05 | 23 |
| | 496 | 00 | 00 | 19 | | 72 | 00 | 01 | 43 |
| | 592 | 00 | 02 | 37 | | 73 | 00 | 02 | 27 |
| | 495 | 00 | 01 | 00 | | 147 | 00 | 000 | 10 |
| | 494 | 00 | 04 | 17 | | 6 | 00 | 33 | 37 |
| | 593 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 5 | 00 | 01 | 01 |
| | 486 | 00 | 09 | 61 | *** | 3 | 00 | 00 | 31 |
| | 485 | - 00 | 10 | 63 | Khandahata | 1135 | 00 | 01 | 25 |
| | 477 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 966 | 00 | 04 | 00 |
| | 484 | 00 | 01 | 50 | | 947 940 | 00 | 44 | 14 |
| | 2416 | 00 | 03 | 88 | | 939 | 00 | 05 07 | 23 14 |
| | 414 | 00 | 05 | 7 9 | | 942 | 00 | 03 | 91 |
| | 407 | 00 | 04 | 04 | | 936 | 00 | 04 | 25 |
| | 2516 | 00 | 00 | 46 | | 1669 | 00 | 04 | 83 |

| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | <u>(l)</u> | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|-----------|------------|----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----|----------------|-----|-----|
| Tileimal | 315 | 00 | 00 | 10 | Jharamunda | 387 | 00 | 0.6 | 78 |
| | 265 | 00 | 09 | 37 | | 388 | 00 | 0.5 | 79 |
| | 264 | 00 | 00 | 74 | | 386 | 00 | 0.3 | 56 |
| | 262 | 00 | 02 | 56 | | 392 | 00 | 0.4 | 35 |
| | 263 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 383 | 00 | 00 | 55 |
| | 261 | 00 | 04 | 93 | | 583 | 00 | 10. | 78 |
| Badabahal | 708 | 00 | 09 | 04 | | 371 | 00 | 0.3 | 34 |
| | 709 | 00 | 11 | 71 | | 382 | 00 | 05 | 64 |
| | 711 | 00 | 07 | 57 | | 379 | ϵ_{j} | 03 | 00 |
| | 712 | 00 | 09 | 68 | | 378 | (0) | 08 | 81 |
| | 713 | 00 | 09 | 60 | | 376 | G i | 00 | 56 |
| | 716 | 00 | 15 | 24 | | 381 | ſ. | 01 | 90 |
| | 717 | 00 | 03 | 67 | | 377 | <i>(1</i>) | 01 | 57 |
| | 718 | 000 | 01 | 08 | Kelkata | 242 | s `) " | 03 | 55 |
| | 693 | 00 | 02 | 39 | | 334 | (6) | 01 | 42 |
| | 598 | 00 | 02 | 0.9 | | 331 | (%) | 01 | 62 |
| | 633 | 00 | 02 | 13 | | 332 | 90 | 03 | 88 |
| | 632 | 00 | 11 | 75 | | 337 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 623 | - 00 | 0.5 | 58 | | 338 | 00 | 00 | 24 |
| | 80.9 | 00 | 0.3 | 87 | | 330 | 00 | 01 | 27 |
| | 624 | 00 | 04 | 20. | | 329 | 00 | 00 | 81 |
| | 625 | 00 | 01 | 89 | | 328 | 00 | 00 | 8 |
| | 479 | 00 | 04 | 30 | | 326 | 00 | 00 | 8 |
| | 477 | 00 | 01 | 20 | | 327 | 00 | 00 | 60 |
| | 441 | 00 | 04 | 11 | | 323 | 00 | 00 | 87 |
| | 444 | 00 | .0 | 37 | | 324 | 000 | 02 | 7 |
| | 472 | 00 | 05 | 01 | | 325 | 00 | 01 | 7 |
| | 474 | 00 | 20 | 54 | | 322 | 00 | 01 | 20 |
| | 473 | 00 | 36 | 09 | | 321 | 000 | 00 | 9 |
| | 470 | 00 | 11 | 0.7 | | 254 | 00 | 00 | 7. |
| | 482 | 00 | 0.3 | 98 | | 255 | 00 | 03 | 2 |
| | 545 | 00 | 00 | 55 | | 319 | 00 | 000 | 1 |
| | 544 | 00 | 0.2 | 71 | | 318 | 00 | 05 | 4 |
| | 543 543 | 00 | 0.3 | 21 0.6 | | 317 | 00 | 00 | 7 |
| | 542 540 | 00 00 | 10 0.2 | 0.6 75 | | 256 | 00 | 03 | 4 |
| | 537 | 00 | 04 | 73 52 | | 257 | 00 | 00 | 7 |
| | 533 | 00 | 03 | 62 | | 265 | 00 | 08 | 6 |
| | 536 | 00 | 18 | 12 | | 264 | 00 | 01 | 6 |
| | 519 | 00 | 01 | 51 | | 263 | 00 | 00 | 3 |

| | ड 3(ii)] | | | ···· | र 11, 2010/भाद्र 20 | | | | 6237 |
|---------|----------|-----|-------------|------|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kelkata | 262 | 00 | 00 | 21 | Kelkata | 38 | 00 | 02_ | 00 |
| | 261 | 00 | 01 | 2 | | 46 | 00 | 10 | 97 |
| | 267 | 00 | 02 | 35 | | 410 | 00 | 00 | 73 |
| | 268 | 00 | 01 | 37 | | 411 | 00 | 01 | 35 |
| | 224 | 00 | 03 | 35 | | 412 | 00 | 00 | 84 |
| | 270 | 00 | 01 | 01 | Kendukata | 385 | 00 | 05 | 47 |
| | 273 | 00 | 00 | 81 | | 384 | 00 | 05 | 53 |
| | 274 | 00 | 02 | 80 | | 386 | 00 | 01 | 62 |
| | 272 | 00 | 01 | 62 | | 387 | 00 | 02 | 42 |
| | 283 | 00 | 04 | 20 | | 388 | 00 | 04 | 60 |
| | 275 | 00 | 02 | 46 | | 389 | 00 | 01 | 18 |
| | 276 | 000 | 02 | 23 | | 383 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 277 | 00 | 01 | 62 | | 381 | 00 | 01 | 53 |
| | 278 | 00 | 00 | 89 | | 382 | 00 | 00 | 86 |
| | 280 | 00 | 04 | 17 | | 380 | 00 | 00 | 69 |
| | 279 | 00 | 00 | 20 | | 379 | 00 | 01 | 79 |
| | 195 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 368 | 00 | 01 | 87 |
| | 186 | 00 | 00 | 75 | | 366 | 00 | 01 | 50 |
| | 160 | 00 | 06 | 61 | | 365 | 00 | 02 | 36 |
| | 161 | 00 | 01 | 98 | | 81 | 00 | 07 | 20 |
| | 162 | 00 | 04 | 07 | | 87 | 00 | 01 | 53 |
| | 163 | 00 | 01 | 33 | 86 | 00 | 00 | 37 | |
| | 171 | 00 | 04 | 17 | | 89 | 00 | 00 | 74 |
| | 170 | 00 | 04 | 20 | | 88 | 00 | 00 | 72 |
| | 169 | 00 | 04 | 52 | | 102 | 00 | 04 | 94 |
| | 166 | 00 | 00 | 13 | | 90 | 00 | 02 | 86 |
| | 168 | 00 | 00 | 17 | | 101 | 00 | 02 | 38 |
| | 175 | 00 | 00 | 60 | | 100 | 00 | 00 | 57 |
| | 116 | 00 | 01 | 13 | | 103 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 119 | 00 | 03 | 18 | | 135 | 00 | 03 | 80 |
| | 118 | 00 | 04 | 60 | | 134 | 00 | 03 | 23 |
| | 117 | 00 | 04 | 76 | | 136 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 115 | 00 | 00 | 33 | | 133 | 00 | 01 | 61 |
| | 114 | 00 | 02 | 25 | | 109 | 00 | 00 | 92 |
| | 26 | 00 | 04 | 85 | | 132 | 00 | 01 | 91 |
| | 35 | 00 | 03 | 13 | | 130 | 00 | 02 | 00 |
| | 39 | 00 | 13 | 09 | | 131 | 00 | 00 | 22 |
| | 36 | 00 | 01 | 42 | | 129 | 00 | 05 | 07 |
| | 37 | 00 | 00 | 56 | | 128 | 00 | 01 | 52 |

| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|-------------|------------|----------|----------|------------|------------|-----|----------|------|-----|
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Kendukata | 147 | 00 | 03 | 68 | Purunagara | 279 | 00 | 19 | 80 |
| | 156 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 283 | 00 | 01 | 30 |
| | 155 | 00 | 00 m | 78 | | 284 | 00 | 09 | 10 |
| | 154 | 00 | 02 | 10 | | 207 | 00 | 10 | 88 |
| | 159 158 | 00 00 | 10 00 | 66 10 | | 168 | 00 | 10 | 9 |
| | 160 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 164 | 00 | 00 | 1 |
| | 161 | 00 | 03 | 76 | | 163 | 00 | 02 | 6. |
| | 167 | 00 | 04 | 18 | | 162 | 00 | 01 | 0 |
| | 165 | 00 | 05 | 24 | | 120 | 00 | 10 | 8: |
| | 182 | 00 | 09 | 07 | | 121 | 00 | 01 | 2 |
| | 181 | 00 | 06 | 03 | | 170 | 00 | 01 | 25 |
| | 186 | 00 | 02 | 09 | | 118 | (X) | 03 | (), |
| | ì | 00 | 07 | 25 | | 119 | 00 | 04 | 01 |
| Purunagara | 442 | 00 | 07 | 7 0 | | 112 | α | 01 | '1 |
| i urumagara | 445 | 00 | 07 | 06 | | 111 | 00 | 09 | 48 |
| | 457 | 00 | 08 | 03 | | 113 | (30) | 00 | ij |
| | 456 | 00 | 01 | 86 | | 104 | 00 | 04 | 8 |
| | 455 | 00 | 02 | 77 | | 103 | 00 | 03 | 9, |
| | 450 | 60 | 04 | 47 | | 102 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 452 | 00 | 00 | 58 | | 103 | 00 | 0.0 | 19 |
| | 451 | 00 | 04 | 98 | | 100 | 00 | 01 | j |
| | 423 | 00 | 01 | 37 | | 60 | ()() | 03 | 5 |
| | 412 | 00 | 04 | 88 | | 51 | 00 | 04 | ſ, |
| | 413 | 00 | 90 | 26 | | 52 | 00 | 37 | 0 |
| | 411 | 00 | 00 | <i>6</i> 9 | | 54 | 00 | 05 | 5 |
| | 414 | 00 | 05 | 69 | | 55 | 00 | 08 | 38 |
| | 422 | 00 | 01 | 09 | | 50 | 000 | 50 | G |
| | 415 | 00 | 00 | 29 | | 23 | 000 | ()() | 16 |
| | 416 | 00 | 96 | 18 | | 986 | 00 | 12 | 14 |
| | 417 | 00 | 01 | 35 | | 992 | 00 | 06 | (X |
| | 418 | 00 | 00 | 86 | | 37 | 00 | 45 | 80 |
| | 406 | 00 | 04 | 39 | Kuhi | 472 | 00 | 04 | 6 |
| | 395 | 00 | 00 | 52 | | 498 | 00 | 03 | .30 |
| | 407 | 00 | 10 | 12 | | 453 | 00 | 04 | 70 |
| | 327 | 00 | 03 | 16 | | 451 | 00 | 05 | 7- |
| | 328 | 00 | 02 | :0 :07 | | 454 | (X) | 01 | |
| | 326 | 00 | 06 | 65 | | 495 | 00 | 03 | 1 |
| | 317 | 00 | 01 | 63 | | 496 | ()() | 06 | 0 |

| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|------------|--------------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|--------------|-----|----------|----------|
| Kuhi | 450 | 00 | 01 | 41 | Podabalanda | 2266 | 00 | 01 | (5) |
| | 428 | 00 | 01 | 92 | rodabalalida | 2268 | 00 | | 73 |
| | 424 | 00 | 02 | 02 | | 2267 | 00 | 02 00 | 13 30 |
| | 417 | 00 | 04 | 16 | | 2247 | 00 | 01 | 97 |
| | 423 | 00 | 00 | 22 | | 2246 | 00 | 00 | 42 |
| | 425 | 00 | 00 | 31 | | 2086 | 00 | × 19 | 76 |
| | 418 | 00 | 07 | 03 | | 2095 | 00 | 12 | 09 |
| | 422 | 00 | 00 | 62 | | 2109 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 407 | 00 | 03 | 91 | | 2108 | 00 | 01 | 06 |
| | 419 | 00 | 03 | 02 | | 2107 | 00 | 04 | 36 |
| | 406 | 00 | 03 | 91 | | 2106 | 00 | 04 | 01 |
| | 404 | 00 | 01 | 16 | | 2105 | 00 | 03 | 66 |
| | 405 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 2104 | 00 | 01 | 51 |
| | 403 | 00 | 04 | 53 | | 2103 | 00 | 02 | 72 |
| | 399 | 00 | 02 | 83 | | 2102 | 00 | 01 | 96 |
| | 398 | 00 | 00 | 67 | | 2130 | 00 | 00 | 51 |
| | 401 | 00 | 01 | 35 | | 2131 | 00 | 05 | 20 |
| | 400 | 00 | 03 | 42 | | 2132 | 00 | 02 | 31 |
| | 384 | 00 | 03 | 46 | 2134 | 00 | 02 | 05 | |
| | 385 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 2135 | 00 | 01 | 80 |
| | 393 | 00 | 06 | 75 | | 2136 | 00 | 00 | 47 |
| | 394 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 2137 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 392 | 00 | 01 | 70. | | 1866 | 00 | 01 | 46 |
| | 387 | 00 | 04 | 53 | | 1864 | 00 | 01 | 21 |
| | 391 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1863 | 00 | 02 | 93 |
| | 388 | 00 | 01 | 27 | | 1821 | 00 | 08 | 40 |
| | 390 | 00 | 01 | 97 | | 1862 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 389 | 00 | 03 | 44 | | 1819 | 00 | 02 | 66 |
| | 276 | 00 | 26 | 41 | | 1820 | 00 | 01 | 21 |
| | 202 | 00 | 00 | 30 | | 1830 | 00 | 05 | 00 |
| | 277 | 00 | 00 | 68 | | 1818 | 00 | 00 | 59 |
| | 274 | 00 | 00 | 51 | | 1817 | 00 | 00 | 40 |
| | 273 | 00 | 06 | 47 | | 1816 | 00 | 01 | 25 |
| | 272 | 00 | 03 | 11 | | 1823 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| odabalanda | 2272 | 00 | 03 | 52 | | 1831 | 00 | 01 | 89 |
| | 2263 | 00 | 00 | 67 | | 1832 | 00 | 01 | 29 |
| | 2271 | 00 | 03 | 23 | | 1814 | 00 | 00 | 28 |
| | 2270 2265 | 00 00 | 03 02 | 33 96 | | 1829 1833 | 00 | 00 | 10 |

| (1) | (2) | (3) | .(4) | (5) | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|-------------|------|-----|------|------------|-------------|------|-----|-----|-----|
| Podabalanda | 1328 | 00 | 00 | 51 | Podabalanda | 1172 | 00 | 03 | 39 |
| | 1327 | 00 | 02 | 43 | | 1138 | 000 | 01 | 10 |
| | 2559 | 00 | 01 | 7 9 | | 1090 | 00 | 00 | 90 |
| | 1322 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1088 | 00 | 00. | 18 |
| | 1325 | 00 | 01 | <i>7</i> 3 | | 1089 | 000 | 02 | 0. |
| | 1326 | 00 | 02 | 31 | | 1086 | 00 | 00 | 16 |
| | 1331 | 00 | 05 | 93 | | 1085 | 00 | 03 | 1 |
| | 1311 | 00 | 00 | 14 | | 1084 | 00 | 03 | ì |
| | 1310 | 00 | 00 | 92 | | 1082 | 00 | 04 | ì |
| | 1333 | 00 | 00 | 99 | | 1091 | 00 | 02 | 1 |
| | 1335 | 00 | 00 | 26 | | 1080 | 00 | 03 | 7 |
| | 1285 | 00 | 01 | 27 | | 1042 | 00 | 00 | l |
| | 1284 | 00 | 01 | 20 | | 1043 | 00 | 00 | 4 |
| | 1281 | 00 | 02 | 02 | | 1044 | 00 | 02 | 2 |
| | 1282 | 00 | 01 | 20 | | 1046 | 00 | 06 | 7 |
| | 1280 | 00 | 01 | 31 | | 1045 | 00 | 00 | 1 |
| | 1283 | 00 | 00 | 63 | | 941 | 00 | 02 | • |
| | 1279 | 00 | 01 | 13 | | 942 | 00 | 00 | (|
| | 1234 | 00 | 01 | 72 | | 944 | 00 | 04 | (|
| | 1235 | 00 | 06 | 87 | | 945 | 00 | 00 | , |
| | 1236 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1030 | 00 | 000 | |
| | 2557 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 950 | 00 | 02 | (|
| | 1249 | 00 | 03 | 15 | | 949 | 00 | 02 | |
| | 1245 | 00 | 01 | 21 | | 948 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 1244 | 00 | 00 | 90 | | 951 | 00 | 00 | (|
| | 1242 | 00 | 02 | 34 | | 953 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 1243 | 00 | 00 | 88 | | 952 | 00 | 04 | |
| | 1178 | 00 | 01 | 41 | | 966 | 00 | 07 | ; |
| | 1179 | 00 | 00 | 96 | | 969 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 1177 | 00 | 02 | 26 | | 964 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 1176 | 00 | 00 | 13 | | 965 | 00 | 02 | |
| | 1174 | 00 | 02 | 42 | | 971 | 000 | 03 | |
| | 1184 | 00 | 00 | 18 | | 972 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 1175 | 00 | 00 | 27 | | 962 | 00 | 05 | , |
| | 2556 | 00 | 02 | 60 | | 424 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 1167 | 00 | 01 | 08 | | 425 | 00 | 04 | |
| | 1170 | 00 | 02 | 10 | | 427 | 00 | 04 | |
| | 1171 | 00 | 00 | 19 | | 428 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 1173 | 000 | 00 | 76 | | 429 | 00 | 02 | |

| [भाग ।[—खण्ड : |)(II)] | | मारत का राज | वित्र । तिसन्यर | र 11, 2010/भाद्र 2 | 0, 1932 | | | 624 |
|----------------|--------|-----|-------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------|----------|----------------|-----|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Podabalanda | 422 | 00 | 00 | 15 | Barabank | 2496 | . 00 | 08 | 4: |
| | 430 | 00 | 02 | 19 | | 2491 | 00 | 01 | 00 |
| | 432 | 00 | 01 | 41 | | 2492 | 00 | 00 | 65 |
| | 433 | 00 | 02 | 55 | | 2493 | 00 | 02 | 40 |
| | 434 | 00 | 00 | 60 | | 2494 | 00 | 08 | 7 |
| | 435 | 00 | 12 | 21 | | 2489 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 440 | 00 | 09 | 83 | | 2470 | 00 | 00 | 42 |
| | 466 | 00 | 07 | 08 | | 2466 | 00 | 02 | 64 |
| | 467 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 2463 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 464 | 00 | 06 | 45 | | 2465 | 00 | 02 | 4(|
| | 470 | 00 | 03 | 97 | | 2464 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 471 | 00 | 05 | 79 | | 2456 | 00 | 00 | 45 |
| | 460 | 00 | 08 | 09 | | 2457 | 00 | 02 | 42 |
| | 456 | 00 | 00 | 28 | | 2460 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 45e | 00 | 02 | 28 | | 2458 | 00 | 01 | 21 |
| | 459 | 00 | 02 | 02 | | 2459 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 301 | 00 | 01 | 95 | | 2224 | 00 | 01 | 67 |
| | 293 | 00 | 00 | 37 | | 2425 | 00 | 05 | 98 |
| | 292 | 00 | 00 | 82 | | 2429 | 00 | 02 | 97 |
| | 291 | 00 | 09 | 04 | | 2430 | 00 | 08 | 14 |
| | 295 | 00 | 01 | 16 | | 2433 | 00 | 01 | 25 |
| | 296 | 00 | 01 | 13 | | 2417 | 00 | 04 | 43 |
| | 290 | 00 | 10 | 52 | | 2415 | 00 | 01 | 67 |
| Badamal | 1482 | 00 | 08 | 82 | | 2416 | 00 | 06 | 21 |
| | 1475 | 00 | 02 | . 29 | | 2410 | 00 | 00 | 84 |
| | 1476 | 00 | 01 | <i>7</i> 7 | | 2411 | 00 | 02 | 87 |
| ı | 1472 | 00 | 02 | 12 | | 2409 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| • | 1470 | 00 | 08 | 19 | | 1318 | 00 | 07 | 600 |
| , | ·1471 | 00 | 00 | 68 | | 1302 | 00 | 03 | 83 |
| | 1454 | 00 | 07 | 99 | | 1304 | 90 | (4 | 20 |
| | 1453 | 00 | œ | . 84 | | 1303 | 00 | Œ | 94 |
| | 1452 | 00 | 05 | 11 | | 1305 | 00 | \mathfrak{B} | 59 |
| Barabank | 2569 | 00 | 06 | 68 | | 1312 | 00 | 01 | 28 |
| | 2570 | 00 | 14 | 75 | | 1313 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 2567 | 00 | 10 | 55 | | 1306 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 2568 | 00 | 06 | 66 | | 1309 | 00 | 04 | 71 |
| | 2566 | 00 | 02 | 14 | | 1308 | 00 | 02 | 95 |
| | 2495 | 00 | 07 | 81 | | 1296 | ∞ | 04 | 44 |
| | 2565 | 000 | 05 | <i>7</i> 2 | | 1284 | 00 | 07 | 66 |

| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | ιΞ) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|------|-----|------------|------------|----------|------|-----|------|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|-----|-----|---|----|
| Barabank | 2671 | 00 | 06 | 76 | Barabank | 612 | 00 | 03 | 86 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2672 | 00 | 06 | 25 | | 539 | 00 | (10) | 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1252 | 00 | 01 | 13 | | 529 | 00 | (3.) | 14 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1251 | 00 | 06 | 35 | | 613 | 00 | 04 | 03 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1243 | 00 | 01 | 7 9 | | 528 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1250 | 00 | 00 | 80 | | 616 | 000 | 03 | 13 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1249 | 00 | 01 | 02 | | 617 | 00 | υ3 | 38 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1244 | 00 | 01 | 20 | | 618 | 00 | 00 | 50 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1245 | 00 | 01 | 31 | | 622 | 00 | 01 | 473 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1248 | 00 | 02 | 82 | | 621 | 00 | 01 | 97 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1247 | (0) | e 1 | 81 | | 624 | 00 | 04 | :0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1158 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 632 | 00 | 0? | 31 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1159 | 00 | 00 | 20 | | 631 | 00 | 00 | 80 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1155 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 630 | 00 | 01 | 61 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1160 | 00 | 00 | 60 | | 625 | 00 | 00 | 26 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1161 | 00 | 02 | 42 | | 626 | 00 | 05 | ()? | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1246 | 00 | 00 | 45 | | 627 | 00 | 02 | 4/ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1162 | 00 | 02 | 83 | | 645 | 00 | 06 | 16 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1164 | 00 | 04 | 78 | | 398 | 00 | 01 | 41 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1163 | 00 | 00 | 23 | | 647 | 00 | 00 | 40 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1165 | 00 | 02 | 40 | | 646 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1166 | 00 | 01 | 90 | | 648 | 00 | 05 | 49 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1152 | 00 | 00 | 30 | | 649 | 00 | 02 | 17 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1138 | 00 | 05 | 04 | | 660 | 00 | 00 | 64 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1140 | 000 | 000 | 10 | | 355 | 00 | 00 | 30 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1137 | 00 | 05 | 25 | | 659 | 00 | 11 | 15 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1139 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 662 | 00 | 02 | 21 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 597 | 00 | 02 | 23 | | 664 | (x) | UΙ | 93 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1136 | 00 | 02 | 77 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 665 | (X) | W | 9(|
| | 600 | 00 | 03 | 92 | | 663 | 00 | 16 | 85 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 599 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 393 | 00 | 0.1 | 50 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 601 | 00 | 06 | 13 | Helai | 1426 | 00) | 02 | 0: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 602 | 00 | 00 | 18 | | 1409 | 00 | 16 | 8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 603 | 00 | 03 | 47 | | 1410 | 00 | 13 | 50 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 604 | 00 | 03 | 26 | | 1404 | 00 | 01 | 9. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 605 | 00 | 05 | ٤. | | 1403 | 00 | 11 | 14 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2637 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1398 | 00 | 02 | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 606 | 00 | 02 | 30 | | 1399 | 00 | 15 | 18 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 607 | 00 | 06 | 56 | | 1396 | 00 | 00 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| [भाग ! —ख | | (2) | भारत का राज | | | | | | 6243 |
|---------------|------|-----|-------------|-----|-------|------|----------|-----|------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5 |
| Helai | 1493 | 00 | 05 | 58 | Helai | 963 | 00 | 08 | 01 |
| | 1485 | 00 | 04 | 81 | | 894 | . 00 | 03 | 98 |
| | 1394 | 00 | 00 | 84 | | 893 | 00 | 05 | 94 |
| | 1330 | 00 | 00 | 28 | | 892 | 00 | 03 | 80 |
| | 1332 | 00 | 01 | 50 | | 876 | 00 | 06 | 09 |
| | 1331 | 00 | 05 | 07 | | 874 | 00 | 01 | 85 |
| | 1333 | 00 | 01 | 6! | | 877 | 00 | 000 | 72 |
| | 1340 | 00 | 01 | 61, | | 875 | (X) | 03 | 08 |
| | 1334 | 00 | 05 | 87 | | 871 | 00 | 07 | 95 |
| | 1335 | 00 | 02 | (x) | | 878 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 1338 | 00 | 05 | 0. | | 870 | 00 | 03 | 46 |
| | 1336 | 00 | 03 | 89 | | 869 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 1274 | 00 | 05 | 10 | | 888 | 00 | 01 | 94 |
| | 1275 | 00 | 00 | 27 | | 760 | 00 | 08 | 60 |
| | 1276 | 00 | 04 | 02 | | 1554 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 1277 | 00 | 05 | 50 | | 757 | 00 | 02 | 97 |
| | 1280 | 00 | 00 | 62 | | 730 | ∞ | 06 | 95 |
| | 1278 | 00 | 09 | 31 | | 729 | 00 | 00 | 54 |
| | 1212 | 000 | 05 | 60 | • | 728 | 00 | 03 | 51 |
| | 1279 | 00 | 06 | 15 | | 726 | 00 | 07 | 57 |
| | 1215 | 00 | 00 | 33 | | 725 | 000 | 01 | 65 |
| | 1214 | 00 | 05 | 61 | | 721 | 00 | 11 | 42 |
| | 1146 | 00 | 06 | 66 | | 722 | 000 | 01 | 74 |
| | 1145 | 00 | 06 | 01 | | 724 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 1144 | 00 | 13 | 60 | | 304 | 00 | 05 | 16 |
| | 1143 | 00 | 08 | 82 | | 268 | 00 | 00 | 70 |
| | 1141 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 267 | 00 | 02 | 82 |
| | 1142 | 00 | 06 | 75 | | 269 | 00 | 01 | 21 |
| | 1520 | 00 | 02 | 83 | | 270 | 00 | 02 | 01 |
| | 1120 | 00 | 000 | 46 | | 266 | 00 | 01 | 06 |
| | 1519 | 00 | 00 | 66 | | 272 | ·00 | 00 | 20 |
| | 1521 | 000 | 01 | 62 | | 271 | 00 | 01 | 62 |
| | 1522 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 274 | 00 | 00 | 77 |
| | 1071 | 000 | 00 | 33 | | 264 | 000 | 09 | 69 |
| | 1119 | 00 | 03 | 31 | | 257 | 00 | 04 | 38 |
| | 1095 | 00 | 04 | 43 | | 258 | 00 | 04 | 19 |
| | 1093 | 00 | 02 | 40 | | 259 | 00 | 02 | 88 |
| | 1082 | 00 | 05 | 56 | | 250 | 00 | 10 | 80 |
| | 1083 | 00 | 00 | 72 | | 251 | 00 | 07 | 47 |

| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (1) | (2) | - (3) | (4) | (5 |
|----------|------|-----|-----|-----|----------|-------------|-------|-----|----|
| | 249 | 00 | 00 | 18 | Musakata | 1305 | 00 | 01 | 33 |
| | 235 | 00 | 24 | 12 | | 1120 | 00 | 21 | l |
| | 1472 | 00 | 01 | 25 | | 1129 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 225 | 00 | 09 | 58 | | 1132 | 00 | 01 | 3 |
| | 224 | 00 | 10 | 24 | | 1131 | 00 | 05 | 3 |
| | 221 | 00 | 02 | 34 | | 1128 | 00 | 01 | 2 |
| | 213 | 00 | 10 | 36 | | 1127 | 00 | 01 | C |
| | 206 | 00 | 01. | 72 | | 1138 | 00 | 08 | 5 |
| , | 209 | 00 | 00 | 49 | | 1091 | 00 | 01 | 2 |
| | 204 | 00 | 02 | 42 | | 1092 | 00 | 03 | 6 |
| | 205 | 00 | 00 | 13 | | 1090 | 00 | 09 | 1 |
| | 203 | 00 | 01 | 33 | | 1088 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 194 | 00 | 07 | 74 | | 1089 | 00 | 00 | 2 |
| | 1457 | 00 | 01 | 54 | | 1080 | 00 | 01 | - |
| Musakata | 1341 | 00 | 01 | 42 | | 1079 | 00 | 04 | (|
| | 1331 | 00 | 04 | 83 | | 1031 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 1261 | 00 | 07 | 00 | | <i>7</i> 79 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 1465 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 780 | 00 | 07 | |
| | 1262 | 00 | 06 | 77 | | 775 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 1266 | 00 | 05 | 68 | | 1027 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 1278 | 000 | 10 | 56 | | 781 | 00 | 02 | |
| | 1275 | 000 | 01 | 12 | | 774 | 00 | 02 | |
| | 1276 | 00 | 01 | 83 | | 782 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 1277 | 00 | 00 | 94 | | 785 | 00 | 05 | |
| | 1233 | 00 | 07 | 06 | | 793 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 1232 | 00 | 00 | 64 | | 794 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 1230 | 00 | 02 | 41 | | 795 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 1229 | 00 | 03 | 13 | | 798 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 1227 | 00 | 17 | 08 | | 797 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 1228 | .00 | 01 | 20 | | 7 96 | 00 | 02 | |
| | 1223 | 00 | 00 | 27 | | 824 | 000 | 09 | |
| | 1224 | 00 | 05 | 51 | | 853 | 000 | 02 | |
| | 1220 | 00 | 11 | 53 | | · 852 | 000 | 07 | |
| | 1298 | 00 | 01 | 42 | | 836 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 1297 | 00 | 03 | 03 | | 851 | 00 | 02 | |
| | 1295 | .00 | 13 | 52 | | 850 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 1307 | 00 | 00 | 81 | | 849 | 00 | 05 | |
| | 1308 | 00 | 00 | 33 | | 861 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 1306 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 847 | 00 | 08 | |

| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5 |
|------------|------|-----|------|------------|-------------|---------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Ausakata | 846 | 00 | 01 | 05 | Baunshajala | 2224 | 00 | 00 | . 2 |
| | 845 | 00 | 05 | 00 | | 2221 | 00 | 02 | C |
| | 882 | 00 | 00 | 20 | ٠. | 2213 . | 00 | 11 | 4 |
| | 883 | 00 | 17 | 26 | | 2169 | 00 | 00 | 1 |
| | 884 | 00 | 01 | 30 | | 2212 | 00 | 11 | 8 |
| | 885 | 00 | 02 | 46 | | 2210 | 00 | 00 | (|
| | 886 | 00 | 01 | 62 | | 2211 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 887 | 00 | 06 | 13 | | 2174 | 00 | 02 | |
| | 1361 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 2176 | 00 | 09 | |
| | 91 | 00 | 01 | 80 | | 2175 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 89 | 00 | 14 | - 16 | | 1954 | 00 | 13 | |
| | 1359 | 00 | 02 | 91 | | 1951 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 88 | 00 | 05 | 33 | | 1953 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 87 | 00 | 01 | 13 | | 1952 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 1399 | 00 | 02 | 83 | | 1950 | 00 | 01 | |
| aunshajala | 2426 | 00 | 02 | 74 | ٠. | 1947 | 00 | 07 | |
| • | 2425 | 00 | 04 | 42 | | 1949 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 2420 | 00 | 03 | 44 | | 1946 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 2418 | 00 | 08 | 26 | | 1945 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 2419 | 00 | 02 | 74 | | 1944 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 2331 | 00 | 03 | 51 | | 1943 | 00 | 04 | |
| | 2300 | 00 | 01 | 7 9 | | 1942 | 000 | 00 | |
| | 2310 | 00 | 03 | 61 | | 1789 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 2311 | 00 | 00 | 69 | | 1788 | 00 | 06 | |
| | 2308 | 00 | - 01 | 34 | | 1787 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 2312 | 00 | œ | 01 | | 1762 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 2307 | 00 | 00 | 25 | | 1768 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 2306 | 00 | 02 | 22 | | 1785 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 2305 | 00 | 00 | 81 | | 1769 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 2280 | 00 | 00 | 28 | | 1771 | 00 | 04 | |
| | 2304 | 00 | 01 | 80 | | 1773 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 2303 | 00 | 01 | 87 | | 1772 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 2302 | 00 | 01 | 24 | ÷ . | 1742 | 00 | 05 | |
| | 2286 | 00 | 03 | 66 | | 1741 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 2288 | 00 | 00 | 31 | | 1739 | 00 | 02 | |
| | 2295 | 00 | 02 | 93 | | 1740 | 00 | 04 | |
| | 2294 | 00 | 01 | 01 | | 1720 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 2293 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1721 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 2291 | 00 | 02 | 38 | | 1728 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 2289 | 00 | 00 | 26 | | 1727 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 2290 | 00 | 01 | 20 | | a 1722 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 2218 | 00 | 01 | 42 | | 1726 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 2510 | 00 | 00 | 20 | | 1754 | 00 | 02 | |
| | 2225 | 00 | 03 | 46 | | 1723 | 00 | 03 | |

| 6 | 2 | 4 | 6 |
|---|---|---|---|
| _ | | | • |

THE GAZETTE OF INDIA: SEPTEMBER 11, 2010/BHADRA 20, 1932

[PART H - Sec. 3(ii)]

| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|-------------|------|------|-----|------------|-------------|------|------|-----|-----|
| Baunshajala | 1754 | 00 | 02 | 82 | Baunshajala | 148 | 00 | 02 | 70 |
| | 2523 | 00 . | 01 | 34 | 3 | 235 | 00 | 02 | 33 |
| | 1635 | 000 | 01 | 95 | | 116 | 00 | 13 | 71 |
| | 1636 | 00 | 01 | 69 | | 115 | 00 | 03 | 25 |
| | 1634 | 00 | 01 | 41 | | 2447 | 00 | 11 | 87 |
| | 1633 | 00 | 02 | 24 | | 74 | 00 | 05 | 12 |
| | 1632 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 75 | 00 | 07 | 90 |
| | 919 | 00 | 05 | 90 | | 72 | 00 | 59 | 66 |
| | 893 | 00 | 00 | 57 | | 32 | 00 | 04 | 04 |
| | 920 | 00 | 04 | 30 | | 29 | ()() | 06 | 82 |
| | 921 | 00 | 02 | 04 | | 28 | 00 | 16 | 02 |
| | 914 | 00 | 00 | 70 | | 23 | 00 | 09 | 36 |
| | 933 | 00 | 08 | 72 | | 27 | 00 | 00 | .49 |
| | 932 | 00 | 00 | 24 | | 24 | 00 | 10 | 73 |
| | 938 | 00 | 01 | 99 | | 2559 | 00 | 00 | 32 |
| | 937 | 00 | 02 | 66 | | 21 | 00 | 00 | 18 |
| | 936 | 00 | 01 | 17 | | 22 | 00 | 71 | 52 |
| | 942 | 00 | 03 | 69 | | 2558 | 00 | 05 | 39 |
| | 304 | 00 | 05 | 09 | | 58 | 00 | 07 | 35 |
| | 303 | 00 | 00 | 96 | Erandibahal | 117 | 00 | 04 | 89 |
| | 305 | 00 | 00 | 38 | | 115 | 000 | 16 | 88 |
| | 306 | 00 | 02 | 13 | | 114 | 00 | 02 | 12 |
| | 302 | 00 | 01 | 12 | • | 113 | 00 | 27 | 89 |
| | 322 | 00 | 02 | 28 | | 101 | 00 | 08 | 30 |
| | 301 | 00 | Q1 | 30 | | 99 | 00 | 15 | 06 |
| | 323 | 00 | 00 | 25' | | 98 | 00 | 17 | 82 |
| | 300 | 00 | 03 | 7 9 | | 97 | 00 | 52 | 33 |
| | 290 | 00 | 00 | 46 | Charamal | 1483 | 00 | 14 | 50 |
| | 299 | 00 | 00 | 57 | Keutibahal | 354 | 00 | 57 | 75 |
| | 292 | 00 | 01 | 61 | | 353 | 00 | 17 | 54 |
| | 293 | 00 | 02 | 73 | | 404 | 00 | 08 | 30 |
| | 291 | 00 | 02 | <i>7</i> 7 | | 352 | 00 | 02 | 51 |
| | 269 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 366 | 00 | 13 | 02 |
| | 264 | 00 | 04 | 02 | | 351 | 00 | 29 | 24 |
| | 266 | 00 | 00 | 93 | Mugapala | 504 | 00 | 39 | 97 |
| | 265 | 00 | 04 | 40 | | 498 | 00 | 00 | 97 |
| | 274 | 00 | 00 | 16 | | 497 | 00 | 22 | 07 |
| | 259 | 00 | 05 | 61 | | 496 | 00 | 00 | 20 |
| 2 | 260 | 00 | 00 | 66 | | 444 | 00 | 00 | 20 |
| | 257 | 00 | 00 | 43 | | 494 | 00 | 04 | 22 |
| | 256 | 00 | 04 | 91 | | 434 | 00 | 12 | 51 |
| | 227 | 00 | 04 | 64 | | 166 | 01 | 03 | 46 |
| | 232 | 00 | 00 | 39 | | 167 | 00 | 70 | 20 |
| 2 | 229 | 00 | 02 | 04 | | 162 | 01 | 06 | 30 |
| 2 | 230 | 00 | 01 | 23 | | 519 | 00 | 08 | 37 |

| [भाग —खण्ड | 3(ii)] | भारत का राजपत्र : सितम्बर 11, 2010/भाद्र 20, 1932 | | | | | | | 6247 |
|--------------|--------|---|------------|----------|---------------------------------|--------------|------------|-------------|----------|
| (i) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Mugapala | 518 | 00 | 02 | 41 | Muchibahala | 1203 | 00 | 13 | 45 |
| | 152 | 00 | 66 | 45 | | 1197 | 00 | 39 | 98 |
| | 141 | 00 | 30 | 92 | | 1187 | 00 | 35 | 96 |
| | 150 | 00 | 01 | 48 | | 1186 | 00 | 06 | 10 |
| | 148 | 000 | 00 | 64 | , | 1198 | 00 | 02 | 58 |
| | 147 | 00 | 20 | 76 | | 1185 1158 | 00 00 | 11 40 | 86 03 |
| | 93 | 00 | 01 | 70 | | 1157 | 00 | 02 | 53 |
| | 94 | 00 | 09 | 81 | | 1154 | 00 | 36 | 52 |
| | 95 | 00 | 08 | 42 | | 1149 | 00 | 00 | 25 |
| | 47 | 00 | 16 | 20 | | 1148 | 00 | 00 | 72 |
| | 42 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1147 | 00 | 12 | 80 |
| | 43 | 00 . | 01 | 76 | | 878 | 00 | 17 | 05 |
| | | ņo. | | | | 904 | 00 | 11 | 19 |
| | 44 | | 03 | 75 55 | | 905 | 00 | 01 | 71 |
| | 17 | 00 | 36 | 55 | | 901 906 | 00 00 | 05 00 | 97 10 |
| | 18 | 00 | 13 | 85 7. | | 907 | 00 | 03 | 58 |
| | 22 | 00 | 18 | 76 | | 908 | 00 | 04 | 56 |
| Kulhiabahal | 132 | 00 | 51 | 67 | | 952 | 00 | 03 | 00 |
| | 131 | 000 | 12 | 14 | | 951 | 00 | 06 | 88 |
| | 121 | 00 | 65 | 15 | | 949 | 00 | 00 | 40 |
| | 118 | (X) | 02 | 10 | | 956 | 00 | 04 | 18 |
| | 111 | 00 | 37 | 95 | - | 986 | 00 | 32 | 86 |
| Ambadar | 145 | (00) | 05 | 47 | | 984 | 00 | 36 50 | 75 |
| | 144 | 000 | 12 | 82 | | 167 157 | 00 ± 00 | 50 20 | 61 67 |
| | 143 | (X) | 07 | 62 | | 155 | 00 | CK | 75 |
| | 141 | (3) | 16 | 42 | | 196 | 00 | (B | 71 |
| | 81 | Œ | 19 | 36 | | 145 | 00 | 06 | 65 |
| | 138 | (1) | <u>(je</u> | 59 | | 144 | (0) | 61 | 65 |
| | 139 | 00 | 00 | 29 | | 143 | 00 | 14 | (%) |
| | 136 | 00 | 10 | 21 | | 141 | 00 | 0! | 71 |
| | 137 | 00 | 00 | 58 | | 271 | 00 | Œ | 33 |
| | | | | | | 265 | (£) | 08 22 | 30 75 |
| | 132 | 00 | 01 | | | 276 278 | 00 00 | 23 00 | 10 |
| | 130 | 00 | 11 | 66 | | 279 | 00 | 05 | 25 |
| | 129 | 00 | 04 | 73 | | 299 | 00 | 01 | 74 |
| | 85 | 00 | 01 | 77 | | 300 | 00 | 15 | 65 |
| | 76 | 00 | 22 | 17' | | 293 | 00 | 00 | 30 |
| | 74 | 00 | 10 | 25 | | 298 | 00 | 00 | 39 |
| | 87 | 00 | 15 | 00 | | 296 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| Lambakheta | 210 | 00 | 75 | 65 | | 311 | 00 | 01 | 99 |
| | 162 | 00 | 04 | 29 | | 309 | 00 | 02 | 73 °5 |
| | 209 | . 00 | 00 | 10 | CotumendaI | 310 | 00 | 23 05 | 95 95 |
| | 161 | 00 | 61 | 69 | Satyanandapal Alias Gaelchar | | 00 00 | 01 | 95 14 |
| | 136 | 00 | 41 | 47 | THE GOVERN | 788 | 00 | 04 | 38 |
| | 40 | 00 | 6 l | 35 | | | | 25011/35/20 | |
| | 48 | 01 | 00 | 72 | | | _ | DATTA, Un | |

| 6248 | THE GAZ | ZETTE O | F INDIA | : SEPTEMBE | R 18, 2010/BHAI | DRA 27, 1932 | | [Part II- | —SEC. 3(ii) |
|--|--|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|-----|-----------|-------------|
| नई | दिल्ली, 9 | सितम्बर, | 2010 | | . 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| का.आ, 2 <i>3</i> 2 | .6.—केन्द्री | य सरकार | को लोक | हित में यह | बुडाकटा | 1520 | 00 | 10 | 26 |
| आवश्यक प्रतीत होता | | • | _ | • | | 1516 | 000 | 20 | 86 |
| एवं राँची (झारखण्ड) | | | | | | 1518 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| इंडियन ऑयल कॉर्फीर | | | रादीप-सम्ब | लपुर-रायपुर- | | 1515 | 00 | 00 . | . 85 |
| राँची पाइपलाइन" बि | | • | | | | 1443 | 00 | 03 | 65 |
| और केन्द्रीय स | | • | • | | | 1442 | 00 | 36 | 44 |
| के लिए यह आवश्य | | | ••• | | | 1431 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| पाइपलाइन विछाई ज उपाबद्ध अनुसूची में | _ | | | | | 1432 | 00 | 04 | 52 |
| उपाषद्ध अनुसूचा म किया जाए; | વાળા ક, | म उपपाप | क आयक | ।र का अणन | | 1433 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| अतः अब, केन | - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 | . गेनोदिका | प्रक्रीय स्वर्धित | न गारानास्त | | 1434 | 00 | 13 | 95 |
| अतः अब, कन (भूमि में उपयोग के ३ | | | | | | 1414 | 00 | 02 | 08 |
| का 50) की धारा 3 व | | | | | | 1413 | 00 | 01 | 83 |
| करते हुए, उनमें उप | | | | | | 1393 | 00 | 03 | 55 |
| आशय की घोषणा क | | | • | | | 1392 | 00 | 10 | 60 |
| कोई व्यक्ति, उ | जो उक्त अन | नुसुची में व | ार्णित भुमि । | में हितबद्ध है, | | 1384 | 00 | 02 | , 94 |
| उस तारीख से जिस | | • • • | • | | | 1378 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| अधिसूचना की प्रतिय | ां जनता को | उपलब्ध र | करा दी जात | ी है, इक्कीस | | 1385 | 00 | 35 | 54 |
| दिन के भीतर, उसमें र | | | | | | 1356 | 00 | 01 | 77 |
| नीचे पाइपलाइन बिछ | | | _ | - | | 1354 | 00 | 07 | 58 |
| सक्षम प्राधिकारी, इं | | | | | | 1353 | 00 | 02 | 75 |
| सम्बलपुर-रायपुर-राँच भुवनेश्वर-751009 | | | | | | 1352 | 00 | 03 | 97 |
| मुपनस्पर=731009 सकेगा। | (22141) | का ।ए।। छ | ા અમ | आदाप गण | | 1351 | 00 | 07 | 50 |
| X1-1/ 11 1 | 315 | | | | | 1350 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | | रु सूची | | | | 1348 | 00 | 02 | 61 |
| तहसील-राजगांगपुर | जিলা- <u>'</u> | सुंदरगड | राज्य | प-उड़ीसा | | 1342 | 00 | 05 | 43 |
| गांव का नाम | प्लाट स | | क्षेत्रफल | | | 1341 | 00 | 10 | 45 |
| | | हेक्टर | ार एयर | वर्ग मीटर | | 1340 | 00 | 06 | 33 |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | | 1343 | 00 | 01 | 89 |
| बुडाकटा | 565 | 00 | 09 | 36 | | 1338 | 00 | 08 | 77 |
| 3014761 | 566 | 00 | 11 | 51 | | 1337 | 00 | 05 | 21 |
| | 1533 | 00 | 05 | 60 | | 1335 | 00 | 10 | 29 |
| | 1530 | 00 | 06 | 08 | | 1336 | 00 | 01 | 42 |
| | | 00 | 21 | 97 | | 962 | 00 | 02 | 17 |
| | 1534 | | | | | 900 | 00 | 05 | 65 |
| | 1536 | 00 | 00 | 12 47 | , | 904 | 00 | 09 | 65 |
| | 1535 | 00 | 19 | 47 | | 905 | 00 | 00 | 95 |
| | 1549 | 00 | · 00 | 10 | | 906 | 00 | 14 | 82 |
| | 1523 | 00 | 02 | 49 | | 907 | 00 | 16 | 74 |
| | 1522 | 00 | 01 | 40 | | 908 | 00 | 06 | 18 |
| | 1554 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 912 | 00 | 05 | 99 |
| | | | 1.0 | | | | | | |

| [भाग —खण्ड | | - | भारत का र | | | | | | 6249 |
|--------------|-----|----|-----------|----|---------|------|----|----|-------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| बुडाकटा | 909 | 00 | 01 | 00 | नकटिसान | 236 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 910 | 00 | 14 | 68 | | 302 | 00 | 08 | 46 |
| नकटिसान | 109 | 00 | 00 | 11 | | 230 | 00 | 00 | 20 |
| | 113 | 00 | 11 | 55 | | 229 | 00 | 01 | 13 |
| | 114 | 00 | 00 | 88 | | 303 | 00 | 12 | 91 |
| | 123 | 00 | 12 | 58 | | 306 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 124 | 00 | 06 | 27 | | 304 | 00 | 10 | 09 |
| | 126 | 00 | 12 | 13 | | 305 | 00 | 09 | 08 |
| | 127 | 00 | 01 | 54 | | 346 | 00 | 10 | 07 |
| | 121 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 348 | 00 | 00 | 22 |
| | 103 | 00 | 04 | 39 | | 350 | 00 | 10 | 35 |
| | 131 | 00 | 07 | 74 | | 349 | 00 | 04 | 61 |
| | 133 | 00 | 01 | 62 | | 340 | 00 | 02 | 09 |
| | 132 | 00 | 08 | 12 | | 353 | 00 | 11 | 02 |
| | 142 | 00 | 02 | 23 | | 354 | 00 | 10 | 57 |
| | 141 | 00 | 00 | 37 | | 355 | 00 | 17 | 37 |
| | 144 | 00 | 02 | 55 | | 367 | 00 | 00 | 58 |
| | 143 | 00 | 05 | 52 | | 368 | 00 | 10 | 06 |
| | 150 | 00 | 02 | 90 | | 369 | 00 | 01 | 56 |
| | 151 | 00 | 05 | 86 | | 330 | 00 | 19 | 46 |
| | 533 | 00 | 00 | 14 | | 329 | 00 | 05 | 42 |
| | 152 | 00 | 03 | 71 | | 327 | 00 | 08 | 38 |
| | 172 | 00 | 04 | 28 | | 324 | 00 | 27 | 40 |
| | 173 | 00 | 02 | 98 | | 325 | 00 | 00 | 62 |
| | 538 | 00 | 00 | 77 | | 531 | 00 | 05 | 74 |
| | 169 | 00 | 09 | 41 | | 326 | 00 | 30 | 56 |
| | 168 | 00 | 00 | 29 | | 450 | 00 | 33 | 49 |
| | 171 | 00 | 02 | 36 | | 454 | 00 | 17 | 18 |
| | 170 | 00 | 03 | 80 | तेलिघणा | 1627 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 537 | 00 | 01 | 76 | | 1628 | 00 | 05 | . Cj. |
| | 167 | 00 | 04 | 87 | | 1629 | 00 | 11 | 83 |
| | 165 | 00 | 01 | 79 | | 1630 | 00 | 00 | (0) |
| | 513 | 00 | 00 | 14 | | 1657 | 00 | 13 | 180 |
| | 217 | 00 | 13 | 36 | | 1658 | 00 | 05 | -3 |
| | 219 | 00 | 06 | 21 | | 1659 | 00 | 04 | 02 |
| | 220 | 00 | 07 | 46 | | 1660 | 00 | 18 | 92 |
| | 221 | 00 | 00 | 83 | | 1661 | 00 | 10 | 11 |
| | 233 | 00 | 01 | 89 | | 1662 | 00 | 0% | 83 |
| | 234 | 00 | 03 | 04 | | 1705 | 00 | 00 | 24 |
| | 232 | 00 | 16 | 08 | | 1663 | 00 | 07 | 43 |

| ì | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | |
|------------------|------|------------|-----------|-----------|--------|--------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| ————— नेलिघणा | 1704 | 00 | 03 | 17 | कुत्रा | 2209 | 00 | 24 | ₁ : |
| | 1703 | 00 | 03 | 35 | | 2211 | ()() | 4.8 | \$1 ₁ |
| | 1700 | 00 | 04 | 76 | | 2210 | ()() | 28 | <u>"</u> . |
| | 1699 | 00 | 05 | 40 | | 2334 | ()() | 15 | .17 |
| | 1698 | 00 | 10 | 29 | | 2338 | 00 | 18 | 93 |
| | 1697 | 00 | 00 | 41 | | 2336 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 1693 | (X) | 00 | 50 | | 2337 | 00 | ω | .5 |
| | 1824 | 00 | 02 | 89 | | 2358 | 00 | 01 | y : |
| | 1692 | 00 | 10 | 22 | | 2360 | 00 | 00 | 45 |
| | 1691 | 00 | 07 | 19 | | 2362 | 00 | ()9 | ų. (A |
| | 1720 | 00 | 07 | 77 | | 2361 | 00 | 23 | (4) |
| | 1690 | 00 | 06 | 44 | | 2507 | 00 | 17 | 30 |
| | 1721 | 00 | 02 | 29 | | ±5 05 | (X) | 01 | 3 |
| | 1687 | 00 | 03 | 91 | | 2506 | ()() | () () | .:2 |
| | 1689 | 00 | 16 | 27 | | 2499 | 00 | 01 | 33 |
| | 1682 | 00 | 04 | 41 | | 2487 | 00 | 06 | 73 |
| | 1723 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 2482 | 00 | רו | to. |
| | 1246 | 00 | 05 | 39 | | 2481 | (X) | (A) | 30 |
| | 1247 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 2477 | 00 | 14 | 46 |
| | 1243 | 00 | 22 | 69 | | 2478 | (<u>%</u>) | 12 | 1** |
| | 1242 | 00 | 03 | 19 | | 2479 | 00 | (X) | (() |
| कुत्रां | 1966 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 2474 | (X) | 27 | 177 |
| 3 | 1965 | 00 | 09 | 50 | | 2618 | 00 | 42 | 58 |
| | 1964 | 00 | 04 | 32 | | 2633 | ()() | 08 | 63 |
| | 1961 | 00 | 10 | 52 | | 2625 | ()) | 00 | 83 |
| | 1963 | 00 | 19 | 68 | | 2632 | ()() | 04 | 48 |
| | 1948 | 00 | 01 | 50 | | 2631 | 00 | 03 | 8> |
| | 1944 | 00 | 65 | 64 | | 2630 | 00 | 02 | \mathcal{F}_{i}^{*} |
| | 1943 | 00 | 32 | 19 | | 2629 | (X) | 01 | 18, |
| | 1938 | 00 | 13 | 46 | | 2628 | · \$; | 13 | |
| | 1939 | 00 | 17 | ĮQ | | 2627 | (1) | 07 | 97 |
| | 2215 | 00 | 02 | 63 | | 2637 | (K) | (X) | i() |
| | 1998 | 00 | 19 | 04 | | 2397 | (g) | 0(| 88 |
| | 1999 | 00 | 07 | 30 | | 2733 | (Y) | 64 | 18 |
| | 3299 | 00 | 00 | 48 | | 2734 | (X) | GI . | 17 |
| | 2000 | 00 | 13 | 48 | | 2742 | ()() | (1) | 58 |
| | 2001 | 00 | 08 | 29 | | 2741 | 00 | 19 | 97 |
| | 2001 | 00 | 05 | 25 | | 2740 | (0) | () s | 87 |
| | 2002 | | 1,5 01 | 25 87 | | 2737 2856 | (Y) | 2: 00 | 15 33 |
| | 2059 | (X) (X) | 63 | a7 (9) | | 2856 2858 | (X) (X) | 09 10 | 32 32 |

| ्र हुत्रा | 2 3309 2857 2862 3308 2854 2853 2875 2878 2877 | 3 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | 9 05 04 02 10 06 00 | 5 04 87 35 93 04 98 | <u>।</u> কুসা | 2 3113 3111 3110 3109 | 3 00 00 00 00 | 03 00 09 | 62 39 44 |
|----------------|---|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| नुत्र । | 2857 2862 3308 2854 2853 2875 2878 2877 | 00 00 00 00 00 00 | 05 04 02 10 06 | 87 35 93 04 | 8 | 3111 3110 3109 | 00 00 | 09 | |
| | 2862 3308 2854 2853 2875 2878 2877 | 00 00 00 00 00 | 04 02 10 06 | 35 93 (4 | | 3110 3109 | 00 | 09 | 44 |
| | 3308 2854 2853 2875 2878 2877 | 00 00 00 00 | 02 10 06 | 93 ()4 | | 3109 | | | |
| | 2854 2853 2875 2878 2877 | 00 00 00 | 10 06 | ()4 | | | 107 | 14 | 02 |
| | 2853 2875 2878 2877 | 00 00 | 06 | | | 3108 | 00 | 02 | 67 |
| | 2875 2878 2877 | 000 | | **.5 | लिटिबेडा | 1007 | 00 | 01 | 97 |
| | 2878 2877 | | \sim | 39 | K113 13. | 1006 | 00 | 42 | 79 |
| | 2877 | w | 03 | 49 | | 917 | 00 | 02 | 58 |
| | | 00 | 10 | 65 | | 921 | 00 | 07 | 55 |
| | 296 0 | 00 | 11 | 97 | | 922 | 00 | 01 | 27 |
| | 2874 | 00 | 14 | 24 | | 923 | 00 | 08 | 04 |
| | 2961 | 00 | 18 | 17 | | 926 | 00 | 14 | 74 |
| | 3053 | 00 | 05 | 19 | | 927 | 60 | 1-1 | 4() |
| | 3050 | 00 | 04 | 40 | | 930 | 00 | 16 | 08 |
| | 3048 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 988 | 00 | 07 | 00 |
| | 3046 | 00 | 13 | 14 | | 984 | CO | 01 | 82 |
| | 3043 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 981 | 00 | 00 | 31 |
| | 3042 | 00 | 09 | 14 | | 980 | 00 | 10 | 33 |
| | 3040 | 00 | 09 | 42 | | 979 | 00 | 00 | 74 |
| | 3038 | 00 | 02 | 02 | | 979 978 | 00 | 05 | 62 |
| | 3039 | 00 | 04 | 79 | | 1113 | ω ω | 01 | 71 |
| | 3036 | 00 | 00 | 60 | | | 00 | 13 | 59 |
| | 3031 | 00 | 04 | 50 | | 1056 | | 26 | 90 |
| | 3030 | 00 | 14 | 78 | | 1068 | 00 | s 01 | 16 |
| | 3025 | 00 | 00 | 44 | | 1067 | 00 | 02 | 12 |
| | 3020 | 00 | 11 | 48 | | 1071 | 00 | | 6. |
| | 3019 | 00 | 19 | 66 | | 1063 | 00 | 06 | 14 |
| | 2988 | 00 | 15 | 51 | | 1087 | 00 | 03 | 18 |
| | 2991 | 00 | 01 | 96 | | 1147 | 00 | 04 | 1 |
| | 2990 | 00 | 02 | 10 | | 1088 | CO | 05 | |
| | 2989 | 00 | 01 | 93 | | 1096 | 00 | 02 | 2 |
| | 3122 | 00 | 05 | 26 | Ç ^c | 1097 | 00 | 05 | 7 |
| | 3121 | 00 | 04 | 44 | | 1099 | OC1 | 41 | 0 |
| | 3120 | 00 | 01 | 32 | | 1102 | 00 | 13 | 4 |
| | 3123 | 00 | 01 | 31 | कटंग | 1229 | 00 | 12 | 8 |
| | 3124 | 00 | 13 | 05 | | 1230 | 00 | 10 | 1 |
| | 3215 | 000 | 00 | 55 | | 1228 | 00 | 12 | 5 |
| | 3126 | 00. | 18 | 05 | | 1227 | 00 | 15 | (|
| | 3127 | 00 | 11 | 58 | | 1224 | 00 | 21 | 2 |
| | 3205 | 00 | 11 | 17 10 | | 1233 | 00 | 00 | 1 |

| 6252 | THE GA | ZETTE | OF INDIA | : SEPTEMBI | ER 18, 2010/BHAI | 2 | [PART II—SEC. 3(ii)] | | |
|------|--------------|-------|----------|----------------|------------------|------|----------------------|----|----|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| कंटग | 1222 1220 | 00 | 00 | 39 | कंटग | 1087 | 00 | 01 | 87 |
| | 1219 | 00 | 07 | 03 | | 1322 | 00 | 08 | 36 |
| | 1219 | 00 | 12 00 | 86 | | 1321 | 00 | 09 | 39 |
| | 1212 | 00 | 07 | 63 | | 1337 | 00 | 08 | 63 |
| | 1213 | 00 | 18 | 04 40 | | 1338 | 00 | 15 | 94 |
| | 1239 | 00 | 15 | 40 85 | | 1315 | 00 | 10 | 31 |
| | 1206 | 00 | 00 | 25 | | 1420 | 00 | 04 | 53 |
| | 1240 | 00 | 07 | 22 | • | 1421 | 000 | 04 | 18 |
| | 1244 | 00 | 00 | 42 | | 1423 | 00 | 23 | 82 |
| | 1242 | 00 | 00 | 45 | | 1426 | 00 | 12 | 16 |
| | 1243 | 00 | 14 | 92 | | 1428 | 00 | 16 | 25 |
| | 1245 | 00 | 01 | 29 | | 1427 | 00 | 01 | 77 |
| | 1252 | 00 | 03 | 18 | | 1483 | 00 | 76 | 86 |
| | 1247 | 00 | 03 | 19 | | 1478 | 00 | 03 | 52 |
| | 1251 | 000 | 13 | 56 | | 1477 | 00 | 20 | 67 |
| | 1250 | 00 | 02 | 78 | | 1475 | 00 | 07 | 70 |
| | 1255 | 00 | 00 | 31 | | 1476 | 00 | 04 | 45 |
| | 1256 | 00 | 02 | 32 | | 1471 | 000 | 13 | 51 |
| | 1249 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1472 | 00 | 02 | 50 |
| | 1257 | 00 | 05 | 25 | | 1932 | 00 | 08 | 39 |
| | 1258 | 00 | 00 | <u>-</u> 82 | | 1934 | 00 | 17 | 81 |
| | 1260 | 00 | 13 | 54 | | 1935 | 00 | 18 | 09 |
| | 1261 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1938 | 00 | 08 | 00 |
| | 1262 | 00 | 08 | 48 | रूमाबाहाल | 894 | 00 | 85 | 60 |
| | 1267 | 00 | 10 | 43 | | 855 | 00 | 07 | 42 |
| | 1265 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 856 | 00 | 03 | 11 |
| | 1998 | 00 | 02 | 46 | | 857 | 000 | 00 | 11 |
| | 1270 | 00 | 00 | 35 | | 853 | 00 | 23 | 14 |
| | 1273 | 00 | 04 | 89 | | 849 | 00 | 03 | 20 |
| | 1272 | 00 | 07 | 13 | | 852 | 00 | 08 | 90 |
| | 1274 | 00 | 05 | 60 | | 851 | 00 | 05 | 00 |
| | 1275 | 00 | 00 | 31 | | 790 | 00 | 09 | 90 |
| | 1277 | 00 | 05 | 52 | | 419 | 00 | 57 | 36 |
| | 1278 | 00 | 01 | 55 | | 429 | 00 | 06 | 20 |
| | 1162 | 00 | 00 | 47 | | 430 | 00 | 01 | 98 |
| | 1155 | 00 | 05 | 19 | | 436 | 00 | 04 | 00 |
| | 1159 | 00 | 06 | 97 | | 443 | 000 | 08 | 38 |
| | 1158 | 00 | 02 | 32 | | 457 | 00 | 07 | 48 |
| | 1160 | 00 | 12 | 37 | | 456 | 00 | 19 | 40 |
| | 1150 | 00 | 13 | 24 | | 452 | 00 | 16 | 80 |

| [भाग II—खण्ड 3 | o(II)] | | मारत का र | ाजपत्र : ।सतम्ब | र 18, 2010/भाद्र 27, 1 | 932 | | | |
|----------------|-------------|----|-----------|-----------------|------------------------|--------------|--------|----|----------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| रूमाबाहाल | 467 | 00 | 00 | 10 | डुडुका बाहाल | 642 | 00 | 06 | 00 |
| | 451 | 00 | 03 | 89 | | 641 | 00 | 01 | 32 |
| | 468 | 00 | 02 | 63 | | 723 | 00 | 04 | 57 |
| | 469 | 00 | 00 | 31 | | 724 | 00 | 02 | 82 |
| | 730 | 00 | 11 | 53 | | 725 | 00 | 03 | 00 |
| | 470 | 00 | 08 | 09 | | 721 | 00 | 13 | 41 |
| | 471 | 00 | 09 | 42 | | 854 | 00 | 12 | 98 |
| | <i>7</i> 28 | 00 | 11 | 09 | | 852 | 00 | 10 | 40 |
| | 729 | 00 | 12 | 39 | | 1205 | 00 | 00 | 43 |
| | 717 | 00 | 03 | 22 | | 1206 | 00 | 08 | 00 |
| | 716 | 00 | 04 | 19 | | 851 | 00 | 11 | 02 |
| | 1075 | 00 | 01 | 14 | | 1204 | 00 | 01 | 47 |
| | 1074 | 00 | 07 | 06 | | 850 | 00 | 06 | 21 |
| | 711 | 00 | . 07 | 40 | | 846 | 00 | 10 | 99 |
| | 652 | 00 | 00 | 98 | | 828 | 00 | 11 | 99 |
| | 648 | 00 | 09 | 95 | | 829 | 00 | 08 | 47 |
| | 651 | 00 | 10 | 32 | | 830 | 00 | 10 | 40 |
| | 655 | 00 | 04 | 26 | | 831 | 00 | 05 | 12 |
| | 633 | 00 | 02 | 09 | | 819 | 00 | 10 | 24 |
| | 634 | 00 | 07 | 11 | | 818 | 00 | 02 | 27 |
| | 626 | 00 | 14 | 55 | | 817 | 00 | 06 | 33 |
| | 624 | 00 | 06 | 05 | | 816 | 00 | 00 | 45 |
| | 618 | 00 | 08 | 86 | | 994 | 00 | 01 | 22 |
| | 617 | 00 | 11 | 12 | | 995 | 00 | 07 | 53 |
| | 614 | 00 | 00 | 60 | | 1009 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 615 | 00 | 06 | 01 | | 1007 | 00 | 16 | 36 |
| | 605 | 00 | 02 | 75 | | 1008 | 00 | 04 | 01 |
| | 604 | 00 | 03 | 39 | | 1005 1010 | 00 | 12 | 60 |
| | 600 | 00 | 04 | 86 | | 1003 | 00 | 00 | 19 30 |
| | 599 | 00 | 05 | 16 | | 1003 | 00 | 12 | 95 |
| | 598 | 00 | 07 | 89 | | 1207 | 00 | 01 | 93 79 |
| | 595 | 00 | 05 | 73 | | 1012 | 00 | 16 | 63 |
| | 594 | 00 | 05 | 00 | | 1040 | 00 | 00 | 53 |
| ुडुकाबाहाल | 630 | 00 | 27 | 04 | | 1040 | ω φ | 00 | 10 |
| | 631 | 00 | 06 | 33 | | 1015 | 00 | 08 | 78 |
| | 632 | 00 | 09 | 33 | | 1037 | 00 | 08 | 63 |
| | 649 | 00 | 00 | 11 | | 1037 | 00 | 05 | 19 |
| | 648 | 00 | 18 | 63 | | 1218 | 00 | 05 | 49 |
| • | 643 | 00 | 11 | . 90 | | 1031 | 00 | 17 | 79 |
| | 644 | 00 | 03 | 26 | | 1051 | 00 | 17 | 79 84 |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | J | 2 | 3 | 4 | Ś |
|-----------------|------|----|-----|----|----------|------|------|------|----------|
| <u> </u> | 1149 | 00 | 09 | 87 | कंसरामाल | 191 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 1152 | 00 | 06 | 61 | | 192 | 00 | 20 | X |
| | 1151 | 00 | 06 | 15 | | 210 | 00 | 04 | N |
| | 1153 | 00 | 15 | 39 | | 211 | 00 | 16 | 30 |
| | 1154 | 00 | 06 | 37 | | 217 | 000 | 00 | 1. |
| तिलेइमाल | 160 | 00 | 13 | 81 | | 218 | 00 | 01 | .31 |
| | 159 | 00 | 00 | 31 | | 219 | 00 | ()() | .50 |
| | 158 | 00 | 00 | 47 | | 291 | 000 | 01 | į |
| | 152 | 00 | 07 | 43 | | 324 | 00 | 10 | Ó. |
| | 151 | 00 | 08 | 12 | | 328 | 00 | 09 | 5 |
| | 150 | 00 | 01 | 43 | | 329 | 00 | 00 | 1.2 |
| | 146 | 00 | 17 | 41 | | 335 | 00 | 10 | : : |
| | 71 | 00 | 13 | 75 | | 336 | 000 | 04 | (4 |
| | 65 | 00 | 15 | 04 | | 334 | 00 | ()() | Θ |
| | 66 | 00 | 01 | 37 | | 337 | 00 | 10 | :+" |
| | 67 | 00 | 05 | 10 | | 338 | 00 | 05 | ¥. |
| | 282 | 00 | 06 | 82 | | 343 | ()() | 91 | •/ |
| | 54 | 00 | 05 | 89 | | 353 | 90 | 02 | 63 |
| | 48 | 00 | 00 | 91 | | 354 | 90 | 02 | λ |
| | 53 | 00 | 03 | 72 | | 350 | 00 | 06 | 97 |
| | 52 | 00 | 01 | 10 | | 349 | 00 | 63 | 84 |
| | 49 | 00 | 07 | 72 | | 346 | 00 | 05 | OC |
| | 50 | 00 | 09 | 04 | | 348 | 00 | 01 | × |
| केसरामाल | 1297 | 00 | 13 | 45 | | 347 | 00 | 13 | 30 |
| | 1296 | 00 | 09 | 21 | | 1110 | ()() | 03 | Q. |
| | 1295 | 00 | 03 | 52 | | 1109 | (0) | 03 | 91 |
| | 1294 | 00 | 15 | 86 | | 1106 | 00 | 04 | [4] |
| | 1293 | 00 | 01 | 45 | | 1113 | 00 | 03 | 36 |
| | 1424 | 00 | 02 | 26 | | 1103 | 00 | 05 | 95 |
| | 1292 | 00 | 05 | 17 | | 1101 | 00 | 00 | 39 |
| | 1288 | 00 | 01 | 59 | | 1102 | 00 | 09 | 26 |
| | 1289 | 00 | 000 | 97 | | 1056 | 00 | 01 | 58 |
| | 1290 | 00 | 000 | 10 | | 1058 | 00 | 01 | 28 |
| | 1287 | 00 | 22 | 08 | | 1057 | 00 | 02 | 54 |
| | 1276 | 00 | 00 | 68 | | 1059 | 00 | 08 | 07 |
| | 186 | 00 | 04 | 36 | | 1095 | 00 | 11 | 84 |
| | 187 | 00 | 09 | 92 | | 1093 | ()() | 13 | (X) |
| | 189 | 00 | 12 | 85 | | 1085 | 00 | 01 | 57 |
| | 190 | 00 | 19 | 58 | | 1086 | 00 | 06 | 39 |
| | 180 | 00 | 02 | 75 | | 1087 | 00 | 08 | 15 |

| 1 | | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|---------------|--------------|------------|-----------------|-----|-----------|--------------|------------|----------|----|
| ं हेसरामाल | 1089 | 00 | 10 | | राइचेर्णा | 1657 | 00 | 06 | 40 |
| DAINTE. | 1090 | 00 | 01 | 74 | | 1656 | 00 | 06 | 51 |
| | 1081 | 00 | 06 | 06 | | 1633 | 00 | 04 | 33 |
| | 1082 | 00 | 07 | 55 | | 1632 | 00 | 01 | 96 |
| | 1 | 00 | 07 | 23 | | 1514 | 00 | 07 | 88 |
| झगरपुर | 12 | 00 | 04 | 72 | | 1516 | 00 | 21 | 01 |
| | 13 | 00 | 14 | 48 | | 1507 | 00 | 09 | 28 |
| | 10 | 00 | 16 | 11 | | 1505 | 00 | 10 | 52 |
| | 9 | 00 | 00 | 80 | | 1506 | 00 | 00 | 52 |
| | 8 | 00 | 03 | 96 | | 1497 | 00 | 02 | 12 |
| | 2 | 00 | 22 | 60 | | 1496 | 00 | 06 | 12 |
| | 3 | ω | 01 | 81 | | 1495 | 00 | 04 | 4. |
| 1 | 1746 | 00 | 05 | 73 | | 1485 | 00 | 12 | 4 |
| पडबेर्णा | | 00 | 00 | 98 | | 1486 | 00 | 06 | 6 |
| | 1747 | 00 | 21 | 35 | | 2141 | 60 | 05 | 8 |
| | 1767 | 00 | 10 | 10 | | 1484 | 00 | 00 | j |
| | 1770 | 00 | 05 | 95 | | 1480 | 00 | 03 | - |
| | 1771 | 00 | ¢6 | 53 | | 1479 | 600 | 06 | (|
| | 1769 1781 | (0) | 15 | 59 | | 1-178 | (10) | 08 | |
| | 1780 | (X) | 10 | 21 | | 1476 | (X) | 04 | • |
| | 1733 | | ()1 | -66 | | 1477 | 400 | 04 | |
| | 1733 | (*) (3) | 1-4 1-4 | 45 | | 1466 | 00 | ()? | |
| | 1723 | 00 | 00 | 80 | | 1474 | 00 | 05 | |
| | 1709 | 00 | 01 | 83 | | 1471 | (X) | 16) | |
| | 1601 | 60 | () 4 | 26 | | 1470 | (X) | m m | |
| | 1946 | 00 | 00 | 90 | | 1441 | 00 | 02 | |
| | 1608 | 00 | 20 | 59 | | 1415 | ()() | 10 | |
| | 1609 | 00 | 03 | 42 | | 1417 | ()) | 00 | |
| | 1610 | 00 | 28 | 25 | | 1414 | 00 | 0i 00 | |
| | 1611 | 00 | 07 | 75 | | 1302 | 00 | 00 03 | |
| | 1626 | 00 | 10 | 34 | | 1303 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 1625 | 00 | 23 | 88 | | 1306 | 00 | 13 | |
| | 1622 | 00 | 06 | 77 | | 1305 | | 08 | |
| | 2095 | 00 | 05 | 14 | | 1295 | 00 | 02 | |
| | 1621 | 00 | 05 | 46 | | 1294 1247 | 00 | 02 | |
| | | 00 | 00 | 10 | | | 00 | 18 | |
| | 1663 | | 09 | 23 | | 1249 | | 03 | |
| | 1659 | 00 | 02 | 95 | | 1248 | | 03 | |
| | 1629 | 00 | | 28 | | 1257 1256 | | 20 | |
| | 1658 1630 | | 01 06 | 52 | | 1230 | | 13 | |

| 6256 | THE GA | ZETTE | OF INDLA | : SEPTEMBI | ER 18, 2010/BHA | ADRA 27, 193 | [PART II—SEC. 3(ii)] | | |
|-----------|--------|-------|----------|------------|-------------------|--------------|----------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | = 5 |
| राइबेर्णा | 1128 | 00 | 00 | 32 | ———— राइबेर्णा | 2124 | | 00 | 15 |
| | 1124 | 00 | 00 | 17 | | 1018 | 00 | 06 | 32 |
| | 1120 | 00 | 00 | 87 | | 976 | 00 | 00 | 63 |
| | 1126 | 00 | 03 | 61 | | 1017 | 00 | 14 | 23 |
| | 1127 | 00 | 05 | 04 | | 977 | 00 | 00 | ے 10 |
| | 1119 | 00 | 13 | 92 | | 979 | 00 | 01 | 12 |
| | 1118 | 00 | 22 | 14 | | 978 | 00 | 04 | 17 |
| | 1116 | 00 | 11 | 92 | लाइंग | 859 | 00 | 05 | |
| | 1115 | 00 | 01 | 70 | | 858 | 00 | | 13 |
| | 1111 | 00 | 02 | 93 | | 857 | | 06 | 19 |
| | 1112 | 00 | 06 | 59 | | 856 | 00 | 08 | 74 |
| | 1110 | 00 | 08 | 93 | | | 00 | 03 | 54 |
| | 1106 | 00 | 09 | 14 | | 861 | 00 | 00 | 94 |
| | 1107 | 00 | 10 | 26 | | 862 | 00 | 12 | 84 |
| | 1105 | 00 | 05 | 24 | | 863 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 1102 | 00 | 13 | 66 | | 870 | 00 | 01 | 76 |
| | 1101 | 00 | 16 | 48 | | 869 | 00 | 19 | 04 |
| | 1091 | 00 | 23 | 63 | | 1133 | 00 | 11 | 58 |
| | 1080 | 00 | 00 | 85 | | 1132 | 00 | 00 | 53 |
| | 1090 | 00 | 19 | 71 | | 1137 | 00 | 06 | 16 |
| | 1081 | 00 | 05 | 89 | | 1139 | 00 | 02 | 16 |
| | 1087 | 00 | 06 | 38 | | 1138 | 00 | 04 | 47 |
| | 1083 | 00 | 08 | 48 | | 1214 | 00 | 07 | 10 |
| | 1084 | 00 | 16 | 52 | | 1213 | 00 | 02 | 50 |
| | 1068 | 00 | 15 | 68 | | 1211 | 00 | 01 | 25 |
| | 1937 | 00 | 14 | 12 | | 1210 | 00 | 04 | 21 |
| | 1035 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1209 | 00 | 05 | 58 |
| | 1031 | 00 | 08 | 17 | | 1208 | 00 | 06 | 79 |
| | 2077 | 00 | 01 | 56 | | 1207 | 00 | 16 | % |
| | 1032 | 00 | 02 | 02 | | 1250 | 00 | 05 | 79 |
| | 1033 | 00 | 04 | 21 | | 1249 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 2129 | 00 | 03 | 88 | | 1252 | 00 | 36 | 72 |
| | 2128 | 00 | 00 | 21 | | 1253 | 00 | 05 | 91 |
| | 1029 | 00 | 19 | 90 | | 1254 | 000 | 20 | 89 |
| | 1026 | 00 | 00 | 96 | | 1255 | 00 | 04 | 48 |
| | 1025 | 00 | 04 | 93 | | 1184 | 00 | 01 | 17 |
| | 2125 | 00 | 02 | 11 | | 1256 | 00 | 23 | 08 |
| | 1024 | 00 | 00 | 20 | | 1262 | 00 | 15 | 07 |
| | 1019 | 00 | 18 | 15 | | 1311 | 00 | 01 | 73 |
| | 1023 | 00 | 02 | 03 | | 1312 1313 | 00 m | 01 | 70 |
| | 1020 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 3117 | 00 00 | 05 01 | 00 35 |

| [भाग [[—खण्ड 3(ii | | | - | | 18, 2010/भाद्र 27, 1 | | | ? | 6257 |
|--|--|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|------|----|------|------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 4 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | 3118 | 00 04 | | 27 | Budhakta | 1535 | 00 | 19 | 47 |
| | 3145 | 00 68 | 3 | 28 | | 1549 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 3146 | 00 40 |) | | | 1523 | 00 | 02 | 49 |
| | 3181 | 00 0 | 7 | 37 | | 1522 | 00 | 01 | 40 |
| | 3149 | 00 24 | 1 | 89 | | 1554 | 00 | 00 . | 10 |
| | 3145 00 68 28 3146 00 40 20 3181 00 07 37 3149 00 24 89 [सं.आर-25011/36/2010-ओ.आर-1] बी. के. दत्ता, अवर सचिव New Delhi, the 9th September, 2010 2326.—Whereas, it ्रम्प्रे pars to the Central in that it is necessary in the public interest that is sportation of petroleum products from Paradip Raipur (Chhattisgarh) & Ranchi (Jharkhand), a Sambalpur - Raipur - Ranchi Pipeline" should be ian Oil Corporation Limited; whereas, it appears to the Central Government the pulpase of laying the said pipeline, it is to acquire the right of user in the land described edule annexed to this notification; v. therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred ction (1) of Section 3 of the Petroleum and Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in Land) (50 of 1962), the. Central Government hereby is intention to acquire the right of user therein; a person interested in the land described in the lule may, within twenty-one days from the date the copies of this notification, as published in collindia, are made available to the General Public, writing to the acquisition of the right of user or laying of the pipeline under the land to tha Kumar Pradhan, Competent Authority, Indian action Limited, Paradip - Sambalpur-Raipur-Ranchi roject, 1295, Forest Park, Bhubaneswar-751009, SCHEDULE algangapur District:Sundergarh State:Orissa the Plot No. Area Hectare Are Sq. Mtr. 2 3 4 5 565 00 09 35 566 00 11 51 | | | | | 1521 | 00 | 10 | 97 |
| | 3145 00 68 28 3146 00 40 20 3181 00 07 37 3149 00 24 89 [सं.आर-25011/36/2010-ओ.आर-1] बी. के. दत्ता, अवर सचिव New Delhi, the 9th September, 2010 3.0. 2326.—Whereas, it ्रम्णव्या to the Central ament that it is necessary in the public interest that transportation of petroleum products from Paradip) to Raipur (Chhattisgarh) & Ranchi (Jharkhand), a ip-Sambalpur - Raipur - Ranchi Pipeline" should be Indian Oil Corporation Limited; And whereas, it appears to the Central Government or the purpose of laying the said pipeline, it is any to acquire the right of user in the land described achedule annexed to this notification; Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred also Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in Land) 262 (50 of 1962), the. Central Government hereby is its intention to acquire the right of user therein; Any person interested in the land described in the hedule may, within twenty-one days from the date in the copies of this notification, as published in the hedule may, within twenty-one days from the date in the tory in the acquisition of the right of user in for laying of the pipeline under the land to usen the Kumar Pradhan, Competent Authority, Indian proration Limited, Paradip - Sambalpur-Raipur-Ranchi are Project, 1295, Forest Park, Bhubaneswar-751009, 10. SCHEDULE : Rajgangapur District: Sundergarh State: Orissa of the Plot No. Area Hectare Are Sq. Mtr. 2 3 4 5 5 5 00 09 35 | | | | | 1520 | 00 | 10 | 26 |
| | 5 11 d - 0d | C | 2010 | | | 1516 | 00 | 20 | 86 |
| | | _ | | | | 1518 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | | | | | | 1515 | 00 | 00 | 85 |
| Jovernment that for the transporta | tion of petro | oleum produ | cts froi | n Paradip | | 1443 | 00 | 03 | 65 |
| Orissa) to Raipu | r (Chhattisga | arh) & Ranc | hi (Jhai | rkhand), a | | 1442 | 00 | 36 | 44 |
| 'Paradip-Samba | lpur - Raipur | - Ranchi Pi | peline" | should be | | 1431 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | | | . 10 | 4 | | 1432 | 00 | 04 | 52 |
| And where | as, it appear | s to the Cer ing the sai | itral Go d. nine | overnment line it is | | 1433 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| necessary to acqu | ire the right | of user in the | ne land | described | | 1434 | 00 | 13 | 95 |
| in the schedule a | innexed to th | is notificat | ion; | | | 1414 | 00 | 02 | 08 |
| Now, there | efore, in exer | cise of the | oowers | conferred | | 1413 | 00 | 01 | 83 |
| by sub-section | (1) of Secti | on 3 of the | Petro | leum and | | 1393 | 00 | 03 | 55 |
| Minerals Pipelin | es (Acquisiti f 1962) the | ion of Kignt Central Go | oi Use vemme | r in Land) ent hereby | | 1392 | 00 | 10 | 60 |
| declares its inten | tion to acqu | ire the right | of use | r therein; | | 1384 | 00 | 02 | 94 |
| Any perso | n interested | in the land | descri | bed in the | | 1378 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| said schedule ma | ay, within tw | enty-one d | ays froi | n the date | | 1385 | 00 | 35 | 54 |
| on which the co | pies of this | notification | i, as pu he Gene | blished in | | 1356 | 00 | 01 | 77 |
| the Gazette of Ind | na, are made a | uisition of | the rig | ht of user | | 1354 | 00 | 07 | 58 |
| therein for lay | ing of the | pipeline ur | ider th | e land to | | 1353 | 00 | 02 | 75 |
| Shri Sukanta Ku | mar Pradhan, | Competent | Author | rity, Indian | | 1352 | 00 | 03 | 97 |
| Oil Corporation L Pineline Project. | imited, Parad | np - Samoan t Park, Bhub | aneswa | л- Какт ir-751009, | | 1351 | 00 | 07 | 50 |
| (Orissa). | ,. | , | | | | 1350 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | SCHE | DULE | | | | 1348 | 00 | 02 | 61 |
| Tehsil · Rajoano | anur Distri | ct:Sunderga | ırh Sta | te:Orissa | | 1342 | 00 | (15 | 42 |
| | | | | ~ | | 1341 | 00 | 10 | 4.5 |
| Name of the | Plot No | | | So Mtr | | 1340 | 00 | .≇ | 23 |
| Village | | | | | | 1343 | 00 | ()1 | 8 |
| 1 | 2 | | | | | 1338 | 00 | 08 | 7 |
| Budhakta | 565 | | | | | 1337 | 00 | 05 | 2 |
| | 566 | | | | | 1335 | 00 | 10 | 29 |
| | 1533 | 00 | | | | 1336 | 00 | 01 | 4. |
| | 1530 | 00 | 06 | 08 | | 962 | 00 | ú2 | 17 |
| | 1534 | 00 | 21 | 97 | | 900 | 00 | 05 | 65 |
| | 1536 | 00 | 00 | 12 | | 904 | 00 | 09 | 6 |

| | | | | | | | *************************************** | [PART II— | . |
|----------|-----|-----|------|----|-----------|-------------|---|-----------|---------------|
| <u>l</u> | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | i | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| Budhakta | 905 | 00 | 00 | 95 | Naktisan | 220 | 00 | 07 | 46 |
| | 906 | 00 | 14 | 82 | | 221 | 00 | 00 | 83 |
| | 907 | 00 | 16 | 74 | | 223 | 00 | 91 | 89 |
| | 908 | 00 | 06 | 18 | | 234 | 00 | 03 | ()4 |
| | 912 | 00 | 05 | 99 | | 232 | 00 | 16 | 08 |
| | 911 | 00 | 03 | 29 | | 236 | 000 | 00 | 10 |
| | 909 | 00 | 01 | 00 | | 302 | 00 | 08 | 46 |
| | 910 | 00 | 14 | 68 | | 230 | 00 | 00 | 20 |
| Naktisan | 109 | 00 | 00 | 11 | | 229 | 00 | 01 | 13 |
| | 113 | 00 | 11 | 55 | | 303 | 00 | 12 | 91 |
| | 114 | 00 | 00 | 88 | | 306 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 123 | 00 | 12 | 58 | | 304 | 00 | 10 | 09 |
| | 124 | 00 | 06 | 27 | | 395 | 00 | 09 | 08 |
| | 126 | 00 | 12 | 13 | | 346 | 00 | 10 | 07 |
| | 127 | 00 | 01 | 54 | | 348 | 00 | 00 | 22 |
| | 121 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 350 | 00 | 10 | 35 |
| | 103 | 00 | 04 | 39 | | 349 | 00 | 04 | 61 |
| | 131 | 00 | 07 | 74 | | 340 | 00 | 02 | 09 |
| | 133 | 00 | 01 | 62 | | 353 | 00 | 11 | 02 |
| | 132 | 00 | 08 | 12 | | 354 | 00 | 10 | 57 |
| | 142 | 00 | 02 | 23 | | 355 | 00 | 17 | 37 |
| | 141 | 00 | 00 | 37 | | 367 | 00 | 00 | 58 |
| | 144 | 00 | 02 | 55 | | 368 | 00 | 10 | 06 |
| | 143 | 00 | 05 | 52 | | 369 | 00 | 01 | 56 |
| | 150 | 00 | 02 | 90 | | 330 | 00 | 19 | 46 |
| | 151 | 00 | 05 | 86 | | 329 | 00 | 05 | 42 |
| | 533 | 00 | 00 | 14 | | 327 | 00 | 08 | 38 |
| | 152 | 00 | 03 | 71 | | 324 | 00 | 27 | 40 |
| | 172 | 00 | 04 | 28 | | 325 | 60 | 00 | 62 |
| | 173 | 00 | 02 | 98 | | 531 | 00 | 05 | 74 |
| | 538 | 00 | 00 | 77 | | 326 | 00 | 30 | 56 |
| | 169 | 00 | 09 | 41 | | 450 | 00 | 33 | 49 |
| | 168 | 00 | 00 | 29 | | 454 | 00 | 17 | 18 |
| | 171 | 00 | 02 | 36 | Telighana | 1627 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 170 | 00 | 03 | 80 | | 1628 | 00 | 05 | 48 |
| | 537 | 00 | 01 | 76 | | 1629 | 00 | 11 | 83 |
| | 167 | 00 | 04 | 87 | | 1630 | 00 | 02 | U() |
| | 165 | 00 | 0i | 79 | | 1657 | 00 | 13 | 26 |
| | 513 | 00 | (30) | 14 | | 1658 | 00 | 05 | 43 |
| | 217 | 000 | 13 | 36 | | 1659 | 00 | 04 | 02 |
| | 210 | 00 | 12.0 | | | | | | |

with H v

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|--------------|------|-----|----|------------|-------|--------------|-----|----------|----------|
| relighana | 1661 | 00 | 10 | 11 | Kutra | 2002 | 00 | 05 | 25 |
| 0 | 1662 | 00 | 08 | 83 | | 2059 | 00 | 01 | 87 |
| | 1705 | 00 | 00 | 24 | , | 2208 | 00 | 03 | 09 |
| | 1663 | 00 | 07 | 43 | | 2209 | 00 | 24 | 13 |
| | 1704 | 00 | 03 | 17 | | 2211 | 00 | 00 | 91 |
| | 1703 | 00 | 03 | 35 | | 2210 | 00 | 28 | 29 |
| | 1700 | 00 | 04 | 76 | | 2334 | 00 | 15 | 2.7 |
| | 1699 | 00 | 05 | 40 | | 2338 | 00 | 18 | 92 |
| | 1698 | 00 | 10 | 29 | | 2336 | 00 | 000 | 10 |
| | 1697 | 00 | 00 | 41 | | 2337 | 00 | 03 | 25 |
| | 1693 | 00 | 00 | 50 | | 2358 | 00 | 01 | 22 |
| | 1824 | 00 | 02 | 39 | | 2360 | 000 | 00 | 45 |
| | 1692 | 00 | 10 | 22 | | 2362 | 00 | 09 | 86 |
| | 1691 | 00 | 07 | 19 | | 2361 | 00 | 23 | 49 |
| | 1720 | 00 | 07 | <i>7</i> 7 | | 2507 | 000 | 17 | 22 |
| | 1690 | 000 | 06 | 44 | | 2505 | 000 | 01 | 43 |
| | 1721 | 00 | 02 | 29 | | 2506 | 00 | 09 | 52 |
| | 1687 | 00 | 03 | 91 | | 2499 | 00 | 01 | 3. |
| | 1689 | 00 | 16 | 27 | | 2487 | 00 | 06 | 7. |
| | 1682 | 00 | 04 | 41 | | 2482 | 00 | 12 | 49 |
| | 1723 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 2481 | 00 | 00 | 30 |
| | 1246 | 00 | 05 | 39 | | 2477 | 00 | 14 | 40 |
| | 1247 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 2478 | 00 | 12 | 2 |
| | 1243 | 00 | 22 | 69 | | 2479 | 00 | 00 | 10 91 |
| | 1242 | 00 | 03 | 19 | | 2474 | 00 | 27 42 | 58 |
| Kutra | 1966 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 2618 2633 | 00 | 08 | 63 |
| | 1965 | 00 | 09 | 50 | | 2625 | 00 | 00 | 8. |
| | 1964 | 00 | 04 | 32 | | 2632 | 00 | 04 | 4 |
| | 1961 | 00 | 10 | 52 | | 2631 | 00 | 03 | 68 |
| | 1963 | 00 | 19 | 68 | | 2630 | 00 | 02 | 97 |
| | 1948 | 00 | 01 | 50 | | 2629 | 00 | 04 | 4 |
| | 1944 | 00 | 05 | 64 | | 2628 | 00 | 12 | 54 |
| | 1943 | 00 | 32 | 19 | | 2627 | 00 | 05 | 9 |
| | 1938 | 00 | 13 | 46 | | 2637 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 1939 | 00 | 17 | 19 | | 2397 | 00 | 01 | 8 |
| | 2215 | 00 | 02 | 63 | | 2733 | 00 | 04 | 18 |
| | 1998 | 00 | 19 | 04 | | 2734 | 00 | 01 | 17 |
| | 1999 | 00 | 07 | 20 | | 2742 | 00 | 02 | 58 |
| | 3299 | 00 | 00 | 48 | | 2741 | 00 | 19 | 9 |
| | 2000 | 00 | 13 | 46 | | 2740 | 00 | 03 | 8 |
| | 2001 | 00 | 05 | 28 | | 2737 | 00 | 22 | 1: |

| 6260 | THE GAZ | ETTE O | F INDIA : S | SEPTEMBE | R 18, 2010/BHAD | DRA 27, 1932 | [PART II—SEC. 3(ii)] | | | |
|-------|---------|--------|-------------|------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------------|----|----------|--|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | . 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | |
| Kutra | 2856 | 00 | 09 | 33 | Kutra | 3205 | 00 | 11 | 17 | |
| | 2858 | 00 | 10 | 32 | | 3128 | 00 | 00 | 10 | |
| | 3309 | 00 | 09 | 04 | | 3113 | 00 | 03 | 62 | |
| | 2857 | 00 | 05 | 87 | | 3111 | 00 | 00 | 39 | |
| | 2862 | 00 | 04 | 35 | | 3110 | 00 | 09 | 44 | |
| | 3308 | 00 | 02 | 93 | | 3109 | 00 | 14 | 02 | |
| | 2854 | 00 | 10 | 04 | | 3108 | 00 | 02 | 67 | |
| | 2853 | 00 | 06 | 98 | Litibeda | 1007 | 00 | 01 | 97 | |
| | 2875 | 00 | 00 | 39 | | 1006 | 00 | 42 | 79 | |
| | 2878 | 00 | 03 | 39 | | 917 | 00 | 02 | 58 | |
| | 2877 | 00 | 10 | 65 | | 921 | 000 | 07 | 55 | |
| | 2960 | 00 | 11 | 97 | | 922 | 00 | 01 | 27 | |
| | 2874 | 00 | 14 | 24 | | 923 | 00 | 08 | 04 | |
| | 2961 | 00 | 18 | 17 | | 926 | 00 | 14 | 74 | |
| | 3053 | 00 | 05 | 19 | | 927 | 00 | 14 | 40 | |
| | - 3050 | 00 | 04 | 40 | | 930 | 00 | 16 | 08 | |
| | 3048 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 988 | 00 | 07 | ∞ | |
| | 3046 | 00 | 13 | 14 | | 984 | 00 | 01 | 82 | |
| | 3043 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 981 | 00 | 00 | 31 | |
| | 3042 | 00 | 09 | 14 | | 980 | 00 | 10 | 33 | |
| | 3040 | 00 | 09 | 42 | | 979 | 00 | 00 | 74 | |
| | 3038 | 00 | 02 | 02 | | 978 | 00 | 05 | 62 | |
| | 3039 | 00 | 04 | 7 9 | | 1113 | 00 | 01 | 71 | |
| | 3036 | 00 | 00 | 60 | | 1056 | 00 | 13 | 59 | |
| | 3031 | 00 | 04 | 50 | | 1068 | 00 | 26 | 96 | |
| | 3030 | 00 | 14 | 78 | | 1067 | 00 | 01 | 16 | |
| | 3025 | 00 | 00 | 44 | | 1071 | 00 | 02 | 12 | |
| | 3020 | 00 | 11 | 48 | | 1063 | 00 | 06 | 62 | |
| | 3019 | 00 | 19 | 66 | | 1087 | 00 | 03 | 14 | |
| | 2988 | 00 | 15 | 51 | | 1147 | 00 | 04 | 18 | |
| | 2991 | 00 | 01 | 96 | | 1088 | 00 | 05 | 17 | |
| | 2990 | 00 | 02 | 10 | | 1096 | 00 | 02 | 23 | |
| | 2989 | 00 | 01 | 93 | | 1097 | 00 | 05 | 77 | |
| | 3122 | 00 | 05 | 26 | | 1099 | 00 | 41 | 02 | |
| | 3121 | 00 | 04 | 44 | | 1102 | 00 | 13 | 46 | |
| | 3120 | 00 | 01 | 32 | Katanga | 1229 | 00 | 12 | 88 | |
| | 3123 | 00 | 01 | 31 | | 1230 | 00 | 10 | 16 | |
| | 3124 | 00 | 13 | 05 | | 1228 | ₂ 00 | 12 | 58 | |
| | 3215 | 00 | 00 | 55 | | 1227 | 00 | 15 | 91 | |
| | 3126 | 00 | 18 | 05 | | 1224 | 00 | 21 | 49 | |
| | 3127 | 00 | 11 | 58 | | 1233 | 00 | 00 | 10 | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|---------|------|----|------|----|-----------|------|----|----|----|
| Katanga | 1223 | 00 | 08 | 26 | Katanga | 1150 | 00 | 13 | 24 |
| Xatanga | 1222 | 00 | 00 | 39 | | 1087 | 00 | 01 | 87 |
| | 1220 | 00 | 07 | 03 | | 1322 | 00 | 08 | 36 |
| | 1219 | 00 | 12 | 86 | | 1321 | 00 | 09 | 39 |
| | 1212 | 00 | 00 | 63 | | 1337 | 00 | 08 | 63 |
| | 1213 | 00 | 07 | 04 | | 1338 | 00 | 15 | 94 |
| | 1210 | 00 | 18 | 40 | | 1315 | 00 | 10 | 31 |
| | 1239 | 00 | 15 | 85 | | 1420 | 00 | 04 | 5. |
| | 1206 | 00 | 00 - | 25 | | 1421 | 00 | 04 | 13 |
| | 1240 | 00 | 07 | 22 | | 1423 | 00 | 23 | 8 |
| | 1244 | 00 | 00 | 42 | | 1426 | 00 | 12 | ŀ |
| | 1242 | 00 | 00 | 45 | | 1428 | 00 | 16 | 2 |
| | 1243 | 00 | 14 | 92 | | 1427 | 00 | 01 | 7 |
| | 1245 | 00 | 01 | 29 | | 1483 | 00 | 76 | 8 |
| | 1252 | 00 | 03 | 18 | | 1478 | 00 | 03 | 5 |
| | 1247 | 00 | 03 | 19 | | 1477 | 00 | 20 | 6 |
| | 1251 | 00 | 13 | 56 | | 1475 | 00 | 07 | |
| | 1250 | 00 | 02 | 78 | | 1476 | 00 | 04 | 4 |
| | 1255 | 00 | 00 | 31 | | 1471 | 00 | 13 | : |
| | 1256 | 00 | 02 | 32 | | 1472 | 00 | 02 | |
| | 1249 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1932 | 00 | 08 | , |
| | 1257 | 00 | 05 | 25 | | 1934 | 00 | 17 | |
| | 1258 | 00 | 00 | 82 | | 1935 | 00 | 18 | |
| | 1260 | 00 | 13 | 54 | | 1938 | 00 | 08 | |
| | 1261 | 00 | 00 | 10 | Rumabahal | 894 | 00 | 85 | |
| | 1262 | 00 | 08 | 48 | | 855 | 00 | 07 | |
| | 1267 | 00 | 10 | 43 | | 856 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 1265 | 00 | 00 | 10 | • | 857 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 1998 | 00 | 02 | 46 | | 853 | 00 | 23 | |
| | 1270 | 00 | 00 | 35 | | 849 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 1273 | 00 | 04 | 89 | | 852 | 00 | 08 | |
| | 1272 | 00 | 07 | 13 | | 851 | 00 | 05 | |
| | 1274 | 00 | 05 | 60 | | 790 | 00 | 09 | |
| | 1275 | 00 | 00 | 91 | | 419 | 00 | 57 | |
| | 1277 | 00 | 05 | 52 | | 429 | 00 | 06 | |
| | 1278 | 00 | 01 | 55 | | 430 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 1162 | 00 | 00 | 47 | | 436 | 00 | 04 | |
| | 1155 | 00 | 05 | 19 | | 443 | 00 | 08 | |
| | 1159 | 00 | 06 | 97 | | 457 | 00 | 07 | |
| | 1158 | 00 | 02 | 32 | | 456 | 00 | 19 | |
| | 1160 | 00 | 12 | 37 | | 452 | 00 | 16 | |

[PART II---SEC. 3(ii)]

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|-------------|-------------|----|-----|------|-------------|-------------|------|-----|-----|
| Rumabahal | 467 | 00 | 00 | 10 | Dudukabahal | 641 | 00 | 01 | 32 |
| | 451 | 00 | 03 | 89 | | 723 | 00 | 04 | 57 |
| | 468 | 00 | 02 | 63 | | 724 | 00 | 02 | 82 |
| | 469 | 00 | 00 | 31 | | 725 | 00 | 03 | 00 |
| | 730 | 00 | 11 | 53 | | <i>7</i> 21 | 00 | 13 | 41 |
| | 470 | 00 | 08 | 09 | | 854 | 00 | 12 | 98 |
| | 471 | 00 | 09 | 42 | | 852 | 00 | 10 | 40) |
| | 728 | 00 | 11 | 09 | | 1205 | 00 | 00 | 43 |
| | 729 | 00 | 12 | 39 | | 1206 | 00 | 08 | 00 |
| | 717 | 00 | 03 | 22 | | 851 | 00 | 11 | 02 |
| • | 716 | 00 | 04 | 19 | | 1204 | 00 | 01 | 47 |
| | 1075 | 00 | 01 | 14 | | 850 | 00 | 06 | 21 |
| | 1074 | 00 | 07 | 06 | | 846 | 00 | 10 | 99 |
| | 711 | 00 | 07 | 40 | | 828 | 00 | 11 | 99 |
| | 652 | 00 | 000 | 98 | | 829 | 00 | 08 | -17 |
| | 648 | 00 | 09 | 95 | | 830 | 00 | 10 | 40 |
| | 651 | 00 | 10 | 32 | | 831 | 00 | 05 | 12 |
| | 655 | 00 | 04 | 26 | | 819 | 00 | 10 | 24 |
| | 633 | 00 | 02 | 09 | | 818 | 00 | 02 | 27 |
| | 634 | 00 | 07 | 11 | | 817 | 00 | 06 | 33 |
| | 626 | 00 | 14 | 55 | | 816 | 00 | 00 | 45 |
| | 624 | 00 | 06 | . 05 | | 994 | 00 | 01 | 22 |
| | 618 | 00 | 08 | 86 | | 995 | 00 ` | 07 | 53 |
| | 617 | 00 | 11 | 12 | | 1009 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 614 | 00 | 00 | 60 | | 1007 | 00 | 16 | 36 |
| | 615 | 00 | 06 | 01 | | 1008 | 00 | 04 | 01 |
| | 605 | 00 | 02 | 75 | | 1005 | 00 | 12 | 60 |
| | 604 | 00 | 03 | 39 | | 1010 | 00 | 00 | 19 |
| | 600 | 00 | 04 | 86 | | 1003 | 00 | 000 | 30 |
| | 599 | 00 | 05 | 16 | | 1004 | 00 | 12 | 95 |
| | 598 | 00 | 07 | 89 | | 1207 | 00 | 01 | 79 |
| | 59 5 | 00 | 05 | 73 | | 1012 | 00 | 16 | 63 |
| | 594 | 00 | 05 | 00 | | 1040 | 00 | 00 | 53 |
| Dudukabahal | 630 | 00 | 27 | 04 | | 1013 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 631 | 00 | 06 | 33 | | 1036 | 00 | 08 | 78 |
| | 632 | 00 | 09 | 33 | | 1037 | 00 | 08 | 63 |
| | 649 | 00 | 00 | 11 | | 1033 | 00 | 05 | 19 |
| | 648 | 00 | 18 | 63 | | 1218 | 00 | 05 | 49 |
| | 643 | 00 | 11 | , 90 | | 1031 | 00 | 17 | 79 |
| | 644 | 00 | 03 | 26 | | 1071 | 00 | 15 | 84 |
| | 642 | 00 | 06 | 00 | | 1149 | 00 | 09 | 87 |

| | | | | _ | | • | • | | |
|-------------|------|-----|----|-----|-----------|--------------|----------|----------------|----------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| Dudukabahal | 1152 | 00 | 06 | 61 | Keshramal | 210 | 00 | 04 | 39 |
| | 1151 | 00 | 06 | 15 | | 211 | 00 | 16 | 32 |
| | 1153 | 00 | 15 | 39 | | 217 | 00 | 00 | 13 |
| | 1154 | 00 | 06 | 37 | | 218 | 00 | 01 | 21 |
| Tileimal | 160 | 00 | 13 | .81 | | 219 | 00 | 00 | 35 |
| | 159 | 00 | 00 | 31 | | 291 | 00 | 01 | 16 |
| | 158 | 00 | 00 | 47 | | 324 | 00 | . 10 | 62 |
| | 152 | 00 | 07 | 43 | | 328 | 00 | 09 | 54 |
| | 151 | 00 | 08 | 12 | | 329 | 00 | 00 | 44 |
| | 150 | 00 | 01 | 43 | | 335 | 00 | 10 | 51 |
| | 146 | 00 | 17 | 41 | | 336 | 00 | 04 | 66 |
| | 71 | 00 | 13 | 75 | | 334 | 00 | 00 | 69 |
| | 65 | 00 | 15 | 04 | | 337 | 00 | 10 | 14 |
| | 66 | 00 | 01 | 37 | | 338 | 00 | 05 | 90 |
| | 67 | 00 | 05 | 10 | | 343 | 00 | 01 | 57 |
| | 282 | 00 | 06 | 82 | | 353 | 00 | 02 | 63 |
| | 54 | 00 | 05 | 89 | | 354 | 00 | 02 | 90 |
| | 48 | 00 | 00 | 91 | • | 350 | 00 | 06 | 97 |
| | 53 | 00 | Ò | 72 | | 349 | 00 | \mathfrak{A} | 89 |
| | 52 | 00 | 01 | 10 | | 346 | 00 | 05 | 00 |
| | 49 | 00 | 07 | 72 | | 348 | 00 | 01 | 56 |
| | 50 | 00 | (9 | 04 | | 347 | 00 | 13 | 30 |
| Keshramal | 1297 | 00 | 13 | 45 | | 1110 | 00 | 03 | 96 |
| | 1296 | 00 | 09 | 21 | | 1109 | 00 | 03 | 91 |
| | 1295 | 90) | 03 | 52 | | 1106 | ŵ | 04 | 50 |
| | 1294 | 00 | 15 | 86 | | 1113 | 00 | œ | 36 |
| | 1293 | 00 | 01 | 45 | | 1103 | 00 | 05 | 95 |
| | 1424 | 00 | 02 | 26 | | 1101 | 00 | ò | 59 |
| | 1292 | 00 | 05 | 17 | | 1102 | 00 | 09 | 26 |
| | 1288 | 00 | 01 | 59 | | 1056 | 00 | 01 | 58 |
| | 1289 | 00 | 00 | 97 | | 1058 | 00 | 01 | 28 |
| | 1290 | 00 | 00 | 10 | • | 1057 | 00 | 02 | 54 |
| | 1287 | 00 | 22 | 08 | | 1059 | 00 | 08 | 07 |
| | 1276 | 00 | 00 | 68 | | 1095 | 00 | 11 | 84 00 |
| | 186 | 00 | 04 | 36 | | 1093 1085 | 00 00 | 13 01 | 00 57 |
| | 187 | 00 | 09 | 92 | | 1085 | 00 | 06 | 39 |
| | 189 | 00 | 12 | 85 | • | 1087 | 00 | 08 | 15 |
| | 190 | 00 | 19 | 58 | | 1087 | 00 | 10 | 00 |
| | 180 | 00 | 02 | 75 | | 1090 | 00 | 01 | 74 |
| | 191 | 00 | 00 | 37 | | 1081 | 00 | 06 | 06 |
| | 192 | 00 | 20 | 36 | | 1082 | 00 | 07 | 55 |

| 6264 | THE GAZ | ETTE O | F INDIA : S | SEPTEMBE | ER 18, 2010/BHAD | RA 27, 1932 | | [PART II- | Sec. 3(ii) |
|-----------|---------|--------|-------------|----------|------------------|-------------|----|-----------|------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| Jhagarpur | 1 | 00 | 07 | 23 | Raiberna | 1516 | 00 | 21 | 01 |
| | 12 | 00 | 04 | 72 | | 1507 | 00 | 09 | 28 |
| | 13 | 00 | 14 | 48 | | 1505 | 00 | 10 | 52 |
| | 10 | 00 | 16 | 11 | | 1506 | 00 | 00 | 52 |
| | 9 | 00 | 00 | 80 | | 1497 | 00 | 02 | 12 |
| | 8 | 00 | ω | 96 | | 1496 | 00 | 06 | 12 |
| | 2 | 00 | 22 | 60 | | 1495 | 00 | 04 | 42 |
| | 3 | 00 | 01 | 81 | | 1485 | 90 | 12 | 45 |
| Raiberna | 1746 | 00 | 05 | 73 | | 1486 | 00 | 06 | 61 |
| | 1747 | 00 | 00 | 98 | | 2141 | 00 | 05 | 83 |
| | 1767 | 00 | 21 | 35 | | 1484 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 1770 | 00 | 10 | 10 | | 1480 | 00 | 03 | 53 |
| | 1771 | 00 | 05 | 95 | | 1479 | 00 | 06 | 05 |
| | 1769 | 00 | 06 | 53 | | 1478 | 00 | 08 | 44 |
| | 1781 | 00 | 15 | 59 | | 1476 | 00 | 04 | 29 |
| | 1780 | 00 | 10 | 21 | | 1477 | 00 | 04 | 27 |
| | 1733 | 00 | 01 | 66 | | 1466 | 00 | 04 | 16 |
| | 1720 | 00 | 14 | 45 | | 1474 | 00 | 05 | 89 |
| | 1722 | 00 | 00 | 80 | | 1471 | 00 | 10 | 20 |
| | 1709 | 00 | 01 | 83 | | 1472 | 00 | 02 | 94 |
| | 1601 | 00 | 04 | 26 | | 1441 | 00 | 02 | 08 |
| | 1946 | 00 | 00 | 90 | | 1415 | 00 | 10 | 91 |
| | 1608 | 00 | 20 | 59 | | 1417 | 00 | 00 | 23 |
| | 1609 | 00 | 03 | 42 | | 1414 | 00 | 01 | 44 |
| | 1610 | 00 | 28 | 25 | | 1302 | 00 | 00 | 58 |
| | 1611 | 00 | 07 | 75 | | 1303 | 00 | 03 | 15 |
| | 1626 | 00 | 10 | 34 | | 1306 | 00 | 07 | 30 |
| | 1625 | 00 | 23 | 88 | | 1305 | 00 | 13 | 98 |
| | 1622 | 00 | 06 | 77 | | 1295 | 00 | 08 | 92 |
| | 2095 | 00 | 05 | 14 | | 1294 | 00 | 02 | 18 |
| | 1621 | 00 | 05 | 46 | | 1247 | 00 | 09 | il |
| | 1663 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1249 | 00 | 18 | 85 |
| | 1659 | 00 | 09 | 23 | | 1248 | 00 | 03 | 09 |
| | 1629 | 00 | 02 | 95 | | 1257 | 00 | 03 | 36 |
| | 1658 | 00 | 01 | 28 | | 1256 | 00 | 20 | 19 |
| | 1630 | 00 | 06 | 52 | | 1125 | 00 | 13 | 63 |
| | 1657 | 00 | 06 | 40 | | 1128 | 00 | 00 | 32 |
| | 1656 | 00 | 06 | 51 | | 1124 | 00 | 00 | 17 |
| | 1633 | 00 | 04 | 33 | | 1120 | 00 | 00 | 87 |
| | 1632 | 00 | 01 | 96 | | 1126 | 00 | 03 | 61 |
| | 1514 | 00 | 07 | 88 | | 1127 | 00 | 05 | 04 |

| [भाग॥—खण्ड : | | | | | र 18, 2010/भाद्र 27, | | | • | 6265 |
|--------------|--------------|----|----|----|----------------------|--------------|----------|------------|-------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| Raiberna | 1119 | 00 | 13 | 92 | Raiberna | 977 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 1118 | 00 | 22 | 14 | | 979 | 00 | 01 | 12 |
| | 1116 | 00 | 11 | 92 | | 978 | 00 | 04 | 17 |
| | 1115 | 00 | 01 | 70 | Laing | 859 | 00 | 05 | 13 |
| | 1111 | 00 | 02 | 93 | | 858 | 00 | 06 | 19 |
| | 1112 | 00 | 06 | 59 | | 857 | 00 | 08 | 74 |
| | 1110 | 00 | 08 | 93 | | 856 | 00 | 03 | 54 |
| | 1106 | 00 | 09 | 14 | | 861 | 00 | 00 | 94 |
| | 1107 | 00 | 01 | 26 | | 862 | 00 | 12 | 84 |
| | 1105 | 00 | 05 | 24 | | 863 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 1102 | 00 | 13 | 66 | | 870 | 00 | 01 | 76 |
| | 1101 | 00 | 16 | 48 | | 869 | 00 | 19 | 04 |
| | 1091 | 00 | 23 | 63 | | 1133 | 00 | 11 | 58 |
| | 1080 | 00 | 00 | 85 | | 1132 | 00 | 00 | 53 |
| | 1090 | 00 | 19 | 71 | | 1137 | 00 | 06 | 16 |
| | | | | | | 1139 | 00 | 02 | 16 |
| | 1081 | 00 | 05 | 89 | | 1138 1214 | 00 00 | 04 07 | 47 10 |
| | 1087 1083 | 00 | 06 | 38 | | 1214 | 00 | 02 | 50 |
| | | 00 | 08 | 48 | | 1213 | 00 | 01 | 25 |
| | 1084 | 00 | 16 | 52 | | 1210 | 00 | 04 | 21 |
| | 1068 | 00 | 15 | 68 | | 1209 | 00 | 05 | 58 |
| | 1937 | 00 | 14 | 12 | | 1208 | 00 | 06 | 79 |
| | 1035 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 1207 | 00 | 16 | 96 |
| | 1031 | 00 | 08 | 17 | | 1250 | 00 | 05 | 79 |
| | 2077 | 00 | 01 | 56 | | 1249 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 1032 | 00 | 02 | 02 | | 1252 | 00 | 36 | 72 |
| | 1033 | 00 | 04 | 21 | | 1253 | 00 | 05 | 91 |
| | 2129 | 00 | 03 | 88 | | 1254 | 000 | 20 | 89 |
| | 2128 | 00 | 00 | 21 | | 1255 1184 | 00 00 | 04 01 | 48 17 |
| | 1029 | 00 | 19 | 90 | | 1256 | 00 | 23 | 08 |
| | 1026 | 00 | 00 | 96 | | 1262 | 00 | 15 | 177 |
| | 1025 | 00 | 04 | 93 | | 1311 | 00 | 01 | 73 |
| | 2125 | 00 | 02 | 11 | | 1312 | 00 | 镇 | 70 |
| | 1024 | 00 | 00 | 20 | | 1313 | 00 | ϕ_0 | (X) |
| | 1019 | 00 | 18 | 15 | | 3117 | 00 | $t_{i,j}$ | <u> </u> j5 |
| | 1023 | 00 | 02 | 03 | | 3118 | (X) | 04 | 27 |
| | 1023 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 3145 | 00 | 68 | .28 |
| | | | | 15 | | 3146 | 00 | 40 | 20 |
| | 2124 | 00 | 00 | | | 3181 | 00 | 07 | 37 |
| | 1018 | 00 | 06 | 32 | | 3149 | 00 | 24 | 89 |
| | 976 | 00 | 00 | 63 | | | No. R- | 25011/36/2 | 010-OR-I |

| 6266 1 | THE GAZLI | | <u></u> : | :==== . · · == | | .::-= | =: | 1.1172.1 | | | • |
|--|---|--|--|----------------------------------|----------|-----------------------|----------|--|---|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| नई ' | दिल्ली, 9 सित | गम्ब र, 201 | () | | 1 | | 2 | 3 | 4 | | .,1 |
| का,आ, 2327 | .—क ं न्द्रीय | सरकार व | ो लोकि | हत में यह | \. प | ाः लाडी | खर्द | 758 | ()() | 01 | 7-3 |
| ावश्यक प्रतात होता है | कि पारादीप (| उड़ीसा) सं | रायपुर (| छत्तीसगढ़) | • • • | , | 3 | 760 | ()() | 00 | -5 |
| एवं राँची (झारखण्ड) | तक पेट्रोलिय | म उत्पादों | ें परिवह | उन के लिये | | | | 759 | 00 | · X 3 | 39 |
| इंडियन ऑयल कॉर्पोरेश | ान लिमिटेड द्वा | रा " पारादी | प-सम्बल | पुर-रायपुर- | | | | 735/5 | (X) | ıχ | ()} |
| राँची पाइपलाइन" बिछ | | | | | | | | 736 | (X) | 01 | ి న |
| और केन्द्रीय स | | | न खिळाने | के पयोजन | | | | 739/2 | 2 00 | ()() | .35 |
| के लिए यह प्रतीत होत | | | | | | | | 737 | ()() | ()() | ю |
| क म्लए यह प्रतात हार बिछाई जाने का प्रस्त | | | | | | | | 738 | 00 | (Yo | 22 |
| | | | | | | | | 739:1 | | 04 |](+ |
| अनुसूची में वर्णित है | , म उपयाग | ক সাঘক | शर का। उ | प्रजाम ।काया | | | | 717/ | | ()() | (4) |
| जाए; | | | | | | | | 718/4 | | 07 | ¥) |
| अतः अब, केन्द्र | | | | | | | | 756/1,476/3,4 | | /15 | |
| (भूमि में उपयंग के अ | धिकार का अ | र्जन) अधि | नियम, 19 | 062 (1962 | | | | 682 | 00 | 15 | 53 |
| का 💯 की धारा 3 व | <mark>ही उपधारा (</mark> 1 |) द्वारा प्रद | त्र शक्तिय | गों का प्रयोग | | | | 687 | ()() | 00 | 50 |
| करतं हुए, उनमें उपय | योग के अधिव | कार का अ | र्जन कर | ने के अपने | | | | 681 | 00 | Q ² | . † |
| आशय की घोषणा कर | रती है; | | | | | | | 676 | 00 | 03 | 93 |
| कोई व्यक्ति, ज | | वी में वर्णि | त भमि में | हितबद्ध है. | | | | 652 | 00 | 13 | <u>.]</u> ! |
| उस तारीख से जिस ् | J 6. | | ~ \ | | | | | 662 | (X) | 03 | 18 |
| ्राधसुचना की प्रतियाँ | | | | | | | | 661 | 00 | 02 | |
| - आधसूचना का प्रापया - इक्कीस दिन के भौतर | | | | | | | | 660 | 00 | ıl | ώ, |
| | | | | | | | | 657 | (X) | 14 | (4) |
| या भूमि के नीवे पाइ | | | | | | | | 576 | (i) | 08 | ()) |
| कुमार अग्रवाल, सक्षम | | | | | | | | 580,582,583.59 | | | |
| पारादीप- सम्बलपुर- | _ | | | | | | | 598,599,603.58 | | | |
| सेक्टर 2, अवंति विह | | 2006 (ਡ | तीसगढ़) | को लिखित | | | | 593,594,595, | | (%) | 1.Ary |
| रूप में आक्षेप भेज स | किंगा। | | | | | | | 506/1,578.579.59 | 90.591 | | |
| | अनुसू | ची | | | | | | 577 | ()() | رې د | 20 |
| तहसील-सक्ती | जिला- जांजर्ग | रि-चाम्य। | गहर | | | | | 586/ | | 08 | $\mathcal{H}_{\mathbb{C}}^{n}$ |
| क्रम गांव का नाम | खसरा सं. | | क्षेत्रफल | | | | | 587 | | ป | 83 |
| सं. | | हेक्ट्रेयर | एयर | वर्ग मीटर | | | | 587 | | [0] | 34 |
| | | | | | | | | 587/ | | 1.6 | 26 |
| 1 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | | | | 588 | (X) | ()1 | 15 |
| । पलाडी खुर्द | 1406/1 | 00 | 18 | 24 | 2. | पलाः | डी क | ज्ला 82 1/ | 3 00 | 01 | 33 |
| | 1406/2 | (X) | \mathfrak{M} | 10 | | | | 711/ | 3 01 | 20 | 12 |
| | 1405/3 | 00 | 1 1 | 17 | | | | 436 | (4) | 02 | 54 |
| | 794 | 00 | $\pm \chi_{\gamma}^{\prime}$ | 88 | | | | 438 | (3) | (R) | i . |
| | 777 | 00 | ()~ | 27 | | | | 439 | (A) | | į) |
| | 776/2 | 00 | ()] | 78 | | | | - 1-1 0: | 3 (3 | (3) | н, |
| | | | | | | | | | | | ~~ |
| | | 00 | (Y3 | 83 | | | | 449 | (0.) | 03 | 23 |
| | 776/1 774 | | | \$3 48 | | | | .449 .427 | (1) (2) (3) | 03 03 | 23 01 |
| | 776/1 | (X) | (73 | | | | | | | | |
| | 776/1 774 | 00 | 08 03 | 48 | | | | 427 | $\ell \not \in \mathcal{I}$ | 19 | 01 |
| | 776/1 774 786/1 | 00 00 00 | (7) (8) (7) | 48 10 | | | | 427 441 | (%) (n) | 07 07 | 01 11 |
| | 776/1 774 786/1 788 | 00 00 00 00 00 | (73 (98 (7) (3) | 48 10 69 | | | | 427 441 442 | (%) (#) (%) (%) | 07 04 | 01 11 47 |
| | 776/1 774 786/1 788 787 | 00 00 00 60 60 ct | (75 (98 (71) (83 (83 | 48 10 69 55 | | | | 427 441 442 426 | 00 00 00 00 /1 00 | 07 07 04 10 | 01 11 47 11 |
| | 776/1 774 786/1 788 787 789 773/1 | 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | (75 (86 (70) (33 (33 (32) | 48 10 69 55 19 | | | | 427 441 442 426 409 | (X) (D) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X | (): ()7 ()4 ()0 ()6 | 01 11 47 11 25 |
| | 776/1 774 786/1 788 787 789 | 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | 07 08 09 03 03 03 02 01 | 48 30 69 55 19 02 | | | | 427 441 442 426 409 409 | (X) (D) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X | 07 07 04 40 06 | 01 11 47 11 25 60 |
| | 776/1 774 786/1 788 787 789 | 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | (75 (86 (70) (33 (33 (32) | 48 10 69 55 19 | | | | 427 441 442 426 409 | 00 00 00 00 /1 00 | (): ()7 ()4 ()0 ()6 | 01 11 47 11 25 |

| | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 1 | | 2 | 3 | | 5 | 6 |
|----|-------------|---------------|-----|----------|---|----|----|---------------|------------|-----------|----------|----------|
| | | 293 | | 00 | 31 | 4. | भा | ———— गोडीह | 414 | ()() | 00 | 10 |
| | पलाडी कला | 293 288/4 | 00 | 00 | 99 | | | | 192 | 00 | 08 | 95 |
| | | 256/4 292 | 00 | 00 | 64 | | | | 189 | 00 | 10 | 84 |
| | | 288/3 | 00 | 08 | 8-4 | | | | 188 | 00 | 01 | 53 |
| | | 291 | 00 | 03 | 67 | | | | 186 | 00 | 09 | 07 |
| | | 290 | 00 | 12 | () () () () () () () () () () | | | | 185 | 00 | 09 | 92 |
| | | 289/1 | 00 | 00 | 08 | | | | 4 | 00 | 12 | 35 |
| | | 289/2 | 00 | 06 | 10 | | | | 3 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | मुक्ता-राजा | 46 | 00 | 91 | 3 6 | | | | 2 | (A) | 00 | 42 i0 |
| 3. | મુજલા-લગા | 47 | 00 | 00 | ს 5 | | | | 1 | 00 | 00 | |
| | | 49 | 00 | 01 | -32 | 5. | | सरह | 1017 | 00 | 01 | 58 |
| | | 48 | 00 | 06 | 10 | | | | 1038 | 00 | 15 | 26 |
| | | 53 | 00 | 16 | 16 | | | | 1039 | 00 | 08 | 25 |
| | | 57 | 00 | 18 | 16 | | | | 1044 | 00 | 05 | 57 |
| | | 59 | 00 | 04 | 55 | | | | 1040 | 00 | 19 | 80 |
| | | 58 | 00 | 08 | 53 | | | | 1041 | 000 | 26 | 55 |
| | | 60 | 00 | 07 | 75 | | | | 1016 | 00 | 04 | 66 |
| | | 61 | 00 | 07 | 25 | | | | 965 | 00 | 08 | 16 49 |
| | | 62 | 00 | 18 | 24 | | | | 966 | 00 | 51 | 49 49 |
| | | 63 | 00 | 000 | 98 | | | | 953 | 00 | 12 | 01 |
| | | 92 | 00 | 04 | 19 | | | | 969 | 00 | 22 16 | 60 |
| | | 91 | 000 | 03 | 33 | | | | 970 | 000 | 20 | 84 |
| | | 66 | 00 | 06 | 71 | | | | 971 | ω, (χ) | 04 | 39 |
| | | 67 | 00 | 07 | 12 | | | | 944 | 00 | 01 | 57 |
| | | 09 | 00 | 08 | 83 | | | | 972 | 00 00 | 14 | 75 |
| | | 88 | 00 | 15 | 89 | | | | 973 974 | 00 | 09 | 62 |
| | | 76 | 00 | 08 | 72 | | | | 974 935 | 00 | 17 | 43 |
| | | 75 | 00 | 01 | 81 | | | | 935 936 | 00 | 01 | 54 |
| | | 77 | 00 | 18 | 10 | | | | 923 | 00 | 05 | 69 |
| | | 144 | 000 | 07 | 37 | | | | 937 | . 00 | 03 | 64 |
| | | 147 | 00 | 09 | i8 | | | | 922 | 00 | 07 | 18 |
| | | 146 | 00 | 00 | 71 91 | | | | 151 | 00 | 34 | 76 |
| | | 148 | 00 | 10 00 | 10 | | | | 152 | 00 | 00 | j. |
| | | 150 | 00 | 03 | 18 | | | | 147/1 | 00 | 22 | 9 |
| | | 149 | 00 | | | | | | 147/2 | 00 | 03 | 38 |
| 4 | l. भागोडीह | 212 | 00 | 04 | 86 00 | | | | 159 | 00 | 40 | 4. |
| | | 243 | 000 | 02 | 90 91 | | | | 162 | 00 | 06 | 1 |
| | | 213 | 00 | 03 | 02 | | | | !65 | (X) | 03 | 70 |
| | | 214 | 00 | 08 | 29 | | | | 166 | 00 | 83 | -1 |
| | | 215 | 00 | 00 32 | 29 9i | | | | 168 | ()() | 21 | 1 |
| | | 216 | 00 | | 68 | | | | 167 | ()() | 00 | 8 |
| | | 217 | 00 | 06 06 | 67 | | | | 177 | 00 | 14 | 3 |
| | | 198 | 00 | 06 01 | 63 | | | | 175 | 00 | 05 | 8 |
| | | 197 | 00 | 15 | 14 | | | | 176 | 00 | (X) | 7 |
| | | 196 | 00 | 13 | 27 | | | | 119 | 00 | 33 | (|
| | | 191 193 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 6. | जर्वे | 506 | (X) | 03 | ć |

| 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Ć |
|-------|-----|-----|----|----------|
| गतवा | 240 | 00 | 03 | 05 |
| | 241 | 00 | 02 | 56 |
| | 242 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 243 | 00 | 07 | 36 |
| | 244 | 00 | 03 | 15 |
| | 232 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 231 | 00 | 14 | 27 |
| | 230 | 00 | 00 | 31 |
| | 260 | 00 | 06 | 32 |
| | 261 | 00 | 28 | 39 |
| | 223 | 00 | 07 | 50 |
| | 268 | 00 | 09 | 21 |
| | 269 | 00 | 01 | 53 |
| | 270 | 00 | 11 | 06 |
| | 211 | 00 | 23 | 48 |
| | 212 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 213 | 00 | 30 | 17 |
| | 54 | 00 | 40 | 89 |
| | 41 | 00 | 00 | 40 |
| | 45 | 00 | 06 | 21 |
| | 42 | 00 | 24 | 66 |
| | 28 | 00 | 14 | 03 |
| | 27 | 00 | 00 | 41 |
| | 25 | 00 | 16 | 96 |
| | 24 | 00 | 12 | 12 |
| | 30 | 000 | 02 | 03 |
| | 23 | 00 | 25 | 23 |
| | 22 | 00 | 05 | 12 |
| | 17 | 00 | 22 | 88 |
| दरेली | 502 | 00 | 06 | 54 |
| | 497 | 00 | 02 | 66 |
| | 498 | 00 | 20 | 13 |
| | 496 | 00 | 02 | 93 |
| | 480 | 00 | 15 | 95 |
| | 486 | 00 | 15 | 18 |
| | 484 | 00 | 00 | 60 |
| | 485 | 00 | 05 | 00 |
| | 487 | 00 | 16 | 54 |
| | 474 | 00 | 03 | 22 |
| | 463 | 00 | 00 | 92 |
| | 459 | 00 | 08 | 98 |
| | 458 | 00 | 03 | 04 |
| | 455 | 00 | 14 | 29 |
| | 457 | 00 | 00 | 25 |
| | 454 | 00 | 00 | 32 |
| | 456 | 00 | 09 | 55 55 |
| | 449 | 00 | 01 | 33 92 |
| | 448 | 00 | 03 | 18 |

बी. के. दत्ता, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 9th September, 2010

S.O. 2327.—Whereas, it appears to the Central Government that it is necessary in the public interest that for the transportation of petroleum products from Paradip (Orissa) to Raipur (Chhattisgarh) & Ranchi (Jharkhand), a "Paradip-Sambalpur - Raipur - Ranchi Pipeline" should be laid by Indian Oil Corporation Limited;

And whereas, it appears to the Central Government that for the purpose of laying the said pipeline, it is necessary to acquire the right of user in the land described in the schedule annexed to this notification;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Petroleum and Minerals Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in Land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962), the Central Government hereby declares its intention to acquire the right of user therein;

Any person interested in the land described in the said schedule may, within twenty-one days from the date on which the copies of this notification, as published in the Gazette of India, are made available to the General Public, object in writing to the acquisition of the right of user therein or laying of the pipeline under the land to Shri Dilip Kumar Agarwal, Competent Authority, Indian Oil Corporation Limited, Paradip - Sambalpur-Raipur-Ranchi Pipeline Project, N-17, Sector-2, Avanti Vihar, Raipur-492006, Chhattisgarh.

SCHEDULE

| Teł | nsil:Sakti Dist | rict : Janjgir | -Champa | Stat Ch | e : nhattisgarh |
|------------|---------------------|----------------|------------|------------|--------------------|
| Sr. No. | Name of the Village | Khasara No. | Hectare | Area | C= 1/4 |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | | Are | Sq. Mtr. |
| 1. | | | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| ı. | Paladi Khurd | 1406/1 | 00 | 18 | 24 |
| | | 1406/2 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | | 1405/3 | 00 | 11 | 17 |
| | | 794 | 00 | 04 | 88 |
| | | 77 7 | 00 | 05 | 27 |
| | | 776/2 | 00 | 01 | 78 |
| | | 776/1 | 00 | 03 | 83 |
| | | 774 | Q O | 08 | 48 |
| | | 786/1 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | | 788 | 00 | 03 | 69 |
| | | 787 | 00 | 03 | 55 |
| | | 789 | 00 | 02 | 19 |
| | | 773/1 | 00 | 01 | 02 |
| | | 792 | 00 | 03 | 04 |
| | | 790 | 00 | 01 | 54 |
| | | 765 | 00 | 08 | 81 |
| | | 758 | 000 | 01 | 20 |
| | | 760 | 00 | 00 | 35 |
| | | 759 | 00 | 06 | 29 |

| ग II—खण्ड 3(ii) | J | | भारत का राजप | त्र् : ।सतम्बर | 18, 2010/भाद्र 27, 1932 | | | | 62 |
|-----------------|---------------|-----|--------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------|----|-------------|----|
| 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 1 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | |
| Paladi Khurd | 735/5 | 00 | 06 | 04 | 2. Paladi Kala | 288/3 | 00 | 08 | |
| | 736 | 00 | 01 | 88 | | 291 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 739/2 | 00 | 09 | 38 | | 290 | 00 | 12 | |
| | 737 | 00 | 00 | 46 | | 289/1 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 738 | 00 | 06 | 22 | | 289/2 | 00 | 06 | |
| | 739/1 | 00 | 04 | 10 | 3. Mukta-Raja | 46 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 717/1 | 00 | 09 | 60 | 2 | 47 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 718/4 | 00 | 07 | 90 | | 49 | 00 | 01 | |
| 756/ | 1,476/3,478 | 00 | 05 | 62 | | 48 | 00 | 00 | |
| 150/ | 682 | 00 | 15 | 53 | | 53 | 00 | 16 | |
| | 687 | 00 | 00 | 52 | | 55 57 | 00 | 18 | |
| | 681 | 00 | 05 | <i>7</i> 4 | | 59 | | 04 | |
| | 676 | | | 74 93 | | | 00 | | |
| | | 00 | 03 | | | 58 | 00 | 08 | |
| | 652 | 00 | 13 | 21 | | 60 | 00 | 07 27 | |
| | 662 | 00 | 03 | 18 | | 61 | 00 | 07 | |
| | 661 | 00 | 02 | 75 | | 62 | 00 | 18 | |
| | 660 | 00 | 1! | 99 | | 63 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 657 | 00 | 14 | 09 | | 92 | 00 | 04 | |
| | 576 | 00 | 08 | 01 | | 91 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 2,6583,596,59 | | | | | 66 | 00 | 06 | |
| | 9,603,584,58 | | | | | 67 | 00 | 07 | |
| | 594,595,573, | 00 | .09 | 96 | | 69 | 00 | 08 | |
| 506/1,5 | 78,579,590,59 | | 00 | 20 | | 88 | 00 | 15 | |
| | 577 | 00 | 83 | 20 | | 76 | 00 | 08 | |
| | 586/2 | 00 | 08 | 93 | | 75 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 587/3 | 00 | 01 | 83 | | 77 | 00 | 18 | |
| | 587/2 | 00 | 10 | 34 | | 144 | 00 | 07 | |
| | 587 /1 | 00 | 08 | 26 | | 147 | 00 | 09 | |
| | 588 | 00 | 01 | 15 | | 146 | 00 | 00 | |
| Paladi Kala | 821/3 | 00 | 04 | 33 | | 148 | 00 | 10 | |
| | 711/3 | 01 | 20 | 12 | | 150 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 436 | 00 | 02 | 54 | | 149 | 00 | 03 | |
| | 438 | 00 | 06 | 17 | 4. Bhagodih | 212 | 00 | 04 | |
| | 439 | 00 | 03 | 44 | , Blagoan | 243 | 00 | 02 | |
| | 440/3 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | 213 | 00 | 03 | - |
| | 449/1 | 00 | 03 | 23 | | 214 | 00 | 08 | |
| | 427 | 00 | 05 | 01 | | 215 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 441 | 00 | . 07 | 11 | | 216 | 00 | 32 | |
| | 442 | 00 | 04 | 47 | | | | 06 | |
| | 426 | 00 | 10 | 11 | | 217 | 00 | | |
| | 409/1 | 00 | 06 | 25 | | 198 | 00 | 06 | |
| | 409/2 | 00 | 06 | 60 | | 197 | 00 | 01 | |
| | 409/3 | 00 | 03 | 83 | | 196 | 00 | 15 | |
| | 408 | 00 | 03 | 92 | | 191 | 00 | 13 | |
| | 406 294 | 00 | 03 07 | 78 | | 193 | 00 | 00 | |
| | 294 293 | 00 | 00 | 31 | | 414 | 00 | 00 | |
| | | | | | | 192 | 00 | 08 | |
| | 288/4 | 00 | 00 | 99 | | 189 | 00 | 10 | |
| | 292 | 000 | 00 | 64 | | 188 | 00 | 01 | |

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| ь. | • | - 1 | 4 1 | |
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| THE GAZETTE C | F INDIA : | SEPTEMBER 1 | 18, 2010/BHADRA | 27 1932 |
|---------------|-----------|-------------|-------------------|----------|
| THE OFFICE C | | | いし、ムツエンバンエルエスレスペス | 41, 1734 |

[Part $[I-\cdot S(c, \beta(i))]$

| 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|-------------|-------|----|-----|------------------|-------|---------|-----|----------|------------|------|
| 4. Bhagodih | 186 | 00 | 09 | 07 | 7. Ga | itwa | 244 | 00 | 03 | 15 |
| | 185 | 00 | 09 | 92 | | | 232 | 00 | 00 | 10 |
| | 4 | 00 | 12 | 35 | | | 231 | 00 | 14 | 27 |
| | 3 | 00 | 000 | 10 | | | 230 | 00 | 000 | 31 |
| | 2 | 00 | 00 | 42 | | | 260 | 00 | 06 | 3.3 |
| | 1 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | | 261 | 00 | 28 | 39 |
| 5. Sarhar | 1017 | 00 | 01 | 58 | | | 223 | 00 | 07 | 50 |
| | 1038 | 00 | 15 | 26 | | | 268 | 00 | ()9 | 21 |
| | 1039 | 00 | 08 | 25 | | | 269 | 00 | 01 | 53 |
| | 1044 | 00 | 05 | 57 | | | 270 | 00 | 11 | (¥s |
| | 1040 | 00 | 19 | 80 | | | 211 | 00 | 23 | ix |
| | 1041 | 00 | 26 | 55 | | | 212 | 00 | ()() | 16 |
| | 1016 | 00 | 04 | 66 | | | 213 | 00 | 30 | 17 |
| | 965 | 00 | 08 | 16 | | | 54 | 00 | 40 | 80 |
| | 966 | 00 | 51 | 49 | | | 41 | 00 | 00 | 40 |
| | 953 | 00 | 12 | 49 | | | 45 | 00 | 06 | 21 |
| | 969 | 00 | 22 | 01 | | | 42 | 00 | 24 | (d) |
| | 970 | 00 | 16 | 60 | | | 28 | 00 | 14 | 0.3 |
| | 971 | 00 | 20 | 84 | | | 27 | 00 | ()() | 45 |
| | 944 | 00 | 04 | 39 | | | 25 | 00 | 16 | 96 |
| | 972 | 00 | 01 | 57 | | | 24 | 00 | 12 | 12 |
| | 973 | 00 | 14 | 75 | | | 30 | 20 | 02 | 1)3 |
| | 974 | 00 | 09 | 62 | | | 23 | 00 | 25 | 23 |
| | 935 | 00 | 17 | 43 | | | 22 | 00 | 05 | 12 |
| | 936 | 00 | 01 | 54 | | | 17 | 00 | 22 | 88 |
| | 923 | 00 | 05 | 69 | 8. St | ındreli | 502 | 00 | 06 | 54 |
| | 937 | 00 | 03 | 64 | | | 497 | 00 | 02 | 66 |
| | 922 | 00 | 07 | 18 | | | 498 | 00 | 20 | 13 |
| | 151 | 00 | 34 | 76 | | | 496 | 00 | 02 | 93 |
| | 152 | 00 | 00 | 14 | | | 480 | 00 | 15 | 93 |
| | 147/1 | 00 | 22 | 92 | | | 486 | 00 | 15 | 18 |
| | 147/2 | 00 | 03 | 38 | | | 484 | 00 | 00 | 60 |
| | 159 | 00 | 40 | 42 | | | 485 | 00 | 05 | ()() |
| | 162 | 00 | 06 | 17 | | | 487 | 00 | 16 | 5-1 |
| | 165 | 00 | 03 | 76 := | | | 474 | 00 | 03 | 22 |
| | 166 | 00 | 83 | 47 | | | 463 | 00 | 00 | 92 |
| | 168 | 00 | 21 | 12 | | | 459 | 00 | 08 | 98 |
| | 167 | 00 | 00 | 81 | | | 458 | 00 | 03 | ()4 |
| | 177 | 00 | 14 | 36 | | | 455 | 00 | 14 | 29 |
| | 175 | 00 | 05 | 85 2 0 | | | 457 | 00 | 00 | 25 |
| | 176 | 00 | 00 | 7 9 | | | 454 | 00 | 00 | 32 |
| | 119 | 00 | 33 | 06 | | | 456 | 00 | 09 | 55 |
| 6. Jarwe | 506 | 00 | 03 | 94 | | | 449 | 00 | 01 | 92 |
| 7. Gatwa | 240 | 00 | 03 | 05 | | | 448 | 00 | 03 | 18 |
| | 241 | 00 | 02 | 56 | | | | | 011/34/201 | |
| | 242 | 00 | 00 | 10 | | | ĺι | B. K. DA | | |

नई दिल्ली, 9 सितम्बर, 2010

का.आ. 2328.—केन्द्रीय सरकार ने, पेट्रोलियम और खिनज पाइपलाइन (भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) अधिनियम, 1962 (1962 का 50) की धारा 5 की उप-धारा (1) के अधीन जगरी की गई भारत सरकार के पेट्रोलियम और प्राकृतिक गैस मंत्रालय की नीचे दी गई अनुसूची में यह उन्लिखित तारीखों की अधिसूचना संख्या का.आ. द्वारा उन अधिसूचनाओं से संलग्न अनुसूची में विनिर्दिष्ट भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन किया था;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार ने, उक्त अधिनियम की 6 धारा की उप-धारा (4) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, उक्त भूमि में, जो सभी विल्लगमों से मुक्त है, उपयोग का अधिसूचनाओं से संलग्न का अधिकार इंडियन ऑयल कार्पोरेशन लिमिटेड में, निहित किया था ;

और सक्षम प्राधिकारी ने केन्द्रीय सरकार को यह रिर्पोट दी है कि कर्नाटक राज्य में चेन्नै-बेंगलुरु तक पेट्रोलियम उत्पाद के परिवहन के लिए इंडियन ऑयल कार्पोरेशन लिमिटेड द्वारा पाइपलाइन बिछाई जा चुकी है । अत: उस भूमि में प्रचालन की समाप्ति की जाए जिसका संक्षिप्त विवरण इस अधिसूचना से संलग्न अनुसूची में विनिर्दिष्ट किया गया है ।

अतः अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार, पेट्रोलियम पाइपलाइन (भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) नियम, 1963 के नियम 4 के स्पष्टीकरण-1 के अधीन अपेक्षानुसार उक्त अनुसूची के स्तंभ 7 में उल्लिखित तारीखों को प्रचालन की समाप्ति की तारीखों के रूप में घोषित करती है।

अनुसूची

| जला : व | कोलार - | | | | | राज्य : कर्नाटक |
|-------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|-------|----------------|--------------------------------|
| क्रम सं. | का.आ.सं. एवं तारीख | गांव का नाम | तालुका | जिला | राज्य | प्रचालन की समाप्ति की तारीख |
| | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| <u> </u> | | अस ्गान्ह िल | मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| ١. | 12%1 | भ्याप्यापल्ली । | मुलबागल | कोलार | <u>क्षनीटक</u> | 06-04-2010 |
| | 39 -05 -2008 | स्यस्थान्हरित | मुलबागल | कोलार | कनोटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | स्थलन ामा | मुलबागल | कोलार | कन्दिक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | महस्तापुरा | <u> मुलबागल</u> | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | अस्मासन्द्र <u>ा</u> | मुलबागल | कोलार | সন ি? | 06 -04 -2019 |
| | | प्रतिवाद ्डीहरिल | मुलबागल | कोलार | क्रमांटक | 66-04-2010 |
| | | चिक्कागुटटाहिल्ल <u>े</u> | मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 66-04-2010 |
| | | डो ड् डागुट्यहल्लि | मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-201 |
| | | कृष्णापुरा | मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्माटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | युजागेनाहर्ल्ल बज्जनागेनाहर्ल्ल | ु भुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-201 |
| | | जाथमंगलाअग्रहरा | मुल बाग ल | कालार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-201 |
| | | डोम्मासन्ड्रा | मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-201 |
| | | सगोंडाहल्लि | <u>म</u> ुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-201 |
| | | कीलागाणी | मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-201 |
| | | मेलागाणी | मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-201 |
| | | पडाकास्ति | पुलबागल मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-201 |
| | | कन्नथा | मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-201 |
| | | कुरुबा चन्दुमनाहल्लि | मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-201 |
| | | बल्लाअग्रहरा | <u> मु</u> लबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-201 |
| | | चन्नापुरा | <u>मु</u> लबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-201 |

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| | येडाहल्लि | मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | चित्थेरी | मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | उरकुंटेमिट्टुरु | मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | आवलमारक्कालागद्टा | मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | मिणिजेनहल्लि | मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | बन्डहल्लि | मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| 3345 | चिक्कागुट्टाहल्लि | मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| 12-12-2008 | सगोंडाहल्ल | मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | चन्नापुरा | मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | उरकुंटेमिट् टु रु | मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | |
| | मिणिजेनहल्लि | मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | येडाहल्लि | मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| 1948 | रामचन्द्रपुरा | मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| 15-07-2009 | पडाकास्ति | मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | चित्थेरी | मुलबागल | कोलार | कराटक कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | बन्डहल्लि | मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | मिणिजेनहल्लि | मुलबागल | कोलार | कनाटक कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| 912 | कसवुगान्हल्लि | मुलबागल | कोलार | | 06-04-2010 |
| 29-03-2010 | माइलापुरा | मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | पुल्लोबारेड्डीहल्लि | <u> मु</u> लबागल | कोलार कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | सगोंडाहिल्ल | मुलबागल मुलबागल | कोलार कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | पडाकास्ति | मुलबागल | कोलार कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | कुरुबा चन्दुमनाहल्लि | <u>पुलबागल</u> | कालार कोलार | कर्नाटक — | 06-04-2010 |
| | चनापुरा | मुलबागल | कोलार कोलार | कर्नाटक — र | 06-04-2010 |
| | येडाहल्लि | पुलबागल मुलबागल | | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | उरकुंटेमिट्टुरु | मुलबागल मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | मिणिजेनहल्लि | <u>मु</u> लबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | बन्डहल्लि | नुलबागल मुलबागल | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| 1282 | जयमंगला | नुराषागल बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| 29-05-2008 | नीलकण्ठपुरा | बंगारपट बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | वादंडाहिल्ल | बंगारपेट बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | कामण्डहल्ली | बगारपट बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | कंगानल्लुर | | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | कगानल्लुर मावहल्लि | बंगारपेट चंगा रे | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | बंगारपेट ———— | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | नायकरहिल्ल | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | वट्रकुंटे | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | बावरहल्लि | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | हुडकुला | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |

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| - | | अनिगानाहल्लि | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | सिड्डानहल्लि | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | अक्षंत्रगोल्लाह ल्लि | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | मुगालाबेले | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | माधमंगला | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | सूलकुंटे | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| 2. | 3346 | जयमंगला | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| - | 12-12-2008 | कंगानल्लुर | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | कामण्डहल्ली | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | मावहल्लि | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | सिड्डानहल्लि | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | अक्षंत्रगोल्लाहिल्ल | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | मुगालाबेले | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | सूलकुंटे | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | नीलकण्ठपुरा | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | मीठमल्लहल्ली | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| 3. | 1947 | वांदडाहिल्ल | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| J. | 15-07-2009 | मावहल्लि | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | मुगालाबेले | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| 4. | 913 | वांदडाहल्लि | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| 7. | 29-03-2010 | कामण्डहल्ली | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | 2, 03 2111 | मावहल्लि | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | नायकरहल्लि | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | वट्रकुंटे | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | बावरहल्लि | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | अनिगानाहल्लि | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | अक्षंत्रगोल्लाहिल्ल | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | मुगालाबेले | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | सुलकुंटे | बंगारपेट | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| 5. | 1278 | मीठमल्लहल्लि | बंगारपेट | कालार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| ٥٠. | 23-05-2008 | | | | | |
| 1. | 1283 | वडागेरे | कोलार | कोलार | कर्नाटक | %-04-2 9 |
| 1. | 29-05-2008 | स्वामीगला गोल्लाहल्लि | वजेलार | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06~04~2010 |
| | 2) 03 2000 | अग्रहरा सोमरसन हल्लि | कोलार | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | पटना | कोलार | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| 2. | 914 | अग्रहरा सोमरसन हल्लि | कोलार | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| <u>۔</u> | 29-03-2010 | मीठमल्लहल्ली | कोलार | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| 1. | 1284 | करडागुर्की | मालुर | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |

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| | 29-05-2008 | कुंटानहरिल्ल | मालुर | अंदेलार | #ALCY | He was |
| | | नवरानह दिस | माल्र | के लि.र | 974" L V. | |
| | | कारगुंटटा | मालुर | कोसार | कर विस् च | * 4 * |
| | | निध्यसभागः | मालुर | क्, लार | कनाटक | ()A-1)-4 |
| | | बावनहर्ल्ल | मालुर | कोलार | कर्नाटक | Oto Repositor |
| | | कडयनहल्लि | मालुः | कोलार | कर्नाटक | West Comment |
| | | पुरमाकनेहल्लि | मालुर | कोलार | कर्णाटक | ()(v-C)4 · · · . |
| | | दोड्डाशिवारा | मालुर | कोलार | कर्नाटक | (Ps. Od + 1) |
| | | वडगनहल्लि | मालुर | कोलार | कर्नाटक | No 64 1 |
| | | विक्कासिवारा | मालुर | कोलार | कर्नाटक | $(\mu_{N_1, i, j_0})_{i=1, \dots}$ |
| | | धाड्डाकडथुरु | मालुर | कोलार | कर्नाटक | (My to proceed) |
| | | नाचोहल्लि | मालुर | कोलाः | रमर्नाटक | On Oa i |
| | | लिंगापुरा | मालुर | कोलार | कर्नाटक | Mr. J. J. |
| | | हारोहिल्ल | मालुर | कोतग् | कर्नाटक | 06 14 1 m |
| | | माडिवाला | मालुर | कोलार | कर्नाटक | Sec. 154 |
| | | चोकंडहिल्ल | मालुर | कोलार | कर्नाटक | A. 11 |
| | | हनुमानायकहल्लि | मालुर | कोलार | 3 | n ger i Ma |
| | | योशवन्तपुरा | मालुर | कोलार | The state of the s | |
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| | | आनेपुर | याल्र | कोलार | The state of | 1 J |
| 2. | 3347 | निधरमंगला | ` T (j | 3 .777 | 31 503 | 140-14 Pro 201 |
| | 12-12-2008 | कडसनहल्लि | 1473 | कोलार | ₩. (j. 11 m | 06 ()4 (1) |
| | | वडगनहल्लि | nieir | कोलार | 4 0 1 € | 46-04-2070 |
| | | माडिवाला | मालुर | 12. Table 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11 | कनोट∗ | W. 63 Mills |
| 3. | 1946 | नक्कनहल्लि | मालुर | TADE TO THE | कर्नाटक | 20-64-2010 |
| | 15-07-2009 | निधरम्गरत | 1000 | काल र | कर्णटक | 06-04-26 |
| | | क डसनह <i>िल</i> ् | | बर्गेलार | कर्नाटकः | 06 04- ((: |
| | | पुरमाकनहो 👵 | ,TT. | कोलार | कर्नाटः | State of the state |
| | | योशवन्तपुरः | 1.573 | कोलार | क _{र:} ८३ | 1.5 |
| | | भाड्डा कड _{़ि} | 100 m / K | ब्रोलार | 1.79 | 10 m |
| 4 | 911 | करडागु 🖟 | $\mathcal{F}_{1}e\tilde{1}$ | कोलार | 1.166 | . (1). |
| | 29 -03 2010 | कार्यः | 2. 10. 2 | चीलार | 94,360 | 10-14-30-15 |
| | | िक्षि | 99 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | वतलार | यामीत्क | |
| | | āh⊗: | 4(0) | कोलार | क भी रक्ष | 10.04.00 |
| | | भूर वह अंग्रिक | n ₂ | चोलार | eni tti. | 06- 04- 20% |
| | | tener in the | मालुर | कालार | 1.104 | ()6+04-2(()) |
| | | | SITT. | कोशस | क्षाण्या | 06 04 (2015) |
| | | Wall to | upgr | कोलार | अन्दिक | 06-04-2013 |

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| *** * | | | titel. | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 0604-2010 |
| | | इसेहर्ग्स | स् व स्ट्रि | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | सहिकाम | ric ² f | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | हन्सा स्वक्रहांच्या | 1.158 | कोलार | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | याशकस्त्र | High | कोलाः | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| farai | | | | | | राज्य : कर्नाटक |
| ¥9 £ | का,आसं एतं तारीख | पांच का नह | (१.पनु व ् | जिला | राज्य | प्रचालन की संगाप्ति की तारीख |
| i | 2 | | | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| ·· · · · | 1285 | बमस्बद | शंभाते | बेंगलुरु रुरल | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | 29-05-2008 | कार्जाहोसा हा 🕾 | डोसकोटे | बेंगलुरु रुस्त | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | खनडिल्न | हांसकोट | बेंगलुरु हरल | कर्नाटक | 0604-2010 |
| | | ५ रमनार्हाल्ल | होसकोटे | बंगलुह रुस्त | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | ভিত্ত | होसकोट | बेंगलुङ रुस्ल | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | तरवहल्लि | होसकांटे | बेंगलुर स्रत | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | 3348 | टिंडलु | होसकोटे | बेंगलुरु स्टल | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | £1 12 2008 | तस्वहल्लि | होसकोटे | बंगलुरु स्थल | कर्नाटक | 96-04-2010 |
| | | दंबरगोल्लहल्ली | होसकोटे | बेंगलुरु रुरल | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | 1.449 | कटिगेनहल्लि | हांसकोटे | बेंगलुर एरल | कर्नाटक | 06-04 2010 |
| | 15 OF BAR | देवसगल्लहल्ली | होसकोटे | बेंगलुरु रुरल | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| ÷ | . 45 | बसनबांडे | होसकोटे | बेंगलुरु रुरल | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | 29-03-2010 | काजीहोसा हल्लि | होसकोटे | बेंगलुरु रुरल | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | बनहल्लि | होसकाट | वंगलुरु रुस्ल | कर्नाटक | 06-04 3010 |
| | | परमनाहल्लि | होसकोटे | बेंगलुरु रुरल | कर्नाटक | (55-04-2019) |
| | | तरवहल्लि | होसकोटे | बेंगलुरु रुरल | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | देवरगोनहल्लि | होसकोटे | अँगलुरु हरल | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | | कटिगेनहल्ली | होसकोटे | बंगलुरु रुरल | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| 5. | 1279 | देवरगोल्लहल्ली | होसकोटे | . बेंगलुरु रुरल | कर्नाटक | 06-04-2010 |
| | 23-05-2008 | | | | | |

[फा. सं. आर-25011/33/2010-ओ.आर-I] बी.कं. दत्ता, अवर सचिन्न

New Delhi, the 9th September, 2010

S.O. 2328.—Whereas by the notification of the Government of India, Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas. 5.O. No. and dated as mentioned in the Schedule below issued under sub-section (1) of Section 6 of the Petroleum and Minerals Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in Land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962) the Central Government acquired the right of user in the lands, specified in the schedule appended to those notifications.

And whereas, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 6 of the said Act. The Central Government visited the right of user in said lands, free from all encumbrances, in the Indian Oil Corporation limited.

And whereas, the Competent Authority has made a report to the Central Government, that the pipeline for the purpose of transportation of petroleum products from Chennai-Banglore in the State of Karnataka has been laid in respect

of said lands, so the operation may be terminated in respect of the ROW (Right of Way) in land, description of which in brief is specified in the schedule annexed to this notification.

Now therefore, as required under explanation-1 of rule 4 of the Petroleum and Minerals Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in Land) rules 1963, the Central Government hereby declares the dates mentioned in column 7 of the said schedule as the dates of termination of operation.

SCHEDULE

| Distri | ct:Kolar | | | | | State : Karnataka |
|------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------|----------|-----------|----------------------------------|
| Sl. No. | S.O. No. and Date | Name of the Village | Taluk | District | State | Date of Termination of operation |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| 1 | 1281 | Kasavuganahalli | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | 29-05-2008 | Jiyapalli | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Payasthanahalli | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Ramachandrapura | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Mylapura | Mulbagal | Kolar | Kamataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Kammasandra | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Puliobareddyhalli | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Chikkaguttahalli | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Doddaguttahalli | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Krishnapura | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Vajranagenahalli | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Dommasandra | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Jathamangala Agrahara | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Sangondahalli | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Keelagani | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Melagani | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Padakasti | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Kannatha | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Kurubara Chadumanahalli | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Balla Agrahara | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Channapura | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Yadahalli | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Chitheri | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Urukuntemitturu | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Avalamarakalagatta | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Minijenahalli | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Bandahalli | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| 2 | 3345 | Chikkaguttahalli | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | 12-12-2008 | Sangondahalli | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Channapura | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Urukuntemitturu | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Minijenahalli | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Yadahalli | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| 3 | 1948 | Ramachandrapura | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | 15-07-2009 | Padakasti | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Chitheri | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-------|-----------|------------|
| | | Bandahalli | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Minijenahalli | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| 4 | 912 | Kasavuganahalli | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| • | 29-03-2010 | Mylapura | ·Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | - : •• = : : : | Puliobareddyhalli | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Sangondahalli | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Padakasti | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Kurubara Chadumanahalli | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Channapura | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Yadahalli | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Urukuntemitturu | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Minijenahalli | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Bandahalli | Mulbagal | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| 1 | 1282 | Jayamangala | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| • | 29-05-2008 | Neelakantapura | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Vadandahalli | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Kamandahalli | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Kanganalluru | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Mavahalli | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Nayakarahalli | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Vatrakunte | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Bavarahalli | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Hudukula | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Aniganahalli | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Siddanahalli | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Akshanatara Gollahalli | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Mugalabele | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Madamangala | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Sulikunte | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| 2 | 3346 | Jayamangala | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| _ | 12-12-2008 | Kanganalluru | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Kamandahalli | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Mavahalli | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Siddanahalli | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Akshanatara Gollahalli | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Mugalabele | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Sulikunte | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Neelakantapura | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Mittamalahalli | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| 3 | 1947 | Vadandahalli | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| ر | 15-07-2009 | Mavahalli | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | 15-07-2007 | Mugalabele | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| 4 | 913 | Vadandahalli | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| 4 | | | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | 29-03-2010 | Namanamam | Dangarpor | | | |

| | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|---|------------|-------------------------|-----------|----------------|------------------------|------------|
| | | Mavahalli | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Nayakarahalli | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2014 |
| | | Vatrakunte | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Bavarahalli | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | AniganahaIIi | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Akshanatara Gollahalli | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Mugalabele | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Sulikunte | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Neelakantapura | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| 5 | 1278 | Mittamalahalli | Bangarpet | Kolar | Karnataka | 047N-2010 |
| | 23-05-2008 | | | | | |
| 1 | 1283 | Vadagere | Kolar | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | 29-05-2008 | Swamygalagollahalli | Kolar | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Agraharasomarasanahalli | Kolar | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Patna | Kolar | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| 2 | 914 | Agraharasomarasanahalli | Kolar | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | 29-03-2010 | Mittamalahalli | Kolar | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| 1 | 1284 | Karadagurky | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-20)e |
| | 29-05-2008 | Kuntanahalli | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-3016 |
| | | Nakkanahalli | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 96-04-2010 |
| | | Karangutta | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | (x6+04+20) |
| | | Nidharamangala | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2011 |
| | | Bhuvanahalli | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 05-04-2010 |
| | • | Kadasonnahalli | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Puramakanahalli | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Doddashivara | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Vadaganahalli | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Chikkashivara | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | |
| | | Doddakadathuru | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Nachohalli | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Lingapura | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Harohalli | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Madivala | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Chokkondahalli | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Hanumanayakanahalli | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Yeshavanthapura | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Thimmapura | Malur | Kolar | | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Anepura | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | 3347 | Nidharamangala | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | 12-12-2008 | Kadasonnahalli | Malur | Kolar | | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Vadaganahalli | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Madivala | Malur | Kolar Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | 1946 | Nakkanahalli | Malur | Kolar Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | 15-07-2009 | Nidharamangala | Malur | Kolar Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |

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| : | | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | |
|-----------|----------------------|---|--|---|--|--|
| | | Kadasonnahalli | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Puramakanahalli | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Yeshavanthapura | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Doddakadathuru | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| 1 | 911 | Karadagurky | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | 29-03-2010 | Karangutta | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Nidharamangala | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Kadasonnahalli | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Puramakanahalli | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Chikkashiyara | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Doddakadathuru | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Nachonalli | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Linganura | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Harohalli | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Madivala | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Hanumanayakanahalli | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Yeshavanthapura | Malur | Kolar | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| istri | ct : Bangalore R | Lural | | | | State : Karnataka |
| SI. Vo | S.O. No. and Date | Name of the Village | Taluk | District | State | Date of Termination of operation |
| | | and contains announced that a second of the contains and | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| 1 | a. | Became sissue | Hesakote | Bangalore Rural | | 06-04-2010 |
| | 25% 308 | Regionspires. | Hosakote | Bangalore Rural | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | | Bandelii | Hosakote | Bangalore Rural | Karnatoka | 00-04-2010 |
| | | U.s.evon d.alli | Hosakote | Bangalore Rurai | Karnasaka | 06-(4-2)16 |
| | | Millian | Hosakote | Bangalore Rural | Karoatal : | 0694-2010 |
| | | Carabacan | Hosakote | Bangalore Rural | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| 2 | 3348 | l'hindlu | Hosakote | Bangalore Rural | Kamataka | 06-04-2010 |
| | 12-12-2008 | Tarabahaili | Hosakote | Bangalore Rural | Karnatasa | 06-04-2010 06-04-2010 |
| | | Devaragollahalli | Hosakote | Bangolore Rural | Karnatesa | 06-04-2016 |
| | 1949 | Kattigenehalli | Hosakote | Bangalor Rural | Kamataka | 06-04-2010 |
| : | | | | | | V05/H-2010 |
| ı | 15-07-2009 | - | | - | | |
| ; ! | | Devaragollahalli Bommanabande | Hosakote | Bangalore Kural | Karnataka | 06-04-2010 |
| 1 | 15-07-2009 | Devaragollahalli Bommanabande | Hosakote Hosakote | Bangalore Kural Bangalore Rural | Karnataka Karnataka | 06-04-2010 06-04-2010 |
| 1 | 15-07-2009 915 | Devaragollahalli Bommanabande Kajihosahalli | Hosakote Hosakote Hosakote | Bangalore Kural Bangalore Rural Bangalore Rural | Karnataka Karnataka Karnataka | 06-04-2010 06-04-2010 06-04-2010 |
| ! | 15-07-2009 915 | Devaragollahalli Bommanabande | Hosakote Hosakote Hosakote Hosakote | Bangalore Rural Bangalore Rural Bangalore Rural Bangalore Rural | Karnataka Karnataka Karnataka Karnataka | 06-04-2010 06-04-2010 06-04-2010 06-04-2010 |
| | 15-07-2009 915 | Devaragollahalli Bommanabande Kajihosahalli Banahalli Paramanahalli | Hosakote Hosakote Hosakote Hosakote Hosakote | Bangalore Kural Bangalore Rural Bangalore Rural Bangalore Rural Bangalore Rural | Karnataka Karnataka Karnataka Karnataka Karnataka | 06-04-2010 06-04-2010 06-04-2010 06-04-2010 06-04-2010 |
| | 15-07-2009 915 | Devaragollahalli Bommanabande Kajihosahalli Banahalli Paramanahalli Tarabahalli | Hosakote Hosakote Hosakote Hosakote Hosakote | Bangalore Kural Bangalore Rural Bangalore Rural Bangalore Rural Bangalore Rural Bangalore Rural | Karnataka Karnataka Karnataka Karnataka Karnataka Karnataka | 06-04-2010 06-04-2010 06-04-2010 06-04-2010 06-04-2010 |
| | 15-07-2009 915 | Devaragollahalli Bommanabande Kajihosahalli Banahalli Paramanahalli Tarabahalli Devaragollahalli | Hosakote Hosakote Hosakote Hosakote Hosakote Hosakote | Bangalore Rural | Karnataka Karnataka Karnataka Karnataka Karnataka Karnataka | 06-04-2010 06-04-2010 06-04-2010 06-04-2010 06-04-2010 06-04-2010 |
| ! | 15-07-2009 915 | Devaragollahalli Bommanabande Kajihosahalli Banahalli Paramanahalli Tarabahalli | Hosakote Hosakote Hosakote Hosakote Hosakote | Bangalore Kural Bangalore Rural Bangalore Rural Bangalore Rural Bangalore Rural Bangalore Rural | Karnataka Karnataka Karnataka Karnataka Karnataka Karnataka | 06-04-2010 06-04-2010 06-04-2010 06-04-2010 06-04-2010 |

नई दिल्ली, 10 सितम्बर, 2010

का.आ. 2329.—केन्द्रीय सरकार ने पेट्रोलियम और खनिज पाइपलाइन (भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) अधिनियम, 1962 (1962 का 50) (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात उचत अधिनियम कहा गया है) की धारा 3 की उप-धारा (1) के अधीन जारी की गई भारत सरकार के पेट्रोलियम और प्राकृतिक गैस मंत्रालय की अधिसूचना संख्या का.आ. 992, तारीख 12 अप्रैल, 2010, जो भारत के राजपत्र तारीख 17 अप्रैल, 2010 में प्रकाशित की गई थी, द्वारा उस अधिसूचना से संलग्न अनुसूची में विनिर्दिष्ट भूमि में गुजरात राज्य में वाडीनार संस्थापन से मध्यप्रदेश राज्य में बीना तक कच्चे पेट्रोलियम उत्पादों के परिवहन के लिए वाडीनार-बीना पाइपलाइन परियोजना के माध्यम से भारत ओमान रिफाईनरीज लिमिटेड द्वारा एक पाइपलाइन विछाने के प्रयोजन के लिए उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन के अपने आश्रय की घोषणा की थी;

और उक्त राजपत्र अधिसूचना की प्रतियां जनता को तारीख 15 जून, 2010 को उपलब्ध करा दी गई थीं;

और सक्षम प्राधिकारी ने उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 6 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन केन्द्रीय सरकार को अपनी रिपोर्ट दे दी है;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार ने उक्त रिपोर्ट पर विचार करने के पश्चात् और यह समाधान हो जाने पर कि उक्त भूमि पाइपलाइन बिछाने के लिये अपेक्षित है, उसमें उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन करने का विनिश्चिय किया है;

अत:, अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 6 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शिक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, यह घोषणा करती है कि अनुसूची में विनिर्दिष्ट भूमि में पाइपलाइन बिछाने के लिए उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन किया जाता है;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 6 की उप-धारा (4) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए यह निर्देश देती है कि उक्त भूमि में उपयोग का अधिकार इस घोषणा के प्रकाशन की तारीख को केन्द्रीय सरकार में निहित होने के बजाए सभी विल्लंगमों से मुक्त, भारत ओमान रिफाइनरीज लिमिटेड में निहित होगा।

अनुसूची

| तः | हसील : बीना | अनुसूचा जिला : सागर | राज्य : मध्यप्रदेश |
|----------------|--------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| क्र.स <u>ं</u> | ग्राम का नाम | सर्वे नम्बर | क्षेत्रफल हेक्टेयर में |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| . 1. | सरगोली | 17/2 | 0.310 |

[फा. सं. आर-31015/6/2008-ओ.आर-II] ए. गोस्वामी, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 10th September, 2010

S.O. 2329.—Whereas by a notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas. Number S.O. 992 dated the 12th April, 2010, issued under sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Petroleum and Minerals Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in

Land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962) (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), published in the Gazette of India dated the 17th April, 2010 the Central Government declared its intention to acquire the right of user in the land specified in the Schedule appended to that notification for the purpose of laying pipeline for the transportation of Crude Oil through Vadinar-Bina Crude Pipeline Project from Vadinar in the State of Gujarat to Bina in the State of Madhya Pradesh by Bharat Oman Refineries Limited.

And whereas, the copies of the said Gazette Notification were made available to the public on the 15th June. 2010:

And whereas, the Competent Authority has under sub-section (1) of Section 6 of the said Act, submitted report to the Central Government;

And whereas, the Central Government after considering the said report and on being satisfied that the said land is required for laying the pipeline, has decided to acquire the right of user therein;

Now therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 6 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby declares that the right of user in the said land, specified in the Schedule, is hereby acquired for laying the pipeline;

And further, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of Section 6 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby directs that the right of user in the said lands for laying the pipeline shall, instead of vesting in the Central Government, vests on the date of the publication of this declaration in Bharat Oman Refineries Limited, free from all encumbrances.

SCHEDULE District: Sagar

Tehsil: Bina

| S. No. | Name of Village | Survey No. | Are in Hectare |
|--------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 1 | Corcoli | 17/2 | 0.310 |

[F. No. R-31015/6/2008-OR-II]

State: M.P.

A. GOSWAMI, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 10 सितम्बर, 2010

का.आ. 2330.—कंन्द्रीय सरकार ने, पेट्रोलियम और खनिज पाइपलाइन (भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) अधिनियम, 1962 (1962 का 50) (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात् उक्त अधिनियम कहा गया है) की धारा 3 की उप-धारा (1) के अधीन जारी की गई भारत सरकार के पेट्रोलियम और प्राकृतिक गैस मंत्रालय की अधिसूचना संख्या का.आ. 994, तारीख 12 अप्रैल, 2010, जो भारत के राजपत्र तारीख 17 अप्रैल, 2010 में प्रकाशित की गई थी, द्वारा उस अधिसूचना से संलग्न अनुसूची में विनिर्दिष्ट भूमि में गुजरात राज्य में

4

0.096

0.120

0.150

0.120

0.075

0.096

0.105

0.087

0,060

0.110

0.054

0.240

0.144

0.025

0.025

0.105

0.055

0.013

3

353 में से

353 में से

353 में से

353 में सं

162 में से

162 में से

162 में से

393

369

370/1

346/3

345

342

336/1

336/2

1141

1142

11/12

2

गोविन्दा

बरमावद

2.

| वाडीभार संस्थापन सं मध्यप्रदेश राज्य में बीना तक कच्चे पेट्रोलियम |
|---|
| उत्पादों के परिवहन के लिए वाडीनार-बीना पाइपलाइन परियोजना के |
| माध्यम सं भारत ओमान रिफाईनरीज लिमिटेड द्वारा एक पाइपलाइन |
| बिछाने के प्रयोजन के लिए उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन के अपने |
| आशय की घोषणा की थी; |
| |

और उक्त राजपत्र अधिसूचना की प्रतियां जनता को तारीख 14 जून, 2010 को उपलब्ध करा दी गई थीं;

और सक्षम प्राधिकारी ने उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 6 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन केन्द्रीय सरकार को अपनी रिपोर्ट दे दा है;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार ने उक्त रिपोर्ट पर विचार करने के पश्चात् और यह समाधान हो जाने पर कि उक्त भूमि पाइपलाइन बिछाने के लिये अपेक्षित है, उसमें उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन करने का विनिश्चिय किया है;

अत:, अब, केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 6 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, यह घोषणा करती है कि अनुसूची में विनिर्दिष्ट भूमि में पाइपलाइन बिछाने के लिए उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन किया जाता है;

और केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 6 की उप-धारा (4) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए यह निर्देश देती है कि उक्त भूमि में उपयोग का अधिकार इस घोषणा के प्रकाशन की तारीख को केन्द्रीय सरकार में निहित होने के बजाए सभी विल्लंगमों से मुक्त, भारत ओमान रिफाइनरीज लिमिटेड में निहित होगा।

| से मुक | त, भारत ओमान रि | रेफाइनरीज लिमिटेड | में निहित होगा । | 1143 | 0.01.5 |
|---------|------------------|-------------------|--|-------|--------|
| J | | अनुसूची | | 1139 | 0.105 |
| तहसीत | त : मोहनबडो़दिया | जिला : शाजापुर | राज्य : मध्यप्रदेश | 1138 | 0.099 |
| क्र.सं. | ग्राम का नाम | सर्वे नम्बर | क्षेत्रफल हेक्टंयर में | 58 | 0.053 |
| 30.41 | | | 4 | 59 | 0.230 |
| ! | 2 | 3 | The state of the s | 60 | 0.290 |
| 1. | गोविन्दा | 184/1 | 0.010 0.010 | 65 | 0.157 |
| | | 184/2 184/3 | 0.010 | 56 | 0.026 |
| | | 175 | 0.060 | 101 | 0.026 |
| | | 204 में से | 0.084 | 107 | 0.035 |
| | | | | 391/2 | 0.053 |
| | | 204 में से | 0.180 | 404 | 0.180 |
| | | 204 में से | 0.084 | 122 | 0.635 |
| | | 204 में से | 0.096 | 130 | 0.052 |
| | | 204 में से | 0.084 | 131 | 0.031 |
| | | 204 में से | 0.096 | 214 | υ!l, |
| | | 204 में से | 0.120 | 102 | 0.019 |
| | | 226 में से | 0.108 | 211 | 0.033 |
| | | 226 में से | 0.072 | 212 | 0.146 |
| | | 226 में से | 0.096 | 224 | 0.150 |
| | | 226 में से | 0.076 | 279/2 | 0.078 |
| | | 220 M M | 0.070 | | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|----|----------|--|------------|
| 2. | बरनावद | 279/1 | 0.083 |
| | | 285 | 0.051 |
| | | 252 | 0.014 |
| | | 380 | 0.150 |
| | | 389 | 0.150 |
| | | 280 | 0.117 |
| | | 390 | 0.060 |
| | | 403 | 0.120 |
| | | 406 | 0.020 |
| | | 383 | 0.015 |
| | | 391/1 | 0.087 |
| | | 282 | 0.040 |
| | | 283 | 0.090 |
| | | 215 | 0.013 |
| | | 405 | 0.020 |
| | | 384 | 0.120 |
| 3, | वड़ौदी | 331 | 0.055 |
| | | 744 | 0.020 |
| | | 738 | 0.020 |
| | | 806 | 0.010 |
| | | 737 | 0.020 |
| | | 815 | 0.170 |
| | | 850 | 0.250 |
| | | 814 | 0.085 |
| | | 897 | 0.010 |
| | | 904 | 0.100 |
| | | 905 | 0.020 |
| | | 907 | 0.052 |
| | | 320 में से | 0.050 |
| 4. | मोहना | 1446 | 0.300 |
| 5. | कडुला | 1201 | 0.100 |
| 6 | डोकरगांव | 406 | 0.2.3 |
| | | [71 2 111 2101 - :: | 22.2000 -2 |

[सं. आर-31015/23/2008-ओआर-II] ए. गोस्वामी, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 10th September, 2010

S.O. 2330.—Whereas by the notification of the Government of India, in the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas. No. S.O. 994 dated the 12th April, 2010, issued under sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Petroleum and Minerals Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in Land)

Act, 1962 (50 of 1962) (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), published in the Gazette of India dated the 17th April. 2010 the Central Government declared its intention to acquire the right of user in the land, specified in the Schedule appended to that notification for the purpose of baying pipeline for transportation of Crude Oil through Vadinar-Bina Crude Pipeline Project from Vadinar in the State of Gujarat to Bina in the State of Madhya Pradesh by Bharat Oman Refineries Limited;

And whereas, the copies of the said Gazette Notification were made available to the public on the 14th June, 2010;

And whereas, the Competent Authority has under sub-section (1) of Section 6 of the said Act, submitted report to the Central Government;

And whereas, the Central Government, after considering the said report and on being satisfied that the said land is required for laying the pipeline, has decided to acquire the right of user therein;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 6 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby declares that the right of user in the said land specified in the Schedule is hereby acquired for laying the pipeline;

And further, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of Section 6 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby directs that the right of user in the said land for laying the pipeline shall, instead of vesting in the Central Government, vest on the date of publication of this declaration in Bharat Oman Refineries Limited, free from all encumbrances.

SCHEDULE

| Tehsil | : Mohan Badodiya | District : Shaja | pur State: M.P |
|--------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| S. No. | Name of Village | Survey No. | Area in Hectare |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 1. | Govinda | 1841 | 0.010 |
| | | 184/2 | 0.010 |
| | | 184/3 | 0.010 |
| | | 175 | 0.060 |
| | | 204 p | 0.084 |
| | | 204 p | 0.180 |
| | | 204 p | 0.084 |
| | | 204 p | 0.096 |
| | | 204 p | 0.084 |
| | | 204 p | 0.096 |
| | | 204 p | 0.120 |

| - | 0 | - |
|----|---|----|
| h/ | х | -4 |
| | | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|----|----------|------------|-------|-----------|-----------|-------------------------|---------|
| | Govinda | 226 p | 0.108 | 2. | Barnawad | 212 | 0.146 |
| | Govina | 226 p | 0.072 | 2. | | 224 | 0.150 |
| | | 226 p | 0.096 | | | 279/2 | 0.078 |
| | | 226 p | 0.076 | | | 279/1 | 0.083 |
| | | 353 p | 0.096 | | | 285 | 0.051 |
| | | 353 p | 0.120 | | | 252 | 0.014 |
| | | 353 p | 0.150 | | | 380 | 0.150 |
| | | 353 p | 0.129 | | | 389 | 0.150 |
| | | 162 p | 0.075 | | | 280 | 0.117 |
| | | 162 p | 0.5% | | | 390 | 0.060 |
| | | 162 p | 0.1% | | | 403 | 0.120 |
| | | 393 | 0.087 | | | 403 | 0.020 |
| | | 369 | 0.060 | | | | |
| | | 370/1 | 0.110 | | | 383 | 0.015 |
| | | 346/3 | 0.054 | | | 391/1 | 0.087 |
| | | 345 | 0.240 | | | 282 | 0.040 |
| | | 342 | 0.144 | | | 283 | 0.090 |
| | | 336/1 | 0.025 | | | 215 | 0.013 |
| | | 336/2 | 0.025 | | | 405 | 0.020 |
| 2. | Barnawad | 1141 | 0.105 | | | 384 | 0.120 |
| | | 1142 | 0.055 | 3. | Badodi | 331 | 0.055 |
| | | 1143 | 0.013 | | | 744 | 0.020 |
| | | 1139 | 0.105 | | | 738 | 0.020 |
| | | 1138 | 0.099 | | | 806 | 0.010 |
| | | 58 | 0.053 | | | 737 | . 0.020 |
| | | 59 | 0.230 | | | 815 | 0.170 |
| | | 60 | 0.290 | | | 850 | 0.250 |
| | | 65 | 0.157 | | | 814 | 0.085 |
| | | 56 | 0.026 | | | 897 | 0.010 |
| | | 101 | 0.026 | | | 904 | 0.100 |
| | | 107 | 0.035 | | | 905 | 0.020 |
| | | 391/2 | 0.053 | | | 907 | 0.052 |
| | | 404 | 0.180 | | | 320 p | 0.050 |
| | | 122 | 0.035 | 4. | Mohana | 1446 | 0.300 |
| | | 130 | 0.032 | | | 1201 | 0.100 |
| | | 131 | 0.030 | 5. | Kadula | | 0.100 |
| | | 214 | 0.117 | <u>6.</u> | Dokargoan | 406 | |
| | | 102 211 | 0.010 | | | [No. R-3101 A. GOSWA | |

श्रम एवं रोजगार मंत्रालय

नई दिल्ली, 19 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2331.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार यूनियन बैंक ऑफ इंडिया के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय, जयपुर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 20/ 2007) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 19-8-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-12011/131/2006-आईआर(बी-II)] पुष्पेन्दर कुमार, डेस्क अधिकारी

MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT

New Delhi, the 19th August, 2010

S.O. 2331.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 20 of 2007) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Jaipur now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of Union Bank of India and their workmen, which was received by the Central Government on 19-8-2010.

[No. L-12011/131/2006-IR (B-II)]
PUSHPENDER KUMAR, Desk Officer
ANNEXURE

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, JAIPUR

PRESENT

N. K. Purohit, Presiding Officer

I. D. No. 20/07

Reference No. 12011/131/2006-IR(B-II) dated: 28-5-2007

The General Secretary,
Union Bank Employees Union
49, Raghu Vihar Maharani Farm
Durgapura, Jaipur - 302018

V/s

The Regional Head Union Bank of India B-100, University Marg, Bapu Nagar, Jaipur -302105,

AWARD

29-7-2010

1. The Central Government in exercise of the powers conferred under clause (d) of sub-section 1 & 2 (A) of Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 has referred the following Industrial dispute to this tribunal for adjudication which is as under:—

"Whether the action of the Management of Union Bank of India through Chief Manager, Jaipur in awarding the punishment of lowering down of 2 stages in the pay scale and punishment of stoppage of next annual increment for a period of 6 months without cumulative effect under the same order against one charge of Shri Phool Chand Ghavri Sub-Staff is just and fair? If not, what relief the workman is entitled to and from which date?"

- 2. Pursuant to the receipt of the reference, the registered notices were issued to both the parties and on behalf of the bank its representative put his appearance before the Tribunal. The Acknowledgement receipt of the registered notice issued to the union has been received after service. On careful perusal of the record, it is found that the address of the union on the copy of notice is similar to that of address mentioned in the reference. Even the Central Government has issued the notice to the concerned union with the direction to file its statement of claim along with relevant documents, list of witnesses, but none has appeared on behalf of the union to file its statement of claim.
- 3. In present reference, the question under consideration is whether the action of the management of the bank in awarding the punishment of lowering down of stages in the pay scale and stoppage of next annual increment against the workman Shri Phool Chand Sub-Staff is justified? The union has espoused the case of the workman. Initial burden to prove the alleged unjustified action of the management was on the union, but none has appeared on behalf of the union to file its claim despite service of notice. Since the union has challenged the legality of the action of the bank management, the burden lies upon it to prove the illegality of the alleged action, but the union has neither filed claim statement nor adduced any evidence. There is no material on record to adjudicate the reference on merit. It appears that the union is not willing to contest the case further. Thus, under these circumstances "No Claim Award" is passed.
 - 4. Award as above.

N. K. PUROHIT, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 19 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2332. औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार ट्रयूटोकोरिन पोर्ट ट्रस्ट के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय, चेन्नई के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 17/2009) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 19-8-2010 को प्रणव हुआ था।

[सं. एल-44011/2/2008-आईआर(बी-II)] पुष्पेन्दर कुमार, डेस्क अधिकारी New Delhi, the 19th August, 2010

S.O. 2332.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No.17/2009) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Chennai now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of Tuticorin Port Trust and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 19-8-2010.

[No. L-44011/2/2008 -IR (B-II)]

PUSHPENDER KUMAR, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRALGOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, CHENNAI

Friday, the 13th August, 2010

Present: A. N. Janardanan, Presiding Officer Industrial Dispute No. 17/2009

(In the matter of the dispute for adjudication under clause (d) of sub-section (1) and sub-section 2(A) of Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), between the Management of Tuticorin Port Trust and their Workman)

BETWEEN

The General Secretary, : Ist Party/Petitioner Tuticorin Port Mariners and General Staff Union
Beach Road, Tuticorin - 628001

Vs.

The Chairman
Tuticorin Port Trust
Tuticorin -4

: 2nd Party/Respondent

APPEARANCE

For the Petitioner: M/s L.G. Sahadevan, Advocate

For the Management : M/s S. Yashwanth, Advocates

AWARD

The Central Government, Ministry of Labour vide its Order No. L-44011/2/2008-IR(B-II) dated 22-10-2008 referred the following Industrial Disputes to this Tribunal for adjudication.

The schedule mentioned in that order is:

"Whether the change in seniority of Sri A. Kandasamy, UDC from that of at S. No. 3 as published vide Order No. S-1/12/93-E.-II dated 22-07-1999 and

fixing the juniors over and above him in contravention to the Regulation -30 of Tuticorin Port Trust employees (Recruitment, Seniority & Promotion) regulations, 1979 as claimed by Tuticorin Port Mariners and General Staff Union is justified or not? what relief the workman is entitled to?"

- 2. After the receipt of Industrial Dispute, this Tribunal has numbered it as I.D. 17/2009 and issued notices to both sides. Both sides entered appearance through their respective counsel and filed their Claim, Counter and Rejoinder Statement as the case may be.
- 3. The contentions raised by the petitioner union in the Claim Statement briefl read as follows:

Thiru A. Kanthasamy had been promoted as UDC on ad-hoc basis w.e.f. 17-11-1990 on merit quota in the Tuticorin Port Trust as per order dated 17-11-1990. As per RS &P Regulations-32 ad-hoc appointments can be made for a period not more than 6 months at a time and the total period shall not exceed 1 year. The Port Management had made promotion to the post of UDC only on ad-hoc basis since Writ Petitions were pending before the Hon'ble High Court of Madras at that time. The Management had regularized the ad-hoc Promtions during the year 1999. In the case of Kanthasamy, the said promotion was regularized w.e.f. 24-06-1999 in the order of merit as per order dated 22-07-1999 alongwith other UDCs, junior to him. Thus his seniority order was S.No. 3. The competent DPC on 24-06-1999 had fully followed the Regulation -30(v) of TPTE (RS&P) Regulations in preparing year wise panel and fixed the seniority position of Kanthasamy at S No.3 among S.Nos. 1 to 25 mentioned in the Claim Statement. Under the above regulation, the DPC that meets shall determine the actual number of regular vacancies which arose in each of the previous years immediately preceding the year of such a meeting of the DPC and the actual number of regular vacancies to be filled-up in the current year of the meeting separately, consider only those Officers who would be within the field of choice with reference to the vacancies of each previous year starting with the earliest year onwards and prepare a select list for each year placing the select list of the earlier year above the one for the next year and so on. Till 25-02-2002, there was no change in the seniority as circulated by Administration Order dated 22-07-1999. The High Court had passed judgments in certain Writ Petitions on the issue of filling-up of vacancies of UDC on merit quota On that basis the Port Management had a review by DPC under which Port Management revised the seniority which was not in conformity with Regualtion-30(v) of TPTE (RS&P) Regulations, 1979 though High Court had not provided for that. The Department on 25-02-2002 revised the seniority list of UDC as per which A. Kanthasamy was placed at S. No. 25 which is not in order and is in contravention to the regulations as well as High Court's order since he was

promoted as UDC on 17-11-1990 on merit quota, doing great injustice to him. The review DPC met on 25-02-2002 failed to maintain the revised panel and to note the date of occurrence of vacancy under Regualtion- 30(v) and the date of promotion of A. Kanthasamy, both of which factors are very important for determining seniority, thus resulting in a major error disturbing seniority of Kanthasamy without valid reason. Kanthasamy should have been regualrized against the regular merit vacancy occurred on 18-12-1990. His ad-hoc promotion was regularized w.e.f. 24-06-1999 in the same order of merit as per order dated 22-07-1999. The order of seniority circulated on 22-07-1999 revised on 25-02-2002 is in clear violation and deviation of Regulation-30(v), whereafter seniority of Kanthasamy became S.No. 25 from 3, thus placing juiors promoted even after 3 years of the promotion of Kanthasamy above him. The representations of Kanthasamy having been in vain, ID raised which failed and therefore the reference is occasioned. Based on a regularization order dated 22-07-1999 and a seniority list circulated as on 01-08-1999 Kanthasamy was placed as UDC in the same order of merit as on the date of promotion between Sri J. Asokan and Smt. P. Lingammal, S.No. 107 and S.No. 109 respectively in which the DPC met on 25-02-2002 failed to comply with the Regualtion-30(v) of TPTE (RS&P) Regulations, 1979. After 12 years Port Management revised the seniority of UDC without considering the approved Recruitment Rules. Provisions relating to preparation of year wise panels, provisions if the DPC had not met for years together, available in the Regulation -30(v) of the TPTE Regulations, 1979 and placed him at S.No. 25. The dispute started after 12 years by the impugned seniority order dated 25-02-2002. 2002 DPC failed to follow Govt. order in revising the earlier DPC. In the 2002 DPC year wise panels had not been prepared, an essential provision in TPTE Regulations, 1979, when the DPC not met years together at the same time the mandatory provisions are followed in 7/1999 DPC. The 2002 DPC did not follow the DPC proceeding required under Section -30(v) of TPTE while implementing the judgment which does not contain specific instructions to place Kanthasamy at the bottom of seniority list. Remaining the date of promotion of Kanthasamy constant, rank of Kanthasamy in the seniority had been changed whereby his junior promotees became his seniors. In the seniority list dated 25-02-2002 rank at S. No.16 to S. No. 24 are juniors to Kanthasamy. Thus the Port Management has done a great error and injustice to Sri A. Kanthasamy which requires to be rectified. Hence the Administration Order dated 25-02-2002 revising the seniority against the order of promotion made is to be quashed and the seniority of Kanthasamy be restored to its original position as on 17-11-1990 in between Sri J. Asokan and Smt. P Lingammal as per Adminstration Order dated 22-07-1999 and futher to provide him subsequent promotions w.e.f. the date on which his imedate junior was promoted.

4. The Counter Statement contentions briefly read as follow:

The claim petition is not maintainable on law or facts and is to be dismissed inlimini. The order dated 17-11-1990 promoting Kanthasamy as UDC was on ad-hoc basis under merit quota without referring to DPC. It was specifically mentioned that the ad-hoc promotion order was issued subject to review with reference to the revision of the High Court in Writ Petition No.17390 of 1990 and 27289 of 1990 filed against the promotion. During 1990 to 1999, 43 ad-hoc promotions were made due to pendency of 3 writs viz. WMP No. 27298 of 1990, 17390 of 1990 filed by K. Raghupathy, WMP No. 37686 of 1993 in WP No. 2285 of 1993 by P. Murugan and Sri S. Peter Ponraj and WMP No. 32393 of 1993 in WP No. 2693 of 1993 By Sri V. Govindasamy. Tuticorin Port Mariners and General Staff Union represented that due to non-regularization of ad-hoc services of UDC deprived them right of option for fixation of pay. The Legal Advisor, Ports by letter dated 15-02-1999 conveyed that the Recruitment Rules for UDC having been amended on a ratio of 3:1 services of the employees can be regularized from the date of promotion subject to the condition that seniority in the promotion post will be determined as per the orders in the Writ Petitions. The matter was therefore proposed to be done accordingly. The DPC constituted which met on 24-06-1999 reviewed all promotions against merit quota made without reference to DPC and recommended to regularize 36 UDCs including A. Kanthasamy w.e.f. 24-06-1999 subject to review on disposal of Writ Petitions. As regularized w.e.f. 24-06-1999 as per order dated 22-07-1999 Kanthasamy was S.No. 3. On the disposal of the 3 Writ Petitions in 2001 review was to be made from 1986 to 2001 in view of the judgment of the High Court to continue the employees in UDC, promotions made against the vacancies in the ratio of 1:1 i.e. 50% by promotion on the basis of seniority-cum-fitness and 50% by limited departmental competitive examination among LDC till 1987. The constituted review DPC which met on 19-01-2002. 24-01-2002 and 05-02-2002 reviewed the cases according to Government instructions issued on 04-11-1992 as per which persons recruited or promoted initially on a temprary basis and confirmed subsequently in an order different from the order of merit indicated at the time of their appointment seniority would be determined by the order of merit indicated at the time of initial appointment and not according to the date of confirmation. The committee had taken into account approved Recruitment Rules, sanctioned strength of UDC, details of vacancies, shortfall in the post of UDC and 25% examination quota as in the recruitment Rules and the interse seniority of the UDC, promoted during the year assigned with reference to their interse seniority in the feeder LDC as per Court's Order No. S-2/8/86-E dated 13-07-1987 alongwith the confirmation made by the Chairman on 11-09-1988 and as per the instructions in

Department of Personnel and Training, New Delhi OM No. 20011/90-Estt. (D) dated 04-11-1992 reviewed the promotions and made recommendations. Thus seniority of Kanthasamy was fixed at S. No. 25 as per order dated 25-02-2002. Year wise panels from the years 1990 to 1999 were not prepared in respect of ad-hoc promotions of 43 UDCs due to the pendency of cases. It was not appropriate to prepare year wise panel due to pendency of cases in High Court with a view to avoid complications. The review DPC meetings held on 19-01-2002, 24-01-2002 and 05-02-2002 were to review cases and regularize ad-hoc promotion of UDC in the year 2001 itself. As per general principles to determine the interse seniority, seniority of eligible persons for promotion shall be the same as the relative seniority in the lower grade from which they are promoted. Review DPC on 25-02-2002 recommended regularization of 25 UDCs promoted against merit quota and derermined the seniority of A. Kanthasamy at S. No. 25 based on his LDC rank as on 01-04-1983 and purely based on merit indicated at the time of initial appointment and not according to confirmation. Hence placing Kanthasamy at S.No. 25 by the duly constituted DPC as per the instructions dated 04-11-1992 is just and in order. As per the guidelines issued vide DoPT's OM 22034/ 3/2007-Estt.(D) dated 11-07-2007 judicial review of DPC proceedings conducted as per Govt. Standing Instructions and Rules is not warranted. Revision of seniority already determined therefore could not be accede to . The claim is to be dismissed

5. The contentions raised in the Rejoinder Statement over and above those in the Claim statement are as follows:

The pending Writ Petitions were not regarding seniority of UDC but were relating to ratio promotion between merit quota and seniority quota. The workman having been promoted under merit, quota on the basis of mark obtained in examination the basis of seniority of LDC is not sustainable. There was no necessity to review the seniority in UDC with reference to that in LDC as on 01-04-1983 since OM dated 04-11-1992 is applicable from the date of isue from viz. 04-11-1992. Therefore seniority of workman in UDC has to be fixed on the basis of seniority list of LDC as on the date of promotion of the workman i.e. the seniority list of LDC as on 01-04-1990. Therefore fixing seniority on the basis of seniority list of LDC as on 01-04-1983 for the promotion on 17-11-1990 is not based on rules. The instructions dated 04-11-1992 are not applicable to the present case. While there is a finalized seniority list of LDC as on 01-04-1990 how the seniority list as on 01-0421983 WILDC could be taken? As per OM dated 04-11-1992 past cases could not be re-opened and the DPC is accordingly in error. DPC had not followed Regulation-30(v) TPTE (RS&P) Regulations and prepared year wise panels for the promotions for the years 1990 to 1999. Ports order dated 13-07-1987 No. S-2/8/86. E.II is superseding the Regulation-30(v) for which port Management has no

power. For amendment Board has to approve and get it published in the Official Gazette. Judicial review of the DPC proceedings already conducted in accordance with Standing Government Instructions and Rules is warranted as per OM No. 22034/3/2007-Estt. (D) dated 11-04-2007. Judicial review does not arise only if DPC proceedings are conducted in accordance with Govt. Instructions and Rules. In the case of workman DPC itself had not been constituted in accordance with Regulation-29 of TPTE (RS&P) Regulations, 1979 for which Class-III DPC is to be constituted. The DPC constituted on 05-02-2002 had not followed government instructions relating to preparing revised panels, if the DPC had not met years together and implemented the OM dated 04-11-1992 retrospectively which is not advisable according to the OM itself. So much so, judicial review is the only alternative. DPC applied OM dated 04-11-1992 applicable only after 04-11-1992 retrospectively and considered seniority list of LDC as on 01-04-1983 wrongly changing the position of workman to his peril. DPC met on 24-06-1999 followed the guidelines and cannot be questioned. Hence the claim.

6. The evidence consists of the evidence of WW1 and Ex.W1 to Ex.W11 on the Petitioner's side and the evidence of MW1 and Ex. M1 to Ex.M9 on the Respondent's side.

7. Points for consideration are:

- (i) Whether the change in seniority of workman/ UDC from that at S.No. 3 as per order dated 22-07-1999 and fixing the juniors above him in contravention to the Regulation-30 of the Tuticerin Port Trust Employees (Recruitment, Seniority and Promotion) Regulations, 1979 is justified or not?
- (ii) To what relief is the concerned workman is entitled?

Points (i) and (ii):

8. Perused the written arguments submitted by the Petitioner's learned counsel and heard the oral arguments advanced on behalf of the Respondent. Also perused the records and documents. The arguments on behalf of the petitioner advanced in consonance of and consistent with the pleadings and the supporting documents produced are that till 25-02-2002 there was no change in the order of seniority as per the circulated administration order dated 22-07-1999. The impugned revision of seniority by the Management is not in accordance with Regulation-30(v) TPTE (RS&P) Regulations, 1979. The review DPC that met 25,02-2002 ignored the date of occurrence of vacancy as required under Regulation-30(v) and date of promotion of the workman which was vital in the matter of fixation of seniority. The ad-hoc promotion of workman on 17-11-1990 regularized w.e.f. 24-06-1999 as per order dated 22-07-1999 is valid. The revision of seniority on 25-02-2002 is in violation of Regulation-30(v) TPTE (RS&P) Regulations

by which rank of seniority of Kanthasamy was lowered from 3 to 25 in which his juniors are ranked above him. The DPC of 24-06-1999 is proved valid and competent in terms of its constitution which considered the relevant rules in the matter of seniority and promotion and which also took into account all the relevant matters for consideration. In that DPC Kanthasamy was given the appropriate rank at S. No. 3 in between Sri J. Asokan, UDC and Smt. P. Lingammal, UDC respectively at S.No. 107 and 109. The 2002 DPC was incompetent from the point of view of constitution as well as on the fact that the same failed to follow the relevant government orders in revising the earlier DPC or the Regulation under 30(v) TPTE (RS&P) Regulations, 1979. The judgments of the High Courts in various Writ Petitions do not contain specific instructions regarding seniority. The Management is thus in error in granting a lower rank to the workman. In fact the Writ Petitions were not regarding seniority question but were regarding ratio aspect of promotions interse different categories. The promotion of the workman was also on the merit quota against seniority -cum-fitness quota. Circular of Government date 04-11-1992 cannot be applied retrospectively. The application of seniorty list of LDC as on 01-04-1983 as the basis while there is finalized seniority list of LDC as on 01-04-1990 is also not called for under the rules. The Management has no power to supersede Regulation-30(v) TPTE (RS&P) Regulations except in accordance with the law and procedure established by law with amendment of the regulation and the approval of the Board and consequent publication in the Official Gazette. Judicial review is warranted in cases where DPC proceedings are conducted not in accordance with government instructions and rules. The DPC which revised the seniority is not one constituted in accordance with Regulation-29 of TPTE (RS&P) Regulations, 1979 which provides for a Class-III DPC to be constituted with a Chairman and 3 other members whereas the DPC that met on 25-02-2002 was not so. In such a case a judicial review is the only alternative. The DPC that met on 24-06-1999 is not to be superseded by the subsequent one and the proceedings passed by the former are to prevail.

9. The arguments of the learned counsel for the Respondent are that the ad-hoc promotion given to workman was subject to review and the seniority is to be determined on the basis of merit indicated at the time of initial appointment and not according to the date of confirmation. There is no discrimination against Kanthasamy. He relied on the decision of the Supreme Court in State of Mysore Vs. C.R. Seshadri and Others (1974-4-SCC-308), State Bank of India and Others Vs. Mohammad Mynuddin (1987-4-SCC-486), both of which lay down that in absence of allegations of malafides, bias, arbitrainess, interference in the decision of the DPC is not called for. These decisions have no application to the facts of this case. Here the challenge is not against decision of

DPC as such but is against the 2 inconsistent decisions of two DPCs. In the case on hand there is no allegation of malice, bias or arbitrainess against the DPC held subsequently revising the seniority and assigning a lower rank to the workman which is not suited to him. Still it is well brought out that the said DPC was not a properly constituted one but was one which did not act according to the relevant rules and directions of the Govt. So as to be able to supersede the proceedings and decision taken by the earlier DPC which was in order in terms of its constitution as well as the legal manner and procedure in which it held the proceedings and passed the resolutions. The change effected in the seniority of Kanthasamy from that at S. No. 3 as per cider dated 22-07-1999 and fixing the juniors over and above him in contravention to the Regulation-30(v) TPTE (RS&P) Regulations, 1979 is not justified. Therefore, the workman is entitled to succeed in his claim for quashing the revision of his seniority in the Grade of UDC issued by the Administration Order No. S-36/3/93/E-II(I) dated 25-02-2002 and to have his seniority restored as UDC in his original position as on 17-11-1990 in between Sri J. Asokan, UDC and Smt. P. Lingammal, UDC as per Administration Order No. S-1/12/93.E.II dated 22-07-1999 and for subsequent promotions w.e.f. the date on which his immediate junior was promoted. The Respondent Management is given a direction accordingly.

10. The reference is answered accordingly.

(Dictated to the P.A. transcribed and typed by him, corrected and pronounced by me in the open court on this day the 13th August, 2010)

A. N. JANARDANAN, Presiding Officer

Witnesses Examined:—

For the I Party/Petitioner : WW1. Sri D. M.

Stephen Fernando

For the II Party/Management : MW1, Sri S. P.

Mohan Kumar

Documents Marked: From the Petitioner's side

| From the Petitioner's side | | | | |
|----------------------------|------------|---|--|--|
| Ex.No. | Date | Description | | |
| Ex.W1 | - | Photostat copy of Port Trust Regulation | | |
| Ex.W2 | 13-07-2007 | Photostat copy of Proceedings of Chairman in No. S2/8/86-E1 | | |
| Ex.W3 | 17-11-1990 | Photostat copy of Order of Promotion as Upper Division Clerk | | |
| Ex.W4 | 04-11-1992 | Photostat copy of circular of Government of India, Department of Personnel and Training, Office Memorandum No. 20011/5/90- | | |

Estt. (D)

| Ex.W5 | 24-06-1999 | Photostat copy of Minutes of Departmental Promotion Committee |
|--------|------------|--|
| Ex.W6 | 22-07-1999 | Photostat copy of Regularization Order |
| Ex.W7 | 22-11-2000 | Photostat copy of the Order in WF No. 20693 of 1993 |
| Ex.W8 | 15-02-2001 | Photostat copy of the Order in WI No. 17390 of 1990 |
| Ex.W9 | 19-10-2001 | Photostat copy of the Order in WI No. 20285 of 1993 |
| Ex.W10 | 05-02-2002 | Photostat copy of Minutes of the Review Meeting held on 19-01-2002, 24-01-2002 and 05-02-2002 |
| Ex.W11 | 25-02-2002 | Photostat copy of the Revised order of seniorit |

From the Management's side

| Ex.No. | Date | Description |
|----------------|-------------|--|
| Ex.M1 | 01-4-1983 | Copy of the seniority List of LDC as on 01-04-1983 |
| Ex. M2 | 13-07-1987 | Corrigendum issued by the Respondent in respect of fixing seniority in the grade of UDC |
| Ex. M 3 | 17-11-1990 | Copy of Port's Order appointing Sri A. Kandasamy as UDC on adhoc basis |
| Ex.M4 | 4-11-1992 | Copy of the DoPT's OM No. 2011/5/90-Estt. (D) dated 04-11-1992 |
| Ex. M5 | 24-6-1999 | Copy of the Minutes of the Meeting of the DPC for regularization of adhoc promotion made to the grade of UDC |
| Ex. M6 | 22-07-1999 | Copy of the order of regularization of adhoc promotees made to the grade of UDC with effect from 24-06-1999 |
| Ex. M7 | 22-11-2000 | Copy of the order passed in WP 20693 of 1993 |
| Ex. M8 | 15-02-2001 | Copy of the order passed in WP 17390 of 1999 |
| Ex. M9 | 25-02-2002 | Copy of the Port's order No. S-36/3/93-Estt.II (I) revising the seniority list of UDC's |
| | | A 10 2000 2010 |

नई दिल्ली, 19 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2333.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार यूको बैंक के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध

में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय कोलकता के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 14/ 2007) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 19-8-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-12011/116/2006-आईआर(बी-II)] पुष्पेन्दर कुमार, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 19th August, 2010

S.O. 2333.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 14 of 2007) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal/Labour Court Kolkata now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of UCO Bank and their workmen, which was received by the Central Government on 19-8-2010.

[No. L-12011/116/2006-IR (B-II)]

PUSHPENDER KUMAR, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL AT KOLKATA

Reference No. 14 of 2007

Parties: Employers in relation to the management of UCO Bank

AND

their Workmen

Present : Mr. Justice Manik Mohan Sarkar, Presiding Officer

Appearance:

On behalf of the Management : None
On behalf of the Workmen: None

State: West Bengal Industry: Banking

Dated: 9th July, 2010

AWARD

By Order No. L-12011/116/2006-IR (B-II) dated 01-05-2007 the Government of India, Ministry of Labour in exercise of the powers under Section 10 (1) (d) and (2A) referred the following dispute to this tribunal for adjudication:

"Whether the action of the Management of UCO Bank by not regularizing Shri Swapan Mondal. Past time sweeper who claimed to have been working for more than 6 years continuously in UCO Bank is justified ? If not, what relief the concerned workman is entitled to?"

2. When case is called out today, none is present on behalf of either of the parties. It appears from record that none also appeared on earlier date, i.e. 09-06-2010. It further appears from record that A.D. Card has been received after service of the notice upon the management as it was noted in the order of the said date. The workmen's

association is still absent today and no A.D. Card has been received back after service of notice upon it. The notice upon the workmen's association is found to have been issued under Registered Post with A.D. on 13-05-2010 and it was sent to the address as mentioned in the order of reference. Thus, the service of notice is treated to have been done even after non-receipt of A. D. Card.

- 3. The conduct of the workmen's association representing the concerned workman both on the last date as well as today is found to be reluctant to come before the Tribunal to proceed with the present reference which was initiated at the instance of the said association as it appears from the order of reference.
- 4. In the circumstance, it is presumed that the workmen's association is not interested to proceed with the present reference for reasons best known to it though the reference is in respect of a single workman, namely, Shri Swapan Mondal, Part-time Sweeper and his claim for regularization was espoused by the said association which the management Bank denied.
- 5. Since the workmen's association is not present to place its claim, it is presumed that the claim is not subsisting now. Accordingly, the present reference is disposed of by treating non-prosecution by the workmen and a "No Dispute" Award is passed.

JUSTICE MANIK MOHAN SARKAR, Presiding Officer Dated, Kolkata, The 9th July, 2010

नई दिल्ली, 19 अगस्त, 2010

का,आ, 2334.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार कैंक ऑफ बड़ीदा के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय जयपुर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 48/ 2006) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 19-8-2010 को प्राप्त गुजा था।

[सं. एल-12011/13/2006-शर्यकार(वी-11)] पुर्यन्दर कुमार, क्रिक अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 19th August, 23:17

S.O. 2334.—In pursuance of Section 17 or the Indestrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (25%, No. 48 of 2006) of the Central Government Indestrial Tribunal-cumbalmor Court, Jaipur now as shown in the Amexure in the industrial Dispute between the employees in relation to the management of Bank of Paroda and their workmen, where was received by the Central Government on 1948-100.

(No.174703 A3 2006-IR (B-II)]
PUSHPENDER KEMAR, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL A 18 (1942) - L. CUM-LABOUR COURT, JAIPUR

PRESENT

N. K. Purohit, Presiding Officer

i. D. No. 48/06

Reference No. 12-i 1/13/2006-IR(B-II) dated: 14-6-2006

The Regional Secretary
Bankof Baroda Karamchari Union
C/o BOE, D-38 Ashok Marg,
Ahinsha Circle, Jaipur - 302001.

V/s

The Asstt. General Manager
Bank of Baroda, Regional Office,
Anand Bhawan, 4th Floor, S.C. Road, Jaipu-

AWARD

29-7-2016

- 1. The Central Government in exercise of the powers conferred under clause (d) of Sub Section 1 & 2 (a) of Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes act 1947 has referred the following Industrial dispute to this tribunas is adjudication which is as under:
- "Whether the action taken by the Managemer and Bank of Baroda awarding the punishment violated dated 29-3-2004 to Shri Ram Protap Meena, then Cashier Science Fort Branch presently posted at Karanii is legally correct and justified? If not, what reher the emproyee is unified to and from which date?"
- 2. Pursuant to the receipt of the reference, the registered notices were issued to both the parties. On both, it of the bank its representative put his appearance on 5-2-2007 but the werkman did not appear on the said date. Later on the post of the Presiding Officer remain vacant till August, 2009. Therefore, on 7-12-2009 order was passed to issue from notices to the parties. The representative on behalf of the bank put his appearance before this Tribunal on 22-1-2010. On careful perusal of the record, it is finded that the acknowledgement receipt of the registered in the issued to the Regional Secretary 2000 miles has even received after service and the address of the adorsor that copy of notice is similar to that of mentioned in the reference. Even the Central Government has issued the notice to the concerned union with the direction to file its claim along with relevent documents but none has applicated on behalf of the union to file its claim statement.
- 2. In present reference, the question under consideration is whether the action of the Bank in awarding the punishment to the workman Sh. Rain Prutap Mecha is justified?
- 4 Since the union has espoused the case of the workman & has challenged the action of the bank's management, the burden was upon the union to prove the

illegality of the alleged action but despite of the service of registered notice, none has appeared on behalf of the union to file claim statement. Resultantly, no material could be placed before the Tribunal to adjudicate the matter on merit. It appears that the union is not willing to contest the case further. Under these circumstances "No Claim Award" is passed in this matter.

4. Award as above.

N. K. PUROHIT. Presiding Officer नई दिल्ली, 19 अगस्त, 2010

का,आ. 2335.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, फेन्द्रीय सरकार यूनियन बैंक ऑफ इंडिया के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उल्लंड सर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार र अनिर्मिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय कानपुर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्य 62-98) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 19-8-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-12012/79/97-आईआर(बी-II)] पुष्पंन्दर कुमार, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 19th August, 2010

S.O. 2335.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 62/98) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal/Labour Court, Kanpur now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employees in relation to the management of Union Bank of India and their workmen, which was received by the Central Government on 19-8-2010.

[No. L-12012/79/97-IR (B-II)] PUSHPENDER KUMAR, Desk Officer ANNEXURE

BEFORE SRI RAM PARKASH, HJS, PRESIDING OFFICER, CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, KANPUR

Industrial Dispute No. 62 of 98

Between

Sri P. K. Tiwari, Vice President Union Bnk Staff Association, 3/192, Viram Khand, Gomti Nagar, Lucknow

And

The General Manager, Union Bank of India Zonal Office Sharda Tower II floor, Kapoorthala Complex, Aliganj,

Lucknow.

AWARD

1. Central Government, MOL, New Delhi, vide notification No. L-12012/79/97-IR (B-II) dated 03-04-98,

has referred the following dispute for adjudication to this tribunal -

- 2. Whether the action of the management of Union Bank of India in awarding punishment of stoppage of one increment with cumulative effect etc, to Sh. Ram Baran clerk cum cashier at their Sultanpur Branch U. P. vide their order No. ROM/ENQ/2080/96 dated 27-05-96 is legal and justified? If not ,to what relief the workman is entitled?
- 3. Brief facts are that it is an admitted fact that Sri Ram Baran Singh was working as clerk cum cashier with Union Bank of India. It is stated that he was earlier posted at Ghazipur Degree College Branch of the Bank and had nothing to do with the business of Curreency Chest of Ghazipur. He hails from Kanpur, his wife was posted at Sultanpur a service of U.P govt, and he applied for his transfer to Sultanpur. Sri K R Rahmani was the Regional Officer of the Bank at the relevant time and because of his prejudices with majority and recognized state union, he was tempering minority union at Ghazipur Ragion. So he was trying to falsely trap the accused workman on the one score or the other. In furthereance of this object only issue of transfer order he has couched hatched a conspiracy against the workman and on 28-9-94 asked the workman to accompany with treasure of Rs. 21 Crore which was being remitted to the Currency Chest SBI at Ranjhi at Zabalpor from the currency chest of Ghazipur. As he was neither deployed in the Ghazipur Currency Chest nor at the parent branch Ghazipur nor at Regional Office, he should not have been asked for the above assignment as per system except in the case of exigency. As there was a conspiracy to place the workman under suspension on his mere objection to the said unjust and unreasonable instruction, the workman had no options but to obey the orders. As per rule the treasure was kept under triple arrangement at the currency chest SBI Ranijhi. District Madhya Pradesh and the third set kept was handed over to the workman. Workman being Potdar accompanying the treasurer cannot leave Ranijhi till the entire cash was counted and a final receipt was obtained as required. Before the arrival of the treasurer from Ghazipur three other remittances from three other currency chests reached Ranjhi Currency Chest. Authorities of the Currency Chest at Ranjhi started counting on first come first serve basis and the workman had to wait till for his turn. The mother of the workman was seriously ill at Kanpur and due to his deployment he could not visit her. Workman remained at SBI Ranjhi till 23-3-95 when he was given final receipt in form G and was officially released for reporting at Ghazipur. On being relieved he made his leave application and proceeded for Kanpur to see his ailing mother and after reavailing leave he reported at Ghazipur on 30-03-95 when he was relieved for Sultanpur Branch. Sultanpur branch of the bank is under administrative control of AGM Regional Office, Kanpur and the Regional Manager of Regional Office Ghazipur is junior to his counterpart of Kanpur in rank also. There are nine different regions in the state. The General Manager. Lucknow, oversees the work of all the nine regional offices functioning in the State of U.P.

- 4. Regional Manager Regional Ghazipur of the bank by shooting his administrative jurisdiction unauthorizedly issued an absurd and none sense show cause notice dated 12-05-95 to the workman calling for his explanations on the counts for which he was not responsible. He submitted his reply on which some sitting in the Industrial Relation Department Central Office Mumbai of the Bank proclaiming himself as disciplinary authority issued a charge sheet dated 19-12-95, against the workman and appointed Sri A. K. Pujara the then Deputy Manager (P) Regional Office Meerut to conduct the inquiry against the workman and to impose the punishment in utter disregard to the provisions of service conditions. Shri Pujara called the workman at Faizabad on 17-04-96 and asked him to admit the charges threatening him for dire consequences. As he has not committed the alleged misconduct he refused to oblige Sri Pujara. Thereafter on 21-05-96, the inquiry was unauthorizedly and illegally committed at Varanasi. He alleged that he had objected on the inquiry proceedings mainly on the following points
 - a. Unauthorized/without authority
 - b. Biased/Prejudice
 - c. Loss of Faith
 - d. None application/closed mind.
- 5. He alleged that the enquiry officer had not given him proper opportunity. Personal haring was granted in the absence of defense representative Sri P. K. Tiwari. So called enquiry officer/disciplinary authority unauthorizedly and illegally imposed the punishment of stoppage of one increment with cumulative effect and censure vide memorandum dated 27-05-96. The workman also preferred an appeal but the appellate authority being part of sadistic and vindictive management of the bank set over the appeal of the workman. The appellate authority summarily dismissed the appeal on 23-09-96 when the matter was pending before the ALC @ Allahabad for conciliation proceedings. The conciliation proceedings were ended in failure therefore; the matter was referred to GOI for reference.
- 6. The claimant has disclosed the aversions regarding without authority in Para 52 of the claim statement alleging that the present charge sheet vis-a-vis the appointment letter of EO-cum-DA and MR have been issued by someone sitting in industrial Relation Department Central Office sans disclosing his identity and without due and proper authority from the Principle Officer as required under clause 19.14 of BPS as amended and modified by clause 3(b) of BPS dated 31-10-89. He has also disclosed the grounds regarding non application of mind in Para 53.1 to 53.15. He has also alleged the basic error which has been committed by the enquiry officer/disciplinary athority in Para 55 (1) of the claim statement.
- 7. Therefore, he prayed that the charge sheet inquiry proceedings, finding including the order of punishment and the order of the appellate authority be set aside exonerating of the charges levelled against him with all the consequential benefits.

Opposite party has filed written statement. It is alleged by them that the reference order is bad in law. There isno cause of action to the claimant. Reference order is void and bad in eye of law. There is no industrial dispute. It is stated that Sri Ram Baran Claimant was issued a charge sheet dated 19-12-95 mentioning the misconduct detailed in memo dated 12-5-95, which mentions the gross and minor misconduct of the claimant as stated in Para 7 of the written statement. The enquiry officer conducted the inquiry thoroughly; the management witness was also cross examined by the defense. The inquiry officer has given opportunity to the employee for defending his case but the charge sheeted employee submitted to the enquiry officer that they do not want to examine any witness nor they want to tender any defense representation and closed evidence. The inquiry held and concluded after hearing oral arguments. The enquiry officer made the initial finding date 23-5-96 and final finding dated 27-5-96.

The misconducts were held proved and punishment imposed is as under

Gross misconduct

- (i) Doing acts prejudicial to the interest of the bank
- (ii) Willful insubordination.
- 9. For both the acts the punishment imposed was stoppage of one increment with cumulative effect, for minor misconduct censure was imposed.
- 10. Thereafter he made an appeal, being devoid of a merit which was rejected. Union Bank Staff Association moved before the ALC @,, Allahabad, but conciliation proceedings ended in failure. It is stated that all the concerned officers are fully known and there is no question of not kowing the identity of the concerned officers of the management. Management acted fully in accordance with laws and rules of natural justice in the matter. It is stated that the finding of the enquiry officer are neither perverse nor objectionable. It is therefore, prayed that the claim statement be rejected.
- 11. Both the parties have filed documentary evidence. Opposite party has adduced oral evidence also. He has adduced one witness Sri A.K. Pujara M.W.I.
- 12. Clamant has filed 5 documents vide list dated 8-08-03. These documents are Union Bank of India Original Memorandum dated 19-12-95, dated 23-5-96, 27-05-96 along with its enclosure. Appeal preferred by workman, Union Bank of India letter dated 24-9-96. They have also filed documents vide list dated 18-09-03. These are memorandum dated 12-05-95, in original, carbon copy of applicants letter dated 30-06-95.
- 13. Opposite party has filed original enquiry proceedings. There are 53 documents, these documents are copy of ZO Lucknow dated 24-9-96, copy of appeal, copy of appellate order, copy of IR Division, copy of memo issued by RO Meerut to Sri Ram Baran, copy of final order passed by the enquiry officer dated 27-5-96 copy of proceedings of inquiry, copy of IR Division issued to Sri A.K. Pujara, and other letters issued by the opposite party

in favour of Sri Ram Baran, copy of exhibits M-7 to M-22, copy of exhibit D-1 to D-5. There are other letters filed by the opposite party along with the list of documents. I will discuss all these relevant documents during my discussion.

- 14. Heard the arguments and perused the record.
- 15. It is the contention of the authorized representative for the workman that according to the circulars and schedule the disciplinary authority in the case as provided in the schedule is Branch Manager under whom the employee is working or authority above the branch manager or Assistant Suptd in Zonal office or authority above Asstt. Suptd in ZO or Personal Officer/ Suptd in the Department of Personnel and Central Office/authority above Superintendent of personal and Central Office. These authorities are for the officials/staff working in the branch/extension counters. This fact has not been disputed by the opposite party also.
- 16. Now the question arises as to who can be the disciplinary authority in the present case. It is contended by authorized representative for the workman that the charge sheet has been issued by the disciplinary authority and is paper no. 27/1. It has been issued by the Industrial Relation Department Central Office. The Central Office is at Mumbai which fact has also not been disputed. It is contended that there is no designation of the disciplinary authority, there is no name, identity could not be established who is issuing the charge sheet in the name of disciplinary authority. For a moment if this charge sheet is accepted that it has been issued by the disciplinary authority as claimed by the opposite party it states that Sri Ram Baran is informed that memorandum dated 12-05-95 issued to him by Regional Office Ghazipur will form part of this charge sheet. It further states that Sri Ram Baran is informed that a departmental inquiry into the aforesaid misconduct will be held by Sri A K Pujara. Dy. Manager (P) Regional Office, Meerut. The date time and venue of inquiry will be intimated to Sri Ram Baran in due course. This charge sheet is dated 19-12-95. There is a letter Ext. M-1 filed by the opposite party appointing Sri A. K. Pujara as the enquiry officer. It is also written in this letter that he shall complete the inquiry within three months and monthly progress report of the inquiry will be sent to the disciplinary authority. Both these letters charge sheet as well as paper M-1 nowhere gives the power of disciplinary authority to Sri A K Pujara.
- 17. Now this is a fact that Sri A K Pujara has passed the punishment order against the CSE vide his order no. 2080-96-dated 27-05-96 as inquiry officer/disciplinary authority.
- 18. Now the question arises whether there can be two disciplinary authorities at a single time. My answer is "no", because it is against the principle of administrative laws as well as principles of natural justice. Head office has not delegated his powers to Sri A K Pujara to become a disciplinary authoriy. Moreover, according to the schedule only the branch manager or the authority above in rank can be designated as disciplinary authority. It is the

- contention of the opposite party that Sri A. K. Pujara was the personnel officer in the Department of Personnel at Central Office, does not carry any weight. Firstly, Sri A. K. Pujara is not posted at Central Office at that time and he was posted at Regional Office Meerut. Moreover the person should be of the rank of branch manager and above. A.R. of the claimant has drawn my attention towards clause 14 of First Bipartite Settlement dated 19-10-66, which state that the Chief Executive or principal officer in India of a bank or alternate officer at the head office or principal office appointed by him for the purpose shall decide which officer shall be empowered to hold inquiry and take disciplinary action in the case of each office or establishment. As such now only one officer can be authorized by Chief Executive Officer to act as disciplinary authority of the workman. Therefore, in the present case the Chief Executive Officer has no where appointed Sri A. K. Pujara Dy. Manager below the rank of branch manager as disciplinary authority. It is also contended that the memorandum dated 12-5-95 issued by Regional Manager of Regional Office Ghazipur has no locus standi. It is stated that the charge sheet issued by disciplinary authority though not identifiable cannot be further redelegate his power to another disciplinary authority. It is contended that Dy. Manager (P) Sri A.K. Pujara Meerut is an authority not below the rank of AGM but also below the rank of Branch Manager of Sultanpur branch. Therefore, has got no locus standi to act as disciplinary authority in the case.
- 19. Therefore, I have considered the whole record and heard the arguments.
- 20. Opposite party has produced Sri A K Pujara as witness M.W.1. he has not shown any authority as to from whom he attained the power to act as a disciplinary authority. Auth. Representative for the claimant has given him a suggestion that he has wrongly been appointed as a disciplinary authority. It was the duty of Sri Pujara to submit his findings before the competent disciplinary authority, which he failed and over stepped into the shoes of disciplinary authority.
- which does not identify the disciplinary authority stands vitiated. Not only on this ground but on this ground also that there cannot be two disciplinary authorities at the same time. Similarly the punishment order passed by Sri A K Pujara assuming himself to be the disciplinary authority does not hold good in the eye of law as punishment order, which is void, therefore, this punishment order also stands vitiated and deserves to be quashed. When punishment order is quashed question of passing order by the appellate authority does not arise and that too is hereby set aside.
- 22. Therefore, the order dated 27-05-96 is not legal and justified and therefore, reference is decided in favour of claimant and against the opposite party.

Dated: 10-08-2010

नई दिल्ली, 19 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2336.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार इंडियन बैंक के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच. अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय, चैन्नई के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 68/2007) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 19-08-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-12012/89/2007-आई आर (बी-II)]

पुष्पेन्दर कुमार, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 19th August, 2010

S.O. 2336.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 68/2007) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Chennai now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employees in relation to the management of Indian Bank and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 19-08-2010.

[No. L-12012/89/2007-IR(B-II)]

PUSHPENDER KUMAR, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, CHENNAI

Thursday, the 12th August, 2010

Present: A.N. JANARDANAN, Presiding Officer

Industrial Dispute No. 68 of 2007

(In the matter of the dispute for adjudication under clause (d) of sub-section (1) and sub-section 2(A) of Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), between the Management of Indian Bank and their Workman)

BETWEEN

Sri D. Chandrasekhar

Petitioner/I Party

Vs.

The General Manager (IED) :

Respondent/II Party

Indian Bank Personnel

Department

Head Office, 66, Rajaji Salai

Chennai-600001

APPEARANCE

For the Petitioner

M/s. K. M. Ramesh

For the Management

M/s T.S. Gopalan & Co.

AWARD

The Central Government, Ministry of Labour vide its Order No. L-12012/89/2007-IR(B-II) dated 24-10-2007 referred the following industrial Dispute to this Tributed for adjudication.

The schedule mentioned in that order is:

"Whether the action of the management of inclina Bank, Chennai in imposing the penalty of the discharged from service with superannuation benefits and without disqualification from future employment" on Sri D. Chandrasekhar is legal and justified? If not, to what relief is the workman entitled?"

- 2. After the receipt of Industrial Dispute, this Tribun a has numbered it as LD, 68/2007. Pursuant to notice Lot's parties entered appearance through advocates and filed their Claim and Counter Statement as the case may be
- 3. In the Claim Statement, the contentions much briefly read as follows:

The First Party while was working as Clerk/Ahractar G.A. Road Branch of the Respondent/Bank was suspended. on 06-06-2000 alleging him to have had on a 5-06-2000 misused a sum of Rs. 70,000 by paying to a creditor to appear his debt out of cash entrusted to him and be thereby misappropriated bank money. On 23-10-2000 he was issued a Charge Sheet for gross misconduct under Clause-19.5(1) of the Bipartite Settlement. An enquiry was held in which he was led blindfolded which commenced on 23-05-2001 and ended on 08-10-2001 examining witnesses (i) Mr. R. Ranganathan, Senior Manager (Retd.), Circle Office Chennai, (ii) Mr. K. Chakrapani, Asstt. Manager (Retd.) from GA Road Branch and the (iii) Mr. M. Ramgopal. Manager (Retd.) from the same branch. The Enquiry Officer was biased in favour of the Management and prejudiced towards the petitioner not listening to the defence representative. The enquiry is not fair and proper and is vitiated. The copy of the enquiry report dated 31-05-2002 was supplied to the petitioner on 05-06-2002 to which on 22-06-2002 he submitted explanation. Thereafter on 04-09-2002 Show Cause Notice proposing punishment of "Be discharged from service with superannuation benefits and without disqualification from future employment" to which also he submitted reply denying to be guilty. He also appeared for personal hearing on 27-09-2002 and submitted his grievances. The Disciplinary Authority on 25-02-2003 imposed modified punishment of "Discharge" in terms of Clause-6(d) of the Bipartite Settlement dated 10-04-2002 which is illegal, unjustified and improper and amounts to victimization in unfair labour practice making First Party a scapegoat. His appeal dated 03-04-2003 was rejected on 19-07-2005 without applying the mind and without considering his submissions. The enquiry is vitiated on technical ground of Dv. General Manager

Suryanarayanan assoming role of Disciplinary Authority adopting the Charge Sheet. The charges have not been proved in the enquiry. The finding is perverse. It is prayed that on re-appreciation of the evidence an independent conclusion may be arrived at. Hence the prayer for reinstatement with backwages and all other benefits.

4. The Counter Statement contentions bereft of unnecessary details are as follows:

It is of paramount importance that the bank employees should not have a propensity to be dishonest under any circumstance. Anyone erring forfeits confidence reposed in him and ceases to be suitable for employment. The bank is never persuaded not to terminate service of such erring employee by the reason of family circumstances, personal difficulties, heavy indebtedness, etc. which are not relevant considerations to bestow any leniency which if shown might be cited as a presedent by the similarly placed. The petitioner came into service in the year 1988 as a disabled person. The employees are required to manage their affairs in a manner not to expose them to financial pressures or temptation to lay hands on bank's cash. On 05-06-2000 at around 0330 PM cash was not closed. The petitioner told Asstt. Manager that there is a difference of Rs. 70,000 and that he had gone out to bring the cash for adjustment, which he adjusted by taising a Debit Voucher for Rs. 70,000 depring SP, -2, that he brought Rs, 50,000 remitted to the course as too it is a supply, that next day he remitted too balance of Rs. 23,000 at 1 that the debit entry was revered a differ petitioner in he leaver given admitted his misu A.. To Show Cause Leater 24.ed 26-06-2000, on 23-06-400 M, the petitioner has report admixing his mistake and prayed for lenience on burga. Marian consideration. During the enquiry the pethismes accrossed extreme sorrow for supervention of the abstract due to miscalculation, unfortunate and unexpected turn of events and that he never intended to act prejudicially. The punishment is fully justified and valid in law. The same does not call for interference. There is no violation of principles of natural justice. There is nothing wrong in the Dy. General Manager pursuing the disciplinary action issued by his predecessor. The misconduct was never in dispute. The Enquiry Officer was not biased or prejudiced. The enquiry is not vitiated. The non-examination of one of the Investigating Officers is a plea of desperation. Orders do not suffer from any infirmity. The punishment is not disproportionate. The punishment is to be upheld.

5. Points for consideration are:

- (i) Whether the discharge of the petitioner from service with superannuation benefits and without disqualification from future employment is legal and justified?
- (ii) To what relief the concerned workman is entitled?

6. The evidence consists of oral evidence of WW1 and Ex.W1 to Ex.W21 on the petitioner's side and the oral evidence of MW1 and Ex.M1 to Ex.M15 on the Respondent's side.

Points (i) and (ii)

7. Heard arguments of both sides and perused the enquiry proceedings, report and documents. The learned counsel for the petitioner would canvass for the contention that the instance of misuse of a sum of money to the extent of Rs. 70,000 admitted by the petitioner is not a case of misappropriation so as to cause any prejudice to the Bank or indeed to the customers. The petitioner, a physically handicapped workman appointed under the very quota with an ailing and mentally retarded child had incurred heavy debts due to his poor background situations. He had to repay Rs. 70,000 to a creditor for a sum of Rs. 50,000 taken on advance from him for a short period and for the repayment of the amount the petitioner while was being harassed to the core with intimidations the petitioner was, in order to wriggle out of the situation, paying the sum to the creditor in anticipation of arrival of his father-in-law with the sum with whom the petitioner has had arranged to make up the sum by pledging the jewels of his family by the noon on the day which did not work well. His Fatherin-law as explained in writing by the petitioner before the Management arrived only late and that too he came with a sum of Rs. 50,000 only which he by then itself adjusted towards too late a receipt on the day and the balance amount of Rs. 20,000 was made good immediately on the next morning. According to the tearned coursel for the petitioner, it is not to be taken as a serious misconduct and the bank is not put to any loss nor any customer made victim to any hardship. The petitioner on his own motion made good the shortage. There has not been any falsification of account or fraud committed by him. There is no adverse past record against him. Invoking the benevoient provision under Section-11A of the ID Act, the petitioner may be imposed a lesser punishment, setting aside his punishment of discharge putting him in economic death

8. The learned counsel for the Respondent would argue that the petitioner entertained the belief that he may use bank money in any manner he pleases and he is trying to justify the grave misconduct. He admitted the guilt. The enquiry is not at all improper or unfair. He has no right to use bank money entrusted to him in trust. The learned counsel relied on the decision of the Hon'ble High Court of Madras in the Management of Catholic Syrian Bank Ltd. Vs. Industrial Tribunal, Madras-104 and Another (1999-2-LLJ-210) wherein it was held that "though in cases, where it is warranted, justice may be required to be rendered with mercy, that itself however, is not to be carried to the extent of abandoning of ethical standards reflected in the law on the ground that it is not the function of the Court to be concerned with such moral or ethical standard". It is further held:

Rewarding the fraudulent and dishonest conduct amounting to grave misconduct by a reinstatement and award of backwages is to mock at the integrity and honesty of vast majority of workmen who are honest, diligent and law abiding. Sympathy cannot be a ground for invalidating the dismissal when such sympathy is totally misplaced and where the acts committed are grave in nature;

Discretionary powers to interfere with quantum of punishment can be exercised only when it is established that proved charges and penalty imposed are not proportionate to each other after considering all aspects; employee should maintain such ethical standards embodied in rules and regulations. Ethical standards cannot be abandoned on the plea that justice should be rendered with mercy.

9. The reply to the above argument on behalf of the petitioner is that regard having had to the background scenario in relation to the petitioner of being in hard hit family miseries and financial stress and circumstances owing to the sickness of his child and the thrust upon the petitioner by his creditor to abruptly pay back a loan of Rs. 70,000 and the endless harassment meted out by him even at the place of his employment at the spur of the moment actuated by the momentary aberration of mind he was parting with the bank money in his custody for being paid over to the creditor to pacify and send him away with the fond hope that his father-in-law would be meeting him at the bank with a sum of Rs. 70,000 for gathering which amount the petitioner has had already made arrangement early on the day before his advent at the bank for duty. The situation occurred due to the fact that his father-inlaw did not come in time to the bank and was only lately arriving there that too with only an amount of Rs. 50,000, due to the reason that the pledged ornaments did not fetch a sum of Rs. 70,000. Remitting the amount back to the bank lately thereafter he was leaving for the day but he did really collect the remainder amount of Rs. 20,000 and arranged to make good the deficiency of the sum of Rs. 20,000 also in the bank chest the next day. True, at any event the petitioner could not have afforded to adopt such a course in order to satisfy his personal need because by doing so it is an act of misuse or abuse of bank money entrusted to him in trust which may fall under the offence of misappropriation of money.

10. Though it is argued on behalf of the Respondent that the petitioner acted under a belief or conviction that he could appropriate bank money as he pleases and that it is the propensity to commit such an offence which is punishable there is nothing to show that the petitioner was really actuated by any such malice. As submitted by the petitioner he was making an adjustment which is truly not permitted. The fact that, though after the cash hours of

the bank business, through his father-in-law a sum of Rs. 50,000 was got and remitted back to the bank and the remaining amount of Rs. 20,000 was remitted on the next day morning in quick succession, throws light to the truth that the petitioner has had arranged with his father-in-law to procure the amount and approach him at the bank to pay over the money to his creditor who has ever been a cause of the greatest vexation to him until the money is paid back. Though it is quite unbecoming of the petitioner to payout to his creditor from bank money the loan amount of Rs. 70,000 and which is certainly a misconduct it has not turned out to be one causing any prejudice to the bank. The bank's reputation is not thereby affected. No bank customer is involved in the transaction. The decision relied on by the learned counsel for the Respondent is not squarely applicable to this case. Here is a misconduct committed. It is a grave misconduct. But is it a misconduct warranting imposition of the severest punishment of discharge from service thereby putting the petitioner into economic death? The petitioner cannot be found to have done the act in total disregard of all ethical standards. Though sympathy cannot be ground for invalidating the discharge still sympathy has its role in appropriate cases. Where it is warranted justice may be required to be rendered with mercy.

11. In view of the background of the transaction under which the petitioner did the impugned act as unfolded by the petitioner the same could not be found to be an outright and calculated act thereby intending to misappropriate the bank money. Being a Cashier if what he had contemplated was just parting of sum of Rs. 70,000 of the bank money to his vexacious creditor so as to send him away and that the same money could immediately be replaced with the money expected to be collected by his father-in-law through a Pawn Broker and duly brought in time and thus made good the earlier parted bank money it would no longer have been a misuse or abuse of bank money capable of being subsequently noticed. If this was the way of thinking which went through his mind but when the expectation having failed and he having become unsuccessful in his purpose he happened to be detected as a misuser of bank money. Strictly speaking though this is to be regarded as misappropriation of money it should be reckoned as one falling short in degree of the offence of an outright misappropriation. Any acts, right or wrong may have different degrees from the point of view of its gravity and each act of offence, culpable and punishable, has to be dealt with in the light of the degree in which the same is committed. A bank shroff committing misappropriation of a large sum of money to the extent of Rs. 1,00,00,000 in several transactions spreading over an year or more colluding with his associate counterparts similarly employed or otherwise by doing various other misconducts like falsification of accounts, fraud etc. cannot surely be placed on the same footing as that of the petitioner who has committed an offence which is much less in degree than that of the other one. It cannot be said that in the matter of dispensation of justice the concept of sympathy is totally out of the realm. When circumstances are such that rendition of sympathy is warranted it could well be extended to the deserving person. When sympathy is to be extended to one the question that arises is whether he deserves a sympathy or not. If it is a case where the person deserves the sympathy it has its recognition in Industrial Jurisprudence. In cases where such a sympathy is not called for the said sympathy becomes a misplaced one. It is true that the petitioner's act of parting with bank money supervened for which he has a plausible explanation. Yet, that cannot normally come to the rescue of the petitioner. He has no right to misuse the money entrusted to him in trust. Therefore, he is guilty. Our concern is regarding the punishment. A punishment imposed may become proportionate, or disproportionate to the gravity of the offence. It may also be grossly disproportionate the gravity of the offence. Here the punishment extended falls under the third category in the sense that it is shockingly disproportionate to the gravity of the offence. Rather than a court any reasonable or right thinking man hearing about the impugned transaction followed by an overhearing of the explanation rendered by the petitioner, may have the impression that the petitioner need not have been imposed so high a punishment. A Court in a judicial review of the punishment can rather be with the same impression of such a reasonable man to its aid to judge whether the punishment imposed is shockingly disproportionate to the gravity of the offence. It is an instance of a stray lapse from virtue. It is also the first of any kind of misconduct in the ordinal numeral of misconduct committed by the petitioner. There is no reason for the management to entertain a stand that the bank has lost confidence in him for his continued employment. It is an expression with no supporting material. In fact from the terminology of the punishment it could be seen that it does not affect the eligibility or qualification of the petitioner for future employment. It means that the petitioner is capable of being employed and can be employed elsewhere but he is not to be employed under the Respondent/Bank. It is good to remember that to err is human; to forgive is divine. It is not in the sense that the petitioner should not be punished for the misconduct but in the sense that while the petitioner is being punished it should be endowed with some element of compassion that he might deserve in the background of his living conditions at the time of commission of the misconduct.

12. One may call to mind that object of punishment is prevention of crime with a double effect of avoiding a recurrence of the offence by the same person and preventing others from doing the same. The punishment is to maintain discipline like maintaining discipline in a family of which employer is like a Head of a Family. Idea behind punishment is to correct the fault of the employee by making him more cautious in future and hold out warning to others. While punishing, the employer should not be actuated by malice,

vindictiveness or arbitrariness. If lesser punishment could be inflicted without jeopardizing the interest of the administration, the employer should not inflict the maximum punishment which can prove counterproductive. This appears to be the true ethics of punishment in industrial establishment, which will go a long way in easing unrest between the employee and the employer. Awarding lenient punishment may be a virtue in itself but it can be harmful for smooth functioning of the industry as it could encourage not only the delinquent but others too. In the case on hand, the situation is not so. Lesser a punishment to be meted out to the petitioner in the given facts and circumstances is exceptional. The same cannot be cited as a precedent by any other in the absence of the same or similar circumstances. Each case has to depend on the facts and circumstances peculiar to each. Hence the apprehension of the Management that leniency shown to the petitioner will give room to others to cite the same as a precedent is out of place. An out of proportion punishment to the gravity of charge may indicate victimization.

13. In the case of CENTRAL INLAND WATER TRANSPORT CORPORATION LTD. VS. BROJONATH (1986-II-LLJ-179), the observations of the Supreme Court that follows are relevant to the context "92-Should then our courts not advance with the times? Should they still continue to cling to outmoded concepts and outworn ideologies? Should we not adjust our thinking caps to match the fashion of the day? Should all jurisprudence development passes by, leaving us floundering in the sloughs of 19th century theories? Should the strong be permitted to push the weak to the wall? Should they be allowed to ride roughshod over the weak? Should the courts sit back and watch supinely while the strong trample under foot the rights of the weak? We have a constitution for the country. Our judges are bound by their oath to uphold the constitution and the laws. The constitution was encated to secure to all the citizens of the country social and economic justice of the country. Article-14 of the constitution guarantees to all persons equality before law and equal protection of the laws. The principle deducible from the above discussions on this part of the case is in consonance with right and reason intended to secure social and economic justice and conforms to the mandate of the great equality clause in Article-14".

14. The above observations of the Apex Court are relevant considerations which weighed with me in the discussion and I am led to conclude that the panishment imposed on the petitioner is not legal and justified. He deserves some lesser punishment so that he is not put to economic death during the entirety of his remaining span of life. Therefore, the punishment is liable to be set aside.

15. In the result, the impunged punishment is set aside and the petitioner is ordered to be reinstated into service forthwith with continuity of service and all attendant benefits. The backwages payable is limited to 15%. Forfeiture of the remainder 85% of the backwages be a

| into serv called in | ice if on leaving question in a hi | his once the petitioner is reinstated g this award intact without being gher forum the Respondent is at | Ex.W11 Ex.W12 | 22-06-2002 15-07-2002 | Petitioner's community of enquiry findings. Latter from Petitioner for |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|----------------|--------------------------|--|
| liberty, if | at all they must, | to impose a minor punishment of | LA. W 12 | 15-07-2003 | Respondent |
| as it deem | ns fit, however, n | with or without cumulative effect not beyond two increments, which and to double punishment since it | Ex.W13 | 04-09-2002 | Show Cause Notice by Respondent to Petitioner |
| is judicia offence u | lly settled that pi | unishments awarded for the same s separately do not come under | Ex.W14 | 14 -09-20 02 | Reply to the Show Carse Notice by Petitioner to Respondent |
| • | - | s answered accordingly. | Ex.W15 | 25-02-2003 | Order in posing the |
| (Di | ictated to the P.A | A., transcribed and typed by him, | | | punishment of discharge from service |
| | | d by me in the open court on this | Ex.W16 | 03-04-2003 | Appeal preferred as |
| day the 1. | 2th August, 201 | , | | | petitioner before Apparage |
| | A,N.JA | NARDANAN, Presiding Officer | Ex.W17 | 20.07.2002 | Authority of Respondent |
| l'antha la | of Door /Decision | Witness Examine | Ex.W17 | 20-07-2003 | Letter intimating with enclosures of order dated 15- |
| | st Party/Petition | Chandrasekhar | | | 07-2005 passed by the Appellate Authority |
| | | ement : MWI, Sri T. Venkataramani | Ex.W18 | 19-07-2003 | Order of the Appellate Authority |
| Ex.No. | | he petitioner's side | Ex.W19 | 17-02-2006 | Petitioner's Sec.2-A discorp- |
| Ex.W1 | Date 06-06-2000 | Description Show Course Nation in 11 | | | filed Assistant Commussioner of Labour (Central), Chemia |
| | | Show Cause Notice issued by Vigilance Department of Respondent Bank to Petitioner | Ex.W20 | 04-09-2006 | Remarks filed by the Respondent before Assist of Commissioner of Lubera |
| Ex.W2 | 23-06-2000 | Reply by petitioner to Chief Manager of the Respondent/ Bank | Fx.W21 | 18-09-2006 | (Central) Che mai Reply/Rejoinder filed by the Petitioner before Assistant |
| Ex.W3 | 23-10-2000 | Intimation to petitioner | | | Commissioner of Labout (Central), Chennai |
| | | regarding appointment of | On the M | anagement's side | |
| 15.3374 | 02.11.2000 | Enquiry Officer | Ex.No. | Date | Description |
| Ex.W4 | 07-11-2000 | Letter from Enquiry Officer to the petitioner | Ex.M1 | 23-05-2001 | |
| Ex.W5 | 05-05-2001 | Letter from Circle Office, | | 08-06-2001 | Proceedings of enquiry |
| 23.11.5 | 05 0.7 2001 | Vigilance Department to | | 08-10-2001 | C 1000 |
| | | Petitioner regarding change of Enquiry Officer | Ex.M2 | 06-06-2000 | Report of M/s - Rangana - Lud |
| Ex W6 | 17-08-2001 | Letter from Petitioner to | (1.) (2) | 0.000000 | Ramannillan |
| T- 12 (7) | 20.11.200. | Respondent | Ex.M3° | 05-06-2000 | G.A. Branch letter |
| Ex.W7 | 30-11-2001 | Letter from Politioner to | Ex,M4 | 05-06-2000 | SR II Debit Voucher for Fa 70,000 |
| | | Respondent enclosing defence summing up | Ex.M5 | 05-06-2000 | SR.H Credit Voucher for Rs |
| £x.W8 | 30-11-2001 | Defence stamming up | | #5 00 ±000 | 50,000 |
| Ex.W9 | 05-06-2002 | statement of the petitioner Letter enclosing the findings | Ex.M6 | 05-06-2000 | SR.II Credit Voucher for Rs. 20,000 |
| | 05 00 2002 | of Enquiry Officer by | Ex M7 | 06-06-2000 | Letter of K. Chakrapani |
| • | | Discipling Authority of | Ex.M8 Ex.M9 | 06-06-2000 06-06-2000 | Letter of Petitioner Letter of Petitioner |
| | | Respondences Petitioner | Ex.M10 | 05-06-2000 | Letter of Petitioner |
| Ex.W10 | 31-05-2002 | Findings of the Enquiry Officer | Ex.M11 | 05-06-2000 | Copy of Cash Balance Book on 05-06-2000 |

| Ex.M12 | 23-06-2000 | Reply of petitioner to the Show Cause Notice dated 06-06-2000 |
|--------|------------|---|
| Ex.M12 | 31-10-2001 | Presenting Officer's breif |
| Ex.M13 | 25-02-2001 | Order (Con/Vig./AS/176/ DPC/351/2002)-Discharged from service with superannuation benefits |
| Ex.M14 | 17-05-2003 | Proceeding of personal hearing before General Manager-LT.P. and someliate Authority |
| Ex.M15 | 06-11-2004 | Proceeding of personal hearing before General Manager (IED) or general Authority |

नई दिल्ली, 20 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2337.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार एवं भारतीय जीवन बीमा निगम के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच. अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय-1, चंडीगढ़ के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 177,2002) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 26-07-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[संख्या एल-17012/6/2002-आई आर (बी-II)]

पुष्पेन्दर कुमार, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 20th August, 2010

S.O. 2337.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 177/2002) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court-1, Chandigarh now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of LIC of India and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 26-7-2010.

[No. L-17012/6/2002-IR(B-II)]

PUSHPENDER KUMAR, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE SHRI GYANENDRA KUMAR SHARMA, PRESIDING OFFICER, CENTRAL GOVT. INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT-I, CHANDIGARH

CASE ID NO. 177/2002

Shri Ajay Kumar son of Shri Fateh Singh, Resident of Village Rathal (Hansi), Hissar.

Applicant

Versus

The Sr. Divisional Manager, LIC of India, 489-Model Town, Karnal.

Respondent

APPEARANCES

For the Workman : No

None

For the Management

Shri Deepak Arora

AWARD

Passed on :- 13-7-2010

Government of India vide notification no. L-17012/6/2002-(IR(B-II) dated 12th of August, 2002 by exercising its powers under Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (the Act in short), referred the following industrial dispute for adjudication to this Tribunal:-

"Whether the action of the management of LIC of India, Karnal in ordering removal of Shri Ajay Kumar, Peon from service w.e.f. 22-1-2001 is just and legal? If not, what relief the workman is entitled to?"

2. The case repeatedly called. None is present on behalf of the workman. Workman is also not present. Learned Counsel for the management is present. Workman is not present for his evidence despite knowledge. The case was referred by the Central Govt. in the year 2002 and 8 years old. It appears that workman is non interested to pursue with the present reference. In view of the above, the present reference is returned to the Central Government for want of prosecution. Central Government be informed. File be consigned to record room.

Chandigarh: 13-7-2010

G.K. SHARMA, Presiding Officer नई दिल्ली, 20 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2338.— औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार पंजाब एंड सिंध बैंक के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय-1, चंडीगढ़ के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 53/98) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 26-07-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[संख्या एल-12012/139/97-आई आर (बी-11)पार्ट] पृष्पेन्दर क्यार, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 20th August, 2010

S.O. 2338.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 53/98) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court-1, Chandigarh now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of Punjab & Sindh Bank and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 26-07-2010.

[No. L-12012/139/97-IR(B-II)Pt.]
PUSHPENDER KUMAR, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE SHRI GYANENDRA KUMAR SHARMA, PRESIDING OFFICER, CENTRAL GOVT. INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT,-I, CHANDIGARH

CASE ID NO. 53/98

Shri Tarlochan Singh, S/o Shri Ram Singh, Karawal Chowk, H.No. 415, EA/3, Dai Wali Gali, Patiala-147001.

Applicant

Versus

The Asstt. General Manager, Punjab & Sindh Bank, Passy Road, Patiala-147001.

Respondent

APPEARANCES

For the Workman

None

For the Management

None

AWARD

Passed on: 6-7-2010

Central Government vide notification no. L-12012/139/97-IR(B-II) dated 27-02-1998, has referred the following dispute to this Tribunal for adjudication:—

"Whether the action of the management of Punjab & Sindh Bank in terminating the services of Shri Tarlocham Singh w.e.f. 1-1-1997 is legal and justified? If not, to what relief the said workman is entitled and from what date?"

2. The case is taken up for recording the evidence of the parties. Workman is not present. It is the oldest industrial dispute and the reference pending adjudication before this Tribunal. On perusal of the order sheet it is evidently clear that this reference was send back to the Central Government without adjudication on absence of the workman. Thereafter, workman moved an application dated 7-4-2010 for setting aside the order dated 22-10-2009. Considering the request of the workman and also considering the fact that every industrial dispute and the reference should be tried to be disposed off after affording the opportunity of being heard to both of the parties, this Tribunal was kind enough to afford the opportunity of being heard to the parties vide order dated 7-4-2010. The workman on 7-4-2010 ensured this Tribunal that he will ensure his presence on every date and shall not cause any delay in adjudication. The workman absented once again, accordingly, I have no option otherwise then to return the reference to the Central Government without adjudication for non-prosecution because of absence of the workman. Central Government be informed. File be consigned.

6-6-2010

G.K. SHARMA, Presiding Officer नई दिल्ली, 23 अगस्त, 2010

का,आ, 2339,—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार भारतीय स्टेट बैंक, नई दिल्ली के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय-1, नई दिल्ली के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 44/2009) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 23-8-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[संख्या एल-12012/37/2009-आई आर (बी-।)] रमेश सिंह, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 23rd August, 2010

S.O. 2339.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 44/2009) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court-1, Chandigarh shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the management of State Bank of India, New Delhi and their workman, received by the Central Government on 23-8-2010.

[No. L-12012/37/2009-IR(B-I)] RAMESH SINGH, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE DR. R.K. YADAV, PRESIDING OFFICER, CENTRALGOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL NO.1 KARKARDOOMA COURTS COMPLEX, DELHI

ID NO. 44/2009

Smt. Sheela Devi w/o Late Shri Satya Prakash, R/o H.No. 445, Village & P.O. Bakhatwarpur, Delhi-110036.

Workman

Versus

The General Manager, State Bank of India & Anr. Region W, Zonal Office, 11, Parliament Street, New Delhi

Management

AWARD

Compassionate appointment was given to Smt. Sheela Devi on 21-12-87 by State Bank of India, for her husband was murdered in 1984 riots. She was subjected to various transfers by the bank, while in service. Her salary was not fixed in accordance with the Bipartite Settlements. She raised a demand for fixation of her salary in accordance with Bipartite Settlements, which demand was not taken care of by the bank. She approached General Secretary, All India Bank Staff Association for redressal of her grievance. A dispute was raised by the Association in that regard before the Conciliation Officer. During pendency of that dispute, the management took a domestic action against her. Her services were done away by the management, vide its order dated 13-4-2007. A dispute was raised before the Conciliation Officer in that regard too. During the pendency of that dispute, Smt. Sheela filed a complaint under Section 33-A of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (in short the Act) on 31st of August, 2009, claiming that action of the bank in terminating her services may be declared illegal and unjustified and bank be directed to reinstate her in services with all consequential benefits.

- 2. Complaint, moved by Smt. Sheela, was registered as an industrial dispute, notice of which complaint was sent to the bank. She unfolds in her complaint that on 24-1-2006 she raised an industrial dispute before the Assistant Labour Commissioner (Central) highlighting acts of her victimization and harassment by the bank. She also detailed therein the instances of unfair labour practice, when service benefits were denied to her. She was not granted payment of her dues towards salary, increment and other benefits at par with the employees, who were similarly situated. On the said complaint a notice was issued to the bank and conciliation proceedings were initiated. During the course of conciliation proceedings, the bank had illegally removed her from service, vide order dated 13-4-2007. On 8-6-2007 the Conciliation Officer submitted her failure report before the appropriate Government. On the said failure report, appropriate Government had referred that dispute to this Tribunal for adjudication, vide order dated 21st of September, 2007. Her service conditions were altered to her prejudice, during pendency of conciliation proceedings, which action of the bank is unjustified and illegal. She claims that order dated 13-4-2007 terminating her services may be declared illegal and bank may be directed to reinstate her in services with all consequential benefits.
- 3. Complaint was resisted by the bank pleading that the Tribunal has no jurisdiction to entertain the complaint. since no contravention of the provisions of Section 33 of the Act took place. On 13-4-2007 when her services were dismissed, no proceedings were pending before the Conciliation Officer. It has been pleaded that no victimization, harassment or unfair labour practice was meted out to the claimant. It has been claimed that the complaint under reference is not maintainable, hence it may be dismissed.
- 4. During adjudication process of the complaint. dispute relating to dismissal of Smt. Sheela was raised before the Conciliation Officer. Conciliation proceedings failed in that matter too. Failure report was submitted by the Conciliation Officer before the appropriate Government. On consideration of that failure report, the appropriate Government referred that dispute to this Tribunal for adjudication, vide order No.L-12012/37/2009-I.R.(B-I), New Delhi dated 23rd of July, 2009 with following terms:
 - "Whether the action of the management of State Bank of India, New Delhi in terminating services of Smt. Sheela Devi, Ex-Farash-cum-Water Woman w.e.f. 13-4-2007, is justified and legal? If not, to what relief she is entitled to?"
- 5. Claimant had tendered her affidavit Ex. WWI/A in support of her complaint. She was cross examined at length on behalf of the management. Shri S.K.Garg tendered his affidavit Ex. MWI/A as evidence on behalf of the bank. He

was cross examined at length on behalf of the claimant.

- 6. It would not be out of place to mention that inadvertently evidence of the claimant and Shri S.K.Garg was recorded in the matter, pending adjudication on reference referred above. Parties obtained certified copies of the evidence and filed it in the present proceedings, besides their respective documents. That evidence would be appreciated in the present controversy for its adjudication:
- 7. Arguments were heard at the bar. Shri Ajay Garg, authorised representative, advanced arguments on behalf of the claimant. Ms. Kittu Bajaj, authorised representative, raised her submissions on behalf of the bank. I have given my careful considerations to the arguments advanced at the bar and cautiously perused the record. My findings on controversies raised in the complaint are as follows:
- 8. Section 33 of the Act bars alteration in conditions of service "prejudicial" to the workman concerned in the dispute and punishment of discharge or dismissal when either is connected with pendentelite industrial dispute "save with the permission of the authorities before which the proceedings is pending" or where the discharge or dismissal is for any misconduct not connected with the pendentelite industrial dispute without the "approval of such authority". Prohibition contained in Section 33 of the Act is two fold. On one hand, they are designed to protect the workman concerned during the course of industrial conciliation, arbitration and adjudication, against employers' harassment and victimization, on account of their having raised the industrial dispute or their continuing the pending proceeding and on the other, they seek to maintain status quo by prescribing management conduct which may give rise to "fresh dispute" which further exacerbate the already strained relations between employer and the workman. Where industrial disputes are pendentelite before an authority mentioned in the section, it was thought necessary that such disputes should be conciliated or adjudicated upon by the authority in a peaceful atmosphere, undisturbed by any subsequent causes for bitterness or unpleasantness. To achieve this object, a ban has been imposed upon the employer exercising his common law. statutory or contractual right to terminate the services of his employees according to contract or the provisions of law governing such service. The ordinary right of the employer to alter the terms of his employees' services to their prejudice or to terminate their services under the general law governing contract of employment, has been banned subject to certain conditions. This ban, therefore, is designed to restrict the interference of the general rights and liabilities of the parties under the ordinary law within the limits truly necessary for accomplishing the object of those provisions. Anxiety to know about ban on the right of the employer, persuades me to reproduce the provisions of section 33 of the Act thus:
 - "33. Conditions of service, etc., to remain unchanged under certain circumstances during pendency of

proceedings. -(1) During the pendency of any conciliation proceeding before a conciliation officer or a Board or of any proceeding before an arbitrator or a Labour Court or Tribunal or National Tribunal in respect of an industrial dispute. no employer shall.

- (a) in regard to any matter connected with the dispute, alter, to the prejudice of the workmen concerned in such dispute, the conditions of service applicable to them immediately before the commencement of such proceeding; or
- (b) for any misconduct connected with the dispute, discharge or punish whether by dismissal or otherwise, any workman concerned in such dispute.
 - Save with the express permission in writing of the authority before which the proceeding is pending.
- (2) During the pendency of any such proceeding in respect of an industrial dispute, the employer may, in accordance with standing orders applicable to a workman concerned in such dispute or, where there are no such standing orders, in accordance with the terms of the contract, whether express or implied, between him and the workman-
- (a) alter, in regard to any matter not connected with the dispute, the conditions of service applicable to that workman immediately before the commencement of such proceeding; or
- (b) for any misconduct not connected with the dispute discharge or punish, whether by dismissal or otherwise, that workman:

Provided that no such workman shall be discharged or dismissed, unless he has been paid wages for one month and an application has been made by the employer to the authority before which the proceeding is pending for approval of the action taken by the employer.

- (3) Notwithstanding anything contained in subsection (2), no employer shall, during the pendency of any such proceeding in respect of an industrial dispute, take any action against any protected workman concerned in such dispute
- (a) by altering, to the prejudice of such protected workman, the conditions of service applicable to him immediately before the commencement of such proceeding; or
- (b) by discharging or punishing, whether any dismissal or otherwise, such protected workman,

save with the express permission in writing of the authority before which the proceeding is pending.

Explanation. - For the purposes of this sub-section, a "protected workman", in relation to an establishment, means a workman who, being a

member of the executive or other office bearer () a registered with union connected with the establishment, is recognized as such in accordance with rules made in this behalf, (4) In even establishment, the number of workmen to the recognized as protected workmen for the purpose. sub-section (3) shall be one per cent of the total number of workmen employed therein subject to a minimum number of five protected workmen and a maximum number of one hundred protected workness and for the aforesaid purpose, the appropriate Government may make rules providing for the distribution of such protected workmen union a various trade unions, if any, connected with the establishment and the manner in which the work are a may be chosen and recognized as protected workers.

(5) Where an employer makes an application to a conciliation officer, Board, an arbitrator, a Labour Court, Tribunal or isational Tribunal under tisproviso to sub-section (2) for approval of the across taken by him, the authority concerned shall, with delay, hear such application and pass, within a period of three months from the output of account of application, such order in relational action in decention.

Provided that where any such underly consider of necessary or expedient so to do, it may, for reasons to do, recorded in writing, extend such period by such lettles, period as it may think fit.

Provided further that no proceedings before grave such authority shall lapse merely on the ground that are period specified in this sub-section had expired without such proceedings being completed.

9. As noted above sub-sections (1) and (2) are designed for different purposes since sub-section atapplies to the proposition when the employer wants to alter service conditions of the workman to his prejudice in regard to any matter connected with the dispute or for any misconduct connected with the dispute, in that situation he is obliged to seek prior permission in writing of the authority before whom the dispute is pending and in a case where the employer wants to after service conditions of a workman in regard to a matter not connected with the dispute or for any misconduct not connected with the dispute, in that situation he is obliged to seek approval of the order under sub-section (2) of the aforesaid section. When an employer violates the provisions of sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) of section 33 of the Act. an instant remedy is provided to the workman by the provisions of section 33A of the Act. In other words, where an employer has contravened the provisions of section 33, the aggrieved workman has been given the option to make a complaint in writing, to the authority before which an industrial dispute is pending, with which the aggrieved workman is concerned the completed such contravention can be made not to the adjudicating authorities, but to the conciliatory authority also. If a complaint is made to a conciliatory authority, viz. a Conciliation Officer or a Board of Conciliation, clause (a) of section 33 A of the act authorizes a Conciliation Officer or the Board to take such complaint into account in bringing about a settlement of the complained dispute. The Conciliation Officer or the Board is not empowered to adjudicate upon the dispute, which is the area of adjudicatory authorities. When a complaint is made to adjudicatory authority viz. Arbitrator, Labour Court, Tribunal or National Tribunal, it will adjudicate upon the dispute as if it is a dispute referred to or pending before it.

- 10. To attract the provisions of section 33A of the Act. following conditions precedent are to be satisfied.
 - 1 that there should have youn a contravention by the management of the provisions of section 32 of the Act.
 - that the contrvention should have been during the pendency of the proceedings before the conciliatory authorities or Labour Court, Tribunal or National Tribunal, as the case may be.
 - that the complainant should have been aggrieved by the contributions and
 - that the applications should have been made to the Fabour Cours, transmost the Mational Tribunal in which seasons proceedings are pending.

 Now it would be seen as to whether the claimant could satisfy above conditions. Smt. Sheela swears in her affidavit that she was appointed by the bank as class IV employee on 21-12-87. Her basic salary was Rs.815. She reached basic salary of Rs 2000 per month in 1994. Salary of the award staff was revised as per 6th Bipartite Settlement w.e.f. 1-11-92. Accordingly her salary was revised and she was fixed at basic pay of Rs.2000, in the scale of Rs.1600-3420. Salary of award stafl was again revised as per 7th Bipartite Settlement. She was to be fixed in the scale of Rs.2700-5800, but the bank deprived her of those benefits. 8th Bipartite Settlement revised salary of subordinate staff w.e.f. 1-11-2002. She was to be given wages in the scale of Rs.4060-10180. However, her salary was not fixed in that scale. Whenever she asked for revision of her wages, she was threatened of her dismissal or transfer to a far of place. She was transferred to various branches of the bank. She made several representations for revision of her wages but to no avail. On 24--1-2006 she raised a dispute before the Conciliation Officer through her union. Complaint made in that regard is Ex. WW 1/1. During the course of Conciliation proceedings, she was illegally removed from service by the bank vide order dated 13-4-2007. the Conciliation Officer submitted her failure report to

the appropriate Government on 8-6-2007, which report is Ex.WWI/2.

- 12. Shri S.K.Garg swears in his affidavit Ex.MWI/A that no proceedings were pending before the Conciliation Officer on the date when termination order was passed. He had relied orders dated 28-9-2006, 29-1-2007 and 31-1-2007 passed by the Conciliation Officer on the complaint moved by Smt. Sheela Devi, which are Ex.MWI/I to Ex.MWI/3. However, he does not dispel that Sheela raised dispute before the Conciliation Officer on 24-1-2006. He projects that conciliation proceedings came to an end on 31-1-2007.
- 13. It has to be seen as to whether there was any contravention of the provisions of section 33 of the Act. As detailed above Smt. Sheela had testified that a dispute was raised on her behalf before the Conciliation Officer on 24-1-2006, since the bank had not fixed her salary in accordance with the Bipartite Settlement. Complaint Ex. V/W2/1 was made by her in that regard. There is no dispute on that account. Shri Garg admits during the course of his cross examination that Smt. Sheela raised a dispute before the Conciliation Officer on 24-1-2006. Thrust of his testimony has been that the said dispute could not be settled and conciliation proceedings came to an end on 31-1-2007. To substantiate facts in that regard he has proved orders dated 28-9-2006 as well as 31-1-2007, recorded by the Conciliation Officer, as Ex.MWI/I and Ex.MWI/2 respectively. As per contents of Ex.MWII, authorised representative of the bank agreed to release 90% of calculated amount of deficient salary in favour of the claimant within 15 days and balance amount of 10% of her salary was to be released in next 15 days, subject to a decision in that regard by the higher authorities. The matter was adjourned by the Conciliation Officer for 17th of November, 2006. Order dated 31st of January, 2007 has been recorded on a seat on which order dated 29-1-2007 purports to have been recorded. As per order dated 29-1-2007 none was present on behalf of the management and the matter was adjourned for 2-2-2007. Thereafter proceedings dated 31-1-2007 has been recorded, without mentioning therein as to why matter was taken up on that date. In those proceedings it has been recorded that conciliation proceedings failed. It has been argued by Ms. Bajai that Ex.MWI/2 highlights that conciliation proceedings failed on 31-1-2007. She urges that on failure of the conciliation proceedings on that date, no proceedings were pending before the Conciliation Officer thereafter. She argued that no proceedings were pending before the Conciliation Officer on 13 th of April, 2007, when dismissal order of Sheela was passed by the bank. Shri Ajay Garg dispel her submissions and argued that conciliation proceedings remain pending till failure report is received by the appropriate Government. He presents that failure report was submitted by the Conciliation Officer to the appropriate Government on 8th of June, 2006, which report is Ex.WW1/2.

- 14. Section 20 of the Act makes provision in respect of commencement and conclusion of proceedings before the Conciliation Officer. Sub-section (1) of the said section contemplates as to when conciliation proceedings commences before a Conciliation Officer in a public utility service. The 1st limb of sub-section (1) speaks that a conciliation proceeding shall commence on the date on which a notice of strike or lock out, under Section 22 is received by the Conciliation Officer. The second limb of the said sub-section provides that proceedings before a Board shall commence when a reference under sub-section (1) of Section 10 is made by the appropriate Government, whether the dispute relates to public utility service or a non public utility service. Sub-section (2) of the said section details points of time on which conciliation proceedings before a Conciliation Officer or a Board shall be deemed to have been concluded, which are enumerated thus:
 - 1. In case a settlement is arrived at, whether before a Conciliation Officer or the Board the date on which memorandum of settlement is signed by the parties to the dispute.
 - 2. In case no settlement is arrived at:
 - (a) the date on which the report of the Conciliation Officer is received by the appropriate Government or
 - (b) the date on which report of the Board is published under section 17,
 - 3. In case, during the pendency of the conciliation proceedings the dispute is referred for adjudicating the date of reference would be date of the conclusion of the conciliation proceedings.
- 15. Here in the case no settlement was arrived at between the parties, on dispute raised vide Ex.WWI/1. Failure report Ex.WWI/2 makes it clear that discussions were held on various dates and finally on 31-1-2007 but the dispute could not be resolved. It has been made clear by the Conciliation Officer that conciliation proceedings ended in failure. Failure report was recorded by the Conciliation Officer on 8-6-2007. It was sent to the appropriate Government for consideration. Therefore, it does lie in the mouth of the bank to say that the conciliation proceedings concluded on 31-1-2007. It is not the date when failure report was recorded but it is the date when the failure report was actually received by the appropriate government on which conciliation proceedings shall be deemed to have been concluded. Dismissal order was passed on 13-4-2007. Therefore, it is evident that on 13-4-2007 conciliation proceeding were pending before the Conciliation Officer. By way of passing a dismissal order against Smt. Sheela, the management contravened the provisions of Section 33 of the Act. That contravention was during the pendency of the conciliation proceedings before the Conciliation Officer.

- 16. There is no quarrel on the proposition that Smt. Sheela was aggrieved by the contravention of the provisions of Section 33 of the Act. Since contravention of the provisions of Section 33 of the Act, during pendency of the conciliation proceedings has come over the record, now occasion arises for this Tribunal to embark upon an adjudication of the dispute contained in the complaint under reference. The dispute which was raised by Smt. Sheela before the Conciliation Officer was not connected with the dispute in respect of which her dismissal order was passed. Therefore, the bank was required to move an application for approval of such an action before Conciliation Officer, as provided by the provisions of Section 33(2)(b) of the Act. Admittedly no such an application for approval was moved by the bank. Since the dispute, which was pending before the Conciliation Officer at the time of contravention of Section 33 of the Act has been referred to this tribunal for adjudication, hence Smt. Sheela had rightly filed this complaint before this Tribunal, as the original proceedings are pending adjudication before it. The management was under an obligation to make payment of one month notice wages and tile an application for approval of its action of dismissal, as the part of the same transaction. No application for approval was moved.
- 17. What is the effect of non-moving an application for approval? Such proposition was taken note of by the Apex Court in Jaipur Zila Sehkari Bhoomi Vikas Bank (AIR 2002 S.C. 643) wherein it was held that it would be clear case of contravention of the proviso to Section 33(2)(b) of the Act. It would be expedient to reproduce the law laid in the above precedent, which are extracted thus:

"The proviso to Section 33(2)(b) as can be seen from its very unambiguous and clear language, is mandatory. This apart from the object of Section 33 and in the context of the proviso to Section 33(2)(b), it is obvious that the conditions contained in the said proviso are to be essentially complied with. Further any employer who contravenes the provisions of Section 33 invites a punishment under S.31 (1) with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to Rs.1000 or with both. This penal provision is again a pointer of the mandatory nature of the proviso to comply with the conditions stated therein. To put it in other way, the said conditions being mandatory, are to be satisfied if an order of discharge or dismissal passed under Section 33(2)(b) is to be operative, if an employer desires to take benefit of the said provision for passing an order of discharge or dismissal of an employee, he has also to take the burden of discharging the statutory obligation placed on him in the said proviso. Taking a contrary view that an order of discharge or dismissal passed by an employer in contravention of the mandatory conditions contained in the proviso does not render

such an order inoperative or void, defeats the very purpose of the proviso and it becomes meaningless. It is well settled rule of interpretation that no part of statute shall be construed as unnecessary or superfluous. The proviso compat he diluted or disobeyed by an employer. He can not disobey the mandatory provision and then say that die order of discharge or dismissal made in contravention of Section 33(2)(b) is not void or in-persone. He cannot be permitted to take advantage of his own wrong. the interpretation of statute must be such that it should advance the legislative intent and serve the purpose for which it is made rather than to frustrate it. The proviso to Section 33(2)(b) affords protection to a workman to safeguard his interest and it is a shield against victimization and unfair labour practice by the employer during the pendency of industrial dispute when the relationship between them are already strained. An employer cannot be permitted to use the provision of Section 33(2)(b) to ease out a workman without complying with the conditions contained in the said previso for any alleged misconduct said to be unconnected with the already pending industrial dispute. The protection afforded to a workman under the said provision cannot be taken away. If it is to be held that an order of discharge or dismissal passed by the employer without complying with the requirements of the said proviso is not void or inoperative, the employer may with impunity discharge or dismiss a workman.

18. The Apex Court dealt with the situation of the withdrawal of such approval application or not making an application in the following manner:

"The view that when no application is made or the one made is withdrawn, there is no order of refusal of such application on merit and as such the order of dismissal or discharge does not become void or inoperative unless such an order is set aside under Section 33A, cannot be accepted. In our view, not making an application under Section 33(2)(b) seeking approval or withdrawing an application once made before any order is made thereon, is a clear case of contravention of the proviso to Section 33(2)(b). An employer who does not make an application under Section 33(2)(b) or withdraws that one made, cannot be rewarded by relieving him of the statutory obligation created on him to make such an application. If it is so done, he will be happier or more comfortable than an employer who obeys the command of law and makes an application inviting scrutiny of the authority in the matter of granting approval of the action taken by him. Adherence to and obedience of law should be obvious and necessary in a system governed by rule of law. An employer by design can avoid to make an application after dismissing or

discharging an employee or tile it and withdraw before any order is passed on it, on its merits, to take a position that such order is not inoperative or till it is set aside under Section 33A notwithstanding the contravention of Section 33(2)(b) proviso, driving the employee to have recourse to one or more proceeding by making a complaint under Section 33A or to raise another industrial dispute or to make a complaint under Section 31 (1). Such an approach destroys the protection specifically and expressly given to an employee under the said proviso as against possible victimization, unfair labour practice or harassment because of pendency of industrial dispute so that an employee can be saved from hardship of unemployment.

19. It is evident that the order of dismissal of Smt. Sheela is void ab initio, since it was passed by the bank in contravention of the provisions of Section 33(2)(b) of the Act. Smt. Sheela is deemed to be in the service of the bank. However, it cannot be lost sight of that the appropriate Government has referred a dispute in that regard to this Tribunal for adjudication. In the process of adjudication of that dispute, the Tribunal had taken steps ahead, wherein the bank had pleaded that an enquiry was conducted and order impugned was passed on the basis of findings recorded therein. Since the order was in violation of the provisions of section 33(2)(b) of the Act, it cannot take effect. In such a situation it is a case of an enquiry which can be said to be defective. Where an enquiry held by an employer is found to be defective, the whole case remains open before the Tribunal and the management may avail an opportunity of adducing evidence before the Tribunal to justify its action. If such an opportunity is asked for, the Tribunal has no power to refuse in giving of such an opportunity to an employer to addited evidence to prove misconduct of the employee. It in the interest of the management as well as the employee to enable the Tribunal itself to be satisfied about the alleged misconduct, so that the management may not attempt to embark upon a second enquiry on the same facts. Therefore, in adjudication of the dispute referred to the Tribunal by the appropriate Government, a course would be open to the management to seek an opportunity to adduce evidence to prove misconduct of Smt. Sheela in the matter. In such a situation the findings recorded herein would be subject to outcome of assessment of the evidence, which would be adduced to prove her misconduct.

20. It is settled proposition that there is a distinction between the order which is void and an order which suffers from irregularities. The order which is void cannot relate back, while the order which suffers from some irregularities may relate back to the date of punishment. The Apex Court in Gujarat Steel Tubes Ltd. [1980 (40) F.L.R. 152] took note of such a situation, which proposition was reaffirmed in Engineering Lagha Udyog Employees Union [2004 (100) F.L.R. 843]. The law so laid is reproduced below:

"Kalyani was cited to support the view of relation back of the Award to the date of the employer's termination orders. We do not agree that the ratio of Kalyani corroborates the proposition propounded. furisprodentially, approval, is not creative but confirmatory and therefore relates back. A void dismissal is just void and does not exist. If the Tribural, for the first time, passes an order recording a finding of misconduct and thus breathes life into the dead shall of the Management's order, predating of the nativity does not arise. The reference to Sasa Musa in Kalyani enlightens this position. The latter ease of D.C.Roy v. The Presiding Officer, Madhya Pradesh Industrial Court, Indone and others (supra) specifically refers to Kalyani's case and Sasa Musa's case and bolds that where the Management discharges a workman by an order which is void for want of an enquiry or for blatant violation of rules of wateral justice, the relation-back doctrine cannot be invoked. The jurisprudental difference between a soid ardes, which by a subsequent judicial resuscitation comes had being de novo, and an order, which may suffer from some defects but is not still born or void and all that is needed in the law to make it good is a subsequent approval by a Tribunal which is granted, cannot be ablusessed."

"When is terms of the provise appended to clause (b) of Section 33 of the Act, an approval is sought for and is refused, the order of dismissal becomes void, if an approval is not obtained still, the order of punishment cannot be given effect to. It is, therefore, not correct to contend that the Tribunal in a reference under Section 10 of the Act, when passes an order recording a finding of misconduct, brings life into the dead. Unfortunately, the Court did not take notice of the binding decisions in Motiour Sugar Factory's case (supra) and Firestone's case (supra)".

21. In view of above discussion it is concluded that order dated 13-04-2007 is non-est since it violates provisions of Section 33(2)(b) of the Act. Smt. Sheela is deemed to be in the service of the management. However, these findings would be subject to out come of adjudication on the dispute referred to this Tribunal by the appropriate Government, in that regard. An award is, accordingly, passed. It be sent to the appropriate Government for publication.

Dated: 27-7-2010

Dr. R.K. YADAV, Presiding Officer नई दिल्ली, 23 अगस्त, 2010

का,आ, 2340.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनयम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धार 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार चेयरमेन, फेडरल बैंक लि. हो प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके

कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुवंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय

सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण, एरणाकुलम के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 41/2008) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 23-08-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[संख्या एल-12012/135/2008-आई आर (ची-1)]

रमेश सिंह, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 23rd August, 2010

S.O. 2340.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the laward (Ref. No. 41/2008) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Lai.our Court, Ernakulam as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of the chairman. Federal Bank Ltd. and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 23-08-2010.

[No.L-12012/135/2008-IR(B-IN)]
RAMESTI SINGEL Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

INTHECENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR-COURT, MINISTER AM

Present: Shri P.L. Norbert, B.A., LL, B., Presonne; College

(Wednesday the 9th day of August, 2010, 18 : Shravanam, 1932)

I.D. 41/2008

Workman : Shri

Shri B. Jayakumar,

Panamthitta, Outhupally P.O.,

Kayamkullam.

By Adv. Shri C. Anil Kumar.

Management:

The Chaiman,

Federal Bank Limited.

Federal Towers, Post Bag No. 103,

Aluva-683101

By Advs.M/s/B.S. Krishnan Associates.

This case coming up for hearing on 3-8-2010, this Tribunal-cum-Labour Court on 9-8-2010 passed the following.

AWARD

This is a reference made under Section 10 (1)(d) of Industrial Disputes Act. The reference is:

"Whether the action of the management of Federal Bank Limited in dismissing the services of Shri B. Jayakumar, Ex-typist Clerk w.e.f. 02-11-2006 is legal and justified?" If not, to what relief he is entitled?

2. The facts of the case in brief are as follows:—Shri. B. Jayakumar was a Typist/Clerk of Federal Bank in

Devikulangara Branch of Kollam District in 2002. A charge sheet was issued to him alleging fraud and misappropriation of money of customers. A domestic enquiry was conducted, he was found guilty and was dismissed from service. Though he filed an appeal he did not succeed. Hence the dispute.

- 3. According to the workman the explanation given by him to the charge sheet was not properly considered by the disciplinary authority and an enquiry was ordered. There was a criminal compiaint regarding the same incident. In the criminal case after the trial the workman was acquitted by Magistrate Court, Kayamkulam in 2005. However the management proceeded with the domestic enquiry and he was punished. The continuance of domestic enquiry after acquittal is irregular and hence the enquiry is invalid. The Enquiry Officer proceeded with a biased mind. The customers of the bank who were examined in the criminal case were not examined in the enquiry. The enquiry was conducted in violation of the principles of natural justice. The findings are not based on materials and are perverse. The management did not take into consideration the past unblemished service of the workman while imposing the punishment. Ever since the suspension in 2002 the workman is not employed anywhere. Hence he prays to set aside the enquiry and reinstate him in service.
- 4. The management in the written statement contends that the workman was acquitted in the criminal case on the benefit of doubt. The explanation to the charge sheet was not convincing and hence enquiry was ordered. The workman was represented by an Advocate in the enquiry. The management witnesses were cross examined. The defence was given opportunity to adduce defence evidence. However no witnesses were examined, but one document was produced and marked. The enquiry was conducted in strict compliance with the principles of natural justice. Most of the transactions considered and proved in the domestic enquiry were not subject matter of criminal complaint. The charges in both proceedings are distinct, different and independent of each other. There is no illegality in proceeding with the domestic enquiry. The findings are based on evidence. The punishment is proportionate to the gravity of charges. The workman is not entitled for any relief.
- 5. In the light of the above contentions the following points arise for consideration.
 - 1. Is the enquiry valig?
 - 2. Are the findings sustainable?
 - 3. Is the punishment proper?

The evidence consists of Exts.Ml and Ml(a) alone.

6. Point No.1:- Though in the claim statement it is contended that the enquiry was conducted in violation of the principles of natural justice and opportunity to defend was denied, it was not seriously pursued at the time of adjudication. The enquiry files consist of proceedings of

enquiry, oral and documentary evidence, enquiry report and miscellaneous records. The enquiry files were marked on consent as Exts.MI and MI(a). The workman was defended by an Advocate. Four witnesses were examined, on management side and they were cross examined. The workman has no case that he was not furnished with copies of documents relied on by the management in the enquiry. He was given opportunity to adduce defence evidence. But nobody was examined on defence side. One document was produced and it was marked as Ext.DE1. Both sides were heard before findings were recorded. The workman was given copy of the report and comments were invited by the Disciplinary Authority before confirming the findings. The workman was given opportunity of hearing by the Disciplinary Authority before imposing the punishment. Thus the records reveal that the enquiry was conducted in full compliance with the principles of natural justice. Therefore there is no basis for the allegation regarding irregularity in the procedure or violation of principles of natural justice.

7. Point No.2:- Since the validity of enquiry is beyond challenge the scope for attacking the findings of Enquiry Officer is limited. Unless the workman is able to show that there is absolutely no material on record to enter a finding of guilt, he cannot succeed in challenging the findings. So far as the present case is concerned, there is overwhelming evidence to prove the guilt of the workman. Four witnesses were examined and 202 documents were starked on management side. Most of the documents are statements of account holders given to the Investigating Officer of the bank, pass books, statements of accounts, remittance slips etc. Out of 45 aggrieved customers of the bank 44 customers had lodged written complaints with the bank. The documents unambiguously prove the misconduct of fraud and misappropriation of money of several customers. There are innumerable instances of fraud and misappropriation and the amount involved in the misappropriation comes to Rs. 5,26,550. Out of this the brother-in-law of the workman and the workman together remitted nearly half of the amount and the balance to be made good is Rs. 2,37,750. The modus operandi of the workman was that he used to receive money from customers for remittance in their accounts, record the remittance in the pass books, but would not actually remit. Sometimes lesser amounts are shown in bank's records and in some other cases remittances are made subsequently. This mischief went on for quite sometime. In 2002 some of the customers came to understand that the amounts remitted by them were not credited in their accounts by the workman. They complained to the Manager and an investigation was ordered. A senior officer of the bank conducted the investigation, statements of customers were recorded and pass books, remittance slips etc. were collected. A schedule of remittances, corresponding entry in ledger, exhibits in support of alleged transactions etc. is prepared for easy reference.

| | Name of Account Holder | Amount Remitted | Date of Remittance | Date of Remittance as per ledger | Documents in support of charges | Documents in support of defence | Findings of Enquiry Officer |
|-----|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
| !. | Smt. Lekshmikuttyamma | 3,000 | 04-05-2001 | 12-4-2002 | | DE-I | Mis appropriete |
| | | 2,000 | Nil | " } | ME-38, 39, 40, | | |
| | | 1,000 | Nil | " J | 41 & 42 | | ** |
| 2. | Sri. Sadasivan | 14,150 | 22-4-2002 | 29-5-2002 | | 44 | |
| | | 10,000 | Withdrawal 22-04-2002 | `` | ME-2, 3, 4, 5 | ** | |
| | | 2.000 | Withdrawal 22-03-2002 | " J | & 35 | | ** |
| | | 15,000 | 28-03-2002 | 12-4-2002 | | 6 2 | ** |
| 3. | Sint. Jayasree S. | 5,000 | 30-4-2001 | 21-6-2001 | | •• | |
| | · | 5,000 | 31-5-2001 | 22-6-2001 | ME-6, 7, 8, 9, | ** | |
| | | 1,500 | 27-03-2002 | 30-5-2002 | 10, 43, 44, 45 & 46 | | ar . |
| 4. | Sri. Bhaskaran K. | 14,000 | 18-4-2002 | 20-5-2002 | ME-36, 47, 48 & 49. | , | v |
| 5. | Sri. M. Radhakrishnan. | 10,600 | Nil | 05-06-2002 | ME-37, 50, | st. | |
| | | 30,000 | 16-05-2002 | 05-06-2002 | 51 & 52. | ** | |
| 4) | Sri, Bhaskaran Nair N. | 10.000 | 17-05-2002 | 05-06-2002 | ME-53, 54, 55 & 56. | | |
| 7. | Smt. Prabhayathi Bhanu | 5,000 | 11-93-2002 | 05-06-2002 | ME-57, 58, 59 & 60. | | ** |
| 8. | Smt. T. Prasanna | 1,000 | 31-12-2001 | 05-06-2002 | ME-61, 62 & 63. | | |
| 9. | Smt. Sobha Anilkumar | 1.000 | 27-03-2002 | 05-06-2002 | ME-64, 65, 67 & 68. | | ** |
| 10. | Akru (Minor) | 200 | 27-03-2002 | 05-06-2002 | ME-66, 69 & 70. | | " |
| i1. | Sri. N. Damodhara Kurup | 6,000 | 08-04-2002 | 05-06-2002 | ME-71, 72, 73 & 74. | 16 | • • |
| 12. | Sri. C. J. Jacob | 11,000 | 08-05-2002 | 21-05-2002 | ME-75, 76 & 77. | | |
| 13. | Smt. Prasanna R. Nair | 5,000 | 02-04-2002 | 19-06-2002 | ME-78, 79, 80 & 81 | •• | 44 |
| 14. | Sri, Sasankan B. | 25,000 2,500 | 27.04.2002 Nil | Not remitted | [*] ΛΕ-82, 83 & 84. | | ** |
| 15. | Str. Malik M.A. | 6,000 | 20-4-2002 | Not remitted 2 | ΛΕ- 85, 86, | •• | •• |
| | | 5,000 (withdrawt | 22-05-2002 1) 14-05-2002 | Not Withdrawn 25-05-2002 |) 7 & 88. | ** | *** |
| 16 | Sri. Vidadharan G. | 20,000 2,000 | 18-03-2002 | Not remitted | ME-89, 90 & 92. | | *1 |
| 17. | Smt. Mony Vidyadharan | 3,000 | 18-03-2002 | Not remitted | ME-91 & 93. | | ** |
| | Sri, Remesan K. | 20,000 | 21-12-2001 | 06-06-2002 | ME-94, 95, 96 97 & 98. | | ** |
| 19. | Sri, Raveendran N. | 8,500 | 01-11-2001 | 17-6-2002 | ME-99, 100, 101 & 102. | | ** |
| 20. | Ms. Suvarnakumari J. | 5,000 | 08-4-2002 | Not Remitted | | | |

| ्भा | 111-ane 2(11)] | | त का राजपत्र : सि | तम्बर 18, 2010/ न | 15, 27, 1932 | | | 0307 |
|-----|-----------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|--|----------------------------|-----|----------|------|
| (+) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | |
| 2:. | Smt. B.Vasantha | 7,500 | 23-04-2002 | Not Remitted | ME-107, 108 & 109. | " | | |
|)) | Sri. P. Podiyan | 4,000 3,800 | 08-04-2002 12-04-2002 | 24-04-2002 Not remitted | ME-110, 111, 112 & 113. | " | cc cc | |
| 75. | Sri. S.Mahendran | 41,000 | 20-05-2002 | Not remitted | ME-114, 115. 116 & 117. | - | ٤. | |
| 24. | Sri. C.l. Joseph | 5,000 | 11-09-2001 | Not remitted | ME-118, 119 & 120. | " | 66 | |
| 25 | Smt. Suseela Gopalan | 10,000 | 02-05-2002 | Not remitted | ME-121, 122 & 123. | " | i. | |
| 26. | Smt.Mariamma | 15,000 | 23-03-2002 | Not remitted | ME-124 125 & 126. | u | " | |
| 27. | Sri. P.K. Jayakumar. | 5,000 | 09-11-2001 | 18-06-2002 | ME-127, 128, 129 & 130 | " | 44 | |
| 28. | Sri. K.R. Santhosh. | 5,000 | 22-03-2002 | 06-04-2002 | ME-131, 132, 133 & 134. | u | ·· | |
| 39 | S.i. N.,Sasi. | 6,000 | 20-05-2002 | Not remitted | ME-135, 136 & 137 | " | ** | |
| 30. | Sri. S. Balaraman Pillai | 8,000 | 10-04-2002 | Not remitted | ME-138, 139 & 140, | 44 | ** | |
| 31. | Ms. Anija Prakash. | 15,000 | 21-03-2002 | 04-05-2002 | ME-141, 142, | 44 | 46 | |
| | , | 7,000 | 30-03-2002 | Not remitted | 143 & 144. | 44 | | |
| | | 6,000 | Nil | Not remitted | > | " | " | |
| | | 2,000 | Nil | Not | | 44 | ** | |
| | | (withdrav | vn) | Withdrawn J | | | | |
| 32. | Sri. Ravikishore B | 2,750 | 06-04-2002 | Not remitted | ME-145, 146 & 147 | | 44 | |
| 33. | Sri. Pankajakshan Pillai | 38,000 | 11-05-2002 | Not remitted. | ME-148, 149 & 150. | 44 | " | |
| 34. | Sri. K Ajitkumar | 25,000 | 22-04-2002 | 19-06-2002 | ME-151,152 | er. | ** | |
| , | , | 10,000 | 19-05-2001 | 25-06-2002 | 153, 154 | " | 41 | |
| | | 20,000 | 14-05-2001 | 23-05-2001 | 155 & 156 | 44 | 46 | |
| | | 10,000 | 21-05-2001 | 23-07-2001 | | 46 | " | |
| 35. | Ms. Jane Varkey | 5,000 | 06-05-2002 | 20-05-2002 | ME-157, | | " | |
| | | 1,000 | 20-05-2002 | Not remitted | | | " | |
| 36. | Sri. K.G. Sukumara Kurup | 8,500 | 04-03-2002 | Not remitted | ME-160, 161 & 162 | 46 | 66 | |
| 37. | Ms. Sheeja U. | 3,000 | 13-09-2001 | 13-09-2001 (Rs.1600 alone remitted | ME-163, 164 & 165.) | ٠. | 46 | |
| 38. | Smt.Sari Chandran | 500 | 27-04-2002 | Not remitted | ME-166, 167 & 168 | 4.6 | | |
| 39. | Sri. Vamadevan | 10,000 | 27-03-2002 | 06-04-2002 | ME-169, 170, 171 & 172 | ** | " | |
| 40. | Sri. V. Rajan | 2,000 | Nil | Not remitted | ME-173, 174 & 175 | ιι | 46 | |
| 41. | Sri. Nainan David | 6,000 | 08-03-2002 | Not remitted | ME-176, 177 & 178 | ٤٢ | 46 | |
| 42 | Smt. K. Karthiyayini | 2,300 | 22-02-2002 | Not remitted | ME-179, 180 & 181 | ££ | u | |

| (1) (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
|------------------------|--------|------------|--------------|----------------------|-----|-----|
| 43. Smt. Radha Jayadas | 2,000 | 06-03-2002 | Not remitted | ME-182, 183 & 184 | | |
| 44. Smt. J. Radhamma | 1,500 | 19-03-2002 | Not remitted | ME-185, 186 & 187 | • • | ** |
| 45. Ms. Shailaja Senan | 26,000 | 25-05-2002 | Not remitted | ME-188, 189 & 190 | ** | vi |

- 8. The aforementioned documentary evidence as well as the testimony of MWs.1 to 4 leave no room for doubt that the workman had committed fraud and misappropriation of money of customers. MW1 was Manager (Admn.) of Devikulangara Branch from May 2002 to May 2005. MW2 was the Principal Officer of Devikulangara Branch from May 1999 to April 2003. MW3 was in Vigilance Department as Sr. Manager from May 1999 to May 2004. He conducted the investigation. MW4 is the Branch Manager, Devikulangara Branch since May 2004. It is needless to mention that as against the above mentioned clinching evidence (schedule) in support of the charges there is no contra evidence except Ext. DE1 judgment in CC 739/2002.
- 9. A complaint was lodged by the management with the police. After investigation a charge sheet was laid before Judicial Magistrate of the First class, Kayamkulam and was taken on file as CC 739/2002. After the trial as per judgment dated 21-12-2005 he was acquitted of all the offences. Ext.DE1 is copy of the judgment. According to the learned counsel for the worker, after the acquittal it was not proper or legal for the management to have proceeded with the domestic enquiry. It is to be noted that unless the evidence and issues in both proceedings are identical the finding in the criminal case cannot affect the domestic enquiry. The position is clarified in TNCS Corporation Ltd. V. K. Meerabhai, (2006) 2 SCC 255. There are a series of acts in respect of different transactions in different dates. Some of the transactions are subject matter of criminal complaint, but not all. Whereas in the domestic enquiry all transactions are enquired into. Out of 29 witnesses examined in the criminal case PWI and 3 alone are common witnesses both in criminal case and domestic enquiry. Most of the other witnesses in the criminal case are customers whose accounts were meddled with by the workman. Four documents were marked in the criminal case as Exts.Pl to P4. Out of them only Ext.P3 series relate to alleged transactions. In the domestic enquiry 202 documents were marked as Exts.MEl to 202. Thus it is clear that though the offences in all the transactions are of the same kind criminal complaint pertains only to some of the offences and certain transactions. However in the domestic enquiry all the transactions and incidents were enquired into. Thus the facts, evidence and offences or misconduct involved are not common. Hence the acquittal in the criminal case cannot be a bar in proceeding with the domestic enquiry.
- 10. There is ample evidence on record to prove the misconduct alleged against the workman. The findings of Enquiry Officer suffer from no lapses or lacuna.

11. Point No. 3:—The punishment imposed is dismissal without notice. It is contended by the workman that the Disciplinary Authority had not taken into consideration the past unblemished service of the workman while imposing the punishment. He is unemployed ever since the suspension and he is in penury. It is to be noted that the instances of misconduct are numerous and the charges are grave. The case of 45 account holders are brought to light in the enquiry. The amount misappropriated comes to the tune of Rs.5,26,550. Some amounts were remitted by the workman and his brother-inlaw to make good the loss. The remaining amount to be remitted comes to Rs. 2,37, 750. The worker who had joined service in 1980 had gained experience in the banking business and misused his knowledge to commit fraud in respect of so many transactions of so many customers. The faith of the people and the fame of the institution are affected by the conduct of the workman. Honesty and integrity must be the integral part of the life of a bank employee. A bank's asset is its employees' honesty and good behaviour. The customers feel free to deal with a bank having the above qualities. The faith and trust reposed by the customers are breached when dishonesty and deceipt are deployed in dealing with their money. The management cannot tolerate employees with no integrity. The fact that the workman has no alternate employment cannot be a mitigating circumstance in a case of this nature where grave allegations of a series of fraud and misappropriations are involved. The punishment is commensurate with the gravity of the offence and I find no reason to interfere with the punishment.

In the result an award is passed finding that the action of the management in dismissing the workman from service is legal and justified and he is not entitled for any relief.

12. The award will come into force one month after its publication in the Official Gazette.

Dictated to the Personal Assistant, transcribed and typed by her, corrected and passed by me on this the 9th day of August, 2010.

P.L. NORBERT, Presiding Officer Appendix

Witness for the Workman - Nil.
Witness for the Management - Nil.
Exhibit for the Workman - Nil.
Exhibits for the management

M1 - Enquiry File.

M1(a) - " "

नई दिल्ली, 23 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2341.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार पंजाब नेशनल बैंक के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय-1, चंडीगढ़ के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 319/2001) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 23-8-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-12011/158/2001-आई आर (बी-II)]

पुष्पेन्दर कुमार, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 23rd August, 2010

S.O. 2341.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 319/2001) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court-I, Chandigarh now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of Punjab National Bank and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 23-08-2010.

[No. L-12011/158/2001-IR(B-II)]

PUSHPENDER KUMAR, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE SHRI GYANENDARA KUMAR SHARMA, PRESIDING OFFICER, CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT-I, CHANDIGARH

Case No. I. D. No. 319/2001

The President, Punjab National Bank Workers Union (NZ) EG 810-A, Mohalla Gobindgarh, Jalandhar-124001

...Applicant

Versus

The Senior Regional Manager, Punjab National Bank, Regional Office, Rohtak-124001

...Respondent

APPEARANCES

For the Workman

None

For the Management

None

of the Management . The

AWARD

Passed on: 02-08-2010

Central Government vide notification no. L-12011/158/2001-IR(B-II) dated 28-11-2001, has referred the following dispute to this Tribunal for adjudication:—

"Whether the action of the management of Punjab National Bank in removing Shri Daya Nand Yadav from service and imposing the penality of recovery of Rs. 53,570 is just and legal? If not, so, what relief the workman is entitled to?"

2. The case is taken up for hearing today, No one is present for the parties. It is the oldest industrial dispute and the reference pending adjudication before this Tribunal. since 2001 and already nine years old. On last two dates workman does not ensure his presence. It appears that the workman is not interested inperusing the matter. I have no option otherwise than to return the reference to the Central Government without adjudication for non-prosecution because of absence of the workman. Central Government be informed. File be consigned.

02-08-2010

G.K. SHARMA, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 23 अगस्त, 2010

का, आ. 2342.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार बैंक ऑफ बडौदा, के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय-1, नई दिल्ली के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 11/2006) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 23-08-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-12011/201/99-आई आर (बी-11)]

पुष्पेन्दर कुमार, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 23rd August, 2010

S.O. 2342.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 11/2006) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court-1, New Delhi now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of Bank of Baroda, and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 23-08-2010.

[No. L-1201!/201/99-IR(B-II)]

PUSHPENDER KUMAR, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE DR. R.K. YADAV, PRESIDING OFFICER, CENTRAL GOVERMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL No. 1, KARKARDOOMA COURTS COMPLEX, DELHI

ID No. 11/2006

The General Secretary,
Bank of Baroda Employees Union,
4824/24, Ansari Road,
Daryaganj,
New Delhi-110002Workman

Versus

The General Manager, Bank of Baroda. 16. Sansad Marg. New Delhi-110001

... Management

AWARD

Ex-servicemen are reemployed by Bank of Baroda (hereinafter referred to as the Bank) as armed guards. Salary received by those ex-servicemen, at the time of their discharge from armed forces, is to be protected while fixing their salary by the bank at the time of re-employment. Their basic pay, dearness allowance, good service/conduct pay, drawn at the time of their discharge from armed forces are to be taken into account while protecting their salary, for the purposes of fixation of their pay by the bank. They are to receive special allowance of Rs. 101 PM, while working as armed guards with the bank.

- 2. Bank of Baroda Employees Union (hereinafter referred to as the Union) is registered under the Trade Union Act, 1926. The Union represents majority of employees, working in various branches/offices of the bank, in Union Territory of Delhi. The members of the Union are clerks, cashiers, peons, armed guards. watchmen and sweepers etc. About 80 armed guards/watchmen are members of the union.
- 3. Circular dated 7th of November, 86 was issued by the bank, explaining formula to be followed for determination of basic pay of ex-servicemen armed guards. In pursuance of the said circular, pay received by them, at the time of their discharge from armed forces, was protected and their basic pay and dearness allowance was fixed by the bank in such a manner as to protect basic pay, dearness allowance, good service pay and class pay received by them, from the armed forces. Special allowance was paid to them, after protection of their pay as referred above. It was not considered as part of their basic pay, for the purposes of protection of their pay received by them at the time of discharge from armed forces. In January, 1993 instructions were received by the bank from Ministry of Finance, Banking Division, Government of India, New Delhi, to the effect that special allowance forms part of the basic pay and it should be considered while re-fixing pay of armed guards. In compliance of the said circular pay of the armed guards re-employed by the bank, were re-fixed. On refixation of their pay. Armed gaurds received lesser emoluments than those which were received by them in pursuance of circular dated 7th of November, 86.
- 4. Protest was raised by the armed guards, in respect of their fitment of pay by the Bank in pursuance of circular issued in January, 1993. They demanded withdrawal of the

said circular. The Union took up the issue with the bank. When needful was not done, the Union raised a dispute before the Conciliation Officer. Since conciliation proceedings failed, failure report was submitted to the appropriate Government by the Conciliation Officer. Vide order dated 25.5.2000, the appropriate Government declined to refer dispute for adjudication.

- 5. A writ petition was filed before High Court of Delhi, assailing order of refusal by the appropriate Government, to make a reference for adjudication. The writ petition was dismissed by the Writ Court Later Patent Appeal No.439/2003 was filed, which came to be disposed of by the Division Bench of the High Court on 19-12-05. In pursuance of missives given by the High Court, the appropriate Government referred the dispute to this Tribunal for adjudication, vide order No. L-12011/2017 99-IR(B-II). New Delhi dated 19th of April, 2006, with following terms:
 - "Whether the instructions/guidelines/clarifications issued by the management of Bank of Baroda in the matter of fixation of pay of Ex-servicemen re-emcloyed as armed guards in Public Sector. Banks is justified and legally valid? Whether the allegations of Bank of Baroda Employees Union that the service conditions of armed guards were altered to their dis-advardage by the management is correct. If so, what relief is the disputants/union concerned is entitled to 9"
- 6. Claim statement was filed by the union pleading therein that members of the Union composed of the award staff, viz clerks, cashiers, peons, armed guards. Watchmen. sweepers and other categories. They are workmen as defined by the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (in short the Act). Service conditions of Bank employees are governed by various awards as well as industry level bipartite settlements entered into between the parties. Clause 5.6 of Ist Bipartite Settlement provides that special allowance is to be paid to certain categories of workmen, to compensate them for performance or discharge of certain additional duties and functions requiring greater skill or responsibilities, over and above routine duties and functions of a workman in the same cadre. A workman is entitled to special allowance so long he is in-charge of such work or performed such duties which attract such allowance. Special allowance by no stretch of inagination, can be considered as basic pay or in the nature of basic pay, since it is payable for performance or discharge of certain additional duties and functions requiring greater skill and responsibilities over and above routine duties of the cadre. Recipient of special allowance may exercise his option to forego special assigned job and special affewance, without any variation of his basic pay. Various armed guards, watchmen and stenographers, employed by the bank, fall in the cadre of award staff.
- 7. Fitment formula for ex-servicemen, reemployed as armed guard by the bank, was circulated on 4-8-84 and 7th of November, 86. In circular dated 7-11-86 it was provided

that pay fixation on re-employment of ex-servicemen would be done by protrecting their basic pay plus dearness allowance drawn by them at the time of their release from armed forces. Basic pay plus dearness allowance, with reference to the protection was to be determined, after deducting dearness allowance admissible to bank employees and relevant stage of basic pay was to be ascertained after deducting dearness allowance admissible, from the figure protected. Circular referred above was given effect from 1st of July, 83 and as such armed guards employed on 1st of July, 83, or thereafter become entitled to benefits flowing from that circular. Special allowance, paid to the armed guards, was not taken into account for arriving at final fitment, for protecting pay last drawn by ex-servicemen, at the time of their discharge from armed forces.

- 8. On 7th of January, 1993 the bank issued a circular, detailing therein that the fitment formula special allowance would be taken into consideration, while protecting last pay drawn by ex-servicemen armed guards. The bank revised fitment formula, which resulted in reducing existing salary of a large number of ex-servicemen, armed guard ranging from Rs. 400 to Rs. 1000 PM. The circular so issued by the bank, is arbitrary, illegal and bad in law. It had discriminatory effect and violates provisions of Article 14 and 16 of the Constitution.
- 9. Circular dated 7-1-1993 affects change in service conditions of armed guards, to their detriment. No notice, as provided by Section 9-A of the Act was served upon those armed guards, who were affected by such change of service conditions. The said circular is liable to be discarded on that count too. The circular was given retrospective effect, without any reasons in that regard. Service conditions of the armed guards cannot be altered from a retrospective date. Though it was mentioned by the bank in the circular that it was based on directions of the Government of India, yet those directions were not brought to the notice of the Union. It has been claimed that guidelines/instructions issued by the Bank, vide circular dated 7-1-1993, may be declared unjustified, illegal and invalid and salary of the armed guards may be restored to the stage at which they were drawing prior to the issuance of the circular under reference.
- 10. The Bank demurred the claim pleading that the appropriate Government reviewed its order dated 25-5-2000, without any fresh additional matter for consideration. The reference of the dispute is bad, since no material was available with the appropriate Government for consideration, after it declined to refer the dispute vide order dated 25-5-2000. Since the dispute was bad, this Tribunal has no jurisdiction to entertain it. There was a memorandum of understanding, entered into between the bank and the Union during the conciliation proceedings, hence appropriate Government was not competent to make reference of the dispute, during currency of the period of the said memorandum of understanding. A claim has been

made that the bank is a State under Article 12 of the Constitution and bound to follow policy decisions and guidelines issued by the Government of India. In circular dated 7-1-93 it was provided that a special allowance paid to armed guards could be treated in the nature of basic pay. Pay fixation of the armed guards who joined service of the bank on or after 13-3-92 was to be fixed again by reopening their cases and recovery of excess payment, if any, made to them was to be waived, since fixation of pay of exservicemen armed guards was done matter policy decisions and guidelines of the Government of India, which were statutory in nature, hence provisions of Section 9-A of the Act are not applicable to it. However the stage of conciliation proceedings it was agreed that old wage structure would be restored and thereafter the bank would comply with the provisions of Section 9-A of the Act. On 28th of May, 1996, the Union requested the bank to defer the matter relating to issuance of notice dated 12/13-4-96 under Section 9-A of the Act, which request was conceded to. A meeting was held on 20-6-1996 wherein it was requested that issuance of notice may be postponed for a period of 30 days, which request was also conceded to. Thereafter the Union started re-agitating the matter with a view to wriggle out of the agreement dated 4th of April, 1996, wherein it was agreed that the Bank may serve notice under Section 9-A of the Act in the matter. The Bank issued notice under Section 9-A of the Act to the concerned armed guards.

- 11. The Bank pleads that special allowance is pay which attracts dearness allowance, house rent allowance and also reckoned for payment of all terminal benefits viz. provident fund, pension and leave encashment etc. It has been denied that recipient of special allowance has a right or option to forego it. Circular dated 7-1-1993 has no retrospective effect. Re-fixation of pay was done in July, 1996, after giving opportunities to the concerned armed guards under Section 9-A of the Act. Bank simply implemented directives and guidelines of the Government of India. Salary of an employee is always subject to change and modification in terms of awards, settlements and Government guidelines. Claim put forward by the Union is devoid of merits and liable to be dismissed.
- 12. Shri Chand Singh Dahia (WWI) and Shri Ram Kishan (WW2) tendered their affidavits, Ex.WWI/A and Ex.WW2/A respectively, as evidence in the matter. They were cross examined at length on behalf of the management. Shri K. C. Hans tendered his affidavit Ex.MW1/A as evidence on behalf of the management. He was cross examined at length on behalf of the Union. No other witness was examined by either or the parties.
- 13. Arguments were heard at the bar. Shri C. S. Dahia, authorised representative, advanced arguments on behalf of the Union. Shri K. C. Hans, Senior Manager (HR), raised his submissions on behalf of the Bank. Written submissions were filed by the parties. I have given my

careful considerations to the arguments advanced at the bar and cautiously perused the record. My findings on issues involved in the controversy are as follows:

14. Shri C. S. Dahia swears in his affidavit that service conditions of the bank employees are governed by various awards as well as industrial level bipartite settlements, entered into between the unions and Indian Bankers Associations. Shri Hans affirms that assertion and unfolds that terms and conditions of service of workman category. employed in the bank, are subject to terms of awards popularly known as Sastry Award and Desai Award, industry level bipartite settlements and bank level bipartite settlements, besides policy decisions, guide'ines and directives issued by the Government to the bank from time to time. There are rules in force in the bank relation to regular recruitment, promotions and wage/salary fixation of award staffs. Payment of special afforwance is also subject to the said awards and settlements, beside Government directives and policy decisions. Such allowance are payable to the specified category of workmen, performing duties in addition to routise duties, for which they are employed.

15 Provisions of Section 9-A of the Act were brought on the Statute Book with an object to prevent a unilateral action on the part of the amployer, changing conditions of service to the prejudice of the workmen. Purpose for enacting this provision is to afford an opportunity to the workmen to consider the effect of proposed change and, if necessary, to present their point of view on the proposal and such consultation would further serve to stipulate a feeling of common joint interest of the management and workmen in industrial progress and increase productivity. Provisions of Section 9-A provide for procedure for alteration of conditions of service with respect to matters specified in Fourth Schedule to the Act, when there is no industrial dispute or conciliation proceedings pending. There is no provision in the Act, which may prohibit the management from altering conditions of service after following the procedure prescribed thereunder. What express provisions are to be complied with by the management, to know that it would be expedient to have a glance on provisions of Section 9-/A of the Act, which are extracted thus . -

"9A Notice of change.— No employer, who proposes to effect any change in the conditions of service applicable to any workmen in respect of any matter specified in the Fourth Schedule, shall effect such change.—

- (a) without giving to the workmen likely to be affected by such change a notice in the prescribed manner of the nature of the change proposed to be effected; or
- (b) within overty-one days of giving such notice:

Provided that no notice shall be required for effecting are seek change—

- (a) where the change is effected in pursuance of any settlement or award; or
- (b) where the workmen likely to be affected by the change are persons to whom the Fundamental and Supplementary Rules, Civil Services (Classiffication, Control and Appeal) Rules, Civil Services (Temporary Service) Rules, Revised Leave Rules, Civil Service Regulations, Civilians in Defence Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules or the Indian Railway Establishment Code or any other rules or regulations that may be notified in this behalf by the appropriate Government in the Official Gazette, apply".
- 16. An employer is enjoined to give a notice to workmen, in the prescribed manner, when he proposes to effect change in conditions of service applicable to the workmen, in respect of any matter specified in Schedule Four appended to the Act, before effecting such change Rule 34 of the Industrial Disputes (Central) Rules, 1957 (m. short the Rules) prescribes that notice as provided in home 'E', shall be given to the workmen. Procedure is given therein to give such a notice. The employer is enjoyed to be to effect proposed change within 21 days of the lock in Provisions of Section 9-A of the Act we do apply a conemployer proposes to effect changes in conductive of service and not to a case where certain conditions of service become applicable to the employees by operation of his-In other words, the change contemplated by this section in one which employer has volition to make or not to make Where an employer is compelled to give effect to any statutory rule or order which brings about change in terms of employment such change would not fall within the auchit of this section. Reference can be made to the precedent in Hemant Kumar Gupta (1982 Lab. I.C. 1435).
- 17. Provisio to Section 9-A dispenses with the requirement of notice made following cases (a) where the change is effected pursuant to any settlement or award or (b) where the workman likely to be affected by the change are the persons to whom the following statutory rules apply. (i) Fundamental and Supplementary Rules, (ii) Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules. (iii) Civil Services (Temporary Services) Rules. (iv) Revised Leave Rules, (v) Civil Service Regulations, (vi) Civilian in Defence Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules. (vn) Indian Railway Establishment Code or (viii) any other rules or regulations that may be notified in this behalf by the appropriate Government in the Official Gazette.
- 18. As noted above, a notice is dispensed with only in the case of such persons, who are governed by the rules which are specified hereinabove or "any other rules or regulations" that may be notified in this behalf by the appropriate Government in the Official Gazette. The proviso cannot be construed to mean that if an employee is

governed by the rules other than those mentioned therein, the employer in such a case must give a notice of change before he complies with the statutory rules or orders which has not been made or issued by him. It may, however, be a different matter if the employer himself is the statutory authority to make rules or issue orders relating to conditions of service. In such a situation, it would be expedient on an employer to comply with the provisions of Section 9-A, unless case is brought within the exceptions contained in the proviso.

19. Whether proviso appended to Section 9-A of the Act was attracted in the controversy? Shri Hans swears that conditions of service of workmen category are subject to terms of awards and settlements popularly known as Sastry Award, Desai Award, industry level bipartite settlement and bank level bipartite settlements, besides policy decisions, guidelines and directives issued by the Government from time to time. Therefore, out of facts unfolded by Shri Hans, it is evident that conditions of service of award staff of the Bank is to be decided on the strength of "collective bargaining". The Union may raise a demand before the Bank and the parties may negotiate and arrive at a settlement relating to conditions of service of the award staff. It is clear that conditions of service relating to award staff of the Bank are to be settled by way of an agreement between the Bank or Banker's association on one hand and the Union on the other. It is so done with a view to protect award staff as a class against unfair labour practice. Therefore, it is evident that for settlement of conditions of service of an award staff of the bank, the process of "collective bargaining" is adopted. When a settlement is arrived at, by a process of "collective bargaining", it decides service conditions of award staff of the bank. Consequently it is evident that no case has been projected that circular dated 7th of January, 1993, was issued in pursuance of any settlement or award relating to service conditions of award staff of the Bank. To bring the case within the extent provided in clause (a) of the proviso to Section 9-A, the Bank ought to have produced evidence to this effect that the circular under reference was issued in pursuance of any settlement or award arrived at between the parties, touching their service conditions. Consequently it is not a case which is exempted by clause (a) of proviso appended to Section 9-A of the Act.

20. No case has been projected by Shri Hans to the effect that rules enlisted in clause (b) of proviso appended to Section 9-A were governing service conditions of the armed guards employed by the bank, Though he asserts in his affidavit that there are well defined rules for regulating recruitment, promotions and wage/salary fixation of the award staff in the bank, yet, he admits during the course of his cross examination that award staff is governed by bipartite settlements in the matter of their service conditions. Hence, Shri Hans negates the proposition that service conditions of award staff of the Bank are governed by any

other rules or regularisations, which were maified in that behalf by the appropriate Government in official garette. No case was projected on behalf of the bank to store that it was under an obligation to comply with rules or egulations, notified by the appropriate Government in official gazette, relating to service conditions of the awant staff. No case for exemption provided in plause (b) of proviso to Section 9-A of the Act enterge out of facts unfolded by the parties. Policy decisions, guidelines and directives issued from time to time by the Government of India should have been notified in the official gerette. touching conditions of service of the award wall, to reach the status of exemption provided by clause (b) of proviso appended to Section 9-A of the Act. Any policy decision guideline and directives issued by Government of India to the bank relating to service conditions of the award staff will not exempt the bank from the provisions of Section 9-A of the Act, in case it is not notified in the official gazette, in that regard. Circular under reference was not notified by the Government of India in official gazette, to answer the legislative intent provided by clause (b) of the proviso to the aforesaid section. No case has been projected on behalf of the bank that the appropriate Government has exempted it from application of the provisions of Section 9-A, by way of issuance of a notification, as provided by Section 9-B of the Act. Therefore, it is evident that the Bank cannot bye pass the provisions of Section 9-A of the Act, in case it proposes to affect any change in conditions of service applicable to its award staff.

21. Shri Hans swears in his affidavit Ex.MWI/A that the Union filed an application before the Conciliation Officer raising an industrial dispute, alleging that conditions of service of armed guards were changed by the bank, without issuing of notice under Section 9-A of the Act. Reply to the said application was submitted, which reply was annexed with the written statement as annexure 'C'. On advice of Conciliation Officer, the bank and the Union arrived at a memorandum of understanding on issue of notice under Section 9-A, which memorandum of understanding was annexed as annexure "D" to the written statement. In pursuance to the said memorandum of understanding bank issued notice under Section 9-A of the Act to the concerned employees. During the course of his cross examination he projects that those notices are Ex. WW1/M1 to Ex. WW 1/M4. Notices were sent to armed guards in 1996 and their salaries were reduced w.e.f. January, 1993. However, he hastens to add that no recovery was made in respect of the salary, which was already paid to them.

22. Shri Chand Kishan Dahia concedes during the course of his cross exmination that during pendency of the dispute before the Conciliaton Officer and understanding was arrived at between the management and the union, copy of which understanding is Ex. WW1/M1. It was agreed between the parties that the bank shall restor salary of the

armed guards to original position and thereafter notice under section 9-A of the Act would be served on concerned workmen. Notice issued to the workmen are Ex. WW 1/M2 to Ex. WW1/M4. He claims that these notices are not under Section 9-A of the Act. Shri Ram Kishan is silent on issues relating to service of a notice under section 9-A of the Act on him.

23. When facts testified by rival parties are appreciated, it came to light that memorandum of understanding was arrived at between the parties on 4-4-1996, during the course of conciliation proceedings. When Ex. WW1/MI was perused, It came to light that the Conciliation Officer recorded facts to the effect that main issue raised before him by the union was that while effecting change in wage structure of armed guards by way of refixation on lower side, notice under section 9-A of the Act ought to have been given. He takes note of item 1 of Fourth Schedule appended to the Act and asserts that for effecting change in conditions of service in wages, indicating the period and mode of payment, a notice is required to be given under section 9-A of the Act. On his suggestion management agreed to comply with the proivisions of section 9-A of the Act and restore old wage structure and to effect change, only after issuance of a statutory notice. Thefore, it is evident that the dispute raised before the Conciliation Officer was withdrawn by the Union in pursuance of the said memorandum of understanding. arrived at between the parties. It is not a matter of dispute that in pursuance of the said memorandum of understanding old wage structure was restored and issue raised before thé Conciliation Officer was not agitated any further.

24. As testified by the parties notice Ex.WWI/M2, Ex.WWI/M3 and Ex.WWI/M4 were served on Satpal Singh, Dharam Singh Daral and Mahender Singh. The bank claims that these notices were served under section 9-A of the Act, while the Union asserts that they were not within the ambit of the said section. Therefore, it becomes expedient to ascertain as to whether the aforesaid notices were in compliance to the requirement of Section 9-A of the Act. For an answer it is necessary to person contents of those notices. Notice Ex.WW1/M2, served on Satpal Singh runs as follows:

"RO/DC R/II/STF/96

Date 12-04-96

Mr. Sat Pal Singh.
EC No.61202,
Sub-Staff cadre (Armed Guard),
Bank of Baroda,
Bhogal Branch,
New Delhi.
Dear Sir,

Re: Your Salary Fixation.

We write to inform you that your salary was refixed in terms of the guidelines issued by the bank.

You would be aware that in the month of November, 93 you, have been given the salary as per following details:—

Salary for the month of November, 93

| 1. Basic Pay | Rs. 1280/- |
|----------------------|--|
| 2. D.A. | Rs. 1425/- (this includes DA on special allowance) |
| 3. CCA | Rs. 75 |
| 4. HRA | Rs.166 |
| 5. Special Allowance | Rs. 101 |
| 6. Washing Allowance | Rs. 33 |
| 7. T.A. A. | Rs. (0) |
| Gross Emoluments | Rs. 3100 |

Further we may advise that the Bank of Baroda Employees Union, Delhi has token up your case before the Regional Labour Commission of Janual). New Delhi for compliance of Section 9-A of the industrial Disputes Act, 1947. The re-fixation of your sale by was done to comply with the guidelines issued by the Bank which has the approval of Banking Division. Ministry of Finance, Government of India, through Indian Banks Association.

The position as exists do not attract compliances of Sec. 9-A of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947; however, at the suggestions of the Conciliation Authority, it was agreed to comply with the Section 9-A of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 and to restore the old wage structure. After compliance of the Section 9-A of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947; the effect of change shall continue in terms of the Bank's guidelines as aforesaid about re-fixation of your salary. In other words the refixation of salary already done shall be effected.

To comply with Section 9(A) of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, you shall draw your salary for the month of April, 1996, as under:

| Gross | Rs. 4655 |
|-------------------|---|
| 7. P.D.A. | Rs. 135 |
| 6. Washing Allow. | Rs. 33 |
| 5. D.A. | Rs. 1081/-(DA on special allowances included) |
| 4. HRA | Rs. 350 |
| 3. CCA | Rs. 122 |
| 2. Spl. Allow. | Rs. 194 |
| 1. Basic | Rs.2720 |

Yours faithfully,

Sd/-

Asstt. Gen. Manager"

25. The Fourth Schedule, appended to the Act, make it clear that the notice under section 9-A is required only in

case of proposed change in conditions of service, in respect of any matter specified in it. As commanded by the legislature, no employer shall effect any change in conditions of service applicable to any workman, without giving him a notice in the prescribed manner of the nature of the change proposed to be effected. Therefore, it would be in the fitness of the things to know as to what is the manner prescribed for service of such a notice. For an answer we have to take notice of the provisions of rule 34 of the Rules, which are extracted thus:

"34. Notice of change.- Any employer intending to effect any change in the conditions of service applicable to any workman in respect of any matter specified in the Fourth Schedule to the Act shall give notice of such intention in Form E.

The notice shall be displayed conspicuously by the employer on a notice board at the main entrance to the establishment in the Manager's Office;

Provided that where any registered trade union of workmen exists, a copy of the notice shall also be served by registered post on the secretary of such union.

26. Form 'E' prescribes the form of notice, which is also reproduced thus:

FORM E (see rule 34)

Notice of Change of Service Condition Proposed by an Employer

| Name of employer. | |
|-------------------|----|
| Address | |
| Dated the | 20 |

In accordance with section 9A of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 I/we hereby give notice to all concerned that it is my/our intention to that the change/changes specified in the annexure, with effect from......of the conditions of service applicable to workmen in respect of the matters specified in the fourth Schedule to the said Act.

| Signature |
|-------------|
| Designation |

ANNEXURE

(Here specify the change/changes, intended to be effected) Copy forwarded to:

- (1) The Secretary of registered trade union, if any;
- (2) Assistant Labour Commissioner (Central).....

......(here enter office address of the Assistant Labour Commissioner (Central) in the local area concerned;

- (4) Chief Labour Commissioner (Central), New Delhi.

27. As projected above a notice of an intention to effect change in conditions of service, applicable to a workman in respect of any matters specified in the Fourth Schedule, shall be served by the employer by way of displaying such notice conspicuously on a notice board at the main entrance to the establishment in the Manager's Office and where a registered Trade Union exists, a copy of notice shall be served by registered post on the Secretary of such union. It is not the case of the Bank that the notice Ex. WW1/M2 to Ex. WW1/M4 were displayed conspicuously on a notice board at the main entrance of the establishment and a copy of those notices were sent to the Secretary of the Union by way of registered post. Service of notice under section 9-A of the Act shall be effected by way of procedure prescribed above. No other any manner of service is available to the employer when he intends to effect change in conditions of service applicable to any workman. in respect of matters specified in the Fourth Schedule to the Act. Here in the case notices were sent personally to three workmen. It was not displayed conspicuously at the notice board on the main entrance of the establishment of the management nor sent to the Secretary of the Union.

28. Why such mode of service was provided by rule 34 of the Rules? Answer is simple. As noticed above the object of the Act is to protect workman against victimization by the employer and ensure termination of industrial dispute in a peaceful manner. The Act however, does not provide for any set of social and economic principles for adjustment of conflicting interests. Such norms have been evolved and devised by indutrial adjudication, keeping in view the social and economic conditions, the needs of the workmen, the requirement of the industry, social justice, relative interests of the parties and common good. These norms have given rights to the industrial employees what may be called industrial rights, as such rights may not be available at common law. Disputes as to the conditions of employment can be resolved by resorting to a technique known as "collective bargaining". This tool is resorted to between an employer or group of employers and a bonafide labour union. Policy behind this is to protect workmen as a class against unfair labour practices.

29. The manner prescribed for service of a notice under section 9-A of the Act highlights that the legislature was of the view that such notices may be brought to the notice of the workmen as a class so that they may resort to the method of collective bargaining" on issues relating to conditions of their service, in which a change is intended to be effected by the employer. Collective bargaining, being the order of the day, in democratic social welfare state the employer has been saddled with a duty to serve a notice under section 9-A

of the Act in such a manner so that the workmen may resort to tool of "collective bargaining" to sort out the issues, in respect of which a change is intended to be effected. When notices were served personally on three workmen, without displaying it conspicuously on notice board at main entrance of the establishment and without sending a copy of it to the Secretary of the Union by registered post, the Bank attempted to put those workmen in isolation. By not serving notice in the manner prescribed, the Bank tried to disassociate three workmen from the other workman as a class or from their registered union. Class of workmen, who ought to have been served with notice under section 9-A of the Act, furnishes real nexus between the issues and the parties, in respect of which the change was intended to be effected by the bank. Therefore, it is clear that the notices referred above were neither intended to be served nor served in a manner prescribed by the Rules. Consequently, I am constrained to conclude that the bank had failed to comply with the provisions of section 9-A of the Act and rule 34 of the Rules, when it attempted to give a notice of its intention to effect change in wage structure of armed guards. Without service of notice under section 9-A of the Act, the bank was not competent to effect change in conditions of service relating to wage structure of ex-servicemen armed guards.

30. Circular Ex. MW1/1 was issued by Assistant General Manager of the Bank. In the said circular, it has been projected that certain clarifications were issued by Indian Bank Association regarding terms of special allowance, while arriving at pay fixation of ex-servicmen re-employed in the bank. Those clarifications are as follows:

"In terms of extending instructions, pay of fixation of ex-servicemen appointed in bank, is done on the basis of protection of pay plus dearness allowance drawn by them at the time of their release from Armed Forces. The basic pay fixed in the banks plus dearness allowance thereon should be the same or slightly higher than the amount of protected pay;

The Government of India, Ministry of Finance (Banking Division) desired that it be clarified to all the banks that it would be necessary to ensure that the basic pay plus dearness allowance, the special allowance for armed guards/watchemen are taken into account while protecting the last drawn basic pay and dearness allowance thereon at the time of retirement/discharge from the service of armed forces as the special allowance is in the nature of basic pay.

The protection as above (i.e.with special allowance component) would also be relevant if the ex-servicemen are recruited as stenographers or at some other allowance carrying position in clerical subordinate grades."

31. All Regional/Zonal Authorities were advised to reopen past cases, where ex-servicemen were recruited at special allowance carrying post, and to arrange for re-fixation of their basic pay in terms of above guidelines contained, in

circular Ex. MW1/1 and effect recovey, if any, as applicable. Therefore, it is evidence that the above circular intends to efffect change in wage structure of ex-servicemen armed guards employed by the Bank. Shri Ram Kishan had proved his appointment letter as MW1/1 wherein he was told that his starting salary was Rs. 815 besides dearnesss allowance and other allowances as admissible under Fifth Bipartite Settlement. He was also reformed that special allowance of Rs. 101 PM would be paid for the period when he would be employed as an armed guard, perform duties specified for that post and would be armed with a fire arm. It was stipulated therein that the special allowance would be discontinued from the date he seizes to perform specified duties of armed guard and would be relieved of the firearm. Therefore, contract of service, entered into between Shri Ram Kishan and the bank, on the strength of Ex. WW2/1 highlight that besides basic pay, dearness allowance and other allowances admissible under Fifth Bipartite Settlement, he would be paid a sum of Rs. 101 PM as special allowance till he performs specified duties of an armed guard and not relieved of the firearm. It is an admitted case of the parties that pay (basic pay, dearness allowance, good service pay and class pay) received by Shri Ram Kishan at the time of his discharge from the Indian Army was to be protected by the bank while fixing his pay. For fixation of his pay basic pay plus dearness allowance admissible to the bank employees was to be taken into consideration and relevant stage of basic pay was to be determined after deducing dearness allowance admissible to bank employees, from the figure of pay to be protected. In arriving at the basic pay, which was to be protected, the special allowance was not to be taken note of as per Ex. WW2/1. This remained the position till circular Ex. MW1/ 1 was issued. As noted above guidelines/instructions/ clarificatios issued by Ministry of Finance, Banking Division, Government of India, were neither notified in official gazette by the appropriate Government as contemplated by clause (b) of the proviso to section 9-A of the Act nor the bank was exempted from the provisions of Section 9-A by the appropriate Government by way of notification in official gazette, under the provisions of section 9-B of the Act. Therefore, the circular Ex. MW1/1. on the strength of which special allowance was to be considered as part of the pay affects conditions of service of ex-servicemen armed guards relating to their wage structure, to their detriment. Instructions contained in circular Ex. MW1/1 were given effect to in violation of the provisions of Section 9-A of the Act, hence action of the management cannot be termed as legal or justified. Issue raised in proposition No. 1of the term of reference is answered against the bank.

32. Shri K.C. Hans admits that in pursuance of circular Ex. MW1/1 salaries of armed guards were re-fixed and decreased. He highlights that fitment formula, contained in Government guidelines, was taken into account for refixation of salary of armed guards. For that purpose special

allowance was treated as basic pay while re-fixing wages of the armed guards. Circular Ex. MW1/1 applied to a section of armed guard only, deposes Shri Hans, Shri Chand Singh Dahia projects in his affidavit Ex WW1/A that revised fitment formula resulted in reduction of salary of a large number of ex-servicemen armed guard ranging from Rs. 400/- to 1000/- pm. Shri Ram Kishan unfolds that at the time of his appointment his salary was fixed at Rs. 815/besides gun allowance. Later on his salary was fixed at Rs. 1050/- besides gun allowance of Rs. 101/- w.e.f. 6-3-1990. In 1993, on the strength of circular Ex. MW1/1 his salary was refixed at Rs. 1050/- which was fixed by the bank in March, 1990. He was brought down by three stages. Therefore, the evidence brought over the record by the parties is consistent on the issue. The evidence so brought, highlights that service conditions of armed guards were altered to their disadvantage by the bank on the basis of the circular referred above. Proposition No. 2 raised in the terms of reference is answered accordingly.

33. As held above the management was under an obligation to serve notice under Section 9-A of the Act, in the prescribed manner, before effecting change in the wage structure of ex-servicemen armed guard. No notice in the prescribed manner was served on ex-servicemen armed guards, which fact denounces legality and validity of the action of the management. The terms of the reference can be answereds on these propositions alone. However, the issues raised by the parties to the effect as to whether "special allowance" forms part of the basic pay, requires considerations. For an answer to this proposition, one has to consider as to what is pay. Pay is money paid to an employee for services tendered by him. Money given in recompense or return for work, determined by pay grade and length of service, is commonly known as pay of a post. As per rule 9(21) of the Fundamental Rules "pay" means the amount drawn monthly by a Government servant as -

- (i) the pay, other than special pay or pay granted in view of his personal qualifications, which has been sanctioned for a post by him substantively or in any an officiating capacity, or to which he is entitled by reason of his position in a cadre; and
- (ii) overseas pay, special pay and personal pay, and
- (iii) any other emoluments which may be specially classed as pay by the President.

Rule 9(23) speaks as to what personal pay means. It defines, "personal pay" to mean additional pay granted to a Government servant-

- (a) to save him from loss of substantive pay in respect of a permanent post other than a tenure post due to a revision of pay or to any reduction of such substantive pay otherwise than as a disciplinary measure; or
- (b) in exceptional circumstances, on other personal considerations.

Special pay has been defined by rule (9) (25). It details, special pay means an addition, of the nature of pay, to the emoluments of a post of a Government servant, granted in consideration of -(a) the specially arduous nature of duties; or (b) a specified addition to the work or responsibility.

Substantive pay has been defind by rule 9(28) as, the pay other than special pay, personal pay or emoluments classed as pay by the President under rule 9(21) (a)(iii), to which a Government servant is entitled on account of a post to which he has been appointed substantively or by reason of his subtantive position in cadre.

Therefore, definition of the special pay makes it clear that it is granted to a government servant in consideration of special arduous nature of duties or a specific addition to the work or responsibility. Sometimes special pay is granted on account of unhealthiness of the locality in which work/duties are performed.

34. Clause 6 of 8th Bipartite Settlement dated 2nd of June, 2005 defines pay for the purpose of dearness allowance, house rent allowance and superannuation benefits as basic pay, stagnation increments, special pay, graduation pay, professional qualification pay and officiating pay, if any. Clause II of the said Bipartite Settlement makes provisions for special pay as: (i) the special pay payable to the clerical staff of subordinate staff in banks other than State Bank of India, shall be as mentiond in Part I in Schedule II to the said Settlement; (ii) the duties and responsibilities as improved of retained as they are and attracting special pay in banks other than State Bank of India shall be as set out in Schedule III and shall be in partial modification of schedule III to the Bipartite Settlement dated 17th September, 1984 and 14th February, 1995; (iii) posts attracting special pay as listed in Schedule II to the Bipartite Settlement dated 27th March, 2000 and which do not find a mention in Part-A of Schedule II to this Settlement shall stand discontinued: (iv) in all other aspects, the general rules and provision contained in Chapter V of the Bipartite Settlement dated 19th October, 1966 relating to special pay carrying posts, as modified from time to time, shall continue to apply; (v) graduation pay and professional qualification pay payble to the clerical staff in banks shall be as mentioned in Part 'C' of Schedule II to this Settlement; (vi) the special pay, graduation pay and professional qualification pay as mentioned in Schedule II shall rank for superannuation benefits. (vii) the rates of special pay and the duties of special pay carrying posts for workmen staff in State Bank of India may be reviewed and settled at the bank level.

35. Provisions are made for grant of graduation pay or professional qualification pay, even at the stage when an employee had reached maxima of the scale of pay. Various posts and duties are enlisted which entitles an employee for grant of special pay. Armed grards, required to perform watch and ward duties, will get special pay, in case they carry (i) gun, pistol or any other fire arm (ii) dagger, sword, khuqri or spear (iii) any other licensed

weapon. Retainer peons. (other than watchmen) whose names are registered in banks on license as retainers, when they perform armed guard duties would be entitled to special pay as available to armed guards pro rata. Therefore, the provisions of bipartite settlement make it clear that there are certain posts which carry special pay and certain categories of employees get special pay if they are required to perform arduous or specialized duties. Armed guard is one of the category who perform arduous duties and is entitled to special pay. When retainer peon perform armed guard duty, he was special pay. It is evident that special pay in the category of armed guard is granted when he perfrom arduous duty and carries weapon with him. In case he does not carry weapon with him, he is not entitled to special pay.

36. Special pay granted to an armed guard can be withdrawn in case he does not carry out arduous duties or a weapon with him. Therefore, the special pay so granted depends on performance of arduous duties or when he carries a weapon with him. Special pay or allowance, granted on performance of arduous duties, specific addition of work or on account of unhealthiness of locality in which duties an performed, cannot be termed in the nature of the basic pay. The instructions so issued by the Government of India cannot be termed as legal, since it violates provisions of Bipartite Settlement, without following the procedure contained in Section 9A and 19 of the Act.

- 37. A settlement shall be binding upon the parties for such period as is agreed upon or for a period of six months from the day on which the memorandum of settlement is signed by the parties and shall continue to be binding on the parties after expiry of the period referred above, until expiry of two months from the date on which a notice is writing of an intention to terminate the settlement is given by one of the parties to the other party to the settlement; enacts sub-section (2) of Section 19 of the Act. Thus there are three stages with different legal effects on the life of a settlement. There is a specific period contractually or statutorily fixed as the period of operation. After expiry of statutorily fixed period, settlement does not cease to be effective. But it continuous to be binding on parties until notice has been given by one of the parties of its intention to terminate it and two months have not elapsed from the date of such notice. This is the second stage. The last stage is arrived at when period of notice, under subsection (2) of Section 19 of the Act, expires. After this the settlement ceases to be binding under the Act
- 38. No steps were taken by the bank to terminate the settlement arrived at in the form of Bipartite Settlement, referred above. Provisions of settlement, relating to grant of special pay to bank staff, still govern their service conditions. Steps to change those service conditions, in violation of the provisions of section 9A of the Act, can not be upheld. Therefore, the circular, on the strength of which bank intends to modify wage structure of armed guard to the detriment cannot termed justified or legal.
- 39. In view of the foregoing discussions exservicemen armed guards are entitled to be restored to the

pay which they were receiving before issuance of the circular under reference. Claim put forward by the union is found to be legal and justified. Action of the management in re-fixing their pay on the basic of the reduced fitment formula is neither justified nor legal. The bank is commanded to restore pay of the armed guards at the stage on which they would have received their pay in case circular dated 7-1-1993 would not have been in existence. An award is accordingly passed. It be sent to the appropriate Government for publication.

Dr. R.K. YADAV, Presiding Officer

Dated: 16-7-2010

नई दिल्ली, 23 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2343.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार इण्डियन ग्रासलैंड एण्ड फोडर रिसर्च इॅस्टिट्यूट के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण, कानपुर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 97/2000) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 23-08-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[संख्या एल-42012/106/2000-आई आर (डीयृ)]

जोहन तोपनो,अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 23rd August, 2010

S.O. 2343.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act. 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 97/2000) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum Labour Court, Kanpur as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of Indian Grassland & Fodder Research Institute and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 23-08-2010

[No. L-42012/106/2000-IR(DU)]

JOHAN TOPNO, Under Secy

ANNEXURE

BEFORE SRI RAM PARKASH, HJS PRESIDING OFFICER, CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, KANPUR

Industrial Dispute No. 97 of 2000

In the matter of dispute between-Sh. Ram Narain son of Sri Kishan Lat, Vill. Padari, Post Bhajala, District Jhansi.

And

Director,

Indian Grassland and Fodder Research Instt.
Gwalior Road, Jhansi.

AWARD

- 1. Central Government, MOL New Delhi, vide notification no. L-42012/106/2000 IR (DU) dated 29-08-2000 has referred the following dispute for adjudication to this tribunal-
- 2. Whether the action of the management of Indian Grassland & Fodder Research Institute Jhansi in terminating the services of their workman Sh. Ram Narain son of Sh. Kishan Lal Ex-Semi skilled worker w.e.f. 21-10-94 is legal and justified? If not to what relief the workman is entitled and from which date?
- 3. Brief facts are claimant had alleged that he was appointed in Indian Grass Land and Fodder Research Institute Jhansi on 08-07-89 as a semi skilled electrician and he continued to work till 31-12-94. During this period the management has created artificial break, so that the workman may not claim his valid and legal rights. It is stated that the opposite party has committed the breach of section 25F as they have not given any notice or notice pay or retrenchment compensation and without following the provisions they have terminated the services of the claimant. It is stated that during conciliation proceedings opposite party has stated that the claimant has worked in the month of November 94 for 22 days and in the month of December 1994 for ten days, but the opposite party has stated before the conciliation officer the date of termination as 21-10-94, considering this fact that the reference has been sent presuming the date as 21-10-94. Opposite party is an industry. Opposite has terminated his service with malafide intention. Therefore, prayed that the order of the opposite party terminating his services is bad and he should be reinstated in service and the consequential benefits be provided to
- 4. Opposite party has filed a written statement contradicting the aversions of the claimant. It is stated that the claimant was engaged for specific work of a temporary requirement and his temporary engagement ceased to exist after the completion of temporary requirement. Claimant very well new all this at the time of temporary engagement and had verbally agreed to it. Therefore, this is neither a termination by way of punishment and it is not covered under retrenchment as given in section 2(00) of the Act. It is stated that the opposite party is neither a factory nor an industrial unit, it is registered under the Societies Registration Act, therefore, it is not an industry there is no industrial dispute.

- It is stated that no cause of action has arisen on the date as mentioned in the reference order. It is stated that the dispute has been raised after a long period and central government should not have sent the reference. Central Government has taken decision in other matters where the delay was long not to send the reference. Opposite party has filed certain annexure in this respect i.e. Annexure 1 and 2. It is stated that the reference is barred by the principle of resjudicta, as the claimant has filed a writ petition in the Hon'ble Hight Court, wherein the Hon'ble High Court passed an order that all the parties should approach before the Central Administrative Tribunal but the claimant did not approach the CAT and this Hon'ble Tribunal does not have any jurisdiction. It is stated that the claimant has not completed continuous service as defined under section 25B of the Act. It is stated that the claimant had worked for 120 days in 1989, 108 days in 1990, 116 days in 1991, 156 in 1992, 170 in 1993 and 79 days in 1994. Thus he has not worked 7 or 240 days or more in any year. As the claimant had worked for 22 days in November 1994 and ten days in December 1994 so no cause of action arises on 21-10-94. It is also stated that no seniority list is maintained for muster roll, daily labour and casual labour. Thus it is stated that the opposite party has not committed any breach of section 25FG and H of the Act or any other provisions therefore, the reference order is bad in law and it is prayed that it is liable to be dismissed
- Claimant has also filed rejoinder against the reply of the opposite party wherein nothing new has been alleged by him except reiterating the facts already pleaded by him in his statement of claim.
- 6. Claimant has not produced any oral or documentary evidence despite repeated notice. He did not appear at the time of arguments also.
- 7. I have heard the arguments of the opposite party.
- 8. Opposite party has produced oral as well as documentary evidence.
- 9. Opposite party had produced two witnesses Sri Munna Lal MW1 and Dr. H.S. Sharma as MW2. Both these witnesses have stated on oath that the opposite party is an institute registered under Society Registration Act. When there was a temporary requirement they have taken the work from the ciaimant as Daily paid labour. This work was not of permanent nature but time bound as sanctioned by government of India and the

labour is paid on the daily basis. It is stated that the claimant had not worked for a single day right from Jan 94 to July 94. It is argued that the claimant had worked for 26 days in August 94, for 13 days in September 94, for 08 days in October 94, for 22 days in November 94 and for 10 days in Occomber 1994. It is stated that he has not worked for 240 days, in the previous year since the date of termination i.e. 21-10-94. They have brought the original muster roll and filed the photocopy also but on their request originals have been returned.

- 10. It is contended that it was the duty of the claimant to prove the aversions of the claim statement but he has not appeared in the witness box. Claimant has not produced any oral or documentary evidence. I agree with the contention of the Opposão party. It is stated that no cause of action has arisen on 21-16-94 as the claimant has also worked in the month of movement and Contention addited by the opposite party appears to be believable and there is no reason to dishelieve. Claimant has not made any cross examination of the aforesald withnesses.
- 11. Therefore, in thy view considering the whole evidence the claimant has miserably failed to discharge his barden. He has totally failed to prove his case. Therefore, reference is decided against the claimant and in favour of the apposite party.

RAM PARKASH Presiding Officer

Dated 13-08-16

वर्ड दिल्ली, 23 अगस्त 2010

का.आ. 2344.— औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का. 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार सी.पी.डब्ल्यू. डी. के प्रवंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियंजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण नं. 1. नई दिल्ली के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 18/2009) को प्रकाशित करती हैं, ओ केन्द्रीय सरकार को 23-08-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[मंख्या एल-42012/69/2008-आई आर (डी.यू.)]

जांहन तोपनो, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 23rd August, 2010

S.O. 2344.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Engages Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hearby publishes the award (Ref. No. 18/2009) of the Court Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court No. 3 New Dolhi as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the

management of C.P.W. D. and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 23-08-2010.

[No. L-42012/69/2008-IR(DU)] JOHAN TOPNO, Under Serv.

ANNEXURE

BEFORE DR. R.K. YADAV, PRESIDING OFFICER. CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUSER. No.1, KARKARDOOMA COURT COMPLEX, DELIFE LD.No. 18/2009

Smt. Santosh Devi rep./through CPWD Mazdoor Union Room No. 95, Barracks No. 1/10, Jam Nagar House, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi -- 110011.

Worthing

Versus

The Director General of Works, CPWD, Nirman Bhawan, New Delhi —110001.

Man services

CSIAWA

Santosh Devi, a part time employee, and a conservices in T Division Central Public Wester (No. 1997) and the thereinafter referred to as the management) from the October, 86 till 4th of April 2007. Showed to compact clean four rooms with an area of 80 squares, by spot circ hardly an hour in a day. Her services were dispensed with when requirement to engage became to an end. She and a demand for reinstatement of her services. When needful was not done, a dispute was raised on her behalf before the Conciliation Officer. Since conciliation proceedings failed, the appropriate Government referred the drsp us to this Tribunal for adjudication vide order No.1 4201.7 69 2008-IR (DU), New Delhi, dated 18th of February, 2009, with following terms:

"Whether the action of the management of CPVD in terminating the services of the workman Smt. Santosh Devi w.e.f. 4-4-2007 is legal and justified? If not to what relief the workman is entitled to?"

2. Claim statement was filed by the workman pleading that she was working as part time sweeper at Sub Division 3, J. Division of the management since 1-10-80 on hand receipt basis. On completion of four years service she was to be treated as daily rated worker for all purposes, including her regularization as well as her wages, a that services were to be regularized. Her husband, namely. Shit Vijender Singh raised a dispute against the management in respect of illegal termination of his services. The dispute was answered in his favour by this Tribunal, vide award dated 31-1-2007. He was reinstated in service with 40% of back wages. The said award has been challenged by the management before High Court of Delhi. It irked the

management and her services were terminated by Shri Narinder Pal, Assistant Engineer on 4-4-2007. His action is arbitrary, illegal and unjusitfied, besides being unfair labour practice. She had rendered continuous service of more than 240 days in every calendar year. No notice or pay in lieu thereof was given, besides payment of retrenchment compensation. Hundreds of juniors to her are still working with the management. Action of the management is violative of the provisions of Section 25-F of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (in short the Act). Their action is also violative of the provisions of section 25-G and 25-H of the Act.

- 3. It has been claimed that the management failed to follow procedure contained in OM No. 6/5/68-Estt. (D) dated 5th of July, 1968, in the matter of her regularization. Smt. Maya Devi a part time sweeper working with the management was regularized. Action of the management non regularization of her services is discriminatory. In 1993, 8982 posts were created for regularization of various categories of daily rated employees, wherein there were 61 posts of sweepers. A post was available for regularisation of her service. Non regularization of her services amounts to an illegal Act, violative of the principle of natural justice. It has been pleaded that since termination of her services she is unemployed. She seeks reinstatement with continuity and full back wages, besides regularization of her service.
- 4. Her claim was resisted on behalf of the management pleading that there was no relationship of employer and employee between the parties. The management projects that as per her own admission, the claimant was engaged as part time sweeper. She used to do dry sweeping and cleaning in respect of four rooms of about 80 sq. mtrs. She used to spent around one hour in that work. There was no supervision and control on her work. She never worked full time on daily wage basis nor on muster roll. Therefore, she cannot claim a status of workman as defind under the Act. It has been pleaded that part time casual labours are eligible for appointment to class IV posts borne on regular establishment, which are required to be filled by diret recruitment, provided that they are appointed through employment exchange. The claimant did not fulfil the prescribed criteria for her appointment to class IV post, since she was appointed as part time employee directly, without any reference to employment exchange. It has been denied that her services dispensed with on account of factum of dispute raised be her husband. It has been pleaded that her services were disengaged when there was no necessity to continue her engagement. Since she was engaged on part time basis, there was no question of serving notice or making payment for notice period. No seniority was maintained in respect of part time sweeper, hence her assertion that juniors to her were retained is not based on any foundation. Her claim that she was entitled for retrenchment compensation, is without merits. O.M. dated 30-9-93 pertain to daily rated

muster rolls workers and not to part time employees. The Apex Court in Uma Devi case has ruled that a temporary or casual employee is not entitled for regularisation of his/her services, in case his/her appointment was not made in consonance with recruitment rules. Since claimant was engaged without her name being sponsored by capployment exchange, she is neither entitled for continuous of her service nor regularization on the job. Her claim is liable to be dismissed.

- 5. On pleadings of the parties, following issues were settled:-
 - Whether the workman, who was engaged as peritime employee, does not fall within the armost or definition contained in section 2(s) of the U.O. Act?
 - 2. As in terms of reference?
 - 3. Relief.
- 6. Claimant has tendered her affidavit Ex. WW1/A as evidence. She was cross examined at length on behalf of the management. Shri B.K. Prasad also tendered his affidavit Ex. WW2/A as evidence, on behalf of the claimant. He too was cross examined at length on behalf of the management. Shri Sawant Ram, Executive Engineer, tendered his affidavit Ex. MW1/A as evidence on behalf of the management. He was cross examined at length on behalf of the workman. No other witness was examined by either of the parties
- 7. Arguments were heard at the bar. Shri B.K. Prasad, authorised representative, advanced arguments on behalf of the workman. Ms. Meenakshi Aggarwal, authorised representative, raised her submissions on behalf of the management. I have given my careful considerations to the arguments advance at the bar and cautiously perused the record. My findings on issues involved in the controversy are as follows:—

Issue No. 1.

- 8. Shri Sawant Ram swears in affidavit Ex. MWI/A that as admitted by the workman, she was engaged as part time sweeper by the management. She was doing part time job for around one hour only, since she used to sweep and clean four rooms of about 80 sq. mtrs. She was engaged by the management as and when exigency required. There was no supervision and control on her. She never worked full time on daily wage nor on muster roll.
- 9. Smt. Santosh Devi swears in his affidavit Ex. WW2/A that she was engaged as sweeper for whole day from 8 AM to 4 PM. She projects that she was designated as part time sweeper in 'J' Division, where she performed her duty w.e.f. 1-10-86 on hand receipt basis. During the course of her cross examination she evaded the question as to what her wage was on 1-10-86. She asserts that she was not aware as to what "part time" sweeper means. She opted not to explain dimension of the area which she used to sweep. She admits that intially she was paid wages at

Rs. 100 pm. till 1988 and thereafter she was paid @ Rs. 200/-PM.

- 10. Shri B.K. Prasad unfolds that Smt. Santosh Devi was working with the management from 8 AM to 4 PM. However, he admits that she was designated as part time sweeper, while doing work under sub division III. 'J' division of the management. She was preforming her duty w.e.f. 1-10-86 on hand receipt basis. He announces that on completion of four years of her service, she was to be treated as daily rated worker for all purposes including regularization of her service and equal pay for equal work, in the minimum of time scale. During the course of his cross examination, he concedes that a full time employee is not paid Rs. 100/- per month as his wages. However, he adds that payment of Rs. 100/- PM to Smt. Santosh Devi v. as her exploitation as well as unfair labour practice on the part of the management.
- 11. Rival facts testified by the parties bring it over the record that Smt. Santosh Devi was engaged on 1st of October, 86. Facts projected by Sawant Ram highlight that Smt. Santosh Devi used to sweep four rooms comprising area of 80 sq. mtrs. only. He asserts that she used to perform her duties hardly for an hour a day. These undisputed facts bring it over the record that Smt.Santosh Devi was employed on part time basis by the management. Though Sint. Santosh Devi and Shri B.K. Parsad claim that she was performing her duties from 8 AM to 4PM, yet it is not disputed by them that till 1988 Smt. Santosh Devi was paid TRS. 100 PM and thereafter she was paid @ Rs. 200/-PM. They admit that Smt. Santosh Devi was designated as a part time employee. Shri Parsad projects that after 4 years of service, Smt. Santosh Devi was to be ireated as daily rated worker for all purpose. Therefore, out of these facts, it is implicit that the claimant and Shri Prasad could not dispel that Smt. Sentosh Devi was appointed as a part time sweeper. She used to perform duties hardly for an hour in a day, since only four rooms were to be swept by her. Consequently it is crystal clear that Smt. Santosh was appointed as a part time sweeper and she never performed whole time duty.
- 12. Whether a part time employee answers all attributes of a workman, as defined in clause (s) of section 2 of the Act. For an answer it would be expedient to have glance on the definition. For convenience sake definition of "workman" is reproduced thus.
 - "(s) "workman" means any person (including an apprentice) employed in any industry to do any manual, unskilled, skilled, technical, operational, clerical or supervisory work for hire or reward, whether the terms of employment be express or implied, and for the purpose of any proceeding under this Act in relation to an industrial dispute, includes any such person who has been dismissed, discharged or retrenched in connection with, or as a consequence of, that dispute or whose dismissal,

- discharge or retrenchment has led to that dispute, but does not include any such person-
- (i) who is subject to the Air force Act, 1950 (45 of 1945) or the Army Act, 1950 (46 of 1950) or the Navy Act, 1957 (62 of 1957); or
- (ii) who is employed in the police service or as an officer or other employee of a prison; or
- (iii) who is employed mainly in a mangerial or adminstrative capacity; or
- (iv) who, being employed in a supervisory capacity, drawn wages exceeding one thousand six hundred rupees per mensem or exercise, either by the nature of the duties attached to the office or by reason of the powers vested in him, functions mainly of a managerial nature".
- 13. Definition of workman contains three limbs. First limb of the definition gives statutory meaning of the word and determines a workman by telligence to a person (including an apprentice) employed in to industry to do any manual, unskilled, skilled, tech look operative, clerical or supervisory work for thre or reward. The second limb is designed to include a person-(i) who have been dismissed, discharged or retreached in connection with an industrial dispute, or (ii) whose dismissal, discharge or retrenchment in connection with an industrial dispute, or (iii) whose dismissal, discharge or retrenchment has led to an industrial dispute, within the ambit of workman. However the third part of the definition excludes the categories of persons specified in clause (i) to (iv) from the expresson "workman". The definition does not state that a person, in order to be a workman should have been employed in a substantive capacity or on temporary basis in the first instance or after he is found suitable for the job after a period of probation. In other words, every person employed in an Industry irrespective of his statustemporary, permanent or probationary-would be a workman. The expression "employed" has at least two known connotations, that is, a relationship brought by express or implied contract of service in which employee renders service for which he is engaged by the employer and the latter agrees to pay him in cash or kind, as agreed between them or statutorily provided. It discloses a relationship of command and obedience. Reference can be made to the precedent in Food Corporaton of India's case 1985 (2) LL.14).
- 14. In Shivnandan Sharma [1955(1) LL.J. 688], the Apex Court for the first time laid down the crucial test of supervision and control for determining the relationship of employer and employee. In Dharangadhara Chemical Woks Limited [1957(1)LLJ. 477], the Apex Court ruled that test of "supervision and control may be taken as the prima facie test for determining the relationship of employment". It was futher laid that existance of the right in the master to supervise and control the work to be done by the servant, not only matter of directing that work the servant is to do

but also the manner in which he shall do his work is the prima facie test for determining the existence of master and servant relationship. It was suggested that correct method of approach, would be to consider whether having regard to the nature of work there was due control and supervision by the employer. The greater amount of direct control exercised over the person rendering the services by the person contracting for them, the stronger the ground for holding it to be a contract of service. The control and supervision test was reaffirmed by the Apex Court in Chintaman Rao [1958 (1) LLJ 252], wherein it was ruled that "worker" was a person employed by the management and there must be contract of service and a relationship of master and servant between them. In Shankar Balaji Waje [1962 (1) LLJ 119], the Apex Court clarified that "control" of the management, which is a necessary element of the relationship of master and servant is not directed towards providing or dictating the nature of the article to be produced or the work to be done, but refers to the other incidents having a bearing on the process of work the person carries out in the execution of the work. The manner of work is to be distinguished from the type of work to be performed. In V.P. Gopala Rao [1970 (11)LLJ 59], the Apex Court said that it is the qestion of fact in each case whether the relationship of master and servant exists between the management and the workman and there is no abstract a priori test of the work control required for esatblishing the contract of service. It was laid therein that for holding that the person employed in the factory were workers within the meaning of sub section (1) of section (2) of the Factories Act, it is to be considered that the fact that the workman had to work in the factory implied certain amount of provision by the management and the nature and extent of control varied in different industries and that when the operation was of a simple nature, the control could be exercised at the end of the day of the method of rejecting the bid is which did not come up to the proper standard. It is, therefore, not surprising that in recent years, the control test, as traditionally formulated, has not been treated as an exclusive test. In Silver Jublee Tailoring House [1973 (11) LLJ 495] the Apex Court ordained that "it is in its application to skilled and particularly, professional work that control test in its traditional form has really broken down. It has been said that in interpreting that "control" as meaning the power to direct how the servant should do the work, the court has been applying the concept suited to a past age".

15. During the last three decades emphasis in the fieled has shifted and no longer rests so strongly upon the question of control. Centrol is obviously an important factor and in many cases it may still be a decessive factor, but it would be wrong to say that in every case it is decessive factor. In Shining Tailors [1983 (11) LLJ 143], the Apex Court held that the piece rated workers working for a big tailoring establishment were workmen for the establishment. It was observed therein that the "right of removal of the workman or not to give work as an element of control and supervision"

which was amply satisfied to announce that those piece rated workers were the workman for the establishment. The Court concluded that the proposition that "piece rate" itself indicates relationship of independent contract, is not correct. A servant who has full liberty to attend to his work according to his pleasure and not according to orders of his master, is an independent contractor. A gold smith engaged to finish jewels a within a given time and when is was open to such goldsmith to finish jewels within the given time or earlier and engage themselves or others of their own held to be independent contractors, in K. Keswa Reddiar [1957 (1)LLJ 645]. In the like manner a goldsmith who undertook the manufacture of ornanments like other goldsmith which he was asked to manufacuture and was entitled to receive remuneration which would depend upon the nature of the work done, was held to be not under the order or control of the proprietor of the concern for whom he was doing the work, in Achuta Achar [1968 (1)LLJ 500]. An agreement for selling milk on commission was held to be a contract for service and not a contract of service, in Abad Dairy Doodh Vitran Kendra Sanchalak Mandal, Ahmedabad (1989 Lab. I.C. 1770). The Tiny Deposit Agents employed in deposit mobilization activity of the bank have been held to be falling within the definition of the workman and not an independent contractor in the precedent in the Management of Indian Bank [1990(1)LLJ 50].

16. The employer exercises factors of supervision and control, exercises his right to remove or not to give work to him, as an element of control and supervision on a part time employee. Therefore, factor, determinant of his status is the work in which he is employed, besides right of control and supervision in the master. His designation as part time employee nowhere restricts the employer to have power of controlling his work whether he remains in continuous service of his employer, would not be guided by his designation. The Apex Court was confronted with such a proposition in A. Sankaralingam (2008 X A.D. S.C. 689), wherein Catena of decision were noted down.

17. The Court ruled that a bare perusal of the definition of "workman" and "continuous service" would reveal that their applicability is not limited to only full time employees but all that required is that the workman claiming "continuous service" must fulfil specific conditions amongst others laid down in the two provisions so as to seek shelter of section 25-F. If was concluded that the question as to whether a part time workman would be covered within the definition of section 2(s) of the Act and whether he would be entitled to the benefit of "continuous service" under Section 25-B and the benefit of section 25-F is to be answered in favour of the workman. Relying the law so laid it is announced that a part time employee would be a workman, in case he answers attributes of a servant and employer exercises his right of control and spurevision on him.

18. Smt. Santosh Devi claims that she worked with the management as a part time sweeper. She was performing her

work under the control and supervision of the management. Shri Sawant Ram projects that since she was working for a period of one hour a day, she was not perforing her duties under control and supervision of the management. His thrust of contention has been that Smt. Santosh Devi used to sweep four rooms consisting of an area of 80 sq. mtrs. There was no element of control and supervision over her work. To exercise control and supervision over an employee, the employer should have a right to prescribe the end of the work besides the means as how that work to be performed. retaining a power to control the work. No evidence worth name was put forward by Sawant Ram to the effect that the management never prescribed the end of work besides the means as to how it was to be performed. Undoubtedly sweeping job is such which leaves a little discretion in the means as to how it is to be performed. But the employer may ask the employee to sweep a particular room first that too by use of a broom or a duster. Such commands, if given by an employer, projects that the employer provided the means as to how the work is to be performed, besides the end of the work. Therefore, control and supervision was exercised by the management over the work of Smt. Santosh Devi, though she performed that work for a very short span of the day. Her performance of work for a fraction of the day would not denued status of the workman, when the employer could exercise amount of direct control over her work and conduct. Considering all these aspects, I am constrained to hold that no evidence was brought forward by Sawant Ram to project that there was lack of control and supervision on the part to the management, over the work performed by Smt. Santosh Devi. Therefore, the fact that she was engaged as a part time employee would not push her to a padestral where status of a workman would be taken away from her. Considering all these proposition, it is concluded that despite the fact that the claimant was part time employee, yet she was clothed with all attributes of a workman, within the ambit of clause (s) of section 2 of the Act. Issue is, therefore answered in favour of the claimant and against the management.

Issue No. 2.

- 19. Admittedly the claimant was engaged as a part time sweeper by the management w.e.f. 1-10-86. When the Apex Court handed down its position in Surinder Singhs case following guidelines were laid in the matter of recruitment of casual labours on daily wage basis.
 - (i) Persons on daily wages should not be recruited for work of regular nature.
 - (ii) Recruitment of daily wages may be made only for work which is of casual or seasonal or intermittent nature or for work which is not of full time nature, for which regular posts cannot be created.
 - (iii) The work presently being done by regular staff should be re-assessed by the Administrative

Departments concerned for output and productivity so that the work being done by the casual workers could be entrusted to the regular employees. The Departments may also review the norms of staff for regular work and take steps to get them revised, if considered necessary.

- (iv) Where the nature of work entrusted to the casual workers and regular employees is the same the casual workers may be paid at the rate of 1/30th of the pay at the minimum of the relevant pay scale plus dearness allowance for work of 8 hours a day.
- (v) In cases where the work done by a casual worker is different from the work done by a regular employee, the casual worker may be paid only the minimum wages notified by the State Government/Union Territory Administration, as per the Minimum Wages Act, 1948. However, if a Department is already paying daily wages at a higher rate, the practice could be continued with the approval of its Financial Adviser.
- (vi) The casual workers may be given one paid weekly off after six days continous work.
- (vii) The payment to the casual workers may be restricted only to the days on which they actually perform duty under the Government with a paid weekly off as mentioned at (vi) above. They will, however, in addition, be paid for a National Holiday, if it falls on a working day for the casual workers.
- (viii) In cases where it is not possible to entrust all the items of work now being handled by the casual workers to the existing regular saff, additional regular posts may be created to the barest minimum necessary, with the concurrence of the Ministry of Finance.
- (x) Where work of more than one type is to be performed through out the year but each type of work does not justify a seperate regular employee, a multifunctional post may be created by handling those items of work with the concurrence of the Ministry of Finance.
- (x) The regularization of the services of the casual workers, will continue to be governed by the instructions issued by this Department in this regard. While considering such regularization, a casual worker may be given relaxation in the upper age-limit only if at the time of ionitial recruitment as a casual worker, he had not crossed the upper age-limit for the relevant post.
- (xi) If a Department wants to make any departure from the above guidelines, it should obtain the prior concurrence of the Minstry of Finance and the Department of Personnel and Training.

20. Ministry of Home Affairs had laid down guidelines for appointment of part time casual labours to regular establishment in O.M. No. 16/5/68-Estt.(D) dated 5-7-1968 which are as follows:

Subject:- Appointment of part time casual labour to regular establishment.

As the Ministry of Finance are aware, casual labourers who have rendered a minimum period of two years "continuous service can be appointed to Class IV posts, borne on regular establishment which are required to be filled by direct recruitment, subject to certain conditions vide para 2 of this Ministry's Office Memorandum No. 16-10-66- Estt. (D), dated 2nd December, 1966. A question has been raised as to whether casual labourers appointed on part-time basis should also be made eligible for appointment to Class IV posts borne on regular establishment which are required to be filled by direct recruitment. It has been represented that, in certain offices, casual labourers are employed for a number of years on part-time basis. the work load there being not such as to justify their employment on whole time basis. It has accordingly been decided that casual labourers appointed on parttime basis may also be made eligible for the concession sanctioned in para 2, of the aforesaid Office Memorandum No.16-10-66 -Estt.(D), dated 2-12-1966. Accordingly, with effect from the date of the issue of this Office Memorandum, part-time casual labourers shall also be eligible for appointment to Class IV posts borne on the regular establishment, which are required to be filled by direct recruitment, provided they were appointed through Employment Exchange and had acquired experience of a minimum of four years continuous service as part-time casual labour in the office/establishment to which they were appointed through Employment Exchange. Those part-time casual labourers who were recruited in an office/establishment direct, , without reference to the Employment Exchange and who are working on the date of issue of this Office Memorandum should not be considered for appointment to the regular establishment, unless they(i) get themselves registered with the Employment Exchange (ii) render from the date of such registration a minimum of four years continuous service as part-time casual labour and (iii) are subsequently sponsored by the Employment Exchange in accordance with their position in the register of the Exchange.

2. The orders contained in this Ministry's Office Memoranda No. 4/9/61 Estt(D), dated 9th August, 1961 and 16th September, 1961, granting certain age, concession to casual labourers in the matter of appointment to posts borne on regular establishment will be applicable also to part-time casual labourers. In other words, such labourers should be allowed to

deduct from their actual age the period spent by them as part-time casual labourer and if, after deducting, this period, they are within the maximum age limit prescribed for the service or post in the regular establishment, they should be considered eligible in respect of maximum age. Broken periods of service rendered as part-time casual labourer will also be taken into account for the purpose of age relaxation for appointment to the regular establishment, provided that one stretch of such service is for more than six months.

3. Ministry of Finance etc. are requested to bring these instructions to the notice of their attached and subordinate offices.

Sd/

(Harish Chandra) Under Secretary to the Govt. of India."

21. As instructed by the Ministry of Home Affairs case of a part-time employee would not be considered to regular establisment unless he (i) gets himself registered with the employment exchange (ii) rendered from the date of such registration a minimum 4 years continuous service as part time casual employee, and (iii) he is subsequently sponsored by the employment exchange in accordance with his position in the register of the exchange. Therefore, for regularization of her service, Smt. Santosh Devi has to fulfil the aforesaid three conditions. In her affidavit Ex.WW1/A she creates a vacuum to the effect that her name was registered with the employment exchange and thereafter she rendered continuous service as a part time employee for a period of 4 years and her name was sponsored by the employment exchange, in accordance with the position of her seniority in a register of the exchange. When she was subjected to cross examination she projects that she got her name registered with the employment exchange ten years ago. She stood the test of cross examination on 15-1-2010. Therefore, out of facts unfolded by her it may be presumed that she got her name registered with the employment exchange in the year 2000. However, no specific date, month and year of such registration was spelled by the lady. Facts unfolded by Santosh Devi are not substantiated by any documentary evidence. Assuming those facts to be correct, even in those circumstances .it is to be shown by her that her name was sponsored by the employment exchange in accordance with the position of her seniority in the register of the exchange. Therefore, without positive evidence on those issues, it cannot be said that Smt. Santosh Devi could fulfil criteria laid down in O.M.No.16/5/68-Estt(D) dated 5-7-68 for appointment to regular establishment, from the position of part time employee.

22. To counter facts projected by Santosh Devi, Shri Sawant Ram in his affidavit Ex.MWI/A testified that name of a part time employee is to be considered for appointment

to class IV posts on regular establishment, which are required to be filled by direct recruitment, provided that part time employee was appointed through employment exchange. He projects that the claimant did not fulfil that criteria for her appointment to class IV post. In her cross examination Smt. Santosh Devi concedes that she was called by Jr. Engineer to join a job, since she was known to him. Therefore, facts projected by Shri Sawant Ram are reaffirmed by her admission. It stood established that name of Smt. Santosh Devi was not sponsored by the employment exchange, neither at the time of her appointment nor after she got her name registered with the employment exchange. Consequently the management could show that Smt. Santosh Devi did not fulfil the criteria laid down in the aforesaid office memorandum for her appointment to group 'D'post.

23. Shri B, K, Prasad swears in his affidavit Ex. WW2/ A that Smt. Maya Devi, a part time sweeper was regularized by the management while Smt. Santosh Devi was discriminated in that matter. To prove that proposition the claimant had confronted Shri Sawant Ram with documents Ex.MWI/W6 to Ex.MWI/WII. When these documents were perused, it came to light that on the strength of those documents Smt. Sajno was appointed as part time sweeper by the management. However, she was appointed, when her name was sponsored by the employment exchange, on following the procedure for recruitment to that post. She faced an interview board and on being selected she got herself medically examined. When found suitable for the job she was offered a part time appointment. As noted above Smt. Saino falls in a distinct and different category than the claimant.

24. Ex. W W2/5 was relied by the claimant to project that Smt. Maya Devi, a part time sweeper, was appointed against a group 'D' post. When this document was scanned, it came to light that in the case of Maya Devi, guidelines laid in O.M.No. 16/5/68-Estt (D) dated 5-7-68 were followed. The management considered case of Maya Devi on those standards and thereafter she was regularized against a group'D' post. It emerges over the record that Smt. Maya Devi got her name registered with the employment exchange, rendered four years service thereafter and her name was sponsored by the employment exchange. Smt. Maya Devi stood on a different and distinct footing than the claimant. Claimant could not point out as to when her name was registered with the employment exchange and when her name was sponsored by the exchange for appointment against a group 'D' post. Consequently she was not on the same pedastral on which Maya Devi stood in the matter of her regularization from part time sweeper to a group 'D' post.

25. Equality before law and equal protection of laws are fundamental rights of every person, ordains Article 14 of the Constitution. The guiding principles laid in Article 14 are that persons, who are similarly situated, shall be

treated alike both in privileges conferred and liability imposed, which means that amongst equals the law should be equal and should be equally administered and that like should be treated a like. Article 16 of the Constitution guarantees equality of opportunities for all citizens in matters relating to employment or appointment to any office under the State. What is guaranteed is the equality of opportunity. Like all other employers, government is also entitled to pick and choose from amongst a large number of candidates offering themselves for employment. But the selection process must not be arbitrary. The guarantee given by clause (a) of Article 16 of the Constitution will cover (a) initial appointments (b) promotions(c) termination of employment (d) and matters relating to salary, periodical increments, leaves, gratuity, pension, age of superannuation etc. Matters relating to employment or appointments include all mattes in relations to employment both prior and subsequent to the employment which are incidental to the employment and form part of the terms and conditions of such employment.

26. Fundamental rights guaranteed by Article 14 forbids class legislation, but does not forbid classification or differentiation which rests upon reasonable ground of discretion. Classification is the recognition of the relations, and in making it the government must be allowed a wide latitude of discretion and judgment. In a way, the consequences of such classification would undoubtedly be to differentiate persons belonging to that class from others. The classification must be founded on an intelligible differentia which distinguishes persons or things that are grouped together from others left out of the group and the differentia must have a rational relation to the object sought to be achieved. Classification may be made according to the nature of persons, nature of business, and may be based with reference to time.

Concept of equality guaranteed by Article 16 of the Constitution is something more than formal equality and enables the underprivileged groups to have a fair share by having more than equal chance and enables the state to give favoured treatment to those groups by achieving real equality with reference to social needs. 'Protection discrimination' enabled the state to adopt new strategy to bring underprivileged at par with the rest of the society, by providing all possible opportunities and incentives to them. Therefore a class may be allowed to have preferential treatment in the matter relating to employment or appointment. There cannot be rule of equality between members of separate and independent group of persons. Persons can be classified in different groups, based on terms of nature of persons, nature of business and with reference to time.

28. As detailed above claimant was not at par with Maya Devi for her regularization from partime sweeper to group 'D' post. When she was placed in a distinct and different category, she cannot claim parity with Maya Devi.

She was not discriminated by the management when her case was not considered favourably for the purpose of her regularization. As projected by the documents Ex.WW2/3 and supporting certificate, case of Smt. Santosh Devi was considered under the aforesaid office memorandum, she had not fulfilled the laid down criteria, hence her case was not considered favourably. Smt. Santosh Devi could not project a case which could place her in the same bracket where Maya Devi was placed. Therefore, she could not point out any case of discrimination, when her services were not regularized against a group 'D' post.

29. Smt. Santosh Devi projects that she served the management from 1-10-86 till 4-4-2007. Her services were terminated in an arbitrary and illegal manner by Shri Narinder Pal, Assistant Engineer. Her husband Vijender Singh raised an industrial dispute, when his services were terminated by the management. The said dispute was answered in his favour by this Tribunal vide its award dated 31-1-2007. Annoyed the said acts, her services were illegally terminated. Shri B. K. Prasad also narrates facts in the same manner. Contra to it Sawant Ram dispels assertion of Smt. Santosh Devi relating to termination of her services. However, Shri Sawant Ram does not dispute that Smt. Santosh Devi rendered services as part time sweeper with the management since 1-10-86 till 4-4-2007. Claimant had filed photo copies of documents issued by Assistant Engineer and counter signed by the Executive Engineer 'J' Division of the management. Those documents were not proved by the claimant yet no dispute was raised by the management about their authenticity and genuineness. Therefore, those documents are taken into consideration. It emerge out of these documents that in 1986 working days of Santosh Devi comes to 92, in 1987 it comes 356 days, in 1988 it comes 353 days, in 1989 it comes 348 days, in 1990 it comes 343 days, in 1991 it comes 351 days, in 1992 it comes 352 days, in 1993 it comes 344 days, in 1994 it comes 349 days, in 1995 it comes 343 days and in 1996 it comes 201 days. Therefore, it is emerging over the record that Smt. Santosh Devi rendered continuous service with the management from 1st of October, 86 till 1996. In respect of other years no such document are placed over the record.

30. "Continuous Service" has been defined, by Section 25 B of the Act. Under Sub-Section (1) of the said Section, "continuous service for a period" may comprise of two period viz. (i) uninterrupted service, and (ii) interrupted service on account of (a) sickness, (b) authorized leave, (c) an accident, (d) a strike which is not legal, (e) a lock-out, and (f) a cessation of work that is not due to any fault on the part of the workman, shall be included in the "continuous service". Sub-section (2) of the said Section introduces a fiction to the effect that even if a workman is not in "continuous service" within the meaning of clause (1) for a period of one year or six months, he shall be deemed to in continuous service for that period under an employer if he has actually worked for the days specified

in clause (a) and (b) thereof. In Vijay Kumar Majoo (1968 Lab.I.C.1180) it was held that one year's period contemplated by Sub-section (2) furnishes a unit of measure and if during that unit of measure the period of service actually rendered by the workman is 240 days, then he can be considered to have rendered one year's continuous service for the purpose of the section. The idea is that if within a unit period of one year a person had put in at least 240 days of service, then he must get the benefit conferred by the Act.

31. Smt. Santosh Devi could not show that she rendered continuous service for more than 240 days in 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994 and 1995. When she had rendered continuous service for more than 240 days in a calendar year, she becomes entitled to the protection available under Section 25 of the Act. In case management disengages her services for any reason otherwise than as a punishment inflicted by way of disciplinary action or on account of voluntary retirement, retirement on reaching the age of superannuation, termination of service as a result of non renewal of the contract of employment or on account of continued illhealth of the workman, it amounts to retrenchment. When the management opts to retrench the services of the claimant, it is incumbent upon it to abide by the provisions of Section 25-F of the Act. Admittedly services of the claimant were disengaged by the management. Claimant asserts that her services were disengaged on 4-4-2007. Shri Sawant Ram has not come out with a specific date on that issue. He could not dispel the facts unfolded by the claimant as well as those projected by Shri B. K. Prasad. Consequently it is evident that services of the claimant were disengaged on 4-4-2007. Management presents that her services were disengaged when there was no work for her. It is not the case of the management that her services were dispensed with on account of non renewal of contract of her service. Admittedly she had not reached age of superannuation, nor sought voluntary retirement nor her services were dispensed with on the ground of ill health. She has not been punished for any misconduct by way of disciplinary action. Therefore, disengagement of service of the claimant answers the definition of retrenchment as provided under Section 2(00) of the Act. Admittedly as notice or pay in lieu thereof was given to the claimant. No retrenchment compensation was paid to her. Therefore, her retrenchment is in violation of the provisions of Section 25-F of the Act.

32. When retrenchment of the services of the claimant is in violation of the provisions of Section 25 of the Act. normal rule is reinstatement of service. However there is other facet of the coin. In Uma Devi [2006(4) SCC I] the Apex Court considered the proposition as to whether the persons who got employment, without following of a regular procedure or even from the back door or on daily wages can be ordered to be made permanent in their posts, to

prevent regular recruitment to the posts concerned. Catena of decisions over the subject were considered and the court decimed the submissions of the workmen to be made permanent on the posts which were held by them in temporary or adhor capacity for a fairly long spell. The Court ruled thus:

With respect, why should the State be allowed to depart from the normal rule and indulas in temporary employment in permanent posts? This Court, in our view, is bound to insists on the State making regular and proper recruitments, and is bound not to encourage or shut its eyes to the persistent transgression of the rules of regular recruitment. The direction to make permanent—the distinction between regularization and making permanent, was not emphasized here--can only encourage the State, the modal employer, to flout its own rules and would confer undue benefits on a few at the cost of many residing to compare. With respect the directions made in leases Sinish [1992(4) SEC 118] is to some extent acconsistent with the conclusion is para 45 of the salu judgement in rein. With great respect, it appears twins that the fact of the disactions electly runs counter to the constitutional scheme of employment recognized in the earlier puried his decision. Really, is cannot be said that this decision has laid down the law that all address temporary preasunt complevees engaged without forlowing a regular recreitment procedure should be made becauseout?

33. Taking note of some of recent decisions, the Apex Court held that the State does not enjoy a power to make appointments in terms of Article 162 of the Constitution. The Court cooled its decision in Object Iyanti I at Vaghela [2006] 21 SCO 482] with approval, wherehold was rufed thus.

The appointment to any past adder the State can only be made after a proper adverasement has been made inviting applications from eligible candidates and holding of a selection by a body of experts or a specially constituted committee whose members are this and impartial through a written examination or interview or some other rational criteria for judging the inter se ment of candidates who have applied in response to the advertisement made. A regular appointment to the jost under the State or Union cannot be made without issuing advertisement in the prescribed momer which may in some cases include inviving applications from the employment exchange, where eligible candidate get their names registered. Any regular appointment made on a post under the State or Union without issuing advertisement inviting applications from eligible condidates and without holding a proper selection where all aligible candidates get a fair chance to compute would violate the guarantee enshrined under Article 16 of the Constitution"

34. In P. Chandra Shekhara Rao and Others Ci006.7. SCC 488) the Apex Court referred Uma Devi's Case (supra) with approval. It also relied the decision in a Uma Ram (2004 7 SCC 112) and ruled that no regularization is permissible in exercise of statutory powers conferred in Article 162 of the Constitution, if the appointments have been made in contravention of the statutory ardes. In Somveer Singh (2006 5 SCC 493) the Apex Court refed that appointment made without following due procedure annuet be regularized. In Indian Drugs & Pharmaceutica's Ltd. [2007 (1) SCC 408] the Apex Court reiterated the law and announced that the rules of recruitment can not be reliased and court can not direct regularisation of temperary employees dehors the rules, nor can it direct continuation of service of a temporary employee (whether called a casual ad-hoc or daily rated employee) or payment or regular salaries to them.

35. In Uma Devi (supra) it was labe that which a person enters a temporary employment or het engagement as contractual or casual worker and the engagery. The trial based on a proper selection as recognized by an inchange rules or procedure, he is aware of the composer not be the appointment being temporary, casual or nature. Such a person cannot invoke the there is the contraction of the state of expectation for being confirmed for the page of the appointment to the post could be made on the second a proper procedure or selection in any concern decision of consultation with the public service commons on Table 1999. the theory of legitimate expectation cannot be a constability advanced by temporary, contractual or casual employees. It cannot also be held that the State held out any property while engaging these persons either to continue the conditine they are or to make them permanent. The Star Contact constitutionally make such a promise. It is also of cools that the theory cannot be invoked to seek relief of being made permanent in the post. In view of those precedent neither continuance nor regularisation of services of the claimants can be ordered, since it would amount to a back door entry.

36. Services of the workman were retrenched without payment of notice pay, and retrenchment compensation. It is well settled that in a case of wrongful tetrangle neat, dismissal or discharge, the normal rule is to award reinstatement. But where a case falls in any of the exception to general rule, the industrial adjudicator has discretion to award reasonable and adequate compensation in flour of re-instatement. Section 11 A of the Act vests the industrial adjudicator with discretionary jurisdiction to give "such other relief to the workman" in lieu of discharge or dismissal as the circumstances of the case may require, where for some valid reasons it considers that reinstatement with or without conditions will not be fair or proper.

37. Services of the claimant were dispensed with in violation of the provisions of section 25-F of the Act.

Circumstances projected by the claimant do not show justification for a command to the management to reinstate her services. However, it is to be considered as to what amount of compensation can be awarded to her. No definite yardstick for measuring the quantum of wages/compensation is available. In S.S.Shetty [1957 (11) LLJ 696] the Apex Court indicated some relevant factors which an adjudicator has to take into account in computing compensation in lieu of reinstatement, in the following words:

"The industrial Tribunal would have to take into account the terms and conditions of employment, the tenure of service, the possibility of termination of the employment at the instance of either party, the possibility of retrenchment by the employer or resignation or retirement by the workman and even of the employer himself ceasing to exist or of the workman being awarded various benefits including reinstatement under the terms of future awards by industrial Tribunal in the event of industrial disputes arising between the parties in future. In computing the money value of the benefits of reinstatement, the industrial adjudicator would also have to take into account the present value of what his salary, benefits etc. would be till he attained the age of superannuation and the value of such benefits would have to be computed as from the date when such reinstatement was ordered under the terms of the award.

Having regard to the considerations detailed above, it is impossible to compute the money value of this benefit of reinstatement awarded to the appellant with mathematical exactitude and the best that any tribunal or court would do under the circumstances would be to make as correct as estimate as is possible bearing, of course in mind all the relevant factors pro and con".

38. A Divisional Bench of the Patna High Court in B.Choudhary Vs. Presiding Officer, Labour Court, Jamshedpur (1983) Lab.I.1755 (1758) deduced certain guidelines which have to be borne in mind in determining the quantum of compensation viz. (i) the back wages receivable (ii) compensation for deprivation of the job with future prospect and obtainability of alternative employment; (iii) employee's age (iv) Length of service in the establishment, (v) capacity of the employer to pay and the nature of the employer's business, (vi) gainful employment in mitigation of damages; and (viii) circumstances leading to the disengagement and the past conduct. These factors are only illustrative and not exhaustive. In addition to the amount of compensation, it is also within the jurisdiction of the Tribunal to award interest on the amount determined as compensation. Furthermore, the rate of such interest is also in the discretion of the Tribunal. Reference can be made to Tabesh Process, Shivakashi (1989 Lab.I.C.1887).

 In Assam Oil Co. Ltd. [1960] (1) Ltd. [387] the Assax Court took into account counterwalling thats that the employer had paid certain sums to the workenen and her own earning in the alternative employment and or desert that "it would be fair and just to direct the specified a substantial sum as compensation to her the total Minchinery Ltd. [1966 (I) LLJ 3981 the amount of compensation equivalent to two years lalary of the employee awarded by the Industrial Tellyngal was reduced by the Supreme Court to an amount employeds at to one yet. salary of the employee in view of the fact that the highest in service with the employer only for 5 are not and also took into consideration the unusual manner of bur appointment at the instance of the Chief May and the State. In A.K.Roy [1970 (I) LUJ 228] compensation equivalent to two years salary last drawn by the workings was held to be fair and, proper to meet the ends of justice. In Anil Kumar Chakaraborty [1962 (14) LL 2483] the Court converted the award of reinstatement into compensation of a sum of Rs.50000 as just and fair compansation in fuli satisfaction of all his claims for wrongful dismissal from service. In O.P.Bhandari [1986 (11) 1.1.1509], the Apex Court observed that it was a fit case for great of compensation in view of reinstatement. The Court awarded compensation equivalent to 3.33 years salary as reasonable in M. K. Aggarwal (1988 Lab.I.C.380), the Apex Court though confirmed the order of reinstatement yet restricted the back salary to 50% of what would otherwise be payable to the employee. In Yashveer Singh (1993 Loo.LCAA) the court directed payment of Rs.75000 in view of reinstructment with back wages. In Naval Kishor [1984 (11) LLJ 473] the Apex Court observed that in view of the special circumstances of the case adequate compensation would be in the intrest of the appellant. A sum of Rs. 2 Lac was awarded as compensation in lieu of reinstatement. In Sant Raj [1985 (11) LLJ 19] a sum of Rs 2 lac was awarded as compensation in lieu of reinstatement. In Chandu Lal (1985) Lab.I.C. 12225) a compensation of Rs. 2 lac by way of back wages in lieu of reinstatement was awarded. In Ras Bihari (1988 Lab.I.C. 107) a compensation of Rs. 65000 was granted in lieu of reinstatement, since the employee was gainfully employed elsewhere. In V.V. Rao (1991 Lab.I.C.1650) a compensation of Rs. 2.50 lac was awarded in lieu of reinstatement.

40. Considering the yardsticks referred above, and on consideration of facts brought over the record by the respective parties, it is ordered that a compensation of Rs. 20,000 would meat the ends of justice. Accordingly the management is commanded to make a payment of Rs. 20,000 to Smt. Santosh Devi, as compensation. An award is, accordingly, passed. It be sent to the appropriate Government for publication.

Dated: 23-7-2010

नई दिल्ली, 23 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ 2345.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार हिन्दुस्तान एेट्रोलियम कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनक कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय नं. 2, मुम्बई के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 45/2006) को प्रकाणित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 23-08-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-300!1/2/2005-आई आर (एम)]

कमत बाखरू, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 23rd August, 2010

S.O. 2345.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 45/2006) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, No-2, Mumbai as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Ltd. and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 23-08-2010.

[No. L-30011/2/2005-IR(M)]

KAMAL BAKHRU, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL NO.2, MUMBAI

Present: A.A. Lad, Presiding Officer

Reference No. CGIT-2/45 of 2006

Employers in relation to the management of Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Ltd.

The CMD

Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Ltd.

Petroleum House,

17. Jamshedii Tata Road.

Mumbai-400020.

AND

Their Workman

The General Secretary

All India Petroleum Workers' Union

B/203, Jinga Apartment

Currey Road

Mumbai-400013.

APPEARANCES

For the Employer

: Ms. Nandini Menon,

Advocate

For the Workman

: No appearance.

Mumbai, dated 20th July, 2010

AWARD

The Government of India, Ministry of Labour and Employment, by its order No. L-30011/2/2005/IR(M) dated 27-07-2006 in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of Section 10 of the Industrial Dispute Act, 1947 have referred the following dispute to this Tribunal for adjudication:

"Whether the action of the management of Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Ltd., Mumbai, in not appointing the dependents of 25 deceased employees (List enclosed) and permanent total disabled employees as per Clause 24 of Long term settlement dated 13-4-1983 is legal proper and justified? If not, to what relief these work nen are entitled to and from which date and what other directions are necessary in the matter?"

List of employees

- 1. Babu R. Gaikwad
- 2. A.V. Ghetla
- 3. S.S. Padwal
- 4. G.M. Baria
- 5. K.A. Gaikwad
- 6. Shiy Shankar Lal
- 7. B.D. Ufale
- 8. Shankar R. Gadekar
- 9. Bhikaji Salve
- 10. R.Y. Padwal
- 11. J.M. Suryawanshi
- 12. Balwant W. Mane
- 13. P.S. Bachav
- 14. P.G. Nikhalge
- 15. D.S. Pawar
- 16. K.J. Patil
- 17. K.D. Arote
- 18. Shankar M. Patankar
- 19. Chindu G. Langhi
- 20. J.T. Bhiare
- 21. V.G. Malgi
- 22. D.C. Mandal
- 23. P.N. Dhote
- 24. G.K. Desai
- 25. A.G. Gaikwad

- 2. After receipt of reference, notices were sent to both. On that claim statement was filed by the union at Ex-5 and written statement by first party at Ex-12. Even issues were framed at Ex-13 and matter was fixed for recording evidence.
- 3. Though opportunity was given to union to lead evidence, nobody appeared on behalf of the union to prove their case. After waiting for long time for affidavit and looking that, second party is not pursuing matter, it is disposed of for want of prosecution. Hence the order:

ORDER

Reference is disposed of for want of prosecution.

Date: 20-07-2010

A.A. LAD, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 23 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2346.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार एल पी जी बौटलिंग प्लांट हिन्दुस्तान पेट्रोलियम कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय नं. 1, नई दिल्ली के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 4/2009) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 23-08-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-30012/25/2007-आई आर (एम)]

कमल बाखरू, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 23rd August, 2010

S.O. 2346.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 4/2009) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, No. 1, New Delhi now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of LPG Bottling Plant Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Ltd. and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 23-08-2010.

[No. L-30012/25/2007-IR(M)]

KAMAL BAKHRU, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE DR. R.K. YADAV, PRESIDING OFFICER, CENTRAL GOVERMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL NO.1, KARKARDOOMA COURT COMPLEX, DELHI

I.D. No. 4/2009

Shri Raj Guru S/o Shri Chhatar Singh, R/o No. 391/27, Near Batli Factory, Vishamber Nagar, Rohtak Road, Jind

...Workman

Versus

The Plant Manager, LPG Bottling Plant, HPCL, Rohtak Road, Jind

...Management

AWARD

Claimant was engaged by a contractor to carry out maintenance of computers at L.P.G. Bottling Plant, Jind Haryana. He did maintenance job in the said bottling plant, on behalf of the contractor for about a year. When his services were disengaged by the contractor, he raised a demand with the Plant Manager, L.P.G. Bottling Plant, Jind, for reinstatement of his job. Legal notices were also sent on behalf of the claimant. Since no response was received, the claimant raised a dispute before the Conciliation Officer. When conciliation proceedings failed, the appropriate Government referred the dispute to this Tribunal for adjudication, vide order No.L-30012/25/2007-IR(M), New Delhi, dated 18-12-2007, with following terms:

"Whether the demand of Shri Raj Guru S/o Shri Chhatar Singh, ex-Computer Operator for reinstatement in service of HPCL, Bottling Plant, Jind w.e.f. 5-8-2005 is just, fair and legal? If not, to what relief the workman is entitled to and from whom?"

2. Claim statement was filed by Shri Raj Guru pleading therein that he was appointed as computer operator on 17-8-04 at daily wages of Rs. 120, to work at L.P.G. Bottling Plant, Jind, Haryana, after conducting an interview. He was performing his duties to entire satisfaction of his superiors and never gave a chance of complaint to them. His appointment was done by Shri G.K.Singh, Manager. On 24-7-2005 he went to village Uchana, District Jind, Haryana, to pay a visit to his aunt, where he fell ill. He informed his senior on telephone, who allowed half day leave to him. He visited his office in second half of the day and worked there. However, his condition deteriorated and on 30th of July, 2005, he was advised by medical officer to take proper treatment. On 4th of August, 2005, he moved an application for leave, which was declined. He was hospitalised for treatment and became able to visit his work place only on 20-10-05, for resumption of his duties. He was not allowed to enter the Plant and told that his service has been terminated. He again visited the unit but was threatened of dire consequences. His termination amounts to retrenchment within the meaning of Section 2(00) of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947(in short the Act). Provisions of section 25-F of the Act were also violated. He gave legal notice on 25-10-05 and thereafter on 6-12-05, which were not responded by the management. His wages for the period from 4-8-05 to 20-10-05 were also not paid. He claims reinstatement in service with continuity and full back wages.

- 3. Claimant statement was resisted pleading that the claimant was never employed by the management. There was no relationship of employer and employee between the parties. The claimant had not submitted any document such as appointment letter, employee number, identity card and salary slip etc. to establish that he was ever appointed by the management. It has been denied that he was appointed as a Computer Operator on 17-8-04. The management projects that claimant was engaged by the contractor, namely, M/s R.K.Brothers to carry out maintenance work, awarded to him by the management. The claimant visited premises of the management to carry out maintenance work on behalf of the contractor. For appointment to a post, the management has to advertise vacancy in a newspaper as well as at its website, inviting applications from general public. After short-listing applications, a written test is to be conducted which is followed by an interview. Successful candidate is given an appointment letter, who may join services after his medical check up. Claim put forward by the claimant that he was appointed by G.K.Singh, Manager, is false, since Shri Singh had no authority to appoint anyone without following recruitment rules. It has been denied that there was an opportunity for the claimant to move leave applications, as unfolded by him in his claim statement. There was no question of disbursing salary to the claimant. His claim that he was not allowed to resume his duties after his treatment, has no substance. It has been pleaded that the claim, put forward by the claimant, is liable to be dismissed
- 4. On pleadings of the parties, following issues were settled.
 - 1. Whether there was relationship of employer and employee between the workman and the management?
 - 2. As in terms of reference
 - 3. Relief.
- 5. Claimant has tendered his affidavit Ex.WWI/A as evidence, besides documents Ex.WWI/I to Ex.WWI/6 in support of his claim. He was cross examined at length on behalf of the management. Balbir Singh (WW2) was also examined on behalf of the claimant. Shri Pradeep Tanwer, Plant Manager, tendered his affidavit Ex.MWI/A as evidence on behalf of the management. He was cross examined at length on behalf of the claimant. No other witness was examined by either of the parties.
- 6. Arguments were heard at the bar. Shri Atul Kumar Sharma, assisted by Vineet Sharma, authorised representative, advanced arguments on behalf of the claimant Shri Rajesh Kumar assisted by Shri L.M.S.Bisht advanced arguments on behalf of the management. I have given my careful considerations to the arguments advanced

at the bar and cautiously perused the record. My findings on issues involved in the controversy are as follows:

Issue No. 1

- 7. Raj Guru swears in his affidavit that he was appointed as Computer Operator by Shri G.K.Singh, the then Manager of the Plant on 17-08-04 after conducting an interview. His wages were Rs.120 per day. Gate pass was issued in his favour, photo copy of which is Ex.WW1/1. He performed his duties to entire satisfaction of his superiors and never gave a chance of compliant to them. On 24-7-05 he went to village Uchana, District Jind, Haryana, where he fell ill. He took treatment from dispensary, copy of prescription slip is Ex.WW1/2. He was advised to take proper treatment on 30-7-05. Hence he moved an application for leave on 4-8-05, which application was declined. Since his condition deteriorated, he was hospitalized for treatment. He visited the Plant on 20-10-05 for joining his duties. He was not allowed to join his duties, saying that his services have been terminated. He sent legal notice on 25-10-05 which is Ex. WW1/3. Postal receipt is Ex. WW1/4 and A.D. Card is Ex.WW1/5. Reply Ex.WW1/6 was submitted by the management before the Conciliation Officer. During the course of his cross examination, he concedes that Ex.WW1/l is photo copy of an application for issuance of a gate pass. He presents that Ex.WW1/1 bears signatures of Shri Behra, Security Manager. He admits that he had not applied for service with the management, on an advertisement of vacancy in a newspaper. He asserts that he was kept on job, since he came to know about the vacancy through some source. He admits that wages were not paid to him by the management through cheques. He further admit that regular employees of the management were issued identity card. He presents that an identity card was issued to him, which was kept at the gate when he was not allowed to enter the premises of the management.
- 8. Shri Balbir Singh (WW2) presents that the claimant was known to him since he was performing his duties at LPG Bottling Plant, Jind, Haryana from August, 2004 till August, 2005. On consideration of authority letter Ex.WW1/1, he permitted entry of the claimant inside the plant. He used to maintain a register for employees of the contractor, wherein their time of arrival and departure were recorded. He admits that he used to make entry in that register in respect of arrival and departure of the claimant. Claimant never entered the bottling plant, by way of punching his cards. Regular employees were given punching cards by the management. Employees of the contractor were never given any punching card. He admits that the claimant used to visit the bottling plant, to perform work on behalf of the contractor.
- 9. Pardeep Tanwar unfolds in affidavit Ex.MW1.A that there was no relationship of employer and employee between the claimant and the management. No post of Computer Operator exists in the establishment. He dispels

the proposition that the claimant was appointed by Shri G.K.Singh, after conducting an interview. He presents that no record relating to employment of Raj Guru is there in L.P.G. Bottling Plant, Jind. He confirms facts testified by Balbir Singh, to the effect that an outsider can enter the plant, after recording his entry in visitors' register kept at the gate. According to him application Ex.WWI/1 does not relate to L.P.G. Bottling Plant, Jind.

10. When facts unfolded by the claimant, Shri Balbir Singh and Shri Tanwar are appreciated, it came to light that except Ex. WW1/1 claimant had not produced any document show that he was appointed by the management as Computer Operator. When Ex. WW1/1 is closely perused, it came to light that this application was moved by the cliamant for seeking entry inside the said bottling plant in respect of work. His entry was permitted by an officer of the management and thereafter Shri Balbir Singh, the Security Supervisor, permitted the claimant to make an entry in the bottling plant after recording particulars in that regard in visitors' register. Shri Balbir Singh deposed in bold words that the claimant had not shown his appointment letter to him. He asserts that no identity card was ever issued in favour of the claimant by the management. Employee number was also not allotted to the claimant. No punching card was issued to the claimant, like regular employees of the management. Claimant was allowed entry inside the bottling plant, after recording his particulars in the visitors' register, highlights Shri Balbir Singh. He announced that the claimant used to visit the bottling plant to perform work on behalf of the contractor. Shri Balbir Singh is the witness, who was brought in the witness box by the claimant. Facts unfolded by Shri Balbir Singh project that the claimant was an employee of the contractor, who used to perform work in the bottling plant on his (contractor) behalf.

11. The relationship of employer and employee is constituted by a contract, express or implied between employer and employee. A contract of service is one in which a person undertakes to serve another and to obey his reasonable orders within the scope of the duty undertaken. A contract of employment may be inferred from the conduct which goes to show that such a contract was intended although never expressed and when there has, in fact, been employment of the kind usually performed by the employees. Any such inference, however, is open to rebuttal as by showing that the relation between the parties concerned was on a charitable footing or the parties were relations or partners or were directors of a limited company which employed no staff. While the employee, at the time, when his services were engaged, need not have known the identity of his employer, there must have been some act or contract by which the parties recognized one another as master or servant.

- 12. A distinction is always drawn between "contract for service" and "contract of service". In one case the master can order or require what is to be done, while in the other case he cannot only order or require what is to be done, but how itself it shall be done. The distinction is under a contract of service, a man is employed as a part of the business and work is done as an integral part of the business, while under contract for service, his work, although done for the business, is not integrated into it, but is only assessory to it. But the test of being a servant does not rest now a days on submissions to orders. It depends on whether person is part and parcel of the organization.
- 13. Mere existence of a contract of service would not confer a relationship of employer and employee until the employer is in a position to control the work of the employee. A master is one who not only prescribes to the workman the end of his work, but directs or at any moment may direct the means also, or, as it has been put, "retains the power of controlling the work", a servant is a person subject to the command of his master as to the manner in which he shall do his work. An independent contractor is one who undertakes to produce a given result but so that in actual execution of the work he is not under the order or control of the person for whom he does it, and may use his own discretion in things not specified before hand.

14. In Shivnandan Sharma [1955(1) LLJ 688], the Apex Court for the first time laid down the crucial test of supervision and control for determining the relationship of employer and employee. In Dharangadhara Chemical Works Limited [1957 (1) LLJ 477], the Apex Court ruled that test of "supervision and control may be taken as the prima facie test for determining the relationship of employment". It was further laid that existence of the right in the master to supervise and control the work to be done by the servant, not only matter of directing that work the servant is to do but also the manner in which he shall do his work is the prima facie test for determining the existence of master and servant relationship. It was suggested that correct method of approach, would be to consider whether having regard to the nature of work there was due control and supervision by the employer. The greater amount of direct control exercised over the person rendering the services by the person contracting for them, the stronger the ground for holding it to be a contract of service. The control and supervision test was reaffirmed by the Apex Court in Chintaman Rao [1958(1) LLJ 252], wherein it was ruled that "worker" was a person employed by the management and there must be contract of service and a relationship of master and servant between them. In Shankar Balaji Waje [1962 (1) LLJ 119], the Apex Court clarified that "control of the management, which is a necessary element of the relationship of master and servant is not directed towards providing or dictating the nature of the article to be produced or the work to be done, but refers to the other

incidents having a bearing on the process of work the person carries out in the execution of the work. The manner of work is to be distinguished from the type of work to be performed. In V. P. Gopala Rao [1970(11) LLJ 59], the Apex Court said that it is the question of fact in each case whether the relationship of master and servant exists between the management and the workman and there is no abstract a priori test of the work control required for establishing the contract of service. It was laid therein that for holding that the persons employed in the factory were workers within the meaning of sub section (1) of section (2) of the Factories Act, it is to be considered that the fact that the workman had to work in the factory implied certain amount of supervision by the management and the nature and extent of control varied in different industries and that when the operation was of a simple nature, the control could be exercised at the end of the day of the method of rejecting the bid is which did not come up to the proper standard. It is, therefore, not surprising that in recent years, the control test, as traditionally formulated, has not been treated as an exclusive test. In Silver Jublee Tailoring House [1973 (11) LLJ 495] the Apex Court ordained that "it is in its application to skilled and particularly professional work that control test in its traditional form has really broken down. It has been said that in interpreting that "control" as meaning the power to direct how the servant should do the work, the court has been applying the concept suited to a past age".

15. During the last three decades emphasis in the field has shifted and no longer rests so strongly upon the question of control. Control is obviously an important factor and in many cases it may still be a decessive factor, but it would be wrong to say that in every case it is a decessive factor. In Shining Tailors [1983(11)LLJ 143], the Apex Court held that the piece rated workers working for a big tailoring establishment were workmen for the establishment. It was observed therein that the "right of removal of the workman or not to give work is an element of control and supervision" which was amply satisfied to announce that those piece rated workers were the workmen for the establishment. The Court concluded that the proposition that "piece rate" itself indicates relationship of independent contract, is not correct. A servant who has full liberty to attend to his work according to his pleasure and not according to orders of his master, is an independent contractor. A goldsmith engaged to finish jewels within a given time and when it was open to such goldsmith to finish jewels within the given time or earlier and engage themselves or others of their own were held to be independent contractors, in K.Keswa Reddiar [1957 (1) LLJ 645]. In the like manner a goldsmith who undertook the manufacture of ornaments like other goldsmith which he was asked to manufacture and was entitled to receive remuneration which would depend upon the nature of the work done, was held to be not under the order or control of the proprietor of the

concern for whom he was doing the work, in Achuta Achar [1968(1) LLJ 500]. An agreement for selling milk on commission was held to be a contract for service and not a contract of service, in Abad Dairy Doodh Vitran Kendra Sanchalak Mandal, Ahmedabad (1989 Lab.l.C.1770). The Tiny Deposit Agents employed in deposit mobilization activity of the bank have been held to be falling within the definition of the workman and not an independent contractor in the precedent in the Management of Indian Bank [1990 (1) LLJ 50].

16. Except Ex. WW I/I no document is put forward by the claimant to show that he was engaged by the management. Ex.WW1/1 nowhere empowers the claimant to say that he was engaged by the management. It simply highlights that entry of the claimant was permitted inside the said plant. Why his entry was permitted inside the plant, those facts have been explained by Balbir Singh. He presents that the claimant used to perform work in the plant on behalf of the contractor. All attributes of an employee of a contractor has been attached by Baibir Singh to the claimant, when he projects that neither an appointment letter nor an identity card nor a punching card was issued to him. He gives confirmation to the theory of an employee of a contractor, deposing that the claimant used to make his entry in the visitors' register, kept for visitors only. Therefore, facts unfolded by Balbir Singh restricts the case of the claimant to the effect that he was an employee of a contractor. He was never engaged by the management. The claimant has not been able to show his engagement by the management at any point of item. His assertion that he was engaged by Shri G.K.Singh, Manager, has been cut to size by facts unfolded by Shri Batbir Singh. Story put forward by the claimant stood melt away, when Balbir Singh narrated facts. Claimant could not question creditability of Balbir Singh, since he was made to enter in the witness box by the former. No eye brows were raised on Balbir Singh when he narrated facts in the, matter. Therefore, assertions made by the claimant are found to be farther from the truth. Facts presented by Balbir Singh gives reaffirmation to story projected by Pardeep Tanwar. Taking into consideration all these facts I am constrained to conclude that the claimant has failed to establish that he was ever engaged by the management and relationship of employer and employee were created. No case has been established to the effect that the claimant ever worked under the control and supervision of the management. He could not establish that the management ever exercised control and supervision of his work. Considering the clinching evidence, the issue is, therefore, answered in favour of the management and against the claimant.

Issue No.2.

17. Since the claimant was an employee of a contractor, it does not lie in his mouth to raise a demand on the management for reinstatement of his services. Demand

made by the claimant is neither just nor fair, not to talk of its legality. Absence of privity of contract between the claimant and the management denounces merits of his claim. His demand is, therefore, held to be unjust, unfair and illegal. The issue is, therefore, answered in favour of the management and against the claimant. Relief.

18. In view of my decision on issue No.1 and 2, the claimant is not entitled to any relief. His claim for reinstatement in service with continuity and full back wages is brushedaside. An award is, accordingly, passed. It be sent to the appropriate Government for publication.

Dated: 22-7-2010

Dr. R.K. YADAV, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 24 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2347.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार बैलाडीला आयरन ओर प्रोजेक्ट डिपोजिट सं. 5. के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय जबलपुर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 89/87) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 24-08-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[संख्या एल-26012/44/85/डी-III(बी)]

कमल बाखरु, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 24th August, 2010

S.O. 2347.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 89/87) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Jabalpur now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of Bailadila Iron Ore Project Deposit No. 5 and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 24-08-2010.

[No. L-26012/44/85/D-III (B)]

KAMAL BAKHRU, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL CUM LABOUR COURT, JABALPUR

No. CGIT/LC/R/89/87

Presiding Officer: Shri Mohd. Shakir Hasan

The General Secretary
Bailadila Iron Ore Project (CITU),
Hill- Top, PO Bacheli,
Distt. Bastar (MP)
Workman/Union

Versus

The General Manager Bailadila Iron Ore Project, Deposit No. 5, PO Bacheli, Distt. Bastar (MP)

Management

AWARD

Passed on this 23rd day of July-2010

1. The Government of India, Minstry of Labour vide its Notification No.L-26012/44/85-D.III (B) dated 19-6-1987 has referred the following dispute for adjudication by this tribunal:—

"Whether the action of the General Manager, Bailadila Iron Ore Project Deposit No.5 at Bacheli in reverting Shri Laxman Prasad from Mechanic Grade III to Maintenance Assistant as a measure of penalty for alleged misconduct under Certified Standing orders is fair and justified? If not, to what relief the workman is entitled?"

2. The case of the Union/workman in short is that the workman Shri Laxman Prasad was appointed as Khalasi on 2-11-72. He was promoted upto the post of Mechanic Grade III, w.e.f. 3-4-81. He was executive member of Bailadila Mazdoor Union (CITU) and had actively raised the demands of the workers causing annoyance to the management. He was served with chargesheet dated 8-2-83 alleging therein about commission of misconduct under the Standing Orders. It is stated that the agitation was originated from the circular of the management whereby the workers of Service Centre were directed to report on normal duty on 26-1-1983 (Republic Day) which was National Holiday and it was Wednesday as such it was weekly rest day as well. As a result the workers did not report on duty on 26-1-83 and they were marked absent. Peaceful agitation started by them w.e.f. 27-1-83. A verbal agreement was reached between the management and the employees of Service Centre and the workers with drew the agitation w.e.f. 2-2-83 but on 3-2-83, the management suspended many workers including this workman. Thereafter the charge sheet was served and the worker gave reply but the management was not satisfied with the reply of the workman and a departmental proceeding was initiated by appointing of the Enquiry Officer. The Enquiry Officer conducted the proceeding violating the principle of natural justice. During the course of enquiry, the workman was served with another chargesheet on 17-4-83 with prejudice mind. The workman denied the charges. He was not given proper opportunity to defend himself. After enquiry the Enquiry Officers submitted enquiry reports in both the proceedings. The Disciplinary Authority show caused the workman. The workman replied the same but the Disciplinary Authority with perverse finding passed the order dated 25-9-84 of punishment whereby he was reverted to the post of Maintenance Assistant. On these ground, it is submitted that the order of punishment be set aside with all arrears of wages.

- 3. The management appeared and filed Written Statement. The case of the management, interalia is that the workman Shri Laxman Prasad, Mechanic III was served with two charge sheets on 8-2-83 and 17-4-83 for his misconduct. The workman denied the charges. Two different departmental proceedings were initiated against him by appointing Enquiry Officers who conducted the enquiries. The opportunities were given to him by the Enquiry Officers to defend himself. The workman took the assistance of co-workers in both the proceedings. The witnesses were examined in both proceedings in presence of the workman and his co-workers cross-examined these witnesses which were held separately. After conclusion of the enquiries, the enquiry Officers submitted enquiry reports separately in both proceedings holding therein that the charges stand proved. The copy of the enquiry reports were supplied to the workman and show cause was asked from him. After considering the entire facts and circumstances of both the proceedings and after examining the evidence adduced in the proceedings, the Disciplinary authority passed the order of punishment on 25-9-84 reverting the workman Shri Caxman Presad from the post of Mechanic III to the post of Maintenance Assistant. It is stated that the punishment awarded to Shri Laxman Prasad is the minimum appropriate punishment to the serious charges duly proved against him. It is submitted that the management is fully justified and the claim of the workman be rejected.
- 4. On the pleadings of both the parties, the following issues are framed
 - i: Whether the domestic/departmental enquiry is proper and legal?
 - ii. Whether the punishment awarded is proper and legal?
 - iii. Whether the management is entitled to lead evidence before this Tribunal?
 - iv. Whether the termination/action taken against the workman is justified on the facts of the case?
 - v. Relief and costs?

5. Issue No. 1 & 3

Prefininary issue is earlier taken up as to whether the Departmental enquiry is, proper and legal. It is already held by the then Tribunal on 9-3-99 that the procedure adopted in the DE is valid, proper and legal. Thereafter none of the parties adduced any evidence in the Tribunal and have relied all the documents of the DE papers which are admitted

vide order dated 14-12-89. Thus there is no fresh evidenc adduced in the Tribunal. Thus both the issue are accordingly answered.

6. Issue No.2 & 4

As discussed above, no fresh evidence is adduced by either of the parties in the Tribunal. Both have relied o the DE papers. Two proceedings were conducted and th two files are marked as Article "A" and Article "B". Nov the points are to be seen as to whether the findings of th Enquiry Officers are perverse and the punishment i proportionate or not. Section 11-A of the Industrial Disput Act, 1947 provides discretion to the Tribunal that wher the management held the workman guilty of th misconduct, the Tribunal can in view of the aforesai section differ from the finding in a proper case and hol that no misconduct is proved. The Apex Court in Ush Breco Mazdoor Sangh versus Management of Usha Brec Limited and another reported in (2008) 5 S.C.C.55 interpretated the application of Section 11 A of the LD.Ac 1947 in the light of Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co. of Indi (P) Ltd. case, (1973) 1 SCC 813. It is laid down that in the event of fresh evidence adduced before the labour cour by management, the Labour Court will have jurisdiction t appreciate the evidence. But in a case where meterial brought on record by enquiry officer fall for re-appreciatio by the Labour Court, it should be slow to interfere therewith Thus it is clear that where no new and fresh evidence i brought on the record and only on the materials availabl before the Enquiry Officer is before the Tribunal, th Tribunal should only in proper cases where the finding i perverse, interfere with the punishment.

7. Now it is to be examined that the materials available on the record is sufficient to take any different findings. On perusal of the DE papers and the pleadings of the parties it is admitted that the workman was on strike. The witnesse have supported the case of the management. They have supported that the workman alongwith others obstructed the work and abused the management and other persons. It looks probable that when they were on strike, such act was committed by them which was supported by the witnesses. In another proceeding, the witnesses have supported the case of the management. I find that the finding of the Enquiry Officers are not perverse. I find that the punishment is just and proportionate. There is no reaso to interfere with the order of punishment. These issues ar decided in favour of the management.

8. Issue No. 5

On the basis of the discussion made above, I finthat the workman is not entitled to any relief. Accordingly the reference is answered.

9. In the result, the award is passed without any order to costs.

10. Let the copies of the award be sent to the Government of India, Ministry of Labour & Employment as per rules.

MOHD. SHAKIR HASAN, Presiding Officer नई दिल्ली, 24 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2348.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनयम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार एसोसियंटेड टोन इन्डस्ट्रीज कोटा लिमिटेड के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय जयपुर के पंचाट संदर्भ संख्या 123/2005) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार हो 24-8-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[संख्या एल-29012/32/2004-आई आर(एम)]

कमल बाखर, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 24th August, 2010

S.O. 2348.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the idustrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central overnment hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 123/105) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal/Labour ourt, Jaipur as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial ispute between the employers in relation to the anagement of M/s. Associated Stone Industries (Kota) d. and their workman, which was received by the Central overnment on 24-8-2010.

[No. L-29012/32/2004-IR (M)] KAMAL BAKHRU, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, JAIPUR

esent: N.K. Purohit, Presiding Officer

). 123/05

ference No. L-29012/32/2004-IR(M) dated: 18-10-2005

Shri Shaukat Ali S/o Mehmood Ali, Q.No. 8, Udyala Colony, Vill & Post Udayala, Tehsil Ramganj, Kota (Raj.) (died during proceeding & L. R. impleaded)

The General Secretary, Patthar Khan Kamgar Union (HMS), Bengali Colony, Chhawani, Kota (Raj.)

V/s

. Associated Stone Industries (Kota) Ltd. nganjmandi, Kota (Raj.)

AWARD

29-07-2010

1. The Central Government in exercise of the powers conferred under clause (d) of sub-section 1& 2(A) of Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act 1947 has referred the following Industrial dispute to this tribunal for adjudication which is as under:—

"Whether the industrial dispute raised by Paithar Khan Kamgar Union, Kota against the management of Associated Stone Industries. Kota over termination of services of Sh. Shaukat Ali S/o Sh. Mehmood. Ali w.e.f. 23-4-2003 justified? If so, to what relief the concerned workman is entitled?"

- 2. Pursuant to the reference registered notices were issued to both the parties. The claim statement of the workman was filed on 13-12-2005. The non-applicant filed its reply on 10-4-2006 and rejoinder was filed on 29-5-2006.
- 3. On 21-5-2010 an application was moved on behalf of the legal representatives of the workman Shaukat Ali, stating therein that the workman has died. Therefore, they may be impleaded as party in the reference proceeding. Shri Darshan Singh, Advocate, filed his authority letter on behalf of the legal representatives of the deceased workman.
- 4. Subsequently on next date i.e. 2-7-2010 the legal representatives of the workman were impleaded as party in the case and on the same date they also moved an application stating therein that the dispute between the parties has been settled on the basis of the compromise between the parties and they have received the cheque of the amount payable to the deceased workman. The learned representative on behalf of the both sides have submitted that matter in dispute has been resolved between the parties and both the sides do not want to lead any evidence and requested that the matter may be disposed off on the basis of settlement between the parties.
- 5. In present matter the reference under adjudication is whether the action of the management of the opposite party in terminating the services of the workman Shaukat Ali was justified?
- 6. The statement of claim was filed by the workman but he died during the pendency of the reference and his legal representatives have been impleaded as party in the present dispute.
- 7. Since, the matter in dispute has been settled between the parties and admittedly the legal representatives of the deceased workman have received the amount payable to the workman and both the parties have requested to dispose of the case on the basis of the settlement between the parties and they have not adduced any evidence in support of their respective case, it appears that no dispute

exist between the parties and grievances of the workman stand redressed. Moreover, there is no material on record for adjudicating the reference on merit.

- 8. Resultantly, no relief is required to be given to the legal representatives of deceased workman and "No Claim Award" is passed in this matter. The reference under adjudication is answered accordingly.
 - 9. Award as above.

N.K. PUROHIT, Presiding Officer नई दिल्ली, 24 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2349—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार मैसर्स मसूद अहमद आत्मज श्री हाजी सुल्तान अख्तर के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय, कोटा के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 10/2001) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 24-08-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[संख्या एल-29012/25/2001/आई आर(एम)]

कमल बाखर, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 24th August, 2010

S.O. 2349.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 10/2001) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Jabalpur as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of M/s Masood Ahmed S/o Hajee Sultan Akhtar and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 24-08-2010.

[No. L-29012/25/2001/IR (M)] KAMAL BAKHRU, Desk Officer अनुबन्ध

•••प्रार्थी श्रमिक

न्यायाधीश, औद्यौगिक न्यायाधिकरण/केन्द्रीय/कोटा/राज.

पीठासीन अधिकारी- अनुसंधा शर्मा, आर.एम.चे.एस

निर्देश प्रकरण क्रमांक : ओ. न्या./केन्द्रीय/10/01

दिनांक स्थापित 6-6-01

प्रसंग: भारत सरकार, श्रम मंत्रालय, नई दिल्ली के आदेश संख्या एल 29012/25/2001/आईआर(एम) दिनांक 14-5-01

> निदेश विवाद अन्तर्गत धारा 10(1)(घ) औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947

> > मध्य

रमेशचन्द पुत्र श्री भैरुलाल द्वारा राष्ट्रीय मजदूर संघ जनरल सेक्रेट्री रामगंजमण्डी जिला कोटा । एवं

मैं मसूद अहमद पुत्र श्री हाजी सुल्तान अख्तर, रामगंजमण्डी जिला कोटा ।अप्रार्थी नियोजक

उपस्थित

प्राथी श्रमिक की ओर से प्रतिनिधि:- कोई उप. नहीं अप्राथी नियोजक की ओर से प्रतिनिधि:- श्री आर.एस. शर्मा

अधिनियम दिनांक : 29-7-10

अधिनिर्णय

भारत सरकार, श्रम मंत्रालय, नई दिल्ली के प्रासंगिक आदेश दिनांक 14-5-01 के जरिये निम्न निर्देश/विवाद, औद्यौगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 जिसे तदुपरान्त "अधिनियम" से सम्बोधित किया जायेगा की धारा 10(1)(घ) के अन्तर्भ इस न्याणधिकरण को अधिनिर्णय समप्रेषित किया गया है:--

"Whether the action of the management in terminating the service of Sh. Ramesh Chand S/o Sh. Bheru Lal on 1-8-2000 from the post of Munshi by the management of M/s. Massod Ahmed legal and justified? If not, what relief Sh. Ramesh Chand is entitled and from which date?"

- 2. निर्देश/विवाद, न्यायाधिकरण में प्राप्त होने पर पंजीबद्ध उपरान्त पक्षकारों की सूचना विधिवत रूप में जारी की गयी जिस पर दोनों पक्षों की ओर से अपने-अपने अभ्यावेदन प्रस्तुत किये गये।
- 3. दौरान विचारण पत्रावली दि. 27-7-10 को वास्ते जिरह प्रार्थी नियुक्त थी किन्तु उस दिन ना तो स्वयं प्रार्थी अथवा उसका कोई अधिकृत प्रतिनिधि न्यायाधिकरण में उपस्थित हुआ एवं ना हो किसी प्रकार की कोई साक्ष्य प्रस्तुत हुई। पत्रावली में प्राथी श्रमिक पिछली कई पेशियों पर भी कई बार उपस्थित नहीं हुआ। इन समस्त तथ्यों को दृष्टिगत रखते हुए और समय दिया जाना उचित नहीं समझते हुए प्रार्थी की साक्ष्य बंदी का आदेश पारित किया गया और उसके द्वारा पूर्व में प्रस्तुत शपथ-पत्र उक्त कारण से साक्ष्य में ग्राह्य योग्य नहीं रहा। अप्रार्थी पक्ष की ओर से भी उक्त तिथि को भी कोई साक्ष्य प्रस्तुत नहीं किये जाने का कथन करते हुए अपनी साक्ष्य समाप्त की गयी।

बहस पक्षकारों की सुनी गयी, पत्रावली का अवलोकन किया गया। अवलोकनोपरान्त यह स्पष्ट प्रकट होता है कि प्रार्थी श्रमिक की ओर से अपने द्वारा प्रस्तुत क्लेम स्टेटमेन्ट को किसी भी तरह की साक्ष्य से साबित नहीं किया गया है, अर्थात् वो अपने मामले को साबित करने में पूर्णतया असफल रहा है। अत: प्रार्थी श्रमिक अधिनियमान्तर्गत कोई संरक्षण प्राप्त नहीं होने से किसी प्रकार का कोई अनुतोष अप्रार्थी नियोजक से प्राप्त करने का अधिकारी नहीं है और सम्प्रेषित निर्देश/विवाद को इसी प्रकार से अधिनिर्णित कर उत्सरित किया जाता है।

अनुराधा शर्मा, न्यायाधीश

नई दिल्ली, 25 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2350.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार नेहरू युवा केन्द्र संगठन के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण नं. 1, नई दिल्ली के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 9/2007) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 25-8-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-42012/66/2006-आईआर (डीयू)]

जोहन तोपनो, अवर संचिव

New Delhi, the 25th August, 2010

S.O. 2350.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 9/2007) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal/Labour Court, No.-1, New Delhi now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employees in relation to the management of Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan and their workmen, which was received by the Central Government on 25-8-2010.

[No. L-42012/66/2006-IR(DU)] JOHAN TOPNO, Under Secy.

ANNEXURE

BEFORE DR.R.K. YADAV, PRESIDING OFFICER, CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-NO.1, KARKARDOOMA COURTS COMPLEX, DELHI

ID.NO.9/2007

Shri Chander Dutt R/o House No.156, IVth Floor, Savitri Nagar, New Delhi - 110017.

...Workman

Versus

The Executive Director,
Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan,
Department of Youth Affair and Sports,
Min. of Human Resources,
East Plaza, I.G. Indore Stadium,
New Delhi - 110001.

...Management

AWARD

National Re-construction Corps, (known as N.R.Scheme) for Youth was launched during the year 1999 all over the Country, but actual functioning of the scheme started in May and June, 2001. The scheme provided an opportunity to the youth to participate in the process of nation buildings. Working for and with the community, understanding problems of real life and utilizing skills and

knowledge, in solving those problems was to enrich their experience and prepare them for challenges in later life. The scheme was designed to achieve twin objectives of man making and nation building. The work of the scheme was to be area and locality specific. During pilot stage the scheme was implemented as a central sector scheme having Steering Committee and the Executive Committee at National level, Advisory Committee at State level and Advisory Committee and Executive Committee at the District Level. Department of Youth Arfairs and Sports, Government of India was responsible for over all implementation of the scheme, while Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan, (hereinafter referred to as the management), an autonomous organization under admistrative control of department of Youth Affairs and Sports, was to work as iniplementing agency. District Youth Coordinator was to establish linkages with agencies like National Service Scheme, District Rural Development Agency, District Urban Development Agency and the various non-governmental organisation, working in the related areas. He was to identify projects suitable for implementation and work out modalities of implementation and all other requisite details in consultation with the beneficiary departments, finalize the bukdget, and ensure availability of funds and deployment of volunteers.

- 2. A Project Officer was to assist District Youth Coordinator in implementation of the scheme. Project Officer was to be deployed by the management for each district where the scheme was to be implemented on a lump sum honorarium of Rs 4000 PM on contract basis for one year extendable for one more year. He was to be paid a maxima of Rs. 1000 PM as travel allowance. His appointment was to terminate automatically on expiry of contract period. Volunteers were to be deployed by the management on specific projects relating to community and national development. Volunteers were to be recruited for one year only, maintaining transparency in the method of their recruitment.
- 3. The scheme, being a central sector scheme, was to be funded by the Central Government. An amount of Rs.6500 PM per selected district, was to be provided by the management for establishment expenses. Volunteers were to be given honorarium of Rs.1000 PM, inclusive of travel expenses. Two weeks training and orientation programme was to be organized for the volunteers, to enable them to acquire a deep understanding of the objectives and issues involved in national development and to impart specific managerial and technical skills. Therefore, it were the youth coordinators, project officers and volunteers, who were to be deployed on projects sponsored by the beneficiary departments at Central and the State level.
- 4. The scheme was sanctioned for 80 districts during the year 2001-2002, but was operationalised in 76 districts,

except four districts of West Bengal. It was extended to another 40 districts during the year 2002-2003. The scheme was on pilot phase upto 31st of March, 2003. In order to implement the scheme effectively, following committees were functioning to advise and guide the field functionaries:

- 1. National Steering Committee headed by the Hon'ble Union Minister of Youth Affairs and Sports, Government of India.
- 2. National Executive Committee headed by the Secretary, Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports, Government of India.
- 3. Board of Governors of the management headed by Hon'ble Union Minister for Youth Affairs and Sports, Government of India.
- 4. State level Advisory Committee headed by Hon'ble Minister for Youth. Affairs and Sports of the concerned State Government.
- 5. District level Advisory Committee headed by Chairman, Zila Parishad of the concerned district.
- 6. District level Executive Committee headed by DM/DC of the concerned district.
- 5. During November/December, 2001 and January, 2002 internal evaluation was carried to have feed back of strength and weekness on implementation of the scheme. Workshops were organized in September/October, 2002 at different places. A meeting was conducted at the Head Quarters of the management in October, 2002 for selected officers, who were having knowledge of management information system. One day workshop was organized at six places for the project officers, selected volunteer youth coordinators and original coordinators. A survey proforma was developed for collecting required information through personal contract programme. Outcome of evaluation was submitted to the Ministry and decision on continuation of the scheme pends consideration.
- 6. To run establishments at district level, group 'D' employees were engaged. Shri Chander Dutt was engaged on 18th of May, 2001 as a daily wager. His engagement was approved vide order dated 6-6-2001. He was paid minimum wages as per actual days of his work. His engagement was extended from time to time. His services were disengaged on 30-4-2004. He raised a demand for reinstatement in service. When his request for reinstatement was not conceded to, he filed a writ petition before High Court of Delhi on 10th of December, 2004. He withdrew that writ petition, to seek redressal of his grievances with the management. Ultimately he raised a dispute before the Conciliation Officer. When conciliation proceedings failed, the appropriate Government referred the dispute to this Tribunal for adjudication, vide order No.L-42012/66/2006-IR(DU), New Delhi, dated 25-01-2007, with the following terms:

"Whether the action of the management of Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan, New Delhi, in terminating

the services of their workman Shri Chander Dutt w.e.f. 30-4-04 is legal and justified? If not, to what relief the applicant is entitled to ?"

- 7. In his claim statement Shri Chander Dutt pleads that he was appointed by the management as a group 'D' staff on 18-5-2001 on daily wage basis, due to huge work load. Competent authority approved his engagement vide office order dated 16-4-2002. Though he was retained/ absorbed against a regular post w.e.f. January, 2002, yet his services were terminated on 30-4-04, without following due process of law. He served a legal notice as well as reminder on the management but no response was received. He filed a writ petition before High Court of Delhi, contents of which petition may be read as part of his claim statement. (Copy of writ petition was not filed, which fact makes his request meaningless). Later on writ petition was withdrawn, with a permission to make representation to the management. He made a representation, which was not responded to by the management. He claims reinstatement in service with continuity, full back wages and all consequential benefits.
- 8. Claim was resisted by the management pleading therein that he was never appointed as a regular employee, following due process of law. The management was given responsibility to implement a nationwide project, known as N.R.Scheme. While implementing that project, it was observed at various level that work load had increased and a necessity was felt to deploy daily wagers, so that regular programme may not hamper. Accordingly the claimant was appointed as a peon on 18-5-2001 on daily wage basis, besides others. He was paid for actual working days. A daily wager cannot have legitimate expectation of regularization of his services. Since he was appointed against the scheme, 240 days continuous service in a calendar year would not give him a right for regularization. Before termination of his services, he was given one month notice. Since there was no right in his favour against a substantive post be cannot claim reinstatement or regularization of his service. His claim is liable to be dismissed.
- 9. Claimant tendered his affidavit Ex.WW1/A as evidence. He was cross examined at length on behalf of the management. Shri R.P.S.Thakur was examined by the management. No other witness was examined by either of the parties.
- 10. Arguments were heard at the bar. Shri Rajesh Sehrawat, authorised representative, advanced arguments on behalf of the claimant. Shri Rana Ranjit Singh, authorised representative, advanced arguments on behalf of the management. I have given my careful considerations to the arguments advanced at the bar and cautiously perused the record. My findings on issues involved in the controversy are as follows:
- 11. Shri Chander Dutt swears in his affidavit Ex. WW1/A that he was appointed by the management as a

member of group 'D' staff on 18-5-2001 on daily wage basis, due to heavy work load. His appointment was approved by the competent authority vide order dated 16-4-2002. Despite the fact that he was absorbed against a regular post and was allowed dearness allowance w.e.f. January, 2003, his services were terminated without following due process of law. After his illegal termination. he served a legal notice as well as reminder on the management. Termination of his services is illegal, unjustified, unfalr labour practice and against the principles of natural justice. During the course of his cross examination, he projects that through someone he came to know about vacancy for daily wager, hence he approached the management. He tendered his resume for appointment. No written test was conducted. However his interview was conducted by Director General of the management. He was appointed in the head quarters of the management, located at Indira Gandhi Indoor Stadium, Delhi. He was not told about the period or the programme for which his appointment was made. He presents that he joined his services with the management on 1-6-2001.

12. Shri R.P.S. Thakur, Deputy Director, deposed that Chander Dutt was appointed as casual employee on 18-5-2001. He was appointed in the project known as N.R. Scheme, which project was to be completed within a period of two years. Since the project came to an end, services of the claimant were dispensed within May, 2004. A notice was served on the claimant on 29-3-2004 informing him that his services would not be required from May, 2004. His wages were paid on monthly basis for actual working days. Pay of workman was released to him for the month of April, 2004. A daily wager has no right for regularization of his services. Claimant was taken on job on need basis. During the course of his cross examination, he concedes that when claimant was appointed no specific period of employment was made known to him. He admits that when a project comes to an end, an employee may be continued in other project if exigency so arises. According to him services of the claimant were terminated, since he committed a misconduct.

13. When facts projected by the claimant and Shri Thakur were appreciated, it came to light that scheme Ex.MW1/1 was implemented by the management. Many employees were appointed under that scheme. Ex.MW1/W7 highlights that the claimant was appointed as a daily wager in the management, since requests were there from various Zonal Directors for deployment of group 'D' staff on daily wage basis. The letter makes it clear that group 'D' employees, appointed on the roll of the management, were in excess to sanctioned posts. However, keeping in view exigency and heavy work load, requests made by Zonal Directors were conceded and claimant, besides others, was appointed in N.R.Scheme. Ex.MW1/W7 was issued in respect of engagement of the claimant. Claimant wants to use this document in part, to establish his appointment

and discard rest of its contents. Claimant cannot be permitted to have benefit of that note and discard the rest. which goes against him. On the strength of this document it is emerging that service of the claimant were engaged against the scheme referred above. He was appointed as a group 'D' employee on daily wage basis. Ex.MW1/W1 is the other letter on the strength of which the claimant and others were made known that the competent authority has approved their engagement on daily wage basis, with effect from the dates of their reporting at respective places. This letter projects that the claimant was to join at the Head Quarter of the management, while others were to join at various Zonal Offices under the scheme referred above. Claimant and others were to draw daily wages at prevalent rates in concerned district for unskilled casual labours. Therefore, this document makes it clear that the claimant and others were appointed by the management against the scheme referred above.

14. Ex.MW1/2 unfolds that Zonal Offices requested the management to provide more staff for completion of administrative work in time. Bio-data of seven persons were received for appointment on daily wage basis and out of those seven candidates six persons, including the claimant. were appointed as daily wager unskilled labour under the scheme. Ex.MW1/6 A to Ex.MW1/6 N are the documents on the strength of which wages in favour of the claimant and others were released from December, 2001 till December, 2002. These documents make it clear that recipients of wages were posted at various places. These documents go to establish that recipients of wages were posted at various Zonal Offices under the scheme. Ex.MW1/7 to Ex.MW1/33 also highlight the very proposition. Documents Ex.MW1/30 to Ex.MW1/33 bear signatures of the claimant and others as recipients of wages. Therefore, the claimant cannot dispute that he was engaged by the management against the scheme as daily wager and was paid for actual days of work.

15. Can claimant dispute that he was not aware that his appointment was made against the scheme? A hue and cry was raiser by the claimant that no such fact was ever brought to his notice. He presents that he was appointed against a regular post. His contention stands beliled when documents Ex.MW1/W7 is perused. As noted above, steps were taken to engage claimant and others on requests received from Zonal Directors of Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan, Himachal Pradesh and Bihar for deployment of group 'D' on daily wage basis. Zonal Director, U.P. made request for deployment of Computer Operator. It was unfolded in Ex.MW1/W7 that group 'D' employees on the roll of the management,. were in excess to sanctioned posts, yet keeping in view office exigencies and heavy work load of the scheme, requests for deployment made by various Zonal Directors were sent to the competent authority for approval. Ex.MW1/W1 makes it clear that approval was granted by the competent authority to appoint claimant

and others on daily wage basis, in the office of respective Zonal Directors. Ashok Kumar Morya and the claimant were deputed in the head quarters, while Govind Prashad Shukla was sent to the Office of Zonal Director, Bhopal (M.P.), Shiv Kumar Dhore was sent to Office of the Regional Coordinator NYK, Gwalior (M.P.), Shri Udai Singh was sent to the Office of R.C. NYK, Tikangarh (M.P.) and Shri Anand Pande was sent to the Office of Zonal Director NYKS Patna (Bihar). Therefore, this document makes it clear that on requests received from various Zonal Directors, Group 'D' employees were recruited and deputed to carry out work in the establishment of various Zonal Directors, under the scheme. Therefore, it was well within the knowledge of the claimant that he was appointed by the management against the scheme, referred above. When the claimant accepted offer of appointment, made on the strength of Ex. MW1/ W1, he is estopped from agitating that he was not appointed against the scheme.

16. Shri R.P.S.Thakur had proved letter dated 16-11-07 as Ex. MW1/35. When this letter was perused it came to light that on 16-11-07, the President has conveyed abolition of Regional Offices and Regional Coordinators were designated as Deputy Directors. 181 posts of peons have been abolished from 16-11-2007, unless they are occupied by regular appointees. In case a regular appointee is there that post would be deemed to have been abolished from the date when he superannuates or gets adjusted against any other regular posts or his services are terminated due to any other reason by the competent authority. Therefore, this document makes it clear that in November, 2007, 181 posts of peons stands abolished and Office of Regional Coordinators have also been abolished. This document highlights that at present Government of India has no intention to continue the scheme referred above. As testified by Shri Thakur, the scheme has come to an end on 31-3-2003.

17. In the light of facts notice above it would be considered as to whether disengagement of Shri Chander Dutt amounts to retrenchment has been defined by clause (oo) of Section 2 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (in short the Act) as follows:

"oo retrenchment" means the termination by the employer of the service of a workman for any reason whatsoever, otherwise than as a punishment inflicted by way of disciplinary action but does not include—

- (a) voluntary retirement of the workman; or
- (b) retirement of the workman on reaching the age of superannuation if the contract of employment between the employer and the workman concerned contains a stipulation in that behalf; or

(bb) termination of the service of the workman as a result of the non-renewal of the contract of

employment between the employer and the workman concerned on its expiry or of such contract being terminated under the stipulation in that behalf contained therein; or

(c) termination of the service of a workman on the ground of continued ill health;"

18. Termination of service of a workman as a result of non-renewal of contract of employment between the employer and the workman on its expiry or termination of contract of employment in terms of stipulation contained in the contract of employment does not fall within the ambit of retrenchment Sub-clause (bb) was inserted in Clause (00) of Section 2 of the Act, with effect from 18-8-1984. When a contract of employment between the employer and the workman provides mode and manner of termination of service, such termination of service has been excluded from the definition of the retrenchment. When contract of employment between the employer and the employee does not specify the period of employment for which workman was employed or when there is no stipulation in such contract providing mode and manner of termination of service, provisions of Sub-clause (bb) of Clause (00) of Section 2 of the Act will have no application. Termination of service of casual workman on daily wages will not fall within the ambit of Sub-clause (bb) of Clause (00) of Section 2 of the Act, since "contract of employment" is referable to the contract other than engagement of casual workers on daily wages. "Nonrenewal of contract of employment" pre-supposes an existing contract of employment which is not renewed. Even in respect of a daily wager a contract of employment may exist, such contract being from day to day. The position, however, would be different when such a contract is in reality camouflage for a mere sustaining nature of agreement, but the mode of daily wager is adopted so as to avoid the rigours of the Act. Sub-clause (bb) of Clause (00) of Section 2 of the Act does not contemplate to cover a contract such as of a daily wager and is rather intended to cover mere general class of contracts where a regular contract of employment is entered into and the termination of the service is because of non-renewal of the contract. Sub-clause (bb) is in the nature of an exception to Clause (00) of Section 2 of the Act and has to be construed strictly so as to secure a just and fair deal to the workmen while adjudicating termination of service of a workman for nonrenewal of the contract of employment on expiry of the time stipulated in the contract of employment.

19. In S. M. Nilajakar [2003 (4) SCC 27] the Apex Court laid down conditions to be satisfied when termination of service of a workman, employed in a scheme or project may not amount to retrenchment. Those conditions are extracted thus:

 that the workman was employed in a project or scheme of temporary duration,

- the employment was on a contract, and not as a daily wager simpliciter, which provided interalia that the employment shall come to an end on the expiry of the scheme or project;
- the employment came to an end simultaneously with the termination of the scheme or project and consistently with the terms of the contract, and
- the workman ought to have been apprised or made aware of the aforesaid terms by the employer at the commencement of employment.

20. Engagement of a workman as a daily wager does not by itself amount to putting him on notice that he was being engaged in a scheme or project which was to last only for a particular length of time or upto occurrence of some event and therefore he was well aware that his employment was short lived. Contract of employment entered into by the workman with his employer would result in a notice to the workman on the date of the commencement of the employment itself that his employment was short lived and as per terms of the contract the same was liable to be terminated on the expiry of the contract and the scheme or project coming to an end. The workman may not, therefore, complain that by the act of the employer his employment was coming to an abrupt termination. To exclude termination of a scheme or project employee from the definition of retrenchment it is for the employer to prove the aforesaid ingredients so as to attract the applicability of Clause (bb) aforesaid. In the case in hand, the claimant was engaged as a daily wager against the scheme of the management. However, it was not provided in order of his appointment that the scheme was to last for a period of two years and his appointment would come to an end as and when the scheme terminates. It was not brought to his notice that his employment was co-terminus with N. R. Scheme. Order Ex. MW1/W7 or Ex. MW1/W1 no where spell that his appointment would come to an end on termination of the scheme.

21. There is other facet of the coin. Shri Thakur project that the project/scheme in which claimant was employed came to an end on 1-3-2000. Claimant high-lights that his services were dispensed with on 30-4-04. These facts were not disputed by the management. Rather it is projected that a notice was served on the claimant on 29-3-2004 informing him that his service would no longer be required in May, 2004. Therefore, it is obvious that the services of the claimant has not come to an end, on termination of the scheme, in which he was employed. The management has not been able to establish applicability of Sub-section (bb) of Clause (oo) of Section 2 of the Act in present controversy. Consequently, case is not covered within the exceptions provided in the definition of the retrenchment. Termination

of services of the claimant amounts to retrenchment within the meaning of Clause (00) of Section 2 of the Act.

22. When services of the claimant amounts to retrenchment within the meaning of Clause (00) of Section 2 of the Act, the management is under a bounden duty to follow provisions of Section 25-F of the Act, in case claimant has rendered a continuous service for a period of one year. "Continuous Service" has been defined by Section 25B of the Act. Under Sub-section (1) of the said section, "continuous service for a period" may comprise of two period viz. (i) uninterrupted service, and (ii) interrupted service on account of (a) sickness, (b) authorized leave, (c) an accident, (d) a strike which is not legal, (e) a lock-out, and (f) a cessation of work that is not due to any fault on the part of the workman, shall be included in the "continuous service". Sub-section (2) of the said section introduces a fiction to the effect that even if a workman is not in "continuous service" within the meaning of Clause (1) for a period of one year or six months, he shall be deemed to in continuous service for that period under an employer if he has actually worked for the days specified in clauses (a) and (b) thereof. In Vijay Kumar Majoo (1968 Lab.I.C.1180) it was held that one year's period contemplated by Sub-section (2) furnished a unit of measure and if during that unit of measure the period of service actually rendered by the workman is 240 days, then he can be considered to have rendered one year's continuous service for the purpose of the section. The idea is that if within a unit period of one year a person had put in at least 240 days of service, then he must get the benefit conferred by the Act. Consequently, an enquiry has to be made to find out whether the workman has actually worked for not less than 240 days during a period of 12 calandar months immediately preceding the retrenchment.

23. At the cost of repetition, it is said that Chander Dutt was retrenched on 30-4-04. He was engaged by the management on 18-5-2001. Management no where claims that his service was interrupted for any reasons other than those detailed in Sub-section (1) of Section 25 B of the Act. The management projects that the claimant rendered 294 days actual service in a calendar year from 30-4-04 to 1-5-2003. He was entitled to authorised leave of 46 days in that calendar year. Therefore, it is emerging over the record that he rendered continuous service of 340 days in the calendar year from 30-4-04 to 1-5-2003. In the same manner, he rendered continuous service of 316 days in the calendar year from 30-4-03 to 1-5-2002. He rendered a continuous service of 320 days in calendar year from 30-4-02 to 11-5-2001. Consequently it is emerging over the record that the claimant has rendered continuous service of one year in all calendar year except the calendar year from 30-4-2001 to 7-1-2001. The claimant could satisfy that service rendered by him answers the definition of continuous service as contained in Section 25-B of the Act.

24. The claimant had rendered continuous service of a year, as contemplated by Section 25-B of the Act. Chander Unit projects that his services were dispensed with on 30-4-2004. He presents that retrenchment compensation was not paid to him, which fact was not dispelled by the management. The management was under an obligation to pay him compensation for retrenchment at the time of setrenchment. Payment of retrenchment compensation is a condition precedent to a valid order of retrenchment. Precedents in Bombay Union of Journalists case [1964(1) J. U.351]. Adaishwar Laal [1970 Lab. EC. 936] and B. M. Gupta [1979 (1) LLI 168] announce that subsequent payment of compensation cannot validate an invalid order of retrenchment. As retrenchment compensation was not paid to Chander Dud, consequently action of the management falls within the mischlef of Section 25-F of the Act.

25 Services of the workman were retrenched without payment of retrenchment compensation. It is well settled that in a case of wrongful retrenchment, dismissal or discharge, normal rule is to award reinstatement in service. However in Uma Devi (2006(4) see 1) the Apex Court considered the proposition as to whether the persons who got employment, without following of a regular procedure or even from the back door or on daity wages can be ordered to be toade permanent in their posts, to prevent regular recreitment to the posts concerned. Catena of decisions over the subject were considered and the court declined the submissions of the workmen to be made permanent on the posts which were held by them in reinperary or ad-hoc capacity for a fairly long spell. The Court ruled thus:

"With respect, why should the State be allowed to depart from the normal rule and indulgs in temporary employment in permanent posts? This Court, in our view, is bound to insists on the State making regular and proper recruitments, and is bound not to encourage or shut its eves to the persistent transgression of the rules of regular recruitment. The direction to make permanent-the distinction between regularization and making permanent, was not emphasized here-can only encourage the State, the model employer, to flout its own rules and would confer undue benefits on a few at the cost of many wairing to compete. With respect the directions made in Piara Singh [1992(4) SCC 118] is to some extent inconsistent with the conclusion in para 45 of the said judgement therein. With great respect, it appears to us that the last of the directions clearly runs counter to the constitutional scheme of employment recognized in the earlier part of the decision. Really, it cannot be said that this decision has laid down the law that all ad-hoc, temporary or casual employees engaged without following a regular recruitment procedure should be made permanent."

26. In P. Chandra Shekhara Rao and others (2006 7 S C C 488) the Apex Court referred Uma Devi's Case (Supra)

with approval. It also relied the decision in a Uma Rani [2004 (7) S C C 112] and ruled that no regularization is permissible in exercise of statutory powers confected in Article 162 of the Constitution, if the appointments have been made in contravention of the statutory rules. In Somveer Singh [2006 (5) SCC 493] the Apex Count ruled that appointment made without following due procedure cannot be regularized in Indian Drugs & Plantment to als Ltd. [2007 (1) SCC 408] the Apex Count restanced that he rules of recruitment cannot be relaxed and court cannot direct regularisation of temporary employees dehors the rules, nor can it direct continuation of service of a temporary employee (whether called a count, ad-hoc or daily rated employee) or payment of secondaries salaries to them.

27 In Uma Devi (supra) it was Life that when a person enters a temporary employment or get engagement as contractual or casual worker and the engagement is not based on a proper selection as recognized by the relevant rules or procedure, he is aware of the consequence of the appointment being temporary, costal or generally can nature. Such a person cannot invoke the theory of a group he expectation for being confirmed for the post of the an appointment to the post could be made only by the average a proper procedure or selection in any concerned cares an consultation with the public service commission. The property the theory of logitimate expectation cannot be some a body advanced by temporary, contractual or cisual over level It cannot also be held that the State held out in the service while engaging these persons either to continue them where they are or to make them permanent. The State of 1994 constitutionally make such a promise. It is also provides that the theory cannot be invoked to seek relief or heing made permanent in the post. In view of those pro-colors neither continuance nor regularisation of services of the claimants can be ordered, since it would amount to back door entry into government job.

28. Whether Chander Dutt could be regularized using case of Gurmail Singh and Dharkar Lal as a precedent Such a proposition arose before the Apex Court in Hima Devi (supra), wherein the Apex Court ruled that regularization of an employee similarly situated, may by the State in past shall not be treated as a precedent if it was done only pursuant to judicial direction, either of the Administrative Tribunal or of the High Court and in some cases by the Apex Court. It would be expedient to reproduce the law so laid, which is extracted thus:

"Though, there is a case that the State had made regularization in the past of similarly situated employees, the fact remains that such regularization were done only pursuant to judicial directions, either of the Administrative Tribunal or of the High Court and in some cases by this Court. Moreover the invocation of the doctrine of legitimate expectation

cannot enable the employees to claim that they must be made permanent or they must be regularized in service though they had not been selected in terms of the rules for appointment. The fact that in certain cases the court had directed regularization of the employees involved in those case cannot be made use of to found a claim based on legitimate Expectation. The argument if accepted would also run counter to the constitutional mandate, the argument in that behalf has, therefore, to be rejected. It was then contended that the rights of the employees thus appointed, under Articles 14 and 16 of the Constitution, are violated. It is stated that the State has treated the employees unfairly by employing them on less than minimum wages and extracting work from them for a pretty long period in comparison with those directly recruited who are getting more wages or salaries for doing similar work. The employees before us were engaged on daily wages in the department concerned on a wage that was made known to them. There is no case that the wage agreed upon was not being paid. Those who are working on daily wages formed a class by themselves, they cannot claim that they are discriminated as against those who have been regularly recruited on the basis of the relevant rules. No right can be founded on an employment on daily wages to claim that such employee should be treated on a par with the regularly recruited candidate, and made permanent in employment, even assuming that the principle could be invoked for claiming equal wages for equal work. There is no fundamental right in those who have been employed on daily wages or temporarily or on contractual basis, to claim that they have a right to be absorbed in service. As has been held by this court, they cannot be said to be holders of a post, since a regular appointment should be made only by making appointments consistent with the requirements of Articles 14 and 16 of the Constitution. The right to be treated equally with the other employees employed on daily wages, cannot be extended to a claim for equal treatment with those who were regularly employed. That would be treating unequals as equals. It cannot also be relied on to claim a right to be absorbed in service even though they have never been selected in terms of the relevant recruitment rules. The arguments based on Articles 14 and 16 of the Constitution are therefore

29. Here in the case, Chander Dutt was engaged in violation of recruitment rules. No advertisement was made, nor a test was conducted when he was engaged by the management. Reservation policy was also not followed. Hence his reinstatement would amount to perpetuate a wrong engagement in service. Where a case falls in any of the exception to general rule, the industrial adjudicator has discretion to award reasonable and adequate compensation, in lieu of re-instatement. Section 11A of the Act yests the

industrial adjudicator with discretionary jurisdiction to give "such other relief to the workman" in heal of discharge or dismissal as the circumstances of the case may require, where for some valid reasons it considers that relief attenuent with or without conditions will not be fair or proper

30. Since retrenchment of Chander Dutt is hold to be wrongful, this Tribunal has to award conquessation to the workman in lieu of his reinstatement. No definite yardstock for measuring the quantum of compensation is available. In S. S. Shetty [1957 (II) LLJ 696] the Apex Chart indicated some relevant factors which an adjudicator has to take into account in computing compensation in lieu of reinstatement, in the following words:

"The industrial Tribunal would have to take into account the terms and conditions of employment, the tenure of service, the possibility of termination of the employment at the instance of either party, the possibility of retrenchment by the employer or resignation or retirement by the workman and even of the employer himself ceasing to exist or of the workman being awarded various benefits including reinstatement under the terms of future awards by Industrial Tribunal in the event of industrial disputes arising between the parties in future. . . In computing the money value of the benefits of reinstatement, the industrial adjudicator would also have to take into account the present value of what his salary, benefits etc. would be till he attained the age of superannuation and the value of such benefits would have to be computed as from the date when such reinstatement was ordered under the terms of the award.

Having regard to the considerations detailed above, it is impossible to compute the money value of this benefit of reinstatement awarded to the appellant with mathematical exactitude and the best that any tribunal or court would do under the circumstances would be to make as correct as estimate as is possible bearing, of course in mind all the relevant factors pro and con".

31. A Divisional Bench of the Patna High Court in B. Choudhary Vs. Presiding Officer, Labour Court, Jamshedpur (1983) Lab.I.C. 1755 (1758) deduced certain guidelines which have to be borne in mind in determining the quantum of compensation viz: (i) the back wages receivable; (ii) compensation for deprivation of the job with future prospect and obtainability of alternative employment; (iii) employee's age; (iv) Length of service in the establishment; (v) capacity of the employer to pay and the nature of the employer's business; (vi) gainful employment in mitigation of damages; and (viii) circumstances leading to the disengagement and the past conduct. These factors are only illustrative and not exhaustive. In addition to the amount of compensation, it is also within the jurisdiction of the Tribunal to award interest on the amount determined as compensation. Furthermore, the rate of such interest is also in the discretion of the Tribunal. Reference can be made to Tabesh Process, Shivakashi (1989 Lab.I.C. 1887).

32. In Assam Oil Co. Ltd. [1960 (1) LLJ 587] the Apex Court took into account countervailing facts that the employer had paid certain sums to the workmen and her own earning in the alternative employment and ordered that "it would be fair and just to direct the appellant a substantial sam as compensation to her". In Utkal Machinery Ltd. [1966 (1) LLJ 398] the amount of compensation equivalent to two years salary of the employee awarded by the industrial Tribunal was reduced by the Supreme Court to an amount equivalent to one year salary of the employee in view of the fact that she had been in service with the employer only for 5 months and also took into consideration the unusual manner of her appointment at the instance" of the Chief Minister of the State. In A. K. Roy [1970(1) LLJ 228] compensation equivalent to two years salary last drawn by the workmen was held to be fair and proper to meet the ends of justice. In Anil Kumar Chakaraborty [1962 (II) LLJ 483] the Count converted the award of reinstatement into compensation of a sum of Rs.50000 as just and fair compensation in full satisfaction of all his claims for wrongful dismissal from service. In O. P. Bhandari [1986 (II) LLJ 509]. The Apex Court observed that it was a fit case for grant of compensation in view of reinstatement. The Court awarded compensation equivalent to 3.33 years salary as reasonable. In M. K. Aggarwal (1988 Lab.I.C.380), the Apex Court though confirmed the order of reinstatement yet restricted the back salary to 50% of what would otherwise be payable to the employee. In Yashveer Singh (1993 Lab.I.C.44) the court directed payment of Rs. 75000 in view of reinstatement with back wages. In Naval Kishor [1984 (II) LLJ 473] the Apex Court observed that in view of the special circumstances of the case adequate compensation would be in the interest of the appellant. A sum of Rs. 2 lac was awarded as compensation in lieu of reinstatement, in Sant Raj [1985 (II) LLJ 19] a sum of Rs. 2 lac was awarded as compensation in lieu of reinstatement. In Chandu Lal (1985 Lab.I. C.12225) a compensation of Rs. 2 lac by way of back wages in lieu of reinstatement was awarded. In Ras Bihari (1988 Lab.I.C.107) a compensation of Rs.65000 was granted in lieu of reinstatement, since the employee was gainfully employed elsewhere. In V. V. Rao (1991 Lab.I.C.1650) a compensation of Rs. 2.50 fac was awarded in lieu of reinstatement.

33. In view of above propositions, case of the workman is to be considered. Claimant served the management from 18-5-2001 till 30-4-2004. He served the management for about 3 years. He was a daily wager employee, which employment does not confer a right on the post held. Taking into account all these aspects, besides the fact that retrenchment compensation was not paid to him, I am of the view that an amount of Rs. 25000 would be appropriate compensation for him. Amount of compensation would be paid by the management within a period of one month from the date when award comes into operation. An award is, accordingly, passed. It be sent to the appropriate Government for publication.

Dr. R. K. YADAV, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 25 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2351.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार मैसर्स शिपस् कैण्टीन आई एन एच एस, अश्विनी के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्देष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय, नं. 2 मुम्बई के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या सीजीआईटी-2/34 ऑफ 2006) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 25-8-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-14011/15/2005-आई आर (डीयू)]

जोहन तोपनो, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 25th August, 2010

S.O. 2351.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. CGIT-2/34 of 2006) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal cum Labour Court, No. Il Mumbai as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of M/s. Stap. Contect INUS, Ashwani and their workman, which was recaised by the Central Government on 25-8-2010.

(No. L- AC) VI5/2005-IR(DU)] JOHAN TOPNO, Under Secy.

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL No. 2, MUMBAI

PRESENT A. A. LAD, Presiding Officer REFERENCE NO. CGIT-2/34 of 2006

Employers in relation to the management of M/s. Ships Canteen INHS Ashvini

The Commander.

M/s. Ships Canteen INHS Ashivni, Colaba, Mumbai 400 005.

...1st Party

Versus

Their Workman

Shri Ravikumar Shriramgopal Trivedi, C/o Maharashtra Employees Union, Kokani Pada, Kurar Village, Malad (East), Mumbai 400 097

...2nd : :y

APPEARANCE:

For the Employer : Ms. Manda Loke, Advocate
For the Workmen : Mr. F. R. Mishra, Advocate
Date of passing the Award: 2-7-2010

AWARD

The matrix of the facts as culled out from the proceedings are as under:

1. The Government of India, Ministry of Labour by its Order No. L-14011/15/2005-IR(DU) dated 6th June, 2006 in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of subsection (1) and sub-section 2(A) of Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 have referred the following to this Tribunal for adjudication:

"Whether the action of the management of M/s. Ships Canteen INHS Ashwini Mumbai in terminating the services of Shri Ravi Kumar, Sales Helper, w.e.f. 30-5-2005, on the protext of workman's voluntary resignation, is justified? If not, to what relief the workman Shri Ravi Kumar is entitled?"

- 2. Claim statement is filed by 2nd Party at Exhibit 6 which is replied by 1st Party by filling Written Statement at Exhibit 7. Issues are framed a Exhibit 10.
- 3. Meanwhile both parties requested to place matter in Lok Adalat and by pourshis at Exhibit 22 it was placed before the Lok Adalat. Hence, the order:

ORDER

Reference is disposed off in terms of Exhibits 22 and 23 in the Lok Adalat.

Mumbai, 2nd July, 2010

A. A. LAD, Presiding Officer Exh. No. 22

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL No.2, MUMBAI

Misc Application No.

REFERENCE No. CGIT 2/34 of 2006



Exh. No. 23

Proceedings of the Lok Adalat held on 2nd July, 2010 Present:

Mr. M. B. Anchan, Advocate Mr. S. B. Kadam, Advocate Ms. Pooja Kulkarni, Advocate REFERENCE No. CGIT 2/34 of 2006

Ships Canteen

Vs.

Mr. Ravi Kumar

APPEARANCE:

For Management: Miss Manda Loke, Advocate

For Workman : In person

BETWEEN

M/s. Ships Canteen INHS Ashvini, Colaba, Mumbai 400 005. ...1st Party employer AND

Shri Ravi Kumar

C/o Maharashtra Employees Union,

Kokani Pada, Kurar Village,

Malad (East), Mumbai 400 097 ...2nd Party Workman

Most respectfully sheweth:

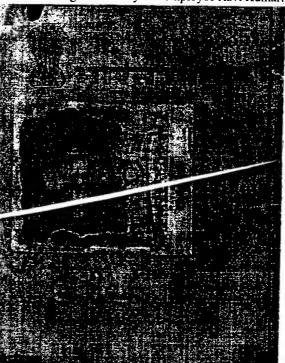
I Mr. Ravi Kumar 2nd Party workman do not want to proceed further in the aforesaid reference hence I would like to withdraw the reference nconditionally.

*Further this Hon'ble Court be please to direct the employer pay of the clues which are pending with them.

In view of the above this Hon'ble Tribunal be pleased to allow me to withdraw the reference unconditionally.

For this act of kindness I shall duty bound ever pray.

Advocate to the party workman 2nd party workman say of the 1st party. I have no objection for withdrawal of Ref. No. CGIT 2/34 of 2006. We are landing over the cheque bearing 332424 dt. 1-7-2010 for an amounting to Rs. 98970 as & by way of settlement subject to surroundering I. Card by one employee Ravi Kumar.



The workman filed an application dated 16-6-2010 Ex. 22 for withdrawal of the reference. It was kept today for settlement before Lok Adalat. By way of settlement the management has handed over a Cheque No. 332224 dated 1st July, 2010 for Rs. 98970 in favour of Mr. Ravi Kumar the workman. The workman has retrenched the Original Identity Card to the management.

The matter is forwarded to the Tribunal for Award as per settlement.

Dated 2-7-2010.

नई दिल्ली, 26 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2352.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार एवं एफ. सी.

आई.के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्याययालय, नं. 1, धनबाद के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 275/1994) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 26-8-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-22012/190/1994-आई आर (सी-II)] डी. एस. एस. श्रीनिवास राव, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 26th August, 2010

S.O. 2352.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 275/1994) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, No. I, Dhanbad as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of FCI and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 26-8-2010.

[No. L-22012/190/1994-IR(C-II)] D.S.S. SRINIWASA RAO, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL No.1, DHANBAD

In the matter of a reference u/s. 10(1)(d) (2A) of I. D. Act. REFERENCE NO. 275 of 1994

Parties: Employers in relation to the management of Food Corporation of India.

And

Their Workman

PRESENT: SHRI H. M. SINGH, Presiding Officer

APPEARANCES:

For the Employers: Shri A. Thakur, Dy. Manager.
For the Workman: Shri V. Kumar, Representative.

State: Bihar

Industry: Food Dated, the 8-8-2010

AWARD

By Order No. L-22012/190/1994-IR(C-II) dated 26-10-1994 the Central Government in the Ministry of Labour has, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) and sub-section 2(A) of Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 have referred the following dispute for adjudication to this Tribunal:

"Whether the action of the management of FCI in retrenching the concerned workman Shri Aprendu Kumar and Amrit Paswan in violation of Industrial Disputes Act or compelling them to be away from duty for long period is legal and justified? If not, to what relief the concerned workmen are entitled to?"

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2. Written statement has been filed on behalf of the concerned workmen stating that they were employed by the management of FCI as casual workmen to work as messenger, water carrier and watchmen at sugar centre

Biharsharif, w.e.f. 8-1-86 and 1-11-85 respectively as per the order of District Manager, FCI, Patna. The concerned workmen were in continuous employment till May, 1990 but from June, 1990 they were stopped from attending their job and their name were also struck off from the attendance register without any notice pay and compensation even after completion of much more than 240 days service within 12 calendar months as required under sec. 25F read with section 25B of the I.D. Act, 1947. Since no notice or notice pay and compensation was paid to them at the time of retrechment as such they will be deemed to continue in their employment from the date of their retrenchment i.e. 1-6-90 with full back wages and other benefits besides their regularisation as has been done in case of other casual workmen whose services have already been regularised as watchmen in 1988-89, but the case of the concerned workmen was not considered by adopting unfair labour practices. The demand of the concerned workmen, is for reinstatement with full back wages in the regular scale of class-IV workmen and for regularisation of his service as class-IV workmen. There are vacant post of regular class-IV workmen and management is still regularising the service of other workmen.

In such circumstances, it has been prayed that this Hon'ble Tribunal be pleased to pass an award holding that the action of the management of FCI is illegal and unjustified and the management be directed to reinstate the concerned workmen in service with full back wages.

3. Written statement has been filed by the management stating that the management does not have any Food storage depot at Biharsharif in the state of Bihar of its own. There exists one Food Storage Depot of the M/s. Bihar State were Housing Corporation for the purpose of storage of Foodgrains procured by the aforesaid corporation from the different market or transported from intermediate godowns. The management of FCI entered into an arrangement with M/s. Bihar State Warehousing Corporation for alloting certain space for storage of foodgrains during the period of transit from the different places to Biharsharif. As per aforesaid arrangement the handling of goodgrains, after arrival of that godown, used to be done by the management of B.S.W.C. for which they were paid handling charges besides rent for providing space at their godown. There was no requirement of engagement of any casual labour in connection with sweeping and cleaning of foodgrains either at the trucks or inside the godown as a result there was no sanction of post engagement of casual labourers at Biharsharif. For the purpose of maintaining liason with Bihar State Warehousing Corporation the management has established one room office under the control of Incharge along with 2/ 3 staff and few class-IV employees. There was no requirement of any casual labour for engagement of at that office and therefore there was no approval of campetent authority for such engagement. It has been submitted that the Incharge of the office exceeded its jurisdiction and

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engaged two concerned workmen as casual labour for sweeping and cleaning one room office and bringing the water and storing the same in pitcher for drinking purposes. The concerned workmen were paid from the contingent fund allotted to the site office at Biharsharif and in that process they worked during the period from 1986 to till May, 1990. They were neither appointed by any competent person nor were stopped from their duties by the management. It is submitted that the concerned persons can not be treated as regular workman of corporation in absence of any job for them. However, the management may consider their cases in future against requirement for their engagement as a casual labour when the ban of Central Government for recruitment of manpower in the corporation will be lifted.

Under the facts and circumstances it has been prayed that the Hon'ble Tribunal be pleased to pass the award holding that the concerned workmen are not entitled to any relief.

- 4. Both the parties have filed their respective rejoinders admitting and denying the contents of some of the paragraphs of each other's written statement.
- 5. The concerned workman produced WW-1, Aprendu Kumar, who has proved the documents, Exts. W-1 to W-11.

The management has produced MW-1, Amar Nath Pathak, and MW-2, Maksudan Prasad. Management's documents have been marked as Exts. M-1 to M-7.

6. Main argument advanced on behalf of the concerned workman is that Aprendu Kumar and Amrit Paswan were employed by the management of FCI as casual class-IV workmen to act as messenger-cum-water carrier at sagar centre, Biharsharif w.e.f. 8-1-86 and 11-8-85 respectively as per order of District Manager, FCI, Patna. They cointinued in employment till May, 1990, but from June, 1990 they were stopped from attending their job and their names were also struck-off from the attendance register and that too without any notice or notice pay and compensation, after completion of much more than 240 days service within 12 calendar months. It amounts to retrenchment under sec. 25-F of the I. D. Act.

As such their retrenchment is void-abinitio, therefore they are entitled to get reinstatement with back wages. It is submitted that the regular class-IV employee is getting about Rs. 4,000 per month, besides other benefits. It has also been submitted that there are vacancy of the management and other persons have been regularised. It has been argued that Aprendu Kumar has worked in the year 1989-216 days and in 1988-218 days and same is the position of the other workman. As per decision of Hon'ble Supreme Court, after adding 52 sundays, 12 second saturdays and 16 paid holidays which comes to 80 days and after addition of 80 days the number of working days

in case of the concerned workman will be more than 240 days, therefore they are entitled for regularisation.

- 7. The management argued that no workman has completed 240 days attendance in any calendar year, so that they may be regularised. It has also been argued that the concerned workman cannot be regularised in any way.
- 8. In this respect the statement of the workman WW-1 is very material. He has stated in cross-examination that contractor was engaged for loading and unloading of goods at railway siding. In godown the work was done by the contractor and the staff of the management. The godown was under the Government of Bihar. This statement shows that he was working with the contractor. So, it cannot be taken that he is the employee of the management. No document has been filed on behalf of the workmen which may show that they have worked for more than 240 days in any calendar year. The documents which have been filed on behalf of the concerned workmen show that they have not completed 240 days attendance in any calendar year.
- 9. Another argument advanced on behalf of the concerned workman that there is vacancy with the management which can be filled by regularising the concerned workmen. But they have not completed 240 days attendance in a calender year, so they cannot be regularised even then there is vacancy in the management as per Ext. W-2 & W-2/2.

Another argument advanced on behalf of the concerned workmen is that as per Circular (Ext. W-1) they are entitled for regularisation. But as per act which is in force which gives 240 days attendance for regularisation.

The management accordingly referred AIR 2006 Supreme Court 1806 in which Hon'ble Supreme Court laid down-Constitution of India, Arts. 16, 162, 226, 14, 39(d) public employment-Appointment dehors due process of selection envisaged by constitutional scheme-Confers no right on appointee-Regularisation of daily wager, temporary/contractual employees appointed in violation of constitutional scheme—Right of Court/executive would not extend to directing regularisation to be treated as permanence in service—Fact that employee has continued for long, irrespective—That apart, principle of equal pay for equal work cannot also be applied for giving relief of permanency-Doctrine of legitimate expectation cannot be invoked by such employees merely because in past state had regularised similarly placed employees.

10. In view of the above facts and law, the action of the management of FCI in retrenching the concerned workmen, Aprendu Kumar and Amrit Paswan in violation of Industrial Disputes Act or compelling them to be away from duty for long period is legal and justified. Accordingly, the concerned workman are not entitled to any relief.

This is my Award.

नई दिल्ली, 26 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2353.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार एवं सी. पी. डब्ल्यू. डी. के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण नं. 2, चण्डीगढ़ के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 74/2004) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 26-8-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-42012/15/1988-आईआर (सी-II)] डी. एस. एस. श्रीनिवास राव, डेल्क अधिकारी New Delhi, the 26th August, 2010

S.O. 2353.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 74/2004) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, No. 2, Chandigarh now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of CPWD and their workmen, which was received by the Central Government on 26-8-2010.

[No. L-42012/15/1988-IR(C-II)]
D. S. S. SRINIVASA RAO, Desk Officer
ANNEXURE

IN THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT-II, CHANDIGARH.

Present: Sri A.K. Rastogi, Presiding Officer I.D. No. 74/2K4

Instituted on 17-03-2005

The Zonal Secretary, All India CPWD (MRM) Karamchari Sangathan (Regd), CPWD Store Building, Sector 7-B, Chandigarh.

Applicant

Versus

The Executive Engineer, Central Public Works Department, Chandigarh Central Electrical Division, Kendriya Sadan, Sector 9-A, Chandigarh.

Respondent

APPEARANCE

For the Workman

For the Management

...Sh. Sorn Dutt Sharma, Adv. ...Sh. G.C. Babbar, Advocate.

AWARD

Passed on 10th August, 2010

Central Government vide Notification No. L-42012/15/88-IR(CM-II)) Dated 25-02-2005, by exercising its powers under Section 10 sub section (1) Clause (d) and sub section 2(A) of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 has referred the following Industrial dispute for adjudication to this Tribunal:

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"Whether the action of the management of CPWD, Chandigarh in not regularizing the services of Shri Govind Kumar Verma, Electrical Khalasi w.e.f. 16-3-2000 is legal and justified? If not, to what relief the workman is entitled?"

In the reference the Zonal Secretary of All India CPWD (MRM) Karamchari Sangathan (Regd), CPWD Store Building, Sector 7-B, Chandigarh (hereinafter referred as the Karamchari Sangathan) and the Executive Engineer, CPWD, Chandigarh Central Electrical Division, Kendriva Sadan, Sector 9-A, Chandigarh are the only parties. Workman Govind Kumar Verma, Electrical Khalasi is not a party in the reference. The claim statement, however, has been filed by the Karamchari Sangathan and Govind Kumar Verma both. As per claim statement the Karamenari Sangathan is a registered union of workmen of the management and claimant no. 2 i e. Govind Kumar Verma is a member of it. The claim statement is being preferred on behalf of Govind Kumar Verma. The case of the claimant is that Govind Kumar Verma (hereinafter referred as claumant no. 2) was employed on Contract Labour System as Khalasi in Central Electrical Division, Sub Division No.2 CPWD. Kendriya Sadan, Sector 9-A, Chandigarh w.e. f. 16-03-2000 by the management and he is continuing as such. He has been working under the direct supervision of the management. Ministry of Labour vide notification no. 690 dated 31-07-2002 prohibited the employment of contract labour in the process operation or work specified in the Schedule mentioned in the Offices/Establishments of CPWD, Ministry of Urban Development and Employment The post of Air Conditioner Operator is included in the said notification. The claimant no. 2 has been discharging his duties for the last more than seven years without any interruption and has completed more than 240 days' service in each year. He is entitled to regularization of his services and pay equal to other similarly situated workmen. Since he is not being paid wages equal to other employees therefore, he is being discriminated. Any contract between the CPWD ie, principal employer and the contractor is sham and devised to deprive the claimant/workman of the benefits available to him under the Act. Claimant no. 2 is entitled to be regularized on the sanctioned post of Khalasi and also to the same pay as being paid to the regular employees. It has been prayed accordingly

The management in its reply denied that claimant no.2 is a workman under the Act as he was not engaged by the management and nor was paid the wages. It has also been stated that the claimant Karamchari Sangataan is not a recognized body and not competent to represent the claimant no.2 as the later not being an employee of the management cannot be a member of the claimant no.1. The contractor has not been impleaded in the claim and it is liable to be dismissed on this count. The management is not aware nor can it be verified that claimant no. 2 was actually engaged by the contractor. It is denied that he

continuously worked for 240 days. It has also been denied that the contract was camouflage to defeat the provisions of law. It has been further stated that claimant cannot equate himself with regular employees of the department who have been recruited through proper source of recruitment and he cannot claim pay at par with the regular employees. As per Government policy, the work of petty nature can only be got performed through the contractor and no direct labour can be engaged by the management. Also there is no vacant post less sanctioned post of workman available with the management for absorption/regularization of claimant no.2 nor is the claimant no.2 entitled for the same.

While the reference was during the process of evidence an application was moved by the Karamchari Sangathan that the workman is not interested in the matter and the same be allowed to be withdrawn without prejudice of the right of the workman. In view of this application, which is signed by the Advocate for the Karamchari Sangathan and for claimant no.2 also, the reference is answered against the workman. Let two copies of the award be sent to the Central Government for further necessary action and record be consigned after due compliance.

ASHOK KUMAR RASTOGI, Presiding Officer नई दिल्ली, 26 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2354.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार एवं एन. एल. सी. एल. के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण, चैन्नई के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 45/2007) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 26-8-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-22012/53/2007-आईआर (सीएम-II)] डी. एस. एस. श्रीनिवास राव, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 26th August, 2010

S.O. 2354.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 45/2007) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Chennai as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the management of Neyveli Lignite Corporation Ltd. and their workmen, received by the Central Government on 26-8-2010.

[No. L-22012/53/2007-IR(CM---II)] D.S.S. SRINIVASA RAO, Desk Officer

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, CHENNAI

ANNEXURE

Monday, the 16th August, 2010
Present: A.N. JANARDANAN
Presiding Officer

Industrial Dispute No. 45/2007

[In the matter of the dispute for adjudication under clause (d) of sub-section (I) and sub-section 2(A) of Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947(14 of 147), between the Management of Neyveli Lignite Corporation Ltd. and their workmen]

BETWEEN

The General Secretary NLC United Workers Union No. 13, Mahatma Gandhi Road Block No. 24 Neyveli-6078901

AND

The Director Neyveli Lignite Corporation Neyveli-2 2nd Party Respondent

1st Party Petitioner Union

APPEARANCE:

For the Petitioner

Sri V. Ajay Khose

For the Management:

M/s. N.A.K. Sarma, N.Nithyanandam

AWARD

The Central Government, Ministry of Labour vide Order No. L-22012/53/2007-IR (CM-II) dated 22-08-2007 has referred the dispute to this Tribunal for adjudication.

The schedule mentioned in that order is:

- "Whether the action of the management of NLC, Neyveli in effecting the promotion after more than 2 years of appeal against the demotion is legal and justified? If not, to what relief is the workman entitled?"
- 2. After the receipt of Industrial Dispute, this Tribunal has numbered it as I.D. 45/2007 and issued notices to both sides. Both sides entered appearance through their Advocates and filed their Claim and Counter Statements as the case may be.
- 3. The averments in the Claim Statement briefly read as follows:

The workman T. Pitchaimuthu, Grade-II B Technician a member of Treasurer of AICCTU spoke in various meetings of the Joint Action/Struggle Committee of different unions demanding various demands in organized street meetings. Infuriated at it the Respondent charged petitioner among others as if they made false and damaging remarks against the higher officials which was denied in the explanation dated 04-08-1999. With a retired judge as Enquiry Officer an enquiry was held in which the workman and 2 witnesses were examined on the petitioner's side and 2 witnesses on the Respondent's side. The petitioner was not cross-examined. While so, the Enquiry Officer left off from the enquiry without a finding. New Enquiry Officer persuaded the workman to tender apology. On 17-05-2000 the workman expressed regret in writing assuring good conduct in future

which was recorded but no report given. The Disciplinary Authority issued Show Cause Notice on 6-7-2000 proposing punishment of demotion for 1 year and to continue in the same lower category if he shows no improvement. The petitioner's appeal/representation/ explanation submitted on 16-8-2000 was ordered only on 24-2-2003 in which the nunishment was modified into censure which was put into effect after I year observation period. On completion of 4 years as Technician Grade-II from 1-7-1996 he should have been promoted to Technician Grade-I w.e.f. 1-7-2000. But he was promoted only on 10-10-2003 w.e. f. 1-5-2003 thereby postponing promotion by 3 years and 2 months. He was also not granted annual increments and 2 special increments after revocation of suspension. Though his request for annual increments and special increments were granted on 18-5-2004, promotion w.e.f. 1-7-2000 was not granted. In conciliation the petitioner asked for promotion from 1-8-2000 which was not given. Action of the Management is illegal. Censure cannot be taken as a punishment to postpone premotion. The period of 14 days suspension having been treated as leave he could have been given promotion on the due date, even if employee is under suspension or facing disciplinary action and any punishment is in currency it cannot be a ground for postponing promotion when disciplinary action was delayed on account of Management. Punishment of censure ought to have been imposed in the order dated 6-7-2000 itself on which date the suspension was revoked and the workman should have been given promotion at least w.e.f. 1-1-2601. Management backed out from granting the agreed promotion w.e.f. 1-1-2001.

4. The Counter Statement contentions briefly read as follows:

The reference is not specific for incomplete particulars as to in relation to whom it is made. Assuming that it relates to T. Pitchaimuthu, it is denied that there has been vindictiveness towards him on account of his Trade Union activities. The misconduct in the Charge memo issued to him is "that Sri Pitchaimuthu, CPF 36341, Tech.-II B LMV Section, Autoyard/Transport Department had participated in meeting unauthorizedly within the boundaries owned by NLC Management on various places without obtaining permission of the Management and had addressed the gatherings consisting of outsiders accusing certain top officials including Directors of the company with false allegations and defying them and their reputations. He has also made many sarcastic remarks defaming the repute and functioning of senior officers of the company making incriminating statements against these officials". It is denied that Enquiry Officer persuaded him to tender apology. He expressed regret. No demotion order had been passed or put into operation. Final order was issued on 24-2-2003 under which only censure was awarded. By reason of punishment of censure promotion is to be considered after lapse of 6 months from the date of punishment provided his CCRs for the preceding 3 years are good. Accordingly, he was promoted on 01-09-2003. The workman on

11-10-2003 prayed for treating suspension as penalty and to cancel censure. There has been neither delay nor denial of promotion. During pendency of departmental proceedings the workman is not entitled to promotion. Revocation of suspension does not entitle the workman for promotion pending disciplinary action. Treatment of suspension as if no suspension made does not accept the is not exonerated from the Charge. Awarding penalty retrospectively is not legal. The claim is to be dismissed.

- 5. The evidence consists of oral evidence of WW1 and EX.W1 to EX.W14 on the petitioner's side and evidence of MW1 and EX.M1 to EX.M6 on the Management's side.
 - 6. Points for consideration are:
 - (i) Whether effecting of promotion after more than 2 years of appeal against demotion is legal and justified?
- (ii) To what relief the concerned workman is entitled? **Points (i) and (ii)**
- 7. Perused records, documents and written arguments filed by the Respondent's counsel. No arguments were advanced on behalf of the petitioner. The argument of behalf of the Respondent are that the employees than had holding of meetings but had only denied that he made to be any accusation against top officials. In the engine workman participated fully which was not challenged the voluntarily admitted charges and expressed regretable to a found guilty. His representation dated 16 8-2006 to the Show Cause Notice dated 6-7-2000 was seeking lenkert treatment. He was allowed and continued to work on the same post. The representation is not an appeal. Final decision was taken on 24-2-2003 finalizing the departmental proceedings. As per applicable instructions regarding promotions as evidenced by EX.M3 and EX.M4 settlement dated 16-3-1979 and memo dated 29-7-1980 respectively the workman was promoted on expiry of 6 months from the date of censure w.e.f. 1-9-2003. He was not eligible for promotion till 24-2-2003. There cannot be an appeal on 16-8-2000 against the censure punishment dated 24-2-2003. The representation dated, 16-8-2000 is reply to Show Cause Notice. The petitioner has clung to the claim under a misconception.
- 8. In the absence of an argument advanced on behalf of the petitioner on bestowing careful scrutiny of the records and documents I am led to the conclusion that the chain of the petitioner is misconceived. It is well to point out that EX.W5 representation dated 16-8-2000 itself has been ambiguously couched with regard to nomenclature in the Claim Statement indicating that petitioner itself may not be certain whether the same is an appeal, representation or explanation as in Para 19 of the Claim Statement. According to the Respondent/Management it was only explanation against the show Cause Notice; and not an appeal. The final order passed was only on 24-2-2003. Therefore, the petitioner is not entitled to promotion from any date anterior

in point of time than 1-9-2003. Going by EX.M3 Settlement and EX.M4 Memo the workman is entitled to be promoted on expiry of 6 months from the date of censure, viz; 24-2-2003. So reckoned there is no delay in the promotion granted. From the very ambiguous averment in the Claim Statement as appeal/representation/explanation dated 16-8-2000 to the Show Cause Notice dated 6-7-2000 it is clear that petitioner itself is not sure about the nature of the said proceeding. It cannot be an appeal because it is an explanation to a proposed action which had not then attained finality. It is discernibly a representation in reply to the Show Cause Notice. Hence there is no question of effecting of promotion more than 2 years of appeal, because there has been no appeal vis-a-vis any appealable order or action. The Show Cause Notice dated 6-7-2000 only proposed demotion against which a reply was called for from the workman. Petitioner submitted Ex.W5 reply to the same which is not an appeal, against any appealable action or order since the Show Cause Notice, perse, is not appealable. Petitioner's misconception that the Show Cause Notice is a final action and that what he filed is an appeal is mistake of fact. Even so, an adjudication is not to rest on cryptic expressions if the real dispute is deducible from the averments in the relevant pleadings which is a position settled by various judicial pronouncements. So viewed, having regard to the specific averment in the claim statement the grievance of the workman is that promotion has been delayed due to the fault of the Management and none else. It is alleged that even if an employee is under suspension or facing disciplinary action and any punishment is in currency a promotion cannot be postponed when disciplinary action was delayed on account of fault of Management. According to the Management, no promotion was denied, which is true. Again according to the Management the promotion has not been delayed but which tends not to be wholly true. A pertinent question arises: why there was so much delay for passing final order only on 24-2-2003 despite representation dated 16-8-2000 was received in reply to the Show Cause Notice proposing demotion which in final order was limited to censure. While the workman has averted that promotion was postponed due to the delay in the disciplinary action on account of the fault of the Management taking undue time from 16-8-2000, date of representation to Show Cause Notice dated 6-7-2000 till 24-2-2003, the date of final order of censure case of the Respondent is that there is no delay which is not true. Discernibly, there has been delay which is called in question. Though the final order is in terms of Ex.M3 and Ex.M4, it is germane to consider why there occurred delay for passing the final order only on 24-2-2003 for which there is no reply from the Management which has not given an answer to the exact question. It is pertinent to ask if the final order had been passed much earlier in point of time than 24-2-2003 whether the workman would not have obtained his promotion earlier? But on the aspect of delay in the culmination of the disciplinary action only by 24-2-2003, for whose fault the same occurred there is no evidence except the bold and unspecific allegation of the

petitioner. So to say, that point remains without any elucidation. Hence no finding is possible to be given against the Respondent. It is mistake of fact to allege that the promotion was more than 2 years of appeal against demotion. There is no demotion order at all passed against him. The petitioner is therefore not entitled to any collection.

9. The reference is answered accordingly.

(Dictated to the P.A., transcribed and typed by him, corrected and pronounced by me in the open court on this day the 16th August, 2010).

A. N. JANARDANAN, Presiding Officer

Witnesses Examined:

For the 1 Party/Petitioner : WW1, Sri 1.

Pichamuthu

For the 1/ Party/Management : MW1, Sri O. S.

Arivu

Documents Marked:

On the Petitioner's side

| Ex.No. | Date | Description | |
|--------|------------|---|--|
| Ex.W1 | 19-07-1999 | Charge Memo cum suspension order issued by the II Party | |
| EX.W2 | 04-08-1999 | Explanation given by Mr. Pitchaimuthu to the II/ Party Management. | |
| EX.W3 | 17-05-2000 | Letter of Mr. Pitchaimuthu to the Enquiry Officer | |
| EX.W4 | 06-07-2000 | Show Cause Notice issued by the II Party | |
| EX.W5 | 16-08-2000 | Appeal filed by Mr. Pitchaimuthu before the Disciplinary Authority | |
| EX.W6 | 24-02-2003 | Final Order passed by the II/ Party | |
| EX.W7 | 10-10-2003 | Promotion order given by the II Party to the I Party | |
| EX.W8 | 11-10-2003 | Representation given by Mr. Pitchaimuthu to the II Party Management | |
| EX.W9 | 20-11-2003 | Representation given by Mr. Pitchaimuthu to the II Party Management | |
| EX.W10 | 21-04-2004 | Order of the Il Party Management | |
| EX.W11 | 21-02-2004 | Representations given by the I Party to the II Party | |
| EX.W12 | 18-10-2004 | Industrial Dispute raised by the I Party Union before the Assistant Commissioner of Labour | |
| EX.W13 | | Conciliation minutes reported by the Commissioner of Labour | |

| EX.W14 09-08-2006 | Rejoinder filed by the I Party Union before the Assistant Commissioner of Labour |
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On the Management's side

| On the Man | agement's side | |
|------------|----------------|--|
| Ex. No. | Date | Description |
| EX.M1 | 06-07-2000 | Provisional Show Cause Notice |
| EX.M2 | 24-02-2000 | Final Order imposing punishment |
| EX.M3 | 16-10-1979 | Proceedings containing instructions on time bound promotion scheme |
| EX.M4 | 29-07-1980 | Proceedings containing instructions on time bound advance scheme |
| EX.M5 | 19-07-1999 | Proceedings initiating disci- plinary action against 1st Party |
| EX.M6 | 11-10-2003 | Representation submitted by the 1st Party. |
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नई दिल्ली, 26 अगस्त, 2010

का.अ. 2355.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार आर्कोलोजिकल सर्वे ऑफ इण्डिया के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय, कानपुर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 1/2005) को प्रकाशित करती है, जा केन्द्रीय सरकार को 26-8-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-42012/22/2004- आईआर (सीएम-II)] डी. एस. एस. श्रीनिवास राव, डेस्क अधिकारी New Delhi, the 26th August, 2010

S.O. 2355.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 1/2005) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Kanpur as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the management of Archaeological Survey of India and their workmen, received by the Central Government on 26-8-2010.

[No. L-42012/27/2004-IR(CM-II)] D.S.S. SRINIVASA RAC, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE SRI RAM PARKASH, HJS, PRESIDING OFFICER, CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL-TRIBUNAL-CUM LABOR COURT, KANPUR

Industrial Dispute No. 1 of .2005
In the matter of dispute between
Sh. Kunwar Pal s/o Sri Sona
R/o Nagar Sikri 4 Hissa Fatehpur Sikri, Agra.

AND

The Superintending Archaeologist, Archaeological Survey of India, Agra Circle, 22 Mall Road, Agra.

AWARD

- 1. Central Government, MOL, New Delhi vide notification no. L42012/22/2004/(IR(CM-II) dated 10-12-04, has referred the following reference for adjudication to this tribunal.
- 2. Whether the action of the Superintendent, Archeological Survey of India, Agra in terminating the services of Sri Kunwar Pal son of Sri Sona, stone cutter with effect from 20-1-2002 is legal and justified? If not to what relief the workman is entitled?
- 3. Briefly stated facts of the case is that claimant Sri Kunwar Pal had been in the employment of the opposite party for the last twelve years and had also worked at Fatehpur Sikri and Sikandara buildings. It is stated that he had been removed by the opposite party with effect from 30-01-02. It is stated that after illegal removal of the services of the workman opposite party engaged one Sri Kishan Singh son of Dharam Singh in give of workman and thereafter the opposite parts employed hundreds of persons list of those persons in environment it is stated that the opposite party commits forgers in the seconds. It is stated that the work is being taken at different building but name shown for some other building and even the opposite party change the name, and parentage of the workman in the muster roll. It is stated that the opposite party without any reason or ryhm, without any inquiry and even without making payment of retrenchment compensation notice or notice pay in lieu of such notice too has not been afforded to the workman at the time of removal, It is against the principle of first come last go. It is stated that an FIR was lodged against the opposite party for committing forgery which is still pending. It is stated that the opposite party acts according to its own whims while preparing seniority list inasmuch as in place of old workers names of new workers are mentioned. It is stated that two kinds of muster roll is prepared by the opposite party one known as Kuchcha and the other as Pucca in which opposite party commits forgery. It is stated that the nature of work under the opposite party is of permanent. Work is being carried out through the whole year. It is stated that for the maintenance of him recal building, their preservation and conservation etc., the workman continued in the service of the opposite party since long but instead of absorbing him in service and declaring permanent, the opposite party engages the services of several new persons ignoring the hard fact that it is against law and rules of natural justice. The opposite party being annoyed terminated the service of the workman with effect from 31-1-2002 in an illegal manner.
- 4. Claimant has filed along with claim statement paper no. 10/5-17 which is list of persons working at different monuments of opposite party, paper no. 10/18-19 is FIR, Paper no. 10/20-24 is the Gazette Notification, paper no. 10/25 is a letter not legible, paper no. 10/26 is a photocopy of letter paper no. 10/27 to 10/79 are the photocopies of certain papers which are not legible.

- 5. Opposite party has filed their written statement alleging there in that Archaeological Survey of India is a sovereign department of Government of India and not an Industry to be controlled within the parameters of ID Act, 1947. The department undertakes the responsibility of preserving and conserving numerous ancient monuments and archaeological sites spread over the length and breadth of the country. To fulfil this august and arduous task, this department engages casual labours or specific job and for specific duration of work so that the conservation works are completed within the stipulated time period. It is stated that the government allocates budget for various departments every year and the concerned department execute their works according to the availability of funds. It is stated that while undertaking such works, priorities are laid down and works are taken up accordingly. Works are undertaken as long as the funds allocated for the sanctioned estimate is exhausted. It is stated that once the funds exhausted or the work is over the work is closed. It is stated that the applicant had been engaged for a short duration during June 01 to July 2002 as a casual stone cutter at different monuments under Fatehpur Sikri sub circle of the establishment. He has never worked at Sikandara Sub circle as alleged. It is stated that the applicant was never appointed on any post and as such question of termination of the applicant does not arise. He was engaged for highly intermittent and casual nature of work and as soon as the job ended he was no more engaged. Since it, is not a termination therefore question of applicability of any of the provision of the Act does not arise. Question of senior or junior in this case does not arise because when ever any work arises and the department sanctions the estimate the work is taken up and the workers available are engaged to complete the work in time such work is not of permanent nature but is of specific casual nature. It is stated that whenever funds are exhausted job is stopped or when job is finished work is stopped. It is stated that the opposite party engages workers for purely temporary nature of conservation works and since the works are for limited periods so the workers are not engaged for the whole year. Opposite party has further stated that FIR has been lodged on false ground. It is stated that the temporary status with effect from 31-1-2001 cannot be made applicable to the applicant since the said scheme was no more in vogue on this date. A copy of order of the Apex Court dated 29-4-2002 is enclosed. On the basis of above pleadings it has been prayed that the claim of the workman is devoid of merit hence is liable to be rejected.
- 6. Claimant did not adduce any oral evidence in support of his claim. Claimant has alleged that his services were terminated due to malafide and vindictive- action of the opposite party.
- 7. To prove this fact a heavy burden lies on the claimant but he did not discharged this burden. Pleadings

- cannot take shape of proof unless proved otherwise. Opposite has specially contended that the claimant was engaged as a casual labour for a short period for intermittent type of work. It is stated that there is no type of permanent work when, Government of India sanctions an estimate for a particular project, the work is completed up to the consumption of estimate.
- 8. I will again emphasize that primarily burden lies on the claimant to proof his case with solid and cogent evidence, but he did not turn up in, the court or the tribunal to prove his case despite giving him sufficient opportunities. Therefore, the claimant has failed to prove his case.
- 9. I have gone through the principle laid down by the Hon'ble Apex Court in 2005 LLR 1229 Allahabad High Court in between Vinod Kumar v/s PO Labour Court.
- 10. It has been held while challenging termination of service it is for the workman to prove wrongful termination and on the failure to do so the, workman will not be entitled to any relief in a dispute before the labour court.
- 11. The burden of proof lies heavily on the workman who has sought a reference of his dispute for adjudication by the labour court.
- 12. Therefore, considering all the records facts and circumstances of the case it is held that the claimant is not entitled for joining the duties and as such he is entitled to no relief. Therefore, reference is decided against the workman and in favour of the management.

RAM PARKASH, Presiding Officer नई दिल्ली, 26 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2356.— औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार एफ. सी. आई. के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय नं. 1, चण्डीगढ़ के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 1268/2006) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 26-8-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-22012/99/2005-आईआर (सीएम-II)] डी. एस. एस. श्रीनिवास राव, डेस्क अधिकारी New Delhi, the 26th August, 2010

S.O. 2356.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 1268/2006) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, No. 1, Chandigarh now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the management of Food Corporation of India, and their workmen, received by the Central Government on 26-8-2010.

[No. L-22012/99/2005-IR(CM-II)] D. S. S. SRINIVASA RAO, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE SHRI GYANENDRA KUMAR SHARMA, PRESIDING OFFICER, CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, No. I, CHANDIGARH

Case I. D. No. 1268/06

The President FCI (Handling) Worker's Union, 8654, Arakashan Road, Pahar Ganj, New Delhi-110 055.

...Applicant

Versus

- 1. The District Manager, FCl, District—Karnal (Haryana), Karnal.
- 2. The Senior Regional Manager, FCI, Regional Office, Haryana, Sector 31, Chandigarh.

...Respondent

APPEARANCES

For the Workman:

None

For the Management:

Shri N. K. Zakhmi, Advocate.

AWARD

Passed on 27-7-2010

Central Govt. vide Notification No. L-22012/99/2005-IR(CM-II), dated 14-6-2006, has referred the following dispute to this Tribunal for adjudication:

> "Whether the action of the management of FCI in ordering the recovery from 88 workers for causing demurrage loss is legal and justified? If not, to what relief the workers are entitled to?"

2. The case is taken up for hearing. None is present on behalf of FCI. Learned Counsel for the management is present. The case was initially called/taken at 11AM today. No one was present at that time. The case was called several times at intervals but none is present. At this stage, I have no option otherwise to return the reference to the Central Govt. without adjudication for non prosecution. Let Central Govt. be approached for publication of award and thereafter file be consigned to record room.

27-7-2010.

G. K. SHARMA, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 26 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2357.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार एवं भारतीय खाद्य निगम के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय, नं. 2, नई दिल्ली के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 25/2009) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 26-8-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-22011/24/2008-आईआर (सीएम-II)] डी. एस. एस. श्रीनिवास राव, डेस्क अधिकारी New Delhi, the 26th August, 2010

S.O. 2357.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 25/2009) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, No. 2, New Delhi now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the management of Food Corporation of India, and their workmen, received by the Central Government on 26-8-2010.

[No. L-22011/24/2008-IR(CM-II)]

D. S. S. SRINIVASA RAO, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT-II,

KARKARDOOMA COURT COMPLEX, DELHI-110032

I.D. No. 25/2009

Dated: 28-07-2010

In the matter of dispute between:

Shri Jagdeo Mandal, R/o Village & P.o. Ghevra

Delhi - 110 081

...Workman

Versus

The District Manager, Food Corporation of India, Shakti Nagar, New Delhi-110 007

...Management

AWARD

The Central Government, Ministry of Labour vide Order No. L-22011/24/2008-IR(CM-II) dated 23-03-2009 has referred the following industrial dispute to this Tribunal for adjudication:

"Whether the action of the management of Food Corporation of India in changing the date of birth of their workman Shri Jagdeo Mandal from 6-7-1949 to 06-07-1947 and retiring him on 31-07-2007 is legal and justified? To what relief is the workman concerned entitled?"

Ever since this reference has been received in this Court, the workman has not been attending the Court. Registered notice was also sent to him but the said notice also could not be served and it has been reported that his address is incomplete. As the workman is unbothered to pursue his case ever since the reference has been received in this Court, there is no way out except to pass a nodispute award which is passed accordingly. Reference No. 1D 25/2009 stands disposed off accordingly.

Dated: 28-7-2010

SATNAM SINGH, Presiding Officer नई दिल्ली, 26 अगस्त, 2010

का,आ. 2358.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार एवं बी. बी.

एम. बी. के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय, नं. 2, नई दिल्ली के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 78/2008) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 26-8-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-23012/3/2007-आईआर (सीएम-II)] डी. एस. एस. श्रीनिवास राव, डेस्क अधिकारी New Delhi, the 26th August, 2010

S.O. 2358.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 78/2008) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, No. 2, New Delhi now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the management of Divn. BBMB, and their workmen, received by the Central Government on 26-8-2010.

[No. L-23012/3/2007-IR(CM-II)]

D. S. S. SRINIVASA RAO, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

IN THE COURT OF SH. SATNAM SINGH PRESIDING OFFICER

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT II, KARKARDOOMA COURT COMPLEX,

DELHI-110 032

LD. No. 78/2008

Dated: 9-8-2010

In the matter of dispute between:

Shri Ash Karan (Truck Cleaner), C/o Shri Manoj Kumar Deshwal, Secretary, Bhakra Beas Employees Union, Punjabi Bagh, Delhi-110 035

...Workmen

VERSUS

Sr. Executive Engineer, Op. & MTC, Divn. BBMB, Panipat

...Management

AWARD

The Central Government, Ministry of Labour vide Order No. L-23012/3/2007-IR(CM-II) dated 28-01-2008 has referred the following industrial dispute to this Tribunal for adjudication.

"Whether the action of the management of BBMB, Ballabgarh in not allowing pay scale of Rs. 325—495 w.e.f. 01-08-1984 to the workman Shri Ash Karan, Lorry Cleaner is legal and justified? If not to what relief is the workman entitled?"

2. Statement of claim was filed by the workman on 30-4-2008. He last attended this court was on 25-7-2008 and thereafter he never attended the court. The management filed its written statement dated 14-5-2010 on 18-5-2010. The workman did not collect the copy of the same. As the workman has not been attending the court in this case since 20-8-2008, he evidently is not interested in the out come of this reference.

Under these circumstances there is no way out except to pass a no dispute award in this case. No dispute award accordingly is passed in this case and the reference sent by Government of India stands disposed off accordingly. Dated: 9-8-2010.

SATNAM SINGH, Presiding Officer नई दिल्ली, 27 अगस्त, 2010

का,आ. 2359.— औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार एवं मैसर्स नैसिल के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण सं. 2, मुम्बई के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 72/2002) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 27-8-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-11012/162/2000-आईआर (सी-I)] डी. एस. एस. श्रीनिवास राव, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 27th August, 2010

S.O. 2359.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 72/2002) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal No. 2, Mumbai as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of M/s. Livewel Aviation Services and NACIL, and their workmen, which was received by the Central Government on 27-8-2010.

[No. L-11012/162/2000-IR(C-I)]

D. S. S. SRINIVASA RAO, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL—TRIBUNAL No. 2, MUMBAI PRESENT

A. A. LAD, Presiding Officer

Reference No. CGIT-2/72 of 2002

Employers in Relation to the Management of Livewel Aviation Services

1. Navjeevan Society, 12th flr, 6L Building No. 3, Lamington Road, Mumbai-400 008

...First Party No. 1

2. The Regional Director, Indian Airlines Ltd. (NACIL), Mumbai-400 029

...First Party No. 2

V/s

THEIR WORKMEN

The General Secretary, Mumbai Mazdoor Sangh, 25, Ibrahim Mansion, Parel, Mumbai 400 012

Second Party

APPEARANCE:

FOR THE EMPLOYER:

(1st Party No. 1)Mrs. A.V.Purav, Advocate(1st Party No.2)M/s. Bhasin & Co., AdvocatesFOR THE WORKMENMr. A.B. Anchan, Advocate.

Date of reserving the Award: 26-05-2010.

Date of passing the Award: 12-07-2010.

AWARD

The matrix of the facts as culled out from the proceedings are as under:

1. The Government of India, Ministry of Labour by its Order No.L-11012/162/2000-IR(C-I) dated 30th September, 2002 in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) and sub-section 2(A) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 have referred the following dispute to this Tribunal for adjudication:

"क्या मैसर्स लिववैल एविएशन सर्विसेज के प्रबंधतंत्र द्वारा सूची में दिए गए 50 कर्मकारों की सेवाएं समाप्त किया जाना विधिवत्, उचित एवं न्यायसंगत है? यदि नहीं, तो संबंधित कर्मकार किस राहत के पात्र हैं।"

2. Claim Statement is filed by the 2nd Party, through its Secretary at Exhibit 9 stating and contending that, the Mumbai Mazdoor Sangh is a Trade Union, registered under the Trade Unions Act, 1926 and the concerned workmen, whose names appear in the annexure to the Order of Reference are the persons who have enrolled themselves as member of the 2nd Party and therefore 2nd Party is entitled to represent them in the present Reference. It is case of the 2nd Party that, 1st Party has been employing several persons in the categories of Cabin Cleaners and Sweepers in different categories of Airport (Operation Area) of the Indian Airlines Ltd. and at such other places of work as required at Mumbai Airport thus the 1st Party (1) is the contractor and 1 st Party (2) is the principal employer of the concerned workmen. It is case of the 2nd Party that, the concerned workmen are appointed in a regular manner and continued since years "together". It is case of the 2nd Party that, the work of cleaning and other incidental work is of perennial nature. It is case of the 1st Party No.1 & 2 have been continuing to commit an unfair labour practices by not employing these concerned workmen in regular manner or on a regular basis of the principal employer and there is no security of employment to the concerned workmen though they have been working for several years and they are not being made permanent. It is case of the 2nd Party that, it make a demand for regularization of

services of the concerned workmen with the principal employer. It is case of the 2nd Party that, instead of regularizing the services of the concerned workmen, the contractor started taking signatures of the concerned workmen on the blank letter heads of the company by misrepresenting them that, all these letters will be sent to the Indian Airlines for regularization. It is case of the 2nd Party that, after obtaining the signatures 1st party (1) started terminating the services of the concerned workmen, It is case of the 2nd party that, the said terminations are without following due process of law and therefore bad in law. It is case of the 2nd Party that, it submitted a demand on 30-4-1998 for reinstatement of 33 workmen for the sake of convenience. It is case of the 2nd Party that, on 8-6-1998 it submitted another demand letter in respect of eight workmen and it also submitted another demand letter dated 22-6-1998 in respect of 9 workmen. It is case of the 2nd Party that, since the said demands were not responded by the 1st Party No.1 and 2, it therefore approached the Assistant Labour Commissioner (C), Mumbai vide letter dated 26-6-1998. It is case of the 2nd party that, the Assistant Labour Commissioner (C), Mumbai, issued notices to all the concerned parties and the 1st Party (1) in its reply dated 11-2-1999 came out with a false case that, it did not terminated the services of the workmen but the concerned workmen themselves resigned from the services of the 1st Party (1). It is case of the 2nd Party that, from the dates of termination of the concerned workmen, 2nd party as well as the concerned workmen, approached the 1st party from time to time and made several representations but the Company neither replied the said representations nor informed the workmen about the acceptance of resignation letters. It is case of the 2nd Party that, in the repeated representations, the concerned workmen sent letters to the 1st Party (1) informing it that, its officers had obtained signatures on the blank papers and demanded copy of the same. It is case of the 2nd Party that, the concerned workmen also sent letters requesting to reinstate them and also informed the Management that if the Management wants to use those signatures for the purpose of resignation letters then, they want to withdraw the resignation letters. It is therefore, case of the 2nd Party that, the termination of the concerned employees is illegal, without following due process of law and therefore bad in law and 1st Party (1) cannot take advantage of the ignorance of the concerned workmen It is case of the 2nd Party that, the correspondence with the 1st Party clearly shows that, none of the concerned employees had intended to resign from the 1st Party and therefore the alleged letters of resignation cannot be accepted as a documentary proof. It is case of the 2nd Party that, in any way since the concerned workmen had informed the 1st party that they want to withdraw the said resignation letters they are entitled to reinstatement with full back wages and continuity of service. It is case of the 2nd Party that, 1st Party (1) is employing more than 100 employees for principal employer Company [1st Party (2)],

therefore the provisions of Chapter V-B of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 are applicable to the 1st Party (1). It is case of the 2nd Party that, 1st Party (1) has discontinued the concerned workmen without taking permission from the Appropriate Government and/or without following the provisions of Chapter V-B of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 and therefore the said action amounts to illegal termination and the said termination is illegal, bad in law and void ab-initio and amounts to unfair labour practice. It is case of the 2nd party that, none of the discontinued workman has been paid any compensation and/or notice pay as envisaged under Section 25F of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, hence, the action of the 1st Party is clearly in violation of Section 25F of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 and therefore is void ab-initio. It is case of the 2nd Party that, though the they have been appointed and engaged by the 1st Party (1) but the concerned workmen were working with the principal employer i.e. Indian Airlines [1st Party (2)] and seeking regulation in the employment of the principal employer Company and this Hon'ble Tribunal has jurisdiction to and decide the present dispute. It is case of the 2nd Party that, because of the adamant stand of the 1st Party, Assistant Labour Commissioner (Conciliation) submitted the failure report to the Government and the Under Secretary, Government of India, by his letter dated 10-1-2001 informed the concerned parties that, "there is no dispute". It is case of the 2nd Party that, being aggrieved by the said letter of the Under Secretary, Government of India, 2nd Party approached the Hon'ble High Court by filing Writ Petition No.408 of 2001 and the Hon'ble High Court by its order dated 8-3-2001 directed the Under Secretary to refer the dispute to this Hon'ble Tribunal. 2nd Party, therefore, prayed that, it be declared that, the discontinuation or termination of the concerned workmen is void ab-initio with direction to the 1st Party (1) to reinstate the concerned workmen with benefit of full back wages and continuity of service.

3. This is disputed by the 1st Party (1) by filing Written Statement at Exhibit 12 stating and contending that, the dispute referred for adjudication is wholly misconceived, unjustified, untenable and deserves to be rejected in toto. It is case of the 1st Party (1) that, the present dispute is referred for adjudication on the basis of the demand raised by 2nd Party viz. Mumbai Mazdoor Sangh on behalf of 50 workmen whose services according to the said Union were allegedly termination by 1st Party (1). It is case of the 1st Party (1) that, the services of the concerned workmen are not at all terminated by it but they have resigned from the services on their own. It is contended by the 1st Party (1) that, it is providing various types of services viz. Aircraft cleaning (exterior - interior), baggage handling inside the terminal and ramp side along with all allied services to the Airline Companies. It is contended by the 1st Party (1) that, it provides such services not only to Indian Airlines (NACIL) but to various other Airline Companies viz. Air India, Jet Airways, Alliance Airways etc. It is case of the

1st Party (1) that, to provide the said services to the various Airline Companies, it engage its own workmen, staff, supervisor, officers, Manager etc. It is its case that, the said workmen/employees of the 1st Party (1) work as per the directions of the 1st Party (1) and under the supervision and control of the superiors, Managers of the Company. It is its case that, all the workmen of the 1st Party (1) have to work and in fact is working for all the Airline Companies to whom the 1st Party (1) is providing various types of services. It is contended by the 1st Party (1) that, there is no division of the workmen that, the particular group of workmen will work for a particular Airline Company and as such all the workmen work for all the clients of the 1st party (1). It is contended by the 1st Party (1) that, though the 2nd Party was aware that, the workmen employed by the Company do not work exclusively for anyone Airline but work for all the Airline Companies to whom the services are provided by the 1st Party (1). It is its case that, it did not wrote a letter to the Indian Airlines for regularisation of the services of the workmen with them. It is contended by the 1st Party (1) that, since the said demand was misconceived, unjustified and untenable, the Indian Airlines did not accept the said demand of the 2nd Party. It is contended by the 1st Party (1) that, due to firm stand taken by the Indian Airlines, 2nd Party instigated the workmen of the 1st Party (1) to adopt various type of unfair labour practices and the workmen who were affiliated/members of the 2nd Party Union started refusing work entrusted to them and also started insulting Managers and Supervisors by not following their instructions as instigated by the 2nd Party.

4. It is contended by the 1st Party (1) that, the workers on 28-2-1998 reported on duty at 9.30 a.m. but all of a sudden set of workmen left the work place without any reason alongwith their Airport Entry Passes which they were supposed to return at the end of their duty hours as per the Airport Authority Rules. It is contended by the 1st Party (1) that, due to their sudden stoppage of work the supervisor, Managers including CEO had to work hard to keep the operations on along with other loyal workers who had sense of responsibility. 1st Party (1) submits that, the said conduct of the set of workmen was totally irresponsible which affected the business and reputation of the 1sl Party (1). It is contended by the 1st Party (1) that, in fact, if the supervisors and managers had not worked hard on that day, 1st Party (1) could have lost its valuable customers. It is contended by the 1st Party (1) that, on 1-3-1998 the said workers were told by its Manager that they should return their Airport Entry Passes while leaving the work place but the workers did not returning their Airport Entry passes and it is its case that, the Manager told the workers if they do not return their Airport Entry Passes, while leaving the work place, the Management will be constrained to inform the Security personnel of Airport Authority as well as to the local Police Station. It is contended by the 1st Party (1) that, upon this on 12-3-1998 a set of workmen whose names are at Sr. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7,

9 and 10 in Annexure "A" to the Statement of Claim approached its Manager, Administration and told him that, the Company, 1st Party (1) is not required to intimate to any Authority about not returning the Airport Entry Passes as they themselves were not interested to do the work for the Company like Livewel and handed over their resignation letters and returned their Airport Entry Passes to the said Manager and left the services of the Company, 1st Party (1). It is contended by the 1st Party (1) that, the Manager, therefore, asked the workmen reason for the mass resignation when Mr. Dilip Ahire told him that, they wanted to teach a lesson to the Company, 1st Party (1) and therefore, they have decided to resign in masses so that 1st Party's work and operations will be hampered. It is its case that, said Mr. Ahire further told the Manager that, their Union is aware that in absence of these employees it will be impossible for the 1st Party (1) to continue its business and the Union is sure that the 1st Party (1) will approach 2nd party begging to continue the work. It is contended by the 1st Party (1) that, its Manager thought that the said worker was not serious and that there is no much substance in whatever was said by him. It is contended by the 1st Party (1) that, however, on 16-3-1998 i.e. within four days 10 more workmen whose names are at Serial Nos. 1, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21 in Annexure 'A' to the Statement of claim approached the Manager-Admn. and tendered their resignations. It is contended by the 1st Party (1) that, the Manager again asked the said workers reason for their mass resignations when Mr. Anil Lokhande told the Manager that they are supporting the workers who have tendered their resignations and that they are not interested to work for the 1st Party (1) and further told the Manager that the Union has suggested them to resign from the services so that it can teach lesson to the 1st Party (1) and the Union has given them typed resignation letters. It is contended by the 1st Party (1) that, Mr. Anand More who is at Serial No.1, to Annexure "A" to the Statement of Claim worked only for three days and for the reasons best known to him stopped attending the work and as such the demand raised for him is wholly misconceived, unjustified, untenable and deserves to be rejected in toto. It is contended by the 1st Party (1) that, Mr. Kondiba Kamble whose name is at Serial No.22 to Annexure 'A' was working as a Supervisor and his duties were to supervise the work of the workers who were working in his ground who was not employed to do any manual, unskilled, skilled, technical, operational or clerical work but he was employed as a Supervisor to supervise the work of the workmen who were working as utility hand/cabin cleaners. It is its case that, the salary paid to Mr. Kondiba Kamble was Rs.2800 per month and 12 to 15 workmen are working under the supervision and control of said Kamble. It is contended by the 1st Party (1) that, thus said Mr. Kondiba Kamble is not a workman as defined under Section 2(s) of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, therefore, 2nd Party Union has no right to espouse his alleged grievance before this Tribunal and therefore,

the demand raised on his behalf is wholly misconceived, unjustified and same cannot be tried before this Tribunal for want of jurisdiction. It is contended by the 1st Party (1) that, Mr. Nilesh Korde at Serial No.23 in Annexure 'A' to the Statement of Claim assaulted the Manager of the 1st Party and 1st Party, therefore, lodged Police complaint to the Santacruz Police Station on 30-3-1998 and upon enquiries by the Police Mr. Korade returned Airport Entry Pass and tendered his resignation to the Management Administration. It is case of the 1st Party (1) that, Mr. Ashok S. Naik, at Sr. No.24 to the Annexure 'A' to the Statement of Claim was reporting for work since 7-4-1990 and he tendered his resignation on 14-4-1998. It is case of the 1st Party (1) that, similarly R.D. Gaikwad, at Sr. No.25 to Annexure 'A' remained absent from duty from 27-3-1998 and tendered his resignation on 24-4-1998 and Mr. Sunilkumar J. Dayal, Sr. No.26 to the Annexure 'A' was also reporting for his duties from 6-4-1998 and tendered his resignation on 18-4-1998 and collected his dues on 25-4-1998. It is case of the 1st party that, Mr. Rajesh R. Pathare, at Sr. No.27 to Annexure "A' was asked to bring Police clearance to renew his Airport Entry Pass, however, he expressed his inability to bring the same and tendered his resignation on 15-4-1998, Mr. Amardeep D. Choughale at Serial No.28 to Annexure 'A' on 17-9-1997 resigned from the services of the 1st Party (1), Mr. Javed Khan at Sr. No.29 to Annexure 'A' was not reporting to work from 1-4-1998 and subsequently by his letter dated 20-4-1998 resigned from the services of the 1st Party (1). It is case of the 1st Party that, that Javed Khan was issued show cause notice dated 8-4-1998 for his absence from 1-4-1998. It is case of the 1st Party that, Murli Molekandy at Sr.30 of Annexure 'A' was also not reporting for duty w.e.f. 1-4-1998 and by his letter dated -20-6-1998 he resigned from his services of the 1 st Party(1), Rajesh Mandle at Sr. No.31 to Annexure 'A' was also not reporting for duty w.e.f.4-4-1998 and he tendered his resignation on 21-4-1998, Mahendra Kamble at Sr. No:32 of Annexure 'A' also not reporting to work w.e.f. 22-4-1998 and submitted his resignation on 29-9-1998, Vikas Borde at Sr. No.33 of Annexure 'A' resigned from the services w.e.f. 4-4-1998. It is further case of the 1 st Party (1) that, Vikram Bodke at Sr. No.1 of Exhibit 'B' to the Statement of Claim, on 10-6-1998 resigned from his services as he went to visit to his native place alongwith his parents and requested for settlement of his dues which were accordingly settled on 10-6-1998, Mr. Navin Wagle at Serial No.2 to Annexure 'B', Mr. Santosh Shetye at Sr. No.3 to Exhibit 'B', Mr. Raju Walmiki at Sr. No.4 to Exhibit 'B', Mr. Yogesh R. Gangan at Sr. No.5 to Exhibit 'B', Mr. Pravin Sonawane at Sr. No.6 to Exhibit 'B' resigned from the services of the 1st Party (1). It is case of the 1st Party (1) that Suresh Makwane at Sr. No.7 to Exhibit 'B; also resigned from the services of the Company on his own accord on 15-4-1998, Himat Gohil at Sr. No. 8 to the Exhibit 'B' had submitted his resignation on 10-5-1998 as he was not

keeping well. It is case of the 1st Party that, Rupesh M. Kailash at Sr. No. 1 to Exhibit 'C' to the Statement of Claim, Mr. Sanjay R. Kamble at Sr. No.2 to Exhibit 'C' and Santosh S. Karande at Sr.No.3 to Exhibit 'C' refused to do the assigned work on 18-6-1998 and left the work place by giving back their Airport Entry Passes. It is case of the 1st Party that, subsequently on 20-6-1998, 18-6-1998 and 20-6-1998 said three workmen resigned from the services of the 1st Party (1). It is case of the 1st Party that, Devendra Vadishali at Sr. No.4 to Exhibit 'C' and Mahendra R. Pendurkar at Sr. No.5 to Exhibit 'C', Mohammed E. Sheikh at Sr. No.7 to Exhibit 'C', Mangesh A. Padwal at Sr. No.8 to Exhibit 'C' and Mr. Vivek K Takle at Sr. No.9 to Exhibit 'C' were standing near passway, very close to the taxing air craft and waived their hands in such a manner as if giving signal 10 the aircraft. It is case of the 1st Party that, due to their said signaling the Captain stopped the aircraft which was about to take off. 1st Party (1), therefore, asked explanations from the said workmen and instead of replying to the said explanation they stopped coming to duty and subsequently sent their resignations dated 20-6-1998, 18-6-1998, 23-6-1998 and 20-6-1998 respectively. It is case of the 1st Party (1) that, Sunkappa M. Pawar at Sr. No.6 to Exhibit 'C' was irregular in his attendance and used to remain absent frequently and when on 18-6-1998 he was asked to explain his irregular attendance he handed over his Airport Entry Pass and left the work place and subsequently sent his resignation letter dated 20-6-1998. 5. It is case of the 1st Party (1) that, under this background 1st Party (1) has not at all terminated the services of the concerned workmen but the said workmen have resigned from the services on their own and as such there is no termination and the demand referred for adjudication deserves to be answered in negative. 1st Party (1) denied the allegations made in the Statement of Claim that, it is practicing unfair labour practice or it had obtained signatures by misrepresentations or force or that after obtaining the signatures the Management of the 1st Party (1) started terminating the services of the concerned workmen as alleged but the concerned workmen had own their own resigned from their services and as such the submissions of the 2nd Party that, the said terminations are without following due process of law and therefore bad in law is wholly misconceived, unjustified and untenable and there is no substance whatsoever in the submissions made by the 2nd Party Union.

6. It is case of the 1st Party (1) that, Union by its three different letters raised demand in respect of 50 workmen on the basis that, the services of the said workmen were allegedly terminated by 1st Party. It is case of the 1st Party that, since it had not terminated the services of the workmen and since the workmen had resigned on their own there was no substance whatsoever in the demand raised by the Union and therefore there was no question of responding the said demand in positive manner. It is contended by the 1st party (1) that, it replied to the

statement of justification filed before the Assistant Labour Commissioner (Central), Mumbai, mentioning the factual position. It is contended by the 1st Party (1) that, since there was no representation received by it there was no question of replying the alleged representations. It is case of the 1st Party (1) that, acceptance of the resignation letter was given on the resignation letters itself. It is case of 1st Party (1) that, the submissions of the Union that, the concerned workmen send letters to the Company informing it that the officers of the Company had obtained signatures on the blank papers and therefore demanded copy of the same is wholly false, baseless; unjustified and untenable and denies the same. 1st Party 1 (1) denied that, the resignation letters cannot be accepted as a documentary proff as alleged or at all or for the reasons as alleged.

- 7. It is case of the 1st Party (1) that, since the concerned workmen have resigned from services of the 1st Party (1) and it has not terminated their services submissions of the 2nd Party Union in respect of the alleged permission from 'Appropriate Government' and applicability of Chapter V-B are wholly baseless, unjustified and irrelevant and denied that any of its action amount to unfair labour practice as alleged and contended that since the concerned workmen resigned on their own there was no question of pay any compensation to them under Section 25-F of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 and submitted that most of the workmen had not worked for one year with the 1st Party (1). It is case of the 1st Party that, the submissions of the Union that, the concerned workmen were working with the principal employer i.e. the Indian Airline is wholly misconceived, unjustified and untenable. 1st Party (1) submitted that, the reliefs prayed for by the 2nd Party Union are baseless, unjustified and untenable and they are not entitled for any relief and prayed that, the reference be rejected.
- 8. Rejoinder is filed by the 2nd Party Union at Exhibit 13 repeating the same 'story as made in the Claims Statement and denying the contentions raised by the 1st Party (1).
- 9. 1st Party (2) filed an application at Exhibit 17 prayed that, it be deleted as a party since there is no dispute existing between the Management of Indian Airlines and the Workmen of Livewel Aviation who is a concerned party in this Reference. The said application is to be decided along with the main reference.
- 10. In view of the above pleadings following Issues were framed, by my Ld. Predecessor, at Exhibit 15 which I answer as under:

ISSUES

FINDINGS

No

1. Whether the signatures of the 50 workmen on blank papers were obtained by the contractor by misrepresentation to the effect at all papers were required for regularisation of service for sending them to Indian Airlines?

- 2. Whether the documents (collectively yes marked as Annexure 'A') filed by the management of Livewel Aviation Services with the Written Statement are genuine letters of mass resignations?
- Whether this Tribunal is entitled to grant relief to fifty workmen (as per list) against
 vewel Aviation Services in accordance with terms of reference in case it comes to the conclusion that the termination of the services amounted to retrenchment?
- 4 What relief, if any, can be granted to the workness in this adjudication?

No relief.

REASONS:

ISSUES Nos. 1 & 2:

11 By this Reference Membri Mazdoor Sungh chalacter the action of the Menagement of Elecael Astonia: Services who does not permit the workmen to report on work. According to Union said workers work through three ket Avietion Services, with Indian Airlines Latified, Indian Airlines is the personal employer and the Livewel Aviation Services is the Contractor who provides the services to the Indian Airlines to clean Aircrafts and other work of perennial nature. According to Union in fact they were working for principal employer i.e. Indian Airlines, however, they are deprived of the commeration and other facilities which are offered to the regular employees of the . ludian Airlines Ltd. for doing same type of work. According to Union they tried to parsue the demand of the workers for regularization in Indian Airlines Ltd. However, they were not heard and were not regularised. According to Union thereafter Management of Livewel Aviation Services tempted these workers and obtained signatures on blank papers under the guise of regularisation on the establishment of the Indian Airline's Etd. According to the Union. Management missepresented workers and obtained signatures saying that, they will be regularised in the establishment of Indian Airlines Ltd. It is case of the Union that, after obtaining signatures of the workers by misrepresenting to them, the Management of Livewel Aviation Services, terminated the services of these workers without following due process of law. According to Union act of Livewel Aviation Services who started terminating the survices of these workers is illegal and required to quash and set aside, it is ease of the Union that. Management of Livered Aviation Services cannot take disadvantage of the a grantes of the weekers which it obtained under the saise of regularization with the Indian Airlines Ltd. So it is prayed that. Lavewel Aviation Services be directed to rejustate these workers with benefit of continuity of services and back wages and declare that, the terminations officied by the it is illegal one.

 This is disputed by the Livewel Aviation Services by filing its reply at Exhibit 12 stating and contending that,

dispute referred for adjudication is wholly misconceived, untenable and deserves to be rejected in toto. It is case of the Livewel Aviation Services that, the present dispute is referred for adjudication on the basis of the demand raised by the Mumbai Mazdoor Sangh for its 50 workmen whose services according to Union are terminated by the Company. It is stated by Livewel Aviation Services that, services of these workers were not at all terminated by Livewel Aviation Services but these workers resigned from the services of Livewel Aviation Services. It is case of Livewel Aviation Services that, the case made out by the Union is totally wrong, misconceived and these workers are not entitled for any relief. It is stated by the Livewel Aviation Services that, it is providing services of various types to many Airline Companies. It is case of the I wewel Aviation Services that, it is attending work of Jeaning Aircrafts, handling bagage of the curis and as such said services are not only provided to indian Airlines (NACIL) but to many other air lines like Air India, Jet Airways, Alliance Airways and other air lines. It is ease of the Livewel Aviation Services that, for that it engages its own workers, staff, supervisors, officers and Managers and they are monitoring the work of that type a halo attending work of other air lines. It is case of the consellated Aviation Services that, the workers of Liver come a con-Services are working as per the directions of the officers of the Company and they are also controlled by the supervisors, officers and Managers. It is case of the toyettel Aviation Services that, all the workers of the Company are working for various Air line companies to whom the Company is providing various types of services it is case of the Livewel Aviation Services that, there is no division of the workers and it is its case that, it has no control as alleged by the Union. It is denied that, workers are working for a particular Air line. It is case of the Livewet Aviation Services that, the demand was raised by the Union which is not worth considering since it is not justified and not tenable. It is its case that, said demand was rejected by the Assistant Labour Commissioner (Central) observing that, there is no dispute. It is case of the Livewel Aviation Services that, Union filed the case before the Hon'ble High Court and as per directions of the Hon'ble High Court, Government has made the present Reference, It is ease of the Livewel Aviation Services that, when the workers tendered resignations voluntarily and simply Livewel Aviation Services acted upon it, it does not permit Union to approach this Tribunal to set aside said presination which is done by it on the basis of the rersignation tendered by the workers and Livewel Aviation Services cannot be directed to reinstate the workers with continuity of service and benefits of back wages.

13. Indian Airlines Ltd. which is now known as NACIL (National Aviation Co. of India Ltd. by Application, Exhibit 17, prayed to delete its name saying that, no case is made out against it and no relief is sought against it.

14. This application was not kept for decision looking to the age of the matter and said application was kept for hearing alongwith the main Reference. As a result of that, no reply was given by the Indian Airlines Ltd.

15. It support of the contentions Union filed affidavit of Rajendra Dharmaji Gailwad, at Exhibit 27 in lieu of his examination-in-chief, who repeated the same story as made in the Claims Statement and prayed to direct 1st Party (1) Livewel Aviation Services to reinstate the workers involved in the Reference with benefit of continuity of service and benefit of back wages. In the cross this witness admit that, Supervisor of Livewel Aviation Services used to regulate their shifts and working as well as working hours. He admits that, Livewel Aviation Services maintain leave record of the workers. Even he admit that, training was given by Livewel Aviation Services. Even he admit that, Livewel Aviation Services was taking disciplinary action against the concerned workers. He admit that, appointment was made by Livewel Aviation Services. He also admit that, he demanded reinstatement with continuity of service and back wages with Livewel Aviation Services. He admit that, he was paid by Livewel Aviation Services. He admit that, work of cleaning air crafts of Indian Airlines Ltd. was assigned to the workers by Livewel Aviation Services. He states that, one of the officers of Livewel Aviation Services compelled the workers to sign on the blank paper by calling worker one by one in the office. He states that, said happened in March/April, 1998. He states that, no complaint about taking the signature on blank paper was made. Even he admit that, nobody complained to any authority during that period regarding signatures taken on blank papers. Question was put to him that, in the Claims Statement it is state that signature was taken on the letter head of the Company to which he says that, they were asked to sign on blank paper. He states that, 2 members were with him vhen he signed on the alleged blank papers. He states hat, he did not know who are the employees mentioned at Serial Nos. 11 to 14, 16 18 and 19. He admits that, he was not on duty on 29-3-1998. He states that, he learnt about hat incident later on. He states that, he did not know vhether Ashok Naik was absent from duty on '-4-1998 or thereafter. He states that, he did not withdraw he resignation contending that, resignation was not endered by him. He admit that, he has not evidence to how that, documents produced from pages 12 to 77 of Exhibit 35 were served on the Company. Even he admits nat, he did not Identify the signatures of the workers who re involved in the Reference and for whom he is deposing. le admit that, their prayer to regulate them in the services f the Indian Airlines Ltd. is pending before the CGIT-1. In that Union closed evidence by filing closing purshis at xhibit 11 Even thereafter Union filed affidavit of Kondiba Imaji Kamble, in lieu of his examination-in-chief, at Exhibit 8 who states about duties of workers involved in the eference and the relations of the workers with Livewel

Aviation Services i.e. Management of 1st Party (1). In the cross he admits that, he was appointed as Cleaning Supervisor. He admit that, Reference is pensing before CGIT-1 regarding confirmation of the workers in the employment of the Indian Airlines I to He admits that, the workers were praying for regularization of their services with the Indian Airlines Ltd. He admit that the cornent; in pages 4, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 17, 20, 24, 27, 28, 31, 36, 37, 38, 46, 41. 43, 45, 47, 49, 50 and 52 are one and the same which are produced with Exhibit 39 and contemp of pages 9, 11, 13, 16, 21, 22, 23, 30, 34 and 44 produced with a distall 39. (%) admits that, those signatures were taken as pur the advice of the Union. He admits that, he cannot goe details regarding workers involved in the Reference and he cannot give the exact income of these workers. He also admitchat, there is no documentary evidence to show that, these workers tried to get employment and did not got it

15A. Then thereafter Livewel Aviation Services filed an affidavit of Siraj Khatri, at Exhibit 42, in lieu of his examination-in-chief who speaks about the workers who are involved in the Reference and voluntarily resignations were tendered by them. He denies the case of the Union that, workers have not tendered resignations and he states that, workers had tendered their resignations and Livewel Aviation Services simply accepted the said resignations. According to him workers gave resignations without any coercion or pressure. Then Management examined Ravindra Krishna Kamble by filing his affidavit at Exhibit 46, in lieu of his examination-in-chief, who states that, he is working there from 1997. He admits that, he was made permanent. He states that, services of these workers were provided to other air lines like Air Qatar, Oman, Pakistan Airways, Air Lanka and Beliver and other Air lines. On that NACIL closed evidence and filed closing purshis at Exhibit 47.

16. No evidence is led by Indian Airlines and closed its evidence by filing closing purshis at Exhibit 51.

17. Written arguments are submitted by the Umon at Exhibit 52 which are replied by Indian Airlines by filing it at Exhibit 53. Later on Livewel Aviation Services filed written arguments at Exhibit 54.

18. Perused written submissions of all i.e. of both the Managements and Union as well as evidence as referred above.

19. In the instant case there are 2 Managements one is of Livewel Aviation Services as 1st Party (1) and other one is Indian Airlines 1st Party (2). It is pertinent to note that, initially NACI was made a party. However, by filing Application at Exhibit 17 it prayed to delete its name saying that, no relief is sought against it. Even prayer of Union is regarding regularization of the workers with Management No.1 i.e. Livewel Aviation Services and no relief is sought by the Union against Indian Airlines i.e. NACIL in this Reference. Besides one Reference is pending about

regularization of workers with Indian Air Lines in CGIT No.1, Mumbai. So I feel there is no point in keeping Indian Airlines (NACIL) as a party in the Reference. So I allow the application of NACIL and delete its name from the Reference.

20. It is case of the Union that, signatures of the workers involved in the Reference were obtained by misrepresentations that, they will be regularized in the establishment of Indian Airlines. However, case of the Livewel Aviation Services is that, these workers tendered resignations voluntarily. As far as signatures of the workers who are involved in the Reference is concerned, case made out by the Union appears rather shaky one. In the Claims Statement, Union says that, signatures of the workers were taken on the letter head of Livewel Aviation Services and in the depositions it is stated that signatures were taken on blank papers. In the arguments Union made out the case that, signatures of the workers were taken by misrepresenting them that, they will be regularized in the services of the Indian Airlines Ltd. That means signatures were taken is admitted fact. It is case of the Union that, signatures were obtained from the workers by misrepresentations. It is also case of the Union that, signatures were taken on blank papers and it is also case of the Union that signatures were taken on the letter head of the Company.

21. Union made out 3 different cases regarding signatures of the workers. At one place it states that, signatures were taken on blank papers. That means signature was taken without discussing anything with the workers and that possibility cannot be ruled out and even case made out by the Union is that signatures were taken on misrepresentations that, they will be regularized with Indian Airlines. That means signatures were taken and it was given by the workers after discussions. But according to Union it was taken by misrepresentation. Said stand of the Union reveals that its case is that, signatures were given of the workers by misrepresentations that their services will be regularized. However, witness of the Union admit that, they have not coomplained about the signature taken. Witness admit that, he did not approach any authority about the signatures obtained by Livewel Aviation Services and even he admit that, he did not withdraw the resignations. That means various stands are taken by the Union by various reasons reveals that, they are not sure about their own case. All is clear that signatures were taken. But no complaint was made about it. We have to accept that those signature were voluntarily and free. Besides this case of the Union is that, Reference is pending with the CGIT-1 where they are claiming that, they be regularized with Air India and their signs were taken and it is pending with CGT-1, Marchai.

22. When issue of regularization is pending then prayer prayed in the present Reference to regularize them

their services by regularizing them with Indian Airlines Ltd. does not arise. Even there is no stay in the present Reference to that effect. On the contrary in the present Reference, Union says that, Livewel Aviation Services be directed to reinstate them. No relief is sought by William against Indian Airlines Ltd. (NACIL).

23. Livewel Aviation Services states that, since these workers tendered resignations and since it acted upon said resignations, question does not arise to regularize them. Besides case of the Livewel Aviation Services is that, most of the workers did not work for more than one year and most of the workers worked for short period. It is case of the Livewel Aviation Services that, they did not work for more than 240 days to regularize them. It is case of the Livewel Aviation Services that, the workers involved in the Reference had tendered their resignations voluntarily. As far as this contention is raised, no case is made out by the Union and in support of its case Union filed affidavits of 2 persons who are examined bough there are number of employees involved in the Redicts, is which is 50 or so. No details are given of the workers. Nothing as stated about their qualifications, their nature of attendance to claim permanency. When all these things are absent in my considered view, stand taken by Livewel Aviation Services appears that, these workers have tendered resignations and the same have been accepted. Since stand taken by the Union on that point is shaky and not sticky one, I conclude that, resignations given by the workers are genuine and not farce.

Issues Nos. 3 and 4:

24. By this Reference, dispute of signature is sent here for adjudication. As observed above signatures given by the workers is not seriously disputed by them. No specific ground is made out as to why they signed and as to why they tendered resignations? As stated above at one stage they say that it was obtained on blank paper and at one stage they state that, it was obtained on letter head of the Company by misrepresenting that, they will be regularized in services of Indian Airlines Ltd. When these are different stands which are contrary to each other reveals that, signatures are given by the workers. Besides that, they did not complained about the signatures and they did not complaint about the act of Livewel Aviation Services. When they did not complained about the act of Livewel Aviation Services and kept silent in my considered view, workers involved in the Reference are not entitled for any relief. So I answer these Issues accordingly and pass the following order:

ORDER

Reference is rejected with no Order as to its costs. Mumbai,

12th July, 2010.

नई दिल्ली, 27 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2360.—-औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार एम.टी.एन.एल. के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण नं.—II, नई दिल्ली के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 182/98) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 27-8-2010 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-40012/88/97-आईआर (डीयू)] जोहन तोपनो, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 27th August, 2010

S.O. 2360.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No.182/98) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court No. II, New Delhi as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of MTNL and their workmen, which was received by the Central Government on 27-08-2010.

[No. L-40012/88/97-IR (DU)]

JOHAN TOPNO, Under Secy.

ANNEXURE

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL IN THE COURT OF SH. SATNAM SINGH PRESIDING OFFICER, No. II, DELHI-110032

I.D. No. 182/1998

Dated: 10-08-2010

In the matter of dispute between:

Shri Raj Kumar, Flat No. 592, Group-III, Pocket C, DDA, Janta Flat, Hastsal, New Delhi-1 10044

....Workman

Versus

S.D.O(P-II), Hari Nagar Telephone Exchange, MTNL Mayapuri Phase-II, Community Centre New Delhi

....Management

AWARD

The Central Government, Ministry of Labour vide Order No. L-40012/88/97-IR(DU) dated 17-08-1998 has referred the following industrial dispute to this Tribunal for adjudication with its corrigendum dated 09-09-1998.

"Whether the action of the management of MTNL, In terminating the services of Shri Raj Kumar is legal and justified? If not, to what relief the workman is entitled?"

- 2. Statement of claim was filed by the workman in Oct' 1998. Written statement was filed by the management in Feb' 1999. Replication was filed by the workman on 05-03-1999. Thereafter the workman filed his evidence on his affidavit in Sep' 2002. Cross examination of the workman was completed in Nov' 2004. He also examined another withness as WW2 in this case. Subsequently workman sought permission to adduce additional evidence and he was granted permission to do so by my learned predecessor. The workman filed his additional evidence on affidavit.
- 3. Later on the case was transferred from CGIT-cum-L/C-I to CGIT-cum-L/C-II vide order dated 11-02-2008 of the Ministry of Labour & Employment. After transfer of this case to CGIT-cum-L/C-II, the workman appeared on 31-07-2008 & the case was adjourned for cross examination of the workman to 09-09-2008. Thereafter the workman appeared once on 27-10-2008 and stopped coming to the court thereafter. Today i.e. on 10-08-2010 none is present from the side of the workman. Like wise management also remains unpresented and none is present from the side of the management as well. As the workman is not attending this court since 30-12-2008 it becomes evident that he is not interested in the out come of this case.

Under these circumstances there is no way out except to pass a no dispute award in this case. No dispute award accordingly is passed in this case and the reference sent by the Government of India stands disposed off accordingly.

Dated 10-08-2010

SATNAM SINGH, Presiding Officer नई दिल्ली. 30 अगस्त. 2010

का.आ. 2361.—कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा.1 की उप धारा-(3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शिक्तयों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्द्वारा 01 सितम्बर, 2010 को उस तारीख के रूप में नियत करती है, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले से प्रवृत्त हो चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6 [धारा-76 की उप धारा-(1) और धारा-77, 78, 79 और 81 के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है] के उपबंध करेल राज्य के निम्निलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात :

"जिला कण्णूर के पैयन्तूर म्यूनिसिपलिटी में राजस्व ग्राम कोरम में आने वाले क्षेत्र ।"

> [सं. एस-38013/33/2010-एस.एस. 1] एस. डी. जेवियर, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 30th August, 2010

S.O. 2361.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st September, 2010 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter IV (except Sections 44 and 45 which have already been brought into force) and

Chapter-V and VI [Except Sub-Section (1) of Section 76 and Sections 77, 78, 79 and 81 which have already been brought into force] of the said Act shall come into force in the follwoing areas in the State of Kerala namely:

"The areas within the Revenue Village of Koram in Payyannur Municipality of Kannur District."

[No. S-38013/33/2010-S.S-I] S. D. XAVIER, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 31 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2362.—कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा 1 की उप-धारा (3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शिक्तयों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्द्वारा 01 सितम्बर, 2010 को उस तारीख के रूप में नियम करती है, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले से प्रवृत्त हो चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6 [धारा-76 की उप-धारा (1) और धारा-77, 78, 79 और 81 के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है] के उपबंध पंजाब राज्य के निम्नलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात् :

| क्रमांक | राजस्व ग्राम का नाम | हदबस्त संख्या | तहसील | जिला |
|---------|------------------------|------------------|---------|---------|
| 1 | चहेडू | 83 | फगवाडा़ | कपूरथला |
| 2 | महेडू | 84 | फगवाड़ा | कपूरथला |
| 3 | · हरदा सपुर | 85 | फगवाडा | कपूरथला |

[सं. एस-38013/31/2010-एस.एस. 1] एस. डी. जेवियर, अवर संचिव

New Delhi, the 31st August, 2010

S.O. 2362.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st September, 2010 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter IV (except Sections 44 and 45 which have already been brought into force) and Chapter-V and VI [except sub-section (i) of Section 76 and Sections 77, 78, 79 and 81 which have already been brought into force] of the said Act shall come into force in the following areas in the State of Punjab namely:

| S. No. | Name of the Village | Had Bast No. | Tehsil District |
|--------|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1 | Chaheru | 83 | Phagwara Kapurthala |
| 2 | Maheru | 84 | Phagwara Kapurthala |
| 3 | Hardaspur | 85 | Phagwara Kapurthala |

[No. S-38013/31/2010-SS-I] S. D. XAVIER, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 31 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2363.—कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा 1 की उप धारा (3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों

का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्द्वारा 01 सितम्बर, 2010 को उस तारीख के रूप में नियत करती है, जिसको उक्त अधिनियम के अध्याय-4 (44 व 45 धारा के सिवाय जो पहले से प्रवृत्त हो चुकी है) अध्याय-5 और 6 [धारा-76 की उप-धारा (1) और धारा-77, 78, 79 और 81 के सिवाय जो पहले ही प्रवृत्त की जा चुकी है] के उपबंध केरल राज्य के निम्नलिखित क्षेत्रों में प्रवृत्त होंगे, अर्थात:

"जिला कोजिकोड के कोयलान्डी तालुक में वियूर क्षेत्र।"

[सं. एस-38013/32/2010-एसएस-1] एस. डी. जेवियर, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 31st August, 2010

S.O. 2363.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of Section 1 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st September, 2010 as the date on which the provisions of Chapter IV (except Sections 44 and 45 which have already been brought into force) and Chapter-V and VI [except sub-section (i) of Section 76 and Sections 77, 78, 79 and 81 which have already been brought into force] of the said Act shall come into force in the follwoing areas in the State of Keral namely:

"The Areas within the revenue villages of Viyyoor in Quilandy Taluk of Kozhikode District."

[No. S-38013/32/2010-SS-I]

S. D. XAVIER, Under Secy.

नई दिल्ली, 31 अगस्त, 2010

का.आ. 2364.— केन्द्र सरकार, राजभाषा (संघ के शासकीय प्रयोजनों के लिए प्रयोग) नियम, 1976 (यथासंशोधित 1987) के नियम 10 के उप-नियम (4) के अनुसरण में, श्रम और रोजगार मंत्रालय के प्रशासकीय नियंत्रणाधीन निम्नलिखित कार्यालयों को, जिनके न्यूनतम 80 प्रतिशत कर्मचारियों ने हिन्दी का कार्यसाधक ज्ञान प्राप्त कर लिया है, एतद्द्वारा अधिसूचित करती है:

| क्रम संख्या | कार्यालय का नाम |
|-------------|--|
| 1. | क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय, क.भ.नि.सं., भुवनेश्वर |
| 2. | क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय, क.भ.नि.सं., गुलबर्गा |
| 3. | उप-क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय, क.भ.नि.सं., दुर्गापुर |
| 4. | उप-क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय, क.भ.नि.सं., हावड़ा |
| 5. | उप-क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय, क.भ.नि.सं., बोम्मसंद्रा |
| 6. | उप-क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय, क.भ.नि.सं., ब्रहमपुर |
| 7. | आंचलिक प्रशिक्षण संस्थान, क.भ.नि.सं., पूर्वी अंचल, |
| - | कोलकाता |
| | |

[सं. ई-11017/1/2006-रा.भा.नी.] के.एम. गुप्ता, आर्थिक सलाहकार

New Delhi, the 31st August, 2010

S.O. 2364.—In pursuance of Sub-Rule (4) of Rule 10 of the Official Language (Use for official purposes of the Union) Rules, 1976 (as amended 1987) the Central Government hereby notifies following offices under the administrative control of the Ministry of Labour & Employment, at least 80% Staff whereof have acquired working knowledge of Hindi:—

| S.No. | Name of the Office |
|-------|---|
| 1. | Regional Office, EPFO, Bhubneshwar |
| 2. | Regional Office, EPFO, Gulbarga |
| 3. | Sub-Regional Office, EPFO, Durgapur |
| 4. | Sub-Regional Office, EPFO, Howrah |
| 5. | Sub-Regional Office, EPFO, Bommasandra |
| 6. | Sub-Regional Office, EPFO, Brahamapur |
| 7. | Divisional Training Institute, EPFO, Eastern Division, Kolkata |

[No. E-11017/1/2006-RBN] K.M. GUPTA, Economic Advisor नई दिल्ली, 3 सितंबर, 2010

का.आ. 2365.—जबिक मैसर्स राष्ट्रीय जूट विनिर्माता निगम लिमिटेड इकाई संघ [कोड संख्या डब्ल्यू बी/8 कोलकाता क्षेत्र के अंतर्गत] (एतदुपरान्त प्रतिष्ठान के रूप में संदर्भित) ने कर्मचारी भविष्य निधि योजना, 1952 के पैरा 27-कक के परिशिष्ट-क में निध रित छूट की शर्तों का उल्लंघन किया है और इससे कर्मचारी भविष्य निधि और प्रकीर्ण उपबंध अधिनियम, 1952 (1952 का 19) (एतदुपरान्त अधिनियम के रूप में संदर्भित) की धारा 17 की उप-ध रा (1) के खण्ड (क) के अंतर्गत भारत सरकार द्वारा दी गई छूट को रद्द करने के योग्य है।

- 2. जबिक उक्त प्रतिष्ठान को कर्मचारी भविष्य निधि एवं प्रकीण् उपबंध अधिनियम, 1952 की धारा 17 (1) (क) के तहत उक्त अधिनियम के अंतर्गत कर्मचारी भविष्य निधि योजना के उपबंधों से छूट प्रदान करने संबंधी अधिसूचना एसआरओ संख्या 3416 दिनांक 26-10-1957 भारत के राजपत्र में प्रकाशित की गयी थी।
- 3. जबिक उक्त प्रतिष्ठान के न्यासी बोर्ड को उल्लंघनों के बारे में बताते हुए तथा अपना दृष्टिकोण स्पष्ट करने का अवसर प्रदान करते हुए दिनांक 10-12-2009 को एक कारण बताओ नोटिस दिया गया था।

- 4. और जबिक प्रतिष्ठान से प्राप्त उत्तर की कर्मचारी भविष्य निधि संगठन के परामर्श से जांच कर ली गई है और यह पाया गया है कि कारण बताओ नोटिस का उत्तर संतोषजनक नहीं है और यह कर्मचारी भविष्य निधि योजना, 1952 के पैरा 27-कक के परिशिष्ट-क में निरुपित छूट की शर्तों का स्पष्ट रूप से उल्लंघन करता है।
- 5. अत:, अब केन्द्र सरकार उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 17 की उप-धारा (4) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए एतदद्वारा उक्त प्रतिष्ठान को प्रदान की गई छूट को तत्काल प्रभाव से रद्द करती है।

[सं. एस-35017/7/2009-एसएस-।।]

एस.डी. जेवियर, अवर सचिव

New Delhi, the 3rd September 2010

- S.O. 2365.—Whereas M/s National Jute Manufacturers Corporation Ltd. Unit Union [under Code No. WB/8 Kolkata region] (hereinafter referred to as the establishment) has violated the conditions of exemption stipulated in Appendix-A of Para 27AA of the Employees' Provident Funds Scheme, 1952 and thereby deserves the cancellation of exemption granted by Government of India under clause I (a) of sub-section (1) of Section 17 of the Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 (19 of 1952) (hereinafter referred to as the Act).
- 2. Whereas a notification S.R.O. No. 3416 dated 26-10-1957 under Section 17(1)(a) of the said Act to the said establishment exempting it from the provisions of EPF Scheme under the EPF & MP Act, 1952 was published in the Gazette of India.
- 3. Whereas a Show Cause Notice dated 10-12-2009 narrating the violations and giving opportunity to clarify their stand was given to the Board of Trustees of the establishment.
- 4. And whereas the reply received from the establishment has been examined in consultation with the Employees' Provident Fund Organization and it has been found that the reply to the show cause is not satisfactory and clearly violates the conditions of exemption delineated in Appendix-A of Para 27 AA of the Employees' Provident Funds Scheme, 1952.
- 5. Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of Section 17 of the said Act the Central Government hereby cancels the exemption granted to the said establishment with immediate effect.

[No.S-35017/7/2009-SS-II] S.D. XAVIER, Under Secy.